

LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA SEPTEMBER 2021



Released at 12.00 p.m, Tuesday, 09 November 2021

KEY REVIEWS

- Employed persons continued to increase by 86.9 thousand persons (+0.6%) recording 15.46 million persons in September 2021 (August 2021: 15.38 million persons). The employment-to-population ratio which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment escalated by 0.3 percentage points to 65.5 per cent during the month (August 2021: 65.2%).
- By economic sector, the number of employed persons in Services sector continued to post an increase largely in Wholesale and retail trade; Food & beverages services; and Information & communication activities. In the meantime, employment in Manufacturing and Construction sectors also registered a positive change for the second months while Agriculture and Mining & Quarrying sectors remained decreases.
- Out of total employed persons, 77.1 per cent was in the employee's category which further improved by 28.3 thousand persons (+0.2%) in September 2021 to 11.93 million persons (August 2021: 11.90 million persons). Similarly, the own-account workers increased by 1.4 per cent or 34.8 thousand persons to 2.57 million persons (August 2021: 2.54 million persons).
- The unemployment rate in September 2021 continued to decline by 0.1 percentage point to 4.5 per cent after registering 4.6 per cent in August 2021. Thus, the number of unemployed persons shrank for the second month by 2.6 per cent or 19.2 thousand persons to record 729.6 thousand persons (August 2021: 748.8 thousand persons).
- The number of labour force during the month made up 16.19 million persons, increased by 0.4 per cent or equivalent to 67.7 thousand persons (August 2021: 16.13 million persons). Accordingly, the labour force participation rate (LFPR) rose by 0.2 percentage points to 68.6 per cent (August 2021: 68.4%).
- The number of outside labour force continued to fall in September 2021 with a reduction of 42.6 thousand persons or 0.6 per cent registering 7.41 million persons (August 2021: 7.45 million persons). Schooling/ training was the major composition of outside labour force with 43.3 per cent and followed by housework/ family responsibilities category with 41.8 per cent.
- The current health crisis situation of the in the country appeared to be improving with the total number of daily COVID-19 cases decreased while the number of fully vaccinated is increasing. Since all states were in Phase 3 and Phase 4 of the NRP in October, inter-state travel has been fully permitted. These relaxations have encouraged more travelling activities within the country thus increasing demand for goods and services. The continuous dynamic economy activities will accelerate the recovery process of the businesses, and subsequently attribute to increase in labour demand hence resulting in creation of more job opportunities. The country's economy is most likely to pick up in the upcoming months indicated by better performance of the Leading Index. In line with this, gradual improvement in the labour market is anticipated in the particular period.

LABOUR FORCE SITUATION IN SEPTEMBER 2021 IMPROVED FURTHER AS EMPLOYMENT CONTINUED TO INCREASE WHILE UNEMPLOYMENT WAS ON A DECLINING TREND

The transition of more states into the next phases of the National Recovery Plan (NRP) has allowed more business activities to resume as well as extend hours of business operations. Melaka had moved into Phase 2 starting from 4 September 2021 whereas Klang Valley area which consists of Selangor, W.P. Kuala Lumpur and W.P. Putrajaya had shifted into Phase 2 with travel between the three states was permitted since 10 September 2021. Later, Terengganu had moved into Phase 3 on 13 September 2021 and followed by Johor (Phase 2), Pahang (Phase 3) and Negeri Sembilan (Phase 4) effective from 24 September 2021. Nevertheless, the other five states were remained in the same phases including Kedah (Phase 1), Pulau Pinang, Sabah, Perak and Kelantan (Phase 2), Perlis and Sarawak (Phase 3). During the month, the COVID-19 vaccination rate of adult population had reached 86.3 per cent with 94.2 per cent of the adult population had received at least one dose of the COVID-19 vaccine as of 30 September 2021. The average new daily cases of COVID-19 in September were 16,000 cases.

Throughout the month, more business activities were allowed to operate with longer operation hours up to 12.00 midnight in all phases of the NRP including grocery stores; mini markets; petrol stations; convenience stores as well as restaurant operators comprising hotels; sports and recreational clubhouses; eateries; food stalls; food trucks; hawkers; food courts; roadside food stalls or kiosks. Furthermore, the tourist centres, islands or tourist areas in Terengganu and Pulau Langkawi were opened for those who have completed vaccination. Terengganu's tourism sector officially opened for tourists on 1 September 2021 including popular island destination namely Pulau Kapas, Pulau Redang, Pulau Tenggol and Tasik Kenyir. Later, Pulau Langkawi was opened for domestic tourism effective from 16 September 2021 through the domestic travel bubble. The permission of inter-states travelling in the Klang Valley area coupled with the reopening of the domestic tourism sector in Terengganu and Pulau Langkawi have fostered more economic activities during the month. All these positive circumstances have reinforced the labour market to regain its momentum.

Hence, the labour force situation in September 2021 improved further with employment continued to increase while unemployment was on a declining trend. In addition, the Leading Index (LI) registered a positive growth of 1.1 per cent month-on-month (July 2021: -0.6%). Therefore, by looking at the better performance of LI and the transition of more states to the next phases of the NRP, it is foreseen that the country's economy is most likely to pick up in the upcoming months. Furthermore, in terms of monthly external trade indicators, both exports and imports recorded double-digit growths of 16.0 per cent (August 2021: -1.8%) and 14.2 per cent (August 2021: -11.2%) respectively.

The **Labour Force Report for September 2021** describes the labour supply situation as the country entered the various phases of the NRP. The report also elaborates on the month-on-month changes to examine the immediate effects of the NRP to rejuvenate the economy while containing the spread of COVID-19. Users are advised to interpret the monthly statistics with caution since they are non-seasonally adjusted. In addition, annual changes from the same month of the previous year are also reported.

Employed persons continued to increase by 86.9 thousand persons (+0.6%) recording 15.46 million persons in September 2021 (August 2021: 15.38 million persons). As for the year-on-year comparison, the number of employed persons remained on an increasing trend for the seventh month by recording 1.8 per cent or equivalent to 270.3 thousand persons (September 2020: 15.19 million persons).

By economic sector, the number of employed persons in Services sector continued to post an increase largely in Wholesale and retail trade; Food & beverages services; and Information & communication activities. In the meantime, employment in Manufacturing and Construction sectors also registered positive changes for the second month while Agriculture and Mining & Quarrying sectors remained decreases.

The employment-to-population ratio which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment escalated by **0.3** percentage points to **65.5** per cent during the month (August 2021: 65.2%). Similarly, the ratio increased by **0.3** percentage points year-on-year as compared to September 2020. [Chart 1]

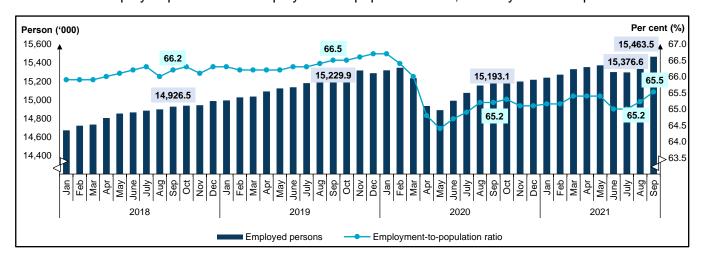
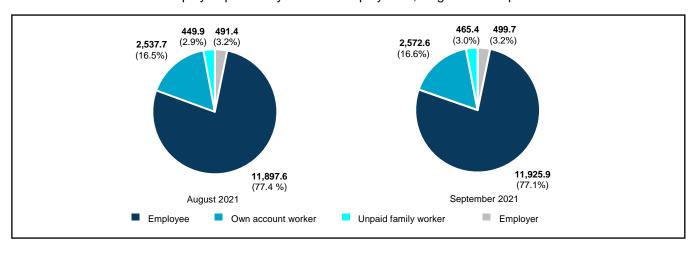


Chart 1: Employed persons and employment-to-population ratio, January 2018 - September 2021

Out of total employed persons, 77.1 per cent was in the employee's category which further improved by 28.3 thousand persons (+0.2%) in September 2021 to 11.93 million persons (August 2021: 11.90 million persons). Similarly, the own-account workers category increased by 1.4 per cent or 34.8 thousand persons to 2.57 million persons (August 2021: 2.54 million persons). The continuous improvement was partly due to the permission of small businesses to continue their operation during the NRP period together with the resumption of more economic activities in line with the transition of most of the states into the next phases of the NRP. The own-account workers category consists mostly of daily income earners working as small business operators such as small retailers; hawkers; sellers in markets and stalls; as well as smallholders. [Chart 2]

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Chart 2: Employed person by status in employment, August and September 2021



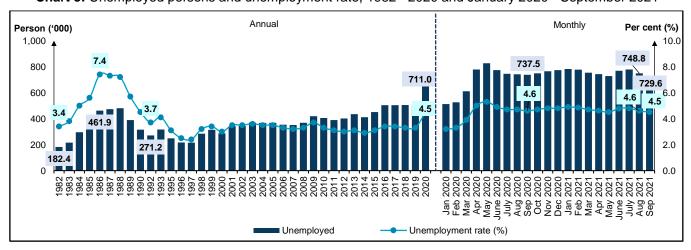
Following of more inter-state travelling activities and longer business operation hours during the month, the number of employed persons who were temporarily not working continued to decline for the third month to record 380.7 thousand persons (August 2021: 671.2 thousand persons). On the contrary, the number of employed persons in this category rose by 280.0 thousand persons year-on-year since the country was in the Recovery Movement Control Order (RMCO) phase twelve months earlier (September 2020: 100.7 thousand persons) whereby almost all economic activities were operating at a larger capacity in all states. This group of persons, who were most likely not able to work was not categorised as unemployed as they had work to return to.

The unemployment rate continued to decline in September 2021 by recording 4.5 per cent

The unemployment rate in September 2021 continued to decline by 0.1 percentage point to 4.5 per cent after registering 4.6 per cent in August 2021. Thus, the number of unemployed persons shrank for the second month by 2.6 per cent or 19.2 thousand persons to record 729.6 thousand persons (August 2021: 748.8 thousand persons).

Similarly, as compared to one year earlier, the unemployment rate was lowered by 0.1 percentage point (September 2020: 4.6%) whereas the number of unemployed persons decreased by 1.1 per cent or equivalent to 7.9 thousand persons (September 2020: 737.5 thousand persons). [Chart 3]

Chart 3: Unemployed persons and unemployment rate, 1982 - 2020 and January 2020 - September 2021



In September 2021, **83.7 per cent** of the total unemployed persons were the **actively unemployed** or those who were available for work and were actively seeking jobs. This group **lessened by 2.6 per cent** or equivalent to **16.5 thousand persons** to record **611.0 thousand persons** (August 2021: 627.5 thousand persons). The **unemployed persons for less than three months** comprised of **54.6 per cent** while those who were in long-term unemployment of more than a year¹ accounted for 8.4 per cent. The **inactively unemployed** who believed that there were no jobs available also recorded a month-on-month decline of **2.2 per cent** or **2.6 thousand persons** to **118.7 thousand persons** (August 2021: 121.3 thousand persons). **[Chart 4]**

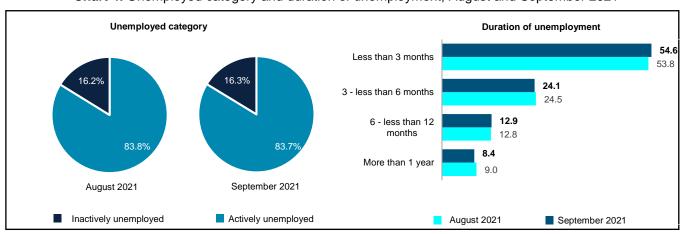


Chart 4: Unemployed category and duration of unemployment, August and September 2021

During the month, the youth unemployment rate for aged 15 to 24 years remained unchanged at 13.9 per cent while the number of unemployed youths rose by 14.0 thousand persons (+4.4%) to 335.1 thousand persons after registering a decline in the previous month (August 2021: 321.1 thousand persons). Nevertheless, the unemployment rate for youth aged 15 to 30 years fell by 0.3 percentage points to 8.5 per cent as against the preceding month (8.8%). [Chart 5]

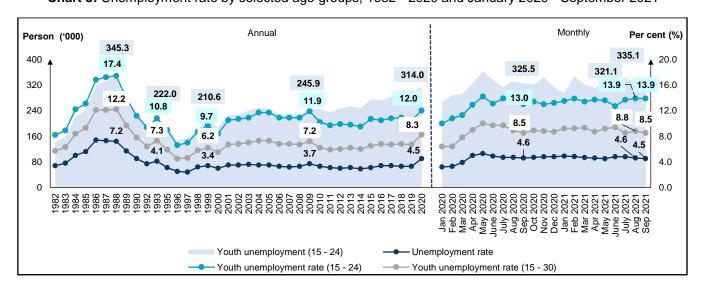


Chart 5: Unemployment rate by selected age groups, 1982 - 2020 and January 2020 - September 2021

¹ Referring to people who have been unemployed for one year or longer (Source: KILM 11: long-term Unemployment) https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---stat/documents/publication/wcms_422451.pdf)



Higher LFPR recorded in September 2021 at 68.6 per cent

The number of labour force during the month made up 16.19 million persons, increased by 0.4 per cent or equivalent to 67.7 thousand persons (August 2021: 16.13 million persons). Accordingly, the labour force participation rate (LFPR) rose by 0.2 percentage points to 68.6 per cent (August 2021: 68.4%).

Likewise, by comparing with the same month of the previous year, the number of labour force **augmented** by 1.6 per cent or 262.5 thousand persons (September 2020: 15.93 million persons). In the meantime, the LFPR rose by 0.2 percentage points as against September 2020 (68.4%). [Chart 6]

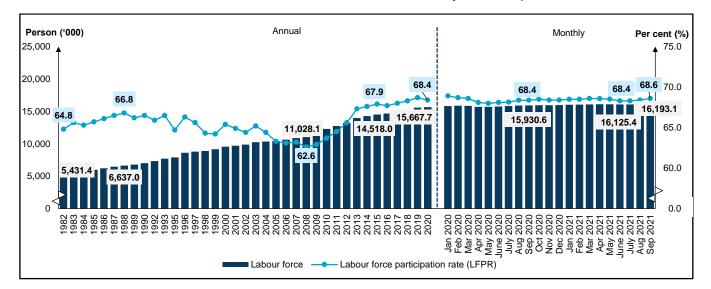


Chart 6: Labour force and LFPR, 1982 - 2020 and January 2020 - September 2021

During the month, male and female LFPR both registered a month-on-month increase of 0.1 percentage point and 0.3 percentage points to record 81.2 per cent and 55.0 per cent respectively. Therefore, the number of male and female labour force rose to 9.95 million persons (August 2021: 9.91 million persons) and 6.25 million persons (August 2021: 6.22 million persons) respectively. On a yearly basis, male LFPR edged up by 0.6 percentage points (September 2020: 80.6%) while female LFPR fell by 0.2 percentage points (September 2020: 55.2%). [Chart 7]

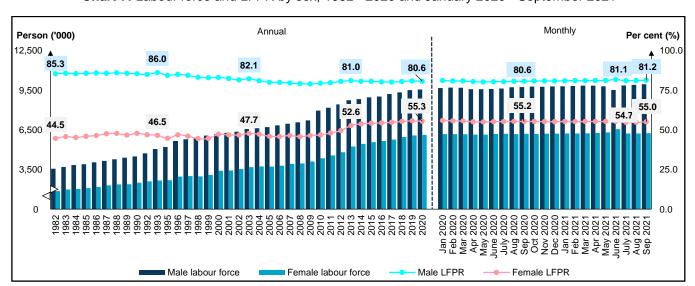


Chart 7: Labour force and LFPR by sex, 1982 - 2020 and January 2020 - September 2021

Schooling/ training was the major composition of outside labour force

The number of outside labour force continued to fall in September 2021 with a reduction of 42.6 thousand persons or 0.6 per cent registering 7.41 million persons (August 2021: 7.45 million persons). In comparison to the same month of the preceding year, the number of outside labour force rose by 46.1 thousand persons or 0.6 per cent (September 2020: 7.36 million persons). Schooling/training was the major composition of outside labour force with 43.3 per cent and followed by housework/ family responsibilities category with 41.8 per cent. [Chart 8]

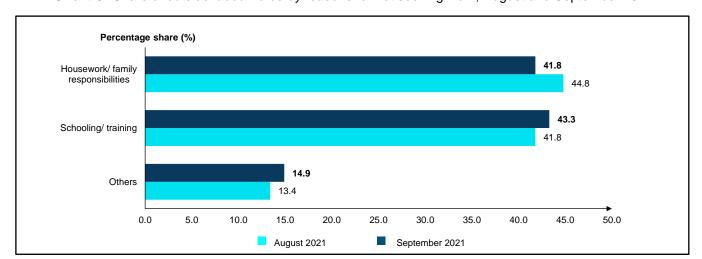


Chart 8: Share of outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, August and September 2021

GOVERNMENT'S INITIATIVES²

As of 8 October 2021, a total of 322,177 employers and 2.64 million registered employees were benefitted through the Wage Subsidy Programme (PSU) 1.0 under the PRIHATIN Packages which aimed to ensure employees are able to retain their jobs with an approved value of RM12.95 billion. Adding to this, through the PSU 2.0 under the KITA PRIHATIN Packages which meant to further support the employers and employees, a total of RM1.40 billion has been distributed to 80,872 employers and 713,076 employees. As for the PSU 3.0, there were RM3.14 billion had been channelled to retain 1.5 million employees. PSU 3.0 was also improved with the PERMAI Assistance Package, PEMERKASA and PEMERKASA+ Assistance Packages. Under the PEMULIH Package, PSU 4.0 had been implemented with an allocation of RM3.8 billion which will be benefitting 2.5 million workers. As of 8 October 2021, a total of RM1.10 billion was channelled to 94,817 employers to continue operating and retained employment which covered 1.13 million employees. In the meantime, as of 1 October 2021, a total of 137,659 employees were managed to be employed through the Hiring Incentive Programme and Training Assistance, mostly in the Manufacturing and Wholesale and retail trade industries. In addition, a total of 150,908 individuals had been approved to be participate in the provided programmes under the Reskilling and Upskilling Programme which aimed to assist jobseekers especially among youths.

To empower the businesses, through the Danajamin Prihatin Guarantee Scheme (DPGS) under the PRIHATIN Economic Stimulus Package which focused on the viable businesses in all sectors which facing difficulties due to COVID-19, a total of RM2.03 billion of total guarantees had been approved to 56 companies out of a total of 87 companies applying for the guarantees. Besides, there were

² This segment is included in the report as a reference for reader based on the 73rd LAKSANA Report of 22nd October 2021 on the status of approvals, disbursements and registrations



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26,197 SMEs were benefitted with a total value of RM12.46 billion under the Small, Medium Enterprise (SMEs) Soft Loan Funds by Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) which comprised of Special Relief Facility (SRF); Automation & Digitalisation Facility (ADF); All-Economic Sector Facility (AES); and Agrofood Facility (AF) funds. Furthermore, through the PENJANA Tourism Financing which was specifically allocated for Bumiputera SMEs, a total of RM67.5 million was approved for 340 applications. This financing was provided to support SMEs and micro-SMEs which were still affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. In the meantime, a total of RM19.75 million was funded to assist 844 Micro SMEs through the Indian Community Entrepreneur Development Scheme (SPUMI), a strategic initiative under TEKUN aimed to assist the Indian community in enhancing their economy by involvement in business and entrepreneurship. Additionally, RM221.32 million was disbursed via the Agrobank Microcredit Financing Scheme to support 17,734 Agricultural Micro SMEs in the Agriculture and Food Industries.

Also, under PENJANA, a total of RM86.40 million was channelled to 13,886 businesses in the form of grants and loans for digitalisation services subscriptions to support and encourage SMEs and Technical and Digital Mid-tier Companies (MTCs) to digitalise their operations and trade channels. Next, to help SMEs in adopting digitalisation services in daily business operations, a total of RM105.94 million was funded to 38,870 SMEs in the form of matching grants as of 1 October 2021 through the SMEs Digitalisation Grant. Besides, to support the Arts, Culture and Entertainment Sector, a total of RM5.70 million was channelled to 553 recipients including artists and organisations who were actively involved in the Malaysian arts and culture industry through the CENDANA initiative. Furthermore, to support the Bumiputera IPTS which was affected by the COVID-19 pandemic to cover their working capital such as operating costs, employee's salaries, utilities and operating expenses and etc., a total of 22 Bumiputera IPTS had been aided involving RM152.3 million under the Mudah Jaya Financing Scheme for Private Institute of Higher Learning (SPiM Penjana IPTS) by Majlis Amanah Rakyat (MARA).

LOOKING AHEAD

The current health crisis situation in the country appeared to be improving with the total number of daily COVID-19 cases decreasing to four-digit as compared to five-digit recorded previously while the number of fully vaccinated is increasing. As of 7 November 2021³, the vaccination rate of adults and youths had reached 94.8 per cent and 74.9 per cent respectively. Meanwhile, adults and youths who had completed at least one dose of vaccine was 97.4 per cent and 86.3 per cent respectively. In addition, thirteen states namely W.P. Labuan, Negeri Sembilan, Pahang, W.P. Kuala Lumpur, W.P. Putrajaya, Selangor, Melaka, Johor, Terengganu, Perlis, Perak, Pulau Pinang, Sabah dan Kedah had shifted to the Phase 4 of the NRP while the other three states were in Phase 3 of the NRP. Adding to this progress, full inter-state travel had been allowed since 11 October 2021.

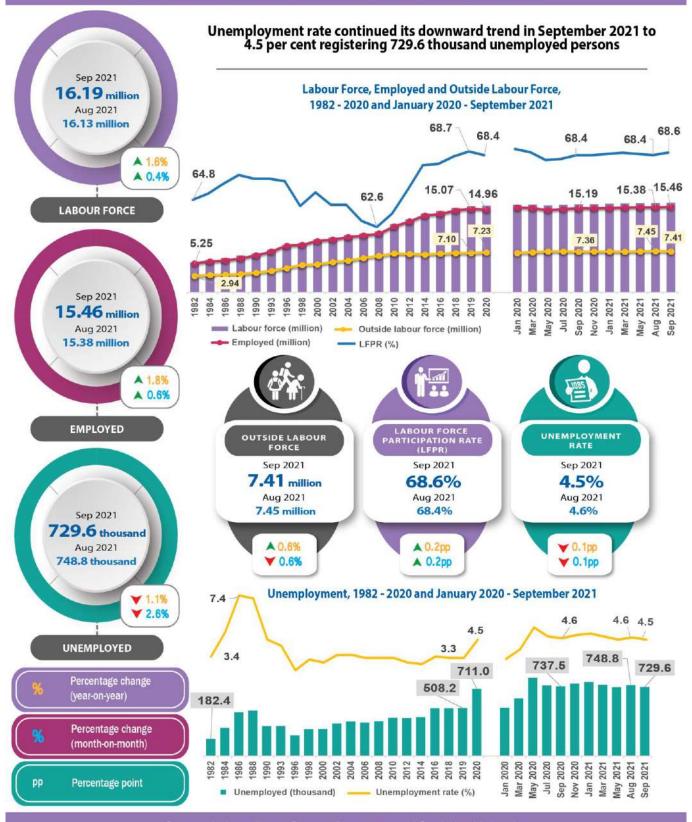
These relaxations have encouraged more travelling activities within the country thus increasing demand for goods and services. The continuous dynamic economy activities will accelerate the recovery process of the businesses, and subsequently attribute to increase in labour demand hence resulting in creation of more job opportunities. The country's economy is most likely to pick up in the upcoming months indicated by better performance of the LI. In line with this, gradual improvement in the labour market is anticipated in the particular period.

³ https://covidnow.moh.gov.my/bm/vaccinations/





LABOUR FORCE MALAYSIA SEPTEMBER 2021



Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia









CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS



What is Labour Force Survey (LFS)?

Labour Force Survey (LFS) was conducted to collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment from the perspective of labour supply.

The survey population comprises persons who live in the private living quarters, hence excludes persons residing in institutions such as hotels, hospitals, hostels, prisons, and workers residing in construction worksite.

encompasses both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within of all states in Malaysia using the actual status approach through the personal interview, Computer Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI) and telephone interview method.

The LFS are conducted based on the standard guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organizations (ILO).

The working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of 15 to 64 years during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.



LABOUR FORCE

- · The population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years (in completed years at last birthday).
- Either employed or unemployed in the reference week.

OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

- · All persons not classified as employed or unemployed.
- Example: housewives, students, retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.





EMPLOYED

- Persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain
- (as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker).

 Persons who did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to. Those on temporary lay-off with pay who would definitely be called back to work.

UNEMPLOYED

- Those who did not work during the work and seeking for a job.
- Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

- The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in
- Percentage of the unemployed population in the labour force.





LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

- The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population.
- The proportion of the economically active population, hence differs between sub-groups of that population.
- These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed as labour force participation rate.
- Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 to 64 years), expressed as a percentage.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia



TABLES

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				(000)			(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
1982	5,431.4	5,249.0	182.4	2,944.6	64.8	62.7	3.4
1983	5,671.8	5,457.0	214.9	2,969.4	65.6	63.2	3.8
1984	5,862.5	5,566.7	295.8	3,119.6	65.3	62.0	5.0
1985	5,990.1	5,653.4	336.8	3,124.9	65.7	62.0	5.6
1986	6,222.1	5,760.1	461.9	3,188.3	66.1	61.2	7.4
1987	6,456.8	5,983.9	472.9	3,246.1	66.5	61.7	7.3
1988	6,637.0	6,157.2	479.8	3,301.5	66.8	62.0	7.2
1989	6,779.4	6,390.9	388.5	3,463.5	66.2	62.4	5.7
1990	7,000.2	6,685.0	315.2	3,519.7	66.5	63.6	4.5
1992	7,319.0	7,047.8	271.2	3,783.6	65.9	63.5	3.7
1993	7,700.1	7,383.4	316.8	3,874.9	66.5	63.8	4.1
1995	7,893.1	7,645.0	248.1	4,297.7	64.7	62.7	3.1
1996	8,616.0	8,399.3	216.8	4,379.0	66.3	64.6	2.5
1997	8,784.0	8,569.2	214.9	4,605.1	65.6	64.0	2.4
1998	8,883.6	8,599.6	284.0	4,934.0	64.3	62.2	3.2
1999	9,151.5	8,837.8	313.7	5,098.4	64.2	62.0	3.4
2000	9,556.1	9,269.2	286.9	5,065.1	65.4	63.4	3.0
2001	9,699.4	9,357.0	342.4	5,239.9	64.9	62.6	3.5
2002	9,886.2	9,542.6	343.5	5,473.8	64.4	62.1	3.5
2003	10,239.6	9,869.7	369.8	5,458.6	65.2	62.9	3.6
2004	10,346.2	9,979.5	366.6	5,730.5	64.4	62.1	3.5
2005	10,413.4	10,045.4	368.1	6,048.2	63.3	61.0	3.5
2006	10,628.9	10,275.4	353.6	6,205.1	63.1	61.0	3.3
2007	10,889.5	10,538.1	351.4	6,330.1	63.2	61.2	3.2
2008	11,028.1	10,659.6	368.5	6,575.7	62.6	60.6	3.3
2009	11,315.3	10,897.3	418.0	6,665.7	62.9	60.6	3.7
2010	12,303.9	11,899.5	404.4	7,023.0	63.7	61.6	3.3
2011	12,740.7	12,351.5	389.2	7,023.3	64.5	62.5	3.1
2012	13,221.7	12,820.5	401.2	6,927.4	65.6	63.6	3.0
2013	13,980.5	13,545.4	435.1	6,781.2	67.3	65.2	3.1
2014	14,263.6	13,852.6	411.1	6,821.0	67.6	65.7	2.9
2015	14,518.0	14,067.7	450.3	6,869.9	67.9	65.8	3.1
2016	14,667.8	14,163.7	504.1	6,987.6	67.7	65.4	3.4
2017	14,980.1	14,476.8	503.3	7,065.0	68.0	65.7	3.4
2018	15,280.3	14,776.0	504.3	7,094.4	68.3	66.0	3.3
2019	15,581.6	15,073.4	508.2	7,103.5	68.7	66.4	3.3
2020	15,667.7	14,956.7	711.0	7,225.5	68.4	65.3	4.5

Table B: Principal indicator of labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - Third Quarter 2021

				('000)			(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2010							
Q1	12,239.3	11,801.2	438.1	7,030.8	63.5	61.2	3.6
Q2	12,304.9	11,900.6	404.3	7,047.5	63.6	61.5	3.3
Q3	12,354.6	11,961.3	393.3	7,073.5	63.6	61.6	3.2
Q4	12,522.4	12,137.4	385.0	6,992.9	64.2	62.2	3.1
2011							
Q1	12,718.3	12,333.5	384.8	7,004.9	64.5	62.5	3.0
Q2	12,756.0	12,367.4	388.6	7,048.8	64.4	62.4	3.0
Q3	12,889.0	12,493.0	396.0	6,977.2	64.9	62.9	3.1
Q4	12,842.5	12,447.9	394.7	7,098.6	64.4	62.4	3.1
2012	42.400.0	40.705.0	404.0	0.045.4	05.0	62.6	0.4
Q1	13,169.2	12,765.2	404.0	6,915.1	65.6	63.6	3.1
Q2	13,237.0	12,837.1	400.0	6,946.1	65.6	63.6	3.0
Q3	13,401.7	13,005.4	396.3	6,897.9	66.0	64.1	3.0
Q4	13,376.2	12,971.2	405.0	7,062.8	65.4	63.5	3.0
2013	13,539.5	12 110 0	121 5	7 000 0	GE G	62.6	2.1
Q1 O2	13,539.5	13,118.0	421.5 421.0	7,090.0 6.810.6	65.6	63.6	3.1
Q2 Q3	13,945.1	13,524.1 13,776.0	421.0 438.3	6,819.6 6,613.0	67.2	65.1	3.0
				•	68.2	66.1	3.1
Q4 2014	14,195.1	13,739.5	455.6	6,730.7	67.8	65.7	3.2
Q1	14,230.8	13,791.4	439.4	6,805.9	67.6	65.6	3.1
Q2	14,230.0	13,888.5	407.6	6,793.0	67.8	65.9	2.9
Q2 Q3	14,290.1	13,960.6	386.3	6,810.3	67.8	66.0	2.7
Q3 Q4					67.7		
2015	14,403.3	13,998.7	404.6	6,860.9	07.7	65.8	2.8
Q1	14,544.8	14,091.0	453.9	6,798.5	68.1	66.0	3.1
Q2	14,535.6	14,087.8	447.8	6,897.9	67.8	65.7	3.1
Q3	14,561.0	14,007.0	467.3	6,930.6	67.8	65.6	3.1
Q3 Q4	14,600.2	14,093.7	472.3	6,952.7	67.7	65.6	3.2
2016	14,000.2	14,127.9	472.3	0,932.7	01.1	05.0	5.2
Q1	14,596.8	14,095.8	501.0	7,011.5	67.6	65.2	3.4
Q2	14,665.4	14,161.5	503.9	7,026.0	67.6	65.3	3.4
Q3	14,710.6	14,202.0	508.5	7,044.6	67.6	65.3	3.5
Q4	14,771.4	14,260.6	510.8	7,071.7	67.6	65.3	3.5
2017	17,771.7	14,200.0	310.0	7,071.7	07.0	00.0	5.5
Q1	14,870.1	14,355.9	514.2	7,093.8	67.7	65.4	3.5
Q2	14,926.4	14,414.8	511.6	7,123.3	67.7	65.4	3.4
Q3	15,000.2	14,484.0	516.2	7,091.0	67.9	65.6	3.4
Q4	15,088.3	14,580.5	507.8	7,085.0	68.0	65.8	3.4
2018	10,000.0	1 1,000.0	007.0	7,000.0	00.0	00.0	0.1
Q1	15,192.4	14,683.6	508.9	7,093.7	68.2	65.9	3.3
Q2	15,278.3	14,767.2	511.1	7,073.4	68.4	66.1	3.3
Q3	15,381.3	14,856.8	524.4	7,077.9	68.5	66.2	3.4
Q4	15,449.9	14,933.4	516.5	7,070.7	68.6	66.3	3.3
2019	10,11010	,		.,			
Q1	15,526.8	15,010.2	516.6	7,064.2	68.7	66.4	3.3
Q2	15,598.8	15,078.2	520.6	7,088.1	68.8	66.5	3.3
Q3	15,674.3	15,162.1	512.1	7,088.7	68.9	66.6	3.3
Q4	15,766.7	15,254.5	512.2	7,066.1	69.1	66.8	3.2
2020	,			,		22.0	
Q1	15,790.1	15,243.5	546.6	7,163.1	68.8	66.4	3.5
Q2	15,675.5	14,883.7	791.8	7,350.5	68.1	64.6	5.1
Q3	15,840.6	15,095.6	745.0	7,324.6	68.4	65.2	4.7
Q4	15,922.3	15,161.6	760.7	7,318.4	68.5	65.2	4.8
2021	-,	-,		,,,,,,,,,	23.0	33,2	
Q1	16,008.4	15,236.6	771.8	7,316.0	68.6	65.3	4.8
Q2	15,972.2	15,207.3	764.9	7,424.9	68.3	65.0	4.8
Q3	16,021.0	15,274.8	746.2	7,430.1	68.3	65.1	4.7

Table B1 : Employed person working less than 30 hours by sex and age group, Malaysia,
First Quarter 2017 - Third Quarter 2021

		S	ex	Age Group					
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above		
2017									
Q1	415.5	177.3	238.2	57.4	79.7	90.8	187.6		
Q2	396.8	168.8	228.0	52.8	79.0	95.1	170.0		
Q3	393.0	163.2	229.7	57.3	91.1	81.4	163.1		
Q4	419.3	173.1	246.2	60.2	105.4	84.3	169.4		
2018									
Q1	462.3	172.9	289.3	61.2	119.5	98.7	182.9		
Q2	497.2	207.7	289.5	75.5	132.4	101.3	188.0		
Q3	442.4	172.7	269.7	56.4	96.7	98.3	191.0		
Q4	370.0	140.9	229.0	39.2	80.4	78.9	171.4		
2019									
Q1	352.6	143.7	209.0	52.2	90.9	68.9	140.7		
Q2	374.3	171.5	202.8	43.6	84.1	87.8	158.8		
Q3	326.6	118.9	207.6	42.5	73.6	79.7	130.8		
Q4	304.0	112.3	191.8	39.1	62.9	72.8	129.3		
2020									
Q1	667.5	320.1	347.4	91.0	189.1	146.5	240.9		
Q2	789.6	444.0	345.7	134.6	229.1	182.0	244.0		
Q3	403.8	151.4	252.4	116.1	118.0	72.1	97.6		
Q4	533.7	345.6	188.0	165.5	189.5	71.0	107.6		
2021									
Q1	441.9	281.3	160.5	57.0	209.4	106.3	69.2		
Q2	474.1	317.8	156.3	102.2	110.1	95.9	165.9		
Q3	464.6	282.9	181.6	69.0	166.4	123.7	105.4		

Table B2 : Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Third Quarter 2021

		S	ex		Age (Group	
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above
2017							
Q1	211.8	105.9	105.8	36.8	51.0	48.6	75.4
Q2	195.4	97.7	97.8	34.7	45.2	48.9	66.6
Q3	224.8	109.1	115.7	46.3	59.3	49.8	69.4
Q4	238.5	115.3	123.2	45.7	69.4	44.9	78.5
2018							
Q1	242.5	102.4	141.0	37.3	74.1	52.3	79.7
Q2	231.7	108.1	123.5	40.2	65.8	43.2	82.5
Q3	235.5	116.5	119.0	43.4	54.4	49.4	88.3
Q4	204.1	88.1	115.9	30.8	47.5	44.0	81.7
2019							
Q1	210.5	98.0	112.5	43.6	61.4	36.9	68.6
Q2	204.5	107.2	97.2	32.0	53.8	45.7	73.0
Q3	178.7	70.4	108.2	28.6	44.8	50.9	54.4
Q4	170.7	69.2	101.5	28.7	44.2	40.6	57.1
2020							
Q1	383.2	183.2	199.9	63.2	114.1	82.4	123.5
Q2	413.5	257.6	156.0	76.3	99.3	106.1	131.9
Q3	300.8	102.3	198.5	108.4	97.2	47.4	47.8
Q4	369.1	267.8	101.3	130.3	117.4	53.1	68.4
2021							
Q1	310.5	226.7	83.8	46.4	159.3	67.2	37.6
Q2	329.7	236.1	93.5	86.6	82.6	46.6	113.8
Q3	326.2	232.2	93.9	40.4	137.0	87.7	61.0

Table B3 : Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Third Quarter 2021

		Sex Age Group						
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above	
2017								
Q1	1,182.9	567.0	615.9	280.8	569.0	209.3	123.8	
Q2	1,280.6	584.9	695.7	317.9	587.7	226.9	148.1	
Q3	1,311.6	623.9	687.7	306.1	632.6	227.4	145.5	
Q4	1,332.8	648.4	684.4	303.2	631.8	254.8	142.9	
2018								
Q1	1,306.9	629.2	677.7	279.2	629.2	259.0	139.5	
Q2	1,408.1	647.2	760.9	314.5	687.4	257.7	148.4	
Q3	1,446.3	704.1	742.2	351.3	683.3	266.9	144.8	
Q4	1,404.0	667.8	736.2	337.2	679.1	245.4	142.3	
2019								
Q1	1,460.8	673.2	787.6	329.5	696.4	263.0	172.0	
Q2	1,417.2	665.3	751.9	338.6	666.0	259.7	152.8	
Q3	1,554.5	699.3	855.2	393.5	705.8	279.1	176.0	
Q4	1,540.9	746.8	794.1	348.4	732.4	287.4	172.7	
2020								
Q1	1,637.3	815.1	822.2	338.3	786.3	310.8	201.8	
Q2	1,674.1	847.7	826.4	393.7	701.9	331.6	246.9	
Q3	1,762.7	865.9	896.9	405.1	811.4	355.3	190.9	
Q4	1,886.8	1,039.9	847.0	352.9	876.7	430.4	226.8	
2021								
Q1	1,899.9	951.5	948.4	437.2	848.4	401.7	212.5	
Q2	1,852.5	949.0	903.5	336.9	776.0	426.1	313.5	
Q3	1,873.8	931.7	942.2	426.8	835.3	392.0	219.7	

Table C: Principle indicator of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - September 2021

('000) (%)

				(1000)			(%
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2010							
January	12,367.9	11,931.2	436.7	6,927.5	64.1	61.8	3.5
February	12,059.8	11,632.3	427.4	7,225.1	62.5	60.3	3.5
March	12,324.2	11,895.9	428.3	6,993.0	63.8	61.6	3.5
April	12,512.0	12,133.5	378.5	6,894.5	64.5	62.5	3.0
May	12,197.6	11,798.9	398.7	7,186.0	62.9	60.9	3.3
June	12,331.8	11,882.2	449.6	7,065.0	63.6	61.3	3.6
July	12,516.2	12,099.5	416.7	6,900.5	64.5	62.3	3.3
August	12,320.9	11,936.5	384.3	7,157.9	63.3	61.3	3.1
September	12,320.9	11,912.1	377.8	7,194.4	63.1	61.1	3.1
October	12,689.5	12,342.6	346.8	6,846.7	65.0	63.2	
November			403.4		62.7	60.7	2.7
December	12,277.5	11,874.1		7,298.3			3.3
	12,822.3	12,418.3	404.1	6,722.3	65.6	63.5	3.2
2011	40.004.0	40.070.0	400.0	0.004.0	CE 0	C2.0	2.0
January	12,804.2	12,376.0	428.2	6,881.6	65.0	62.9	3.3
February	12,618.9	12,245.3	373.6	7,110.3	64.0	62.1	3.0
March	12,862.2	12,491.8	370.4	6,940.1	65.0	63.1	2.9
April	12,921.7	12,537.1	384.6	6,930.6	65.1	63.2	3.0
May	12,726.6	12,330.3	396.3	7,133.2	64.1	62.1	3.1
June	12,782.7	12,372.6	410.1	7,073.7	64.4	62.3	3.2
July	12,967.4	12,581.5	385.9	6,920.5	65.2	63.3	3.0
August	12,887.9	12,486.7	401.2	7,038.6	64.7	62.7	3.
September	12,875.9	12,456.9	419.0	7,032.2	64.7	62.6	3.3
October	12,938.2	12,550.1	388.1	7,045.7	64.7	62.8	3.0
November	12,722.4	12,323.7	398.7	7,245.7	63.7	61.7	3.1
December	13,092.1	12,687.2	404.9	6,997.3	65.2	63.2	3.1
2012							
January	13,191.6	12,781.3	410.4	6,878.5	65.7	63.7	3.
February	13,054.5	12,645.6	408.9	7,042.3	65.0	62.9	3.
March	13,295.4	12,893.8	401.6	6,897.3	65.8	63.9	3.0
April	13,331.8	12,936.9	394.8	6,851.3	66.1	64.1	3.0
May	13,245.6	12,861.2	384.4	6,952.9	65.6	63.7	2.9
June	13,232.5	12,811.4	421.0	7,013.7	65.4	63.3	3.2
July	13,511.7	13,093.3	418.4	6,777.3	66.6	64.5	3
August	13,313.6	12,963.4	350.2	7,039.9	65.4	63.7	2.0
September	13,408.5	12,984.5	424.0	6,993.2	65.7	63.6	3.2
October	13,341.4	12,908.9	432.6	7,056.2	65.4	63.3	3.2
November	13,429.2	13,044.6	384.6	7,094.6	65.4	63.6	2.9
December	13,538.6	13,114.3	424.3	7,060.6	65.7	63.7	3.
2013	. 5,555.5			.,000.0		00.1	<u> </u>
January	13,569.6	13,109.8	459.8	7,035.5	65.9	63.6	3.4
February	13,598.8	13,195.9	402.9	7,119.8	65.6	63.7	3.0
March	13,684.4	13,241.7	442.6	7,116.7	65.8	63.7	3.:
April	13,835.7	13,422.9	412.8	6,922.7	66.7	64.7	3.0
May	13,815.3	13,368.9	446.4	7,005.6	66.4	64.2	3.:
-	14,217.1	13,816.9	440.4	6,668.6	68.1		
June						66.2 66.0	2.8
July	14,194.6	13,763.0	431.6	6,655.9	68.1	66.0	3.0
August	14,176.6	13,734.2	442.4	6,689.8	67.9	65.8	3.
September	14,309.4	13,859.5	449.9	6,557.3	68.6	66.4	3.
October	14,169.2	13,699.1	470.1	6,746.3	67.7	65.5	3.3
November	14,220.9	13,730.4	490.5	6,716.2	67.9	65.6	3.4
December	14,276.5	13,836.2	440.3	6,724.3	68.0	65.9	3.

Table C: Principle indicator of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - September 2021

				(1000)			(%
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2014							
January	14,244.4	13,775.9	468.5	6,734.7	67.9	65.7	3.3
February	14,249.9	13,788.0	462.0	6,808.7	67.7	65.5	3.2
March	14,198.4	13,768.3	430.1	6,956.1	67.1	65.1	3.0
April	14,206.7	13,793.2	413.5	6,849.4	67.5	65.5	2.9
May	14,430.2	14,023.0	407.2	6,693.2	68.3	66.4	2.8
June	14,373.4	13,967.0	406.4	6,826.6	67.8	65.9	2.8
July	14,333.4	13,935.8	397.6	6,846.2	67.7	65.8	2.8
August	14,266.3	13,881.4	384.9	6,934.1	67.3	65.5	2.
September	14,440.2	14,058.4	381.8	6,763.7	68.1	66.3	2.
October	14,403.1	14,023.3	379.9	6,926.7	67.5	65.7	2.
November	14,404.1	14,025.4	378.7	6,887.1	67.7	65.9	2.
December	14,512.0	14,060.2	451.7	6,784.8	68.1	66.0	3.
2015	,	,		2,12112			
January	14,442.0	13,991.8	450.3	6,923.7	67.6	65.5	3.
February	14,554.7	14,092.9	461.8	6,847.8	68.0	65.9	3.
March	14,601.2	14,160.5	440.7	6,839.3	68.1	66.1	3.
April	14,569.5	14,136.2	433.3	6,890.2	67.9	65.9	3.
May	14,575.0	14,126.7	448.3	6,933.5	67.8	65.7	3.
June	14,609.9	14,146.7	463.2	6,896.2	67.9	65.8	3.
July	14,579.1	14,146.7	472.9	6,937.7	67.8	65.6	3.
•	14,579.1	14,100.2	472.9	6,871.5	68.1	65.9	
August							3
September	14,642.0	14,151.7	490.3	6,925.4	67.9	65.6	3
October	14,665.9	14,184.7	481.3	6,894.8	68.0	65.8	3.
November	14,687.2	14,215.7	471.5	6,945.0	67.9	65.7 65.6	3.
December 2016	14,690.0	14,185.7	504.3	6,945.3	67.9	05.0	3.
January	14,652.0	14,150.5	501.5	6,984.2	67.7	65.4	3.
February	14,703.3	14,196.9	506.4			65.2	
March	•	•		7,063.1	67.6		3.
	14,710.1	14,200.7	509.5	6,964.0	67.9	65.5	3
April	14,675.3	14,163.7	511.5	7,012.5	67.7	65.3	3.
May	14,705.0	14,200.2	504.8	7,021.1	67.7	65.4	3.
June	14,720.1	14,218.4	501.8	7,036.5	67.7	65.4	3
July	14,729.0	14,212.8	516.2	7,008.4	67.8	65.4	3
August	14,822.2	14,306.9	515.2	7,053.3	67.8	65.4	3.
September	14,762.2	14,249.6	512.6	7,084.3	67.6	65.2	3
October	14,765.1	14,253.4	511.7	7,071.1	67.6	65.3	3.
November	14,827.9	14,317.2	510.7	7,081.8	67.7	65.3	3.
December	14,788.9	14,276.7	512.2	7,072.8	67.6	65.3	3
2017							_
January	14,880.9	14,366.8	514.1	7,090.4	67.7	65.4	3.
February	14,916.7	14,401.8	514.8	7,086.9	67.8	65.5	3
March	14,932.5	14,421.7	510.8	7,121.8	67.7	65.4	3
April	14,941.5	14,429.6	511.9	7,122.5	67.7	65.4	3
May	14,961.9	14,454.4	507.5	7,120.8	67.8	65.5	3
June	15,027.6	14,519.9	507.7	7,141.1	67.8	65.5	3
July	15,016.4	14,497.4	519.0	7,150.4	67.7	65.4	3
August	15,030.2	14,513.4	516.9	7,138.4	67.8	65.5	3
September	15,058.8	14,544.3	514.5	7,122.1	67.9	65.6	3
October	15,090.4	14,581.7	508.8	7,117.7	68.0	65.7	3
November	15,084.0	14,578.9	505.1	7,121.4	67.9	65.7	3
December	15,145.9	14,640.1	505.8	7,084.1	68.1	65.9	3

Table C: Principle indicator of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - September 2021

				(000)			('
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemploymen Rate
2018							
January	15,187.0	14,670.5	516.5	7,074.8	68.2	65.9	3
February	15,230.0	14,721.5	508.5	7,112.3	68.2	65.9	3
March	15,241.2	14,732.5	508.7	7,115.0	68.2	65.9	3
April	15,313.1	14,803.1	510.0	7,130.9	68.2	66.0	3
May	15,357.5	14,852.6	504.8	7,097.1	68.4	66.1	3
June	15,379.0	14,863.2	515.8	7,062.2	68.5	66.2	3
July	15,401.0	14,882.4	518.6	7,044.5	68.6	66.3	3
August	15,421.4	14,896.5	525.0	7,133.9	68.4	66.0	3
September	15,442.9	14,926.5	516.4	7,096.8	68.5	66.2	3
October	15,450.0	14,937.1	512.9	7,093.7	68.5	66.3	3
November	15,457.5	14,941.3	516.2	7,151.2	68.4	66.1	3
December	15,500.1	14,986.0	514.2	7,120.1	68.5	66.3	3
2019							
January	15,508.5	14,992.8	515.6	7,095.9	68.6	66.3	3
February	15,543.2	15,026.8	516.4	7,145.9	68.5	66.2	3
March	15,556.6	15,035.2	521.3	7,169.4	68.5	66.2	3
April	15,613.1	15,089.8	523.3	7,184.4	68.5	66.2	3
May	15,642.3	15,122.5	519.8	7,190.0	68.5	66.2	3
June	15,655.9	15,134.6	521.4	7,156.7	68.6	66.3	
July	15,704.6	15,179.8	524.8	7,207.7	68.5	66.3	
August	15,706.0	15,185.8	520.2	7,172.4	68.6	66.4	
September	15,751.2	15,229.9	521.4	7,159.8	68.7	66.5	
October	15,777.7	15,265.6	512.1	7,175.0	68.7	66.5	
November	15,828.9	15,315.0	513.9	7,174.2	68.8	66.6	
December	15,803.0	15,286.0	517.0	7,129.8	68.9	66.7	
2020	-,	-,		,			
January	15,829.3	15,317.6	511.7	7,128.9	68.9	66.7	;
February	15,869.8	15,344.5	525.2	7,224.0	68.7	66.4	;
March	15,842.9	15,232.4	610.5	7,239.8	68.6	66.0	;
April	15,712.2	14,933.4	778.8	7,345.1	68.1	64.8	į
May	15,714.0	14,887.9	826.1	7,392.1	68.0	64.4	
June	15,763.5	14,990.2	773.2	7,398.5	68.1	64.7	
July	15,818.5	15,073.4	745.1	7,399.8	68.1	64.9	
August	15,895.1	15,153.5	741.6	7,351.5	68.4	65.2	
September	15,930.6	15,193.1	737.5	7,359.8	68.4	65.2	
October	15,955.3	15,207.1	748.2	7,347.7	68.5	65.3	
November	15,960.5	15,196.1	764.4	7,374.8	68.4	65.1	
December	15,988.3	15,215.4	772.9	7,372.2	68.4	65.1	
2021	,	,		.,			
January	16,019.8	15,237.3	782.5	7,366.2	68.5	65.2	4
February	16,048.2	15,270.6	777.5	7,371.4	68.5	65.2	
March	16,082.5	15,329.3	753.2	7,363.7	68.6	65.4	4
April	16,094.7	15,352.0	742.7	7,376.8	68.6	65.4	4
May	16,098.9	15,370.8	728.1	7,398.0	68.5	65.4	4
June	16,066.2	15,297.5	768.7	7,456.8	68.3	65.0	4
July	16,072.9	15,294.8	778.2	7,475.4	68.3	65.0	4
August	16,125.4	15,376.6	748.8	7,448.5	68.4	65.2	4
September	16,193.1	15,463.5	729.6	7,405.9	68.6	65.5	

1983						(Occupation				(000)
1982 5,249.0 375.7 111.5 493.4 510.5 573.2 1,658.5 1,629.4 n.a n.a 1983 5,457.0 381.3 312.3 520.6 522.7 593.7 1,678.5 1,622.0 n.a n.a 1,188.4 5,566.7 409.8 115.4 541.3 600.0 638.1 1,604.1 1,567.7 n.a n.a 1,188.5 5,653.4 426.6 129.2 551.5 625.9 643.0 1,720.0 1,556.9 n.a n.a 1,188.5 1,602.1 1,489.0 1,440.0 140.4 544.9 638.5 686.6 1,777.2 1,543.6 n.a n.a 1,1987 5,983.9 452.0 117.7 566.1 711.9 704.3 1,845.8 1,586.1 n.a n.a 1,1988 6,197.2 454.1 127.9 574.4 728.1 728.3 1,892.5 1,651.7 n.a n.a 1,1989 6,390.9 477.0 313.3 605.5 726.0 727.0 1,848.9 1,875.0 n.a n.a 1,1992 7,047.8 586.4 187.8 732.3 763.5 790.1 1,549.7 2,437.9 n.a n.a 1,1992 7,047.8 586.4 187.8 732.3 763.5 790.1 1,549.7 2,437.9 n.a n.a 1,1993 7,383.4 639.5 219.9 789.2 771.8 879.0 1,576.0 2,508.0 n.a n.a 1,1995 7,645.0 756.6 247.7 332.0 834.9 845.8 1,595.5 2,588.4 n.a n.a 1,1996 8,399.3 838.0 298.2 905.8 935.7 943.1 1,644.8 2,833.6 n.a n.a 1,1998 8,599.6 913.1 346.2 946.9 937.5 1,007.9 1,632.6 2,815.4 n.a n.a 1,1999 8,599.2 1,020.4 391.9 1,012.5 1,044.8 1,189.3 1,569.3 3,040.9 n.a n.a 1,1999 3,837.8 937.0 348.3 985.6 991.7 1,052.8 1,633.1 2,889.2 n.a n.a 1,1999 3,837.8 937.0 348.3 985.6 991.7 1,052.8 1,635.3 1,168.1 1,373.0 1,072.0 1,022.8 1,250.8 1,183.3 1,569.3 3,040.9 n.a n.a 1,1999 3,837.8 937.0 348.3 985.6 991.7 1,052.8 1,635.3 1,168.1 1,373.0 1,072.2 1,020.4 9,797.5 859.3 561.3 1,211.6 931.2 1,479.7 1,220.8 1,185.2 1,490.9 n.a n.a 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,200.0 1,20	Year	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1983					Diction	ary of Occu	pational Cla	ssification,	1980 ¹		
1984										n.a	n.a
1985										n.a	n.a
1986										n.a	n.a
1987										n.a	n.a
1988	1986	5,760.1	449.0					1,757.2	1,543.6	n.a	n.a
1989 6,390.9 477.0 131.3 605.5 726.0 727.0 1,848.9 1,875.0 n.a n.a 1990 6,685.0 519.8 144.8 655.6 758.7 762.6 1,750.7 2,092.8 n.a n.a 1992 7,047.8 586.4 187.8 732.3 763.5 790.1 1,549.7 2,437.9 n.a n.a 1993 7,383.4 639.5 219.9 789.2 771.8 879.0 1,576.0 2,508.0 n.a n.a 1995 7,645.0 756.6 247.7 832.0 834.9 845.8 1,539.5 2,588.4 n.a n.a 1996 8,399.3 838.0 298.2 905.8 935.7 943.1 1,644.8 2,833.6 n.a n.a 1997 8,569.2 896.6 329.5 963.2 918.5 985.1 1,516.4 2,960.0 n.a n.a 1998 8,599.6 913.1 346.2 946.9 937.5 1,007.9 1,632.6 2,815.4 n.a n.a 1999 8,837.8 937.0 348.3 985.6 991.7 1,052.8 1,633.1 2,889.2 n.a n.a 1999 8,837.8 937.0 348.3 985.6 991.7 1,052.8 1,633.1 2,889.2 n.a n.a 1999 9,269.2 1,020.4 391.9 1,012.5 1,044.8 1,189.3 1,569.3 3,040.9 n.a n.a 1999 9,269.2 1,020.4 391.9 1,012.5 1,044.8 1,189.3 1,569.3 3,040.9 n.a n.a 1992 9,542.6 786.3 483.5 1,194.6 890.3 1,307.7 1,260.8 1,168.1 1,373.0 1,078.2 2002 9,542.6 786.3 483.5 1,194.6 890.3 1,307.7 1,260.8 1,168.1 1,373.0 1,078.2 2004 9,979.5 859.3 561.3 1,211.6 931.2 1,479.7 1,292.8 1,165.2 1,409.9 1,068.3 2005 10,045.4 777.4 555.1 1,266.8 992.3 1,483.7 1,268.6 1,145.5 1,427.5 1,182.5 2006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,335.9 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,082.2 2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,153.2 1,347.4 1,199.3 2008 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,861.1 1,355.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.6 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,861.1 1,355.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.6 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,861.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 5 1,122.9 2010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,895.8 1,183.2 1,959.6 1,382.0 1,228.3 1,502.8 1,533.2 2011 12,351.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,482.5 1,576.8 1,609.4 2011 12,351.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,482.5 1,576.8 1,609.4 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,669.4 1,800.4 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,387.5 1,180.8 1,180.3 1,502.8 1,550.3 1,585.2 1,945.5 2,145.5 1,766.6 1,460.7 7,786.6 1,460.7 7,786.6 1,460.7 7,786.6 1,460.7 7,	1987	5,983.9	452.0	117.7		711.9	704.3	1,845.8	1,586.1	n.a	n.a
1990	1988		454.1					1,892.5		n.a	n.a
1992 7,047.8 586.4 187.8 732.3 763.5 790.1 1,549.7 2,437.9 n.a n.a								1,848.9	1,875.0	n.a	n.a
1993 7,383.4 639.5 219.9 789.2 771.8 879.0 1,576.0 2,508.0 n.a n.a 1995 7,645.0 756.6 247.7 832.0 834.9 845.8 1,539.5 2,588.4 n.a n.a 1996 8,399.3 838.0 298.2 905.8 935.7 943.1 1,644.8 2,833.6 n.a n.a 1997 8,569.2 896.6 329.5 963.2 918.5 985.1 1,516.4 2,960.0 n.a n.a 1998 8,599.6 913.1 346.2 946.9 937.5 1,007.9 1,632.6 2,815.4 n.a n.a 1999 8,837.8 937.0 348.3 985.6 991.7 1,052.8 1,633.1 2,889.2 n.a n.a 1999 8,837.8 937.0 348.3 985.6 991.7 1,052.8 1,633.1 2,889.2 n.a n.a 1990 9,269.2 1,020.4 391.9 1,012.5 1,044.8 1,189.3 1,569.3 3,040.9 n.a n.a 1900 9,357.0 695.0 457.2 1,126.1 890.6 1,291.1 1,265.3 1,160.2 1,476.6 994.5 12002 9,542.6 786.3 483.5 1,194.6 890.3 1,307.7 1,260.8 1,168.1 1,373.0 1,078.2 12003 9,869.7 793.5 530.3 1,219.9 937.8 1,399.4 1,249.8 1,235.6 1,420.7 1,082.4 12004 9,979.5 859.3 561.3 1,211.6 931.2 1,477.7 1,292.8 1,165.2 1,409.9 1,082.4 12005 10,045.4 777.4 555.1 1,266.8 992.3 1,483.7 1,268.6 1,145.5 1,427.5 1,128.2 12006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,355.3 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,108.4 12009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,600.5 1,025.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.3 12009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.5 12010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,695.8 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,553.3 12011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 12012 12,620.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,160.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,570.2 1,520.2 12012 12,620.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,160.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,570.2 1,520.2 12014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,0	1990	6,685.0	519.8	144.8	655.6	758.7	762.6	1,750.7	2,092.8	n.a	n.a
1995	1992	7,047.8	586.4	187.8	732.3	763.5	790.1	1,549.7	2,437.9	n.a	n.a
1996	1993	7,383.4	639.5	219.9	789.2	771.8	879.0	1,576.0	2,508.0	n.a	n.a
1997	1995	7,645.0	756.6	247.7	832.0	834.9	845.8	1,539.5	2,588.4	n.a	n.a
1998	1996	8,399.3	838.0	298.2	905.8	935.7	943.1	1,644.8	2,833.6	n.a	n.a
1999	1997	8,569.2	896.6	329.5	963.2	918.5	985.1	1,516.4	2,960.0	n.a	n.a
2000 9,269.2 1,020.4 391.9 1,012.5 1,044.8 1,189.3 1,569.3 3,040.9 n.a n.a	1998	8,599.6	913.1	346.2	946.9	937.5	1,007.9	1,632.6	2,815.4	n.a	n.a
Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998 ² 2001 9,357.0 695.0 457.2 1,126.1 890.6 1,291.1 1,265.3 1,160.2 1,476.6 994.5 2002 9,542.6 786.3 483.5 1,194.6 890.3 1,307.7 1,260.8 1,168.1 1,373.0 1,078.2 2003 9,869.7 793.5 530.3 1,219.9 937.8 1,399.4 1,249.8 1,235.6 1,420.7 1,082.6 2004 9,979.5 859.3 561.3 1,211.6 931.2 1,479.7 1,292.8 1,165.2 1,409.9 1,068.5 2005 10,045.4 777.4 555.1 1,266.8 992.3 1,483.7 1,268.6 1,145.5 1,427.5 1,128.3 2006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,335.9 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,108.4 2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.2 2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 2010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,695.8 1,183.2 1,959.6 1,382.0 1,228.3 1,502.8 1,353.3 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.3 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.0 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.5 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.5 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,552.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,866.5 1,862.4 1,553.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,822.0 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,	1999	8,837.8	937.0	348.3	985.6	991.7	1,052.8	1,633.1	2,889.2	n.a	n.a
2001 9,357.0 695.0 457.2 1,126.1 890.6 1,291.1 1,265.3 1,160.2 1,476.6 994.8 2002 9,542.6 786.3 483.5 1,194.6 890.3 1,307.7 1,260.8 1,168.1 1,373.0 1,078.2 2003 9,869.7 793.5 530.3 1,219.9 937.8 1,399.4 1,249.8 1,235.6 1,420.7 1,082.6 2004 9,979.5 859.3 561.3 1,211.6 931.2 1,479.7 1,292.8 1,165.2 1,409.9 1,068.8 2005 10,045.4 777.4 555.1 1,266.8 992.3 1,483.7 1,268.6 1,145.5 1,427.5 1,128.3 2006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,335.9 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,108.4 2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.3 2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.6 2010 11,899.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 2010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,695.8 1,183.2 1,959.6 1,382.0 1,228.3 1,502.8 1,353.3 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.4 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.4 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.5 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,577.1 1,766.5 1,860.2 2018 14,476.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.2 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5	2000	9,269.2	1,020.4								n.a
2002 9,542.6 786.3 483.5 1,194.6 890.3 1,307.7 1,260.8 1,168.1 1,373.0 1,078.2 2003 9,869.7 793.5 530.3 1,219.9 937.8 1,399.4 1,249.8 1,235.6 1,420.7 1,082.6 2004 9,979.5 859.3 561.3 1,211.6 931.2 1,479.7 1,292.8 1,165.2 1,409.9 1,068.8 2005 10,045.4 777.4 555.1 1,266.8 992.3 1,483.7 1,268.6 1,145.5 1,427.5 1,128.6 2006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,335.9 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,108.4 2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.3 2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,695.8 1,183.2 1,959.6 1,382.0 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>aysia Standa</th> <th>ard Classific</th> <th></th> <th>cupations (I</th> <th></th> <th>)8²</th> <th></th>					aysia Standa	ard Classific		cupations (I)8 ²	
2003 9,869.7 793.5 530.3 1,219.9 937.8 1,399.4 1,249.8 1,235.6 1,420.7 1,082.6 2004 9,979.5 859.3 561.3 1,211.6 931.2 1,479.7 1,292.8 1,165.2 1,409.9 1,088.8 2005 10,045.4 777.4 555.1 1,266.8 992.3 1,483.7 1,268.6 1,145.5 1,427.5 1,128.3 2006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,335.9 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,128.3 2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.3 2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 2010	2001	9,357.0	695.0	457.2	1,126.1	890.6	1,291.1	1,265.3	1,160.2	1,476.6	994.9
2004 9,979.5 859.3 561.3 1,211.6 931.2 1,479.7 1,292.8 1,165.2 1,409.9 1,068.8 2005 10,045.4 777.4 555.1 1,266.8 992.3 1,483.7 1,266.6 1,145.5 1,427.5 1,128.3 2006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,335.9 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,108.4 2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.3 2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 2010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,695.8 1,183.2 1,959.6 1,382.0 1,228.3 1,502.8 1,353.3 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,575.8 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,575.3 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,468.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,	2002	9,542.6	786.3	483.5	1,194.6	890.3	1,307.7	1,260.8	1,168.1	1,373.0	1,078.2
2005 10,045.4 777.4 555.1 1,266.8 992.3 1,483.7 1,268.6 1,145.5 1,427.5 1,128.3 2006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,335.9 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,108.4 2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.3 2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 2010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,695.8 1,183.2 1,959.6 1,382.0 1,228.3 1,502.8 1,353.3 Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,224.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 68	2003	9,869.7	793.5		1,219.9	937.8	1,399.4	1,249.8	1,235.6	1,420.7	1,082.6
2006 10,275.4 829.6 565.9 1,307.5 968.3 1,597.1 1,335.9 1,154.8 1,408.0 1,108.4 2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.3 2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 2010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,695.8 1,183.2 1,959.6 1,382.0 1,228.3 1,502.8 1,353.3 2010 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.9 2015 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.3 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5 2019 10,000.8 1,000.8 1,000.8 1,000.8 1,000.8 1,000.8 1,000.8 1,000.8 1,	2004	9,979.5	859.3		1,211.6		1,479.7	1,292.8	1,165.2	1,409.9	1,068.5
2007 10,538.1 770.4 596.8 1,400.5 1,029.5 1,705.6 1,355.3 1,133.2 1,347.4 1,199.5 2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.6 2014 <th< th=""><th>2005</th><th>10,045.4</th><th>777.4</th><th>555.1</th><th>1,266.8</th><th>992.3</th><th>1,483.7</th><th>1,268.6</th><th>1,145.5</th><th>1,427.5</th><th>1,128.3</th></th<>	2005	10,045.4	777.4	555.1	1,266.8	992.3	1,483.7	1,268.6	1,145.5	1,427.5	1,128.3
2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3	2006	10,275.4	829.6	565.9	1,307.5	968.3	1,597.1	1,335.9	1,154.8	1,408.0	1,108.4
2008 10,659.6 748.8 613.7 1,496.4 1,053.4 1,776.1 1,271.3 1,153.8 1,344.1 1,202.0 2009 10,897.3 822.9 684.6 1,560.0 1,086.6 1,869.1 1,255.7 1,132.9 1,242.7 1,242.8 Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3	2007	10,538.1	770.4	596.8	1,400.5	1,029.5	1,705.6	1,355.3	1,133.2	1,347.4	1,199.3
2010 11,899.5 856.7 737.4 1,695.8 1,183.2 1,959.6 1,382.0 1,228.3 1,502.8 1,353.3 Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3	2008	10,659.6	748.8	613.7	1,496.4	1,053.4	1,776.1	1,271.3	1,153.8	1,344.1	1,202.0
Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008 2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.9 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 1,5073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 1,5073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 1,5073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 1,5073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 1,5073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 1,5073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019 1,5073.4 2016	2009	10,897.3	822.9	684.6	1,560.0	1,086.6	1,869.1	1,255.7	1,132.9	1,242.7	1,242.8
2011 12,351.5 692.4 1,221.0 1,306.3 1,180.3 2,503.2 1,011.8 1,345.8 1,570.2 1,520.4 2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.9 Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013 ⁴ 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6	2010	11,899.5	856.7	737.4	1,695.8	1,183.2	1,959.6	1,382.0	1,228.3	1,502.8	1,353.7
2012 12,820.5 684.4 1,244.0 1,283.4 1,168.8 2,640.7 1,184.1 1,428.5 1,576.8 1,609.8 2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.9 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019				Mala	aysia Standa	ard Classific	cation of Occ	cupations (I	MASCO) 200	18 ³	
2013 13,545.4 695.5 1,284.7 1,292.6 1,190.7 2,911.0 1,180.2 1,492.1 1,694.4 1,804.0 2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.9 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8	2011	12,351.5	692.4								1,520.4
2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.9 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019	2012	12,820.5	684.4	1,244.0	1,283.4	1,168.8	2,640.7	1,184.1	1,428.5	1,576.8	1,609.8
2014 13,852.6 664.4 1,376.5 1,367.2 1,237.8 3,169.3 1,002.4 1,555.1 1,659.1 1,820.8 2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.9 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.8 2019	2013	13,545.4	695.5	1,284.7	1,292.6	1,190.7	2,911.0	1,180.2	1,492.1	1,694.4	1,804.0
2015 14,067.7 718.6 1,462.0 1,406.9 1,241.1 3,188.9 940.3 1,578.8 1,585.2 1,945.9 Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013 ⁴ 2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,865.4 1,865.4	2014	13,852.6	664.4	1,376.5	1,367.2	1,237.8	3,169.3	1,002.4	1,555.1	1,659.1	1,820.8
2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.9	2015	14,067.7	718.6	1,462.0	1,406.9	1,241.1	3,188.9	940.3	1,578.8	1,585.2	1,945.9
2016 14,163.7 658.5 1,755.2 1,453.5 1,163.8 3,176.3 872.0 1,570.3 1,669.8 1,844.2 2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.9				Mala	aysia Standa	ard Classific	cation of Occ	cupations (I	MASCO) 201	3 ⁴	
2017 14,476.8 690.3 1,771.6 1,522.9 1,236.5 3,212.6 898.9 1,517.1 1,766.5 1,860.4 2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.5 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.5	2016	14,163.7	658.5	1,755.2	1,453.5	1,163.8	3,176.3	872.0	1,570.3	1,669.8	1,844.2
2018 14,776.0 660.5 1,824.4 1,536.7 1,247.7 3,422.8 921.9 1,545.5 1,787.9 1,828.7 2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,865.4	2017	14,476.8	690.3	1,771.6	1,522.9	1,236.5	3,212.6	898.9	1,517.1		1,860.4
2019 15,073.4 694.5 1,883.5 1,573.9 1,272.1 3,411.6 932.8 1,577.1 1,865.4 1,862.9											1,828.7
											1,862.5
2020 14,956.7 808.4 1,867.7 1,547.2 1,242.1 3,632.3 916.3 1,472.5 1,689.9 1,780.3	2020	14,956.7	808.4	1,867.7	1,547.2	1,242.1	3,632.3	916.3	1,472.5	1,689.9	1,780.3

Note:

¹For 1982- 2000, category of occupation are classified according to the "Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980" as follows:

- 1: Professional, technical and related workers
- 2: Administrative and managerial workers
- 3: Clerical and related workers
- 4: Sales workers
- 5: Service workers
- 6: Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters
- Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers

²For 2001 - 2010, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998" as follows:

- 1: Legislators, senior officials and managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trade workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

³For 2011 - 2015, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical support workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6 : Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

⁴For 2016 - 2019, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service and sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2020

Year Total A B C D E F G H I Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972¹ 1982 5,249.0 1,635.8 51.7 816.0 34.9 377.5 860.9 223.1 202.1 1,046.9 1983 5,457.0 1,670.9 55.1 894.1 39.3 425.6 897.3 235.9 197.7 1,041.0 1984 5,566.7 1,695.0 46.5 858.4 32.9 428.0 956.6 242.8 200.5 1,106.0 1985 5,653.4 1,717.4 44.4 850.4 31.5 419.4 994.3 244.3 218.9 1,132.7 1986 5,760.1 1,764.5 40.6 874.0 32.4 369.4 1,035.1 242.0 234.6 1,167.6 1987 5,983.9 1,846.4 33.0 928.9 35.9 336.3 1,091.7 252.0 241.6 1,218.0 1988	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1982 5,249.0 1,635.8 51.7 816.0 34.9 377.5 860.9 223.1 202.1 1,046.9 1983 5,457.0 1,670.9 55.1 894.1 39.3 425.6 897.3 235.9 197.7 1,041.0 1984 5,566.7 1,695.0 46.5 858.4 32.9 428.0 956.6 242.8 200.5 1,106.0 1985 5,653.4 1,717.4 44.4 850.4 31.5 419.4 994.3 244.3 218.9 1,132.7 1986 5,760.1 1,764.5 40.6 874.0 32.4 369.4 1,035.1 242.0 234.6 1,167.6 1987 5,983.9 1,846.4 33.0 928.9 35.9 336.3 1,091.7 252.0 241.6 1,218.0 1988 6,157.2 1,883.8 30.7 978.1 41.3 339.9 1,112.6 265.1 229.4 1,276.1 1989 6,390.9 1,832.5 33.1 <t< th=""><th>n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a</th></t<>	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1982 5,249.0 1,635.8 51.7 816.0 34.9 377.5 860.9 223.1 202.1 1,046.9 1983 5,457.0 1,670.9 55.1 894.1 39.3 425.6 897.3 235.9 197.7 1,041.0 1984 5,566.7 1,695.0 46.5 858.4 32.9 428.0 956.6 242.8 200.5 1,106.0 1985 5,653.4 1,717.4 44.4 850.4 31.5 419.4 994.3 244.3 218.9 1,132.7 1986 5,760.1 1,764.5 40.6 874.0 32.4 369.4 1,035.1 242.0 234.6 1,167.6 1987 5,983.9 1,846.4 33.0 928.9 35.9 336.3 1,091.7 252.0 241.6 1,218.0 1988 6,157.2 1,883.8 30.7 978.1 41.3 339.9 1,112.6 265.1 229.4 1,276.1 1989 6,390.9 1,832.5 33.1 <t< th=""><th>n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a</th></t<>	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1984 5,566.7 1,695.0 46.5 858.4 32.9 428.0 956.6 242.8 200.5 1,106.0 1985 5,653.4 1,717.4 44.4 850.4 31.5 419.4 994.3 244.3 218.9 1,132.7 1986 5,760.1 1,764.5 40.6 874.0 32.4 369.4 1,035.1 242.0 234.6 1,167.6 1987 5,983.9 1,846.4 33.0 928.9 35.9 336.3 1,091.7 252.0 241.6 1,218.0 1988 6,157.2 1,883.8 30.7 978.1 41.3 339.9 1,112.6 265.1 229.4 1,276.1 1989 6,390.9 1,832.5 33.1 1,171.1 40.6 376.9 1,143.9 277.6 253.2 1,262.0 1990 6,685.0 1,737.6 36.8 1,332.8 46.7 423.9 1,217.8 301.9 258.4 1,329.0 1992 7,047.8 1,535.8 36.3	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1985 5,653.4 1,717.4 44.4 850.4 31.5 419.4 994.3 244.3 218.9 1,132.7 1986 5,760.1 1,764.5 40.6 874.0 32.4 369.4 1,035.1 242.0 234.6 1,167.6 1987 5,983.9 1,846.4 33.0 928.9 35.9 336.3 1,091.7 252.0 241.6 1,218.0 1988 6,157.2 1,883.8 30.7 978.1 41.3 339.9 1,112.6 265.1 229.4 1,276.1 1989 6,390.9 1,832.5 33.1 1,171.1 40.6 376.9 1,143.9 277.6 253.2 1,262.0 1990 6,685.0 1,737.6 36.8 1,332.8 46.7 423.9 1,217.8 301.9 258.4 1,329.0 1992 7,047.8 1,535.8 36.3 1,639.6 45.9 506.7 1,254.5 326.2 299.8 1,403.1 1993 7,383.4 1,556.6 37.6 <th>n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a</th>	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1986 5,760.1 1,764.5 40.6 874.0 32.4 369.4 1,035.1 242.0 234.6 1,167.6 1987 5,983.9 1,846.4 33.0 928.9 35.9 336.3 1,091.7 252.0 241.6 1,218.0 1988 6,157.2 1,883.8 30.7 978.1 41.3 339.9 1,112.6 265.1 229.4 1,276.1 1989 6,390.9 1,832.5 33.1 1,171.1 40.6 376.9 1,143.9 277.6 253.2 1,262.0 1990 6,685.0 1,737.6 36.8 1,332.8 46.7 423.9 1,217.8 301.9 258.4 1,329.0 1992 7,047.8 1,535.8 36.3 1,639.6 45.9 506.7 1,254.5 326.2 299.8 1,403.1 1993 7,383.4 1,558.6 37.6 1,726.9 60.3 538.8 1,266.2 344.0 330.1 1,552.2 1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35.0	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1987 5,983.9 1,846.4 33.0 928.9 35.9 336.3 1,091.7 252.0 241.6 1,218.0 1988 6,157.2 1,883.8 30.7 978.1 41.3 339.9 1,112.6 265.1 229.4 1,276.1 1989 6,390.9 1,832.5 33.1 1,171.1 40.6 376.9 1,143.9 277.6 253.2 1,262.0 1990 6,685.0 1,737.6 36.8 1,332.8 46.7 423.9 1,217.8 301.9 258.4 1,329.0 1992 7,047.8 1,535.8 36.3 1,639.6 45.9 506.7 1,254.5 326.2 299.8 1,403.1 1993 7,383.4 1,558.6 37.6 1,726.9 60.3 538.8 1,266.2 344.0 330.1 1,520.9 1995 7,645.0 1,526.8 32.5 1,780.5 48.0 611.3 1,370.7 359.2 363.7 1,552.2 1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1988 6,157.2 1,883.8 30.7 978.1 41.3 339.9 1,112.6 265.1 229.4 1,276.1 1989 6,390.9 1,832.5 33.1 1,171.1 40.6 376.9 1,143.9 277.6 253.2 1,262.0 1990 6,685.0 1,737.6 36.8 1,332.8 46.7 423.9 1,217.8 301.9 258.4 1,329.0 1992 7,047.8 1,535.8 36.3 1,639.6 45.9 506.7 1,254.5 326.2 299.8 1,403.1 1993 7,383.4 1,558.6 37.6 1,726.9 60.3 538.8 1,266.2 344.0 330.1 1,520.9 1995 7,645.0 1,526.8 32.5 1,780.5 48.0 611.3 1,370.7 359.2 363.7 1,552.2 1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35.0 1,912.1 44.1 716.5 1,566.7 400.7 412.0 1,686.0	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1989 6,390.9 1,832.5 33.1 1,171.1 40.6 376.9 1,143.9 277.6 253.2 1,262.0 1990 6,685.0 1,737.6 36.8 1,332.8 46.7 423.9 1,217.8 301.9 258.4 1,329.0 1992 7,047.8 1,535.8 36.3 1,639.6 45.9 506.7 1,254.5 326.2 299.8 1,403.1 1993 7,383.4 1,558.6 37.6 1,726.9 60.3 538.8 1,266.2 344.0 330.1 1,520.9 1995 7,645.0 1,526.8 32.5 1,780.5 48.0 611.3 1,370.7 359.2 363.7 1,552.2 1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35.0 1,912.1 44.1 716.5 1,566.7 400.7 412.0 1,686.0	n.a n.a n.a n.a n.a
1990 6,685.0 1,737.6 36.8 1,332.8 46.7 423.9 1,217.8 301.9 258.4 1,329.0 1992 7,047.8 1,535.8 36.3 1,639.6 45.9 506.7 1,254.5 326.2 299.8 1,403.1 1993 7,383.4 1,558.6 37.6 1,726.9 60.3 538.8 1,266.2 344.0 330.1 1,520.9 1995 7,645.0 1,526.8 32.5 1,780.5 48.0 611.3 1,370.7 359.2 363.7 1,552.2 1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35.0 1,912.1 44.1 716.5 1,566.7 400.7 412.0 1,686.0	n.a n.a n.a n.a
1992 7,047.8 1,535.8 36.3 1,639.6 45.9 506.7 1,254.5 326.2 299.8 1,403.1 1993 7,383.4 1,558.6 37.6 1,726.9 60.3 538.8 1,266.2 344.0 330.1 1,520.9 1995 7,645.0 1,526.8 32.5 1,780.5 48.0 611.3 1,370.7 359.2 363.7 1,552.2 1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35.0 1,912.1 44.1 716.5 1,566.7 400.7 412.0 1,686.0	n.a n.a n.a
1993 7,383.4 1,558.6 37.6 1,726.9 60.3 538.8 1,266.2 344.0 330.1 1,520.9 1995 7,645.0 1,526.8 32.5 1,780.5 48.0 611.3 1,370.7 359.2 363.7 1,552.2 1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35.0 1,912.1 44.1 716.5 1,566.7 400.7 412.0 1,686.0	n.a n.a
1995 7,645.0 1,526.8 32.5 1,780.5 48.0 611.3 1,370.7 359.2 363.7 1,552.2 1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35.0 1,912.1 44.1 716.5 1,566.7 400.7 412.0 1,686.0	n.a
1996 8,399.3 1,626.2 35.0 1,912.1 44.1 716.5 1,566.7 400.7 412.0 1,686.0	
	n a
	ii.a
1997 8,569.2 1,481.3 38.5 2,002.5 50.9 793.0 1,577.9 423.3 447.2 1,754.5	n.a
1998 8,599.6 1,616.5 28.4 1,907.8 50.0 745.9 1,616.0 421.7 425.8 1,787.5	n.a
1999 8,837.8 1,623.7 37.8 1,990.7 50.2 722.8 1,660.6 420.3 466.2 1,865.4	n.a
2000 9,269.2 1,552.4 27.7 2,174.2 49.3 759.9 1,787.2 433.9 474.3 2,010.3	n.a
Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000 ²	
2001 9,357.0 1,288.2 127.7 26.7 2,184.1 57.3 829.8 1,458.1 585.1 468.3	225.3
	240.5
	223.4
2004 9,979.5 1,326.5 126.1 34.7 2,023.0 57.9 890.8 1,607.2 698.2 532.9	236.1
	247.4
	242.3
	282.2
	276.0
	271.5
Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 ³	
	178.9
	206.5
	208.8
	194.1
	213.2
2015 14,067.7 1,753.9 104.4 2,322.7 61.7 72.1 1,309.9 2,361.4 615.0 1,150.8	214.2
	208.7
	220.3
	216.4
	223.9
2020 14,956.7 1,566.0 82.2 2,498.0 76.4 83.7 1,173.4 2,765.6 689.2 1,540.0	223.4

Note

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- **B**: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{D}} :$ Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- **G**: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
- I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- **B**: Fishing
- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- **E**: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- **G**: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- $\mathbf{K}\!:$ Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- $\mathbf{O} :$ Other community, social and personal service activities
- P: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2019, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- **D**: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- ${\bf J} :$ Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2020 (cont'd)

						Indus	stry				
Year	Total _	K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
				Mala	ysia Indust	rial Classif	ication, (U	odated) 197	′2 ¹		
1982	5,249.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1983	5,457.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1984	5,566.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1985	5,653.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1986	5,760.1	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1987	5,983.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1988	6,157.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1989	6,390.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1990	6,685.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1992	7,047.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1993	7,383.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1995	7,645.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1996	8,399.3	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1997	8,569.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1998	8,599.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1999	8,837.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2000	9,269.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
				Malaysia	a Standard	Industrial	Classificati	ion (MSIC)	2000 ²		
2001	9,357.0	348.6	664.6	508.6	173.3	190.4	219.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2002	9,542.6	397.1	663.6	508.6	189.3	192.5	262.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2003	9,869.7	404.2	666.5	594.3	217.3	216.1	258.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2004	9,979.5	458.5	684.3	610.7	198.2	231.3	260.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2005	10,045.4	459.0	728.5	607.1	212.6	234.9	260.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2006	10,275.4	508.4	674.1	600.1	223.2	247.1	254.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2007	10,538.1	558.1	716.1	632.7	238.9	266.5	272.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2008	10,659.6	553.2	751.1	656.5	252.6	274.2	253.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2009	10,897.3	601.9	813.9	731.4	271.7	303.3	262.5	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
				Malaysia	a Standard	Industrial	Classificati	ion (MSIC)	2008 ³		
2010	11,899.5	323.4	58.5	285.6	359.2	787.7	779.3	280.0	91.6	182.9	285.4
2011	12,351.5	319.3	61.2	328.4	448.0	750.2	782.3	384.1	87.5	181.8	225.8
2012	12,820.5	322.1	68.9	307.3	532.2	696.4	784.9	414.3	84.8	190.5	202.7
2013	13,545.4	318.9	72.7	306.8	566.9	761.4	816.6	490.0	79.4	192.4	214.8
2014	13,852.6	329.1	79.7	328.8	654.3	741.7	871.4	532.9	94.1	199.1	159.1
2015	14,067.7	354.4	71.2	359.3	634.8	751.0	899.0	573.1	81.7	233.1	142.3
2016	14,163.7	346.9	82.4	361.8	657.0	748.2	928.7	570.3	80.9	230.8	124.7
2017	14,476.8	369.0	84.5	348.1	677.2	742.2	880.3	588.0	84.3	260.1	106.9
2018	14,776.0	338.6	97.2	367.7	747.6	720.2	988.7	551.2	85.6	264.8	103.9
2019 ^r	15,073.4	355.1	90.3	394.7	809.2	737.1	992.1	527.7	84.0	266.1	104.3
2020	14,956.7	372.1	82.1	379.3	801.9	734.9	937.6	559.6	58.2	267.0	66.1

Note

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- G: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
- I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- **B**: Fishing
- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work

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- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- P: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2019, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- ${\bf N}$: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts. entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

Table F: Employed person by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2020

Time Series		('000) Status of Employment									
	Total	Employer	Employee	Own Account Worker	Unpaid Family Worker						
1982	5,249.0	158.1	3,320.7	1,159.8	610.4						
1983	5,457.0	175.4	3,447.2	1,242.6	591.7						
1984	5,566.7	141.4	3,673.4	1,130.1	621.8						
1985	5,653.4	167.8	3,636.1	1,189.8	659.5						
1986	5,760.1	180.4	3,560.7	1,308.2	710.6						
1987	5,983.9	167.9	3,747.9	1,280.1	788.1						
1988	6,157.2	204.7	3,799.1	1,377.1	776.3						
1989	6,390.9	154.2	4,164.7	1,324.3	747.4						
1990	6,685.0	194.6	4,412.4	1,383.9	694.0						
1992	7,047.8	158.5	5,047.7	1,277.3	564.2						
1993	7,383.4	209.5	5,272.8	1,350.7	550.1						
1995	7,645.0	188.1	5,553.3	1,396.4	506.9						
1996	8,399.3	251.1	6,071.4	1,514.2	562.6						
1997	8,569.2	222.7	6,380.7	1,449.6	516.1						
1998	8,599.6	252.7	6,307.9	1,521.6	517.4						
1999	8,837.8	202.2	6,602.5	1,489.1	543.9						
2000	9,269.2	275.8	6,882.6	1,586.0	524.8						
2001	9,357.0	306.8	7,056.2	1,514.9	478.5						
2002	9,542.6	288.6	7,320.2	1,479.8	453.9						
2003	9,869.7	333.0	7,523.8	1,536.3	476.3						
2004	9,979.5	354.7	7,445.0	1,678.1	501.7						
2005	10,045.4	337.0	7,583.4	1,671.7	453.2						
2006	10,275.4	396.9	7,632.9	1,733.4	512.2						
2007	10,538.1	362.5	7,824.0	1,831.5	520.1						
2008	10,659.6	371.4	7,951.1	1,851.1	486.0						
2009	10,897.3	399.4	8,153.6	1,862.7	481.7						
2010	11,899.5	439.3	9,010.2	1,954.7	495.4						
2011	12,351.5	446.1	9,483.7	1,907.4	514.3						
2012	12,820.5	476.2	9,620.0	2,117.3	607.0						
2013	13,545.4	523.9	10,073.5	2,316.8	631.3						
2014	13,852.6	511.5	10,447.6	2,267.2	626.3						
2015	14,067.7	568.6	10,395.5	2,476.2	627.4						
2016	14,163.7	486.4	10,534.2	2,522.3	620.9						
2017	14,476.8	553.5	10,710.1	2,606.7	606.4						
2018	14,776.0	547.2	10,700.4	2,859.2	669.1						
2019	15,073.4	552.9	11,218.3	2,724.2	578.1						
2020	14,956.7	512.2	11,554.2	2,383.0	507.4						

Table G: Labour force indicators for selected countries, September 2020 - September 2021

Indicators	2020			2021									Del 0	
	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Data Source
Labour Force Part	icipatio	n Rate	(LFPR) ([%)										
South East Asia	-													
Malaysia	68.4	68.5	68.4	68.4	68.5	68.5	68.6	68.6	68.5	68.3	68.3	68.4	68.6	DOSM
Thailand	67.9	68.1	68.7	69.3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	National Statistical Office
Philipphine	n.a.	61.9	n.a.	n.a.	60.5	63.5	65.0	63.2	64.6	65.0	59.8	63.6	63.3	Philippine Statistics Authority
East Asia														
Hong Kong	59.6	59.5	59.6	59.6	59.5	59.5	59.6	59.6	59.6	59.5	59.5	59.5	59.3	Census and Statistics Department
Taiwan	59.1	59.1	59.2	59.1	59.1	59.1	59.1	59.2	58.8	58.8	59.0	59.0	58.9	National Statistics Republic of China
South Korea	62.5	62.7	62.8	61.6	60.9	61.6	62.5	63.0	63.7	63.7	63.4	62.8	63.0	Statistics Korea
Japan	62.2	62.4	62.3	62.0	61.8	61.9	61.9	62.2	62.2	62.4	62.5	62.4	62.3	Statistics Bureau of Japan
Oceania														
Australia	64.8	65.7	66.0	66.0	66.0	66.1	66.3	66.0	66.2	66.2	66.0	65.2	64.5	ABS
North America USA	61.4	61.6	61.5	61.5	61.4	61.4	61.5	61.7	61.6	61.6	61.7	61.7	61.6	BLS
USA Canada	61.4 65.1	61.6 65.2	61.5 65.1	61.5 65.0	61.4	61.4 64.7	61.5 65.2	61.7 64.9	61.6	61.6 65.2	61.7 65.2	61.7 65.1	61.6	Statistics Canada
Europe	00.1	05.2	υ υ . Ι	03.0	04.7	04.7	05.2	04.9	04.0	00.2	05.2	00.1	05.5	Statistics Cariada
United Kingdom	79.0	79.0	79.1	78.9	78.7	78.8	78.6	78.6	78.7	78.9	78.9	78.9	n.a.	ONS
Sweden	73.4	73.6	73.8	74.0	73.0	73.2	73.5	73.7	73.8	74.0	74.1	74.2	73.8	Statistics Sweden
Finland	65.6	65.5	65.1	64.7	65.0	65.5	65.9	66.4	69.7	70.3	68.9	67.1	65.9	Statistics Finland
Russia	62.3	62.1	62.3	62.2	62.0	62.1	62.1	62.2	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Trading economics
Italy	64.5	64.5	64.2	63.9	63.0	63.0	63.2	63.8	64.0	64.2	64.5	64.2	64.3	National Institute of Statistics
Netherland	71.1	71.3	71.3	71.3	71.2	71.4	71.1	71.1	71.1	71.4	71.6	71.8	71.9	Statistics Netherlands
Unemployment ra	te (%)													
South East Asia	(/-/													
Malaysia	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.5	DOSM
Thailand	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.5	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	National Statistical Office
Philipphine	n.a.	10.0	n.a.	n.a.	8.7	8.8	7.1	8.7	7.7	7.7	6.9	8.1	8.9	Philippine Statistics Authority
East Asia														
Hong Kong	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.6	7.0	7.2	6.8	6.4	6.0	5.5	5.0	4.7	4.5	Census and Statistics Department
Taiwan	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	4.1	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.0	National Statistics Republic of China
South Korea	3.6	3.7	3.4	4.1	5.7	4.9	4.3	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.2	2.6	2.7	Statistics Korea
Japan	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	Statistics Bureau of Japan
Oceania														
Australia	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.6	6.4	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.6	ABS
North America								-					-	-
USA	7.8	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.3	6.2	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.4	5.2	4.8	BLS
Canada	9.2	9.0	8.6	8.8	9.4	8.2	7.5	8.1	8.2	7.8	7.5	7.1	6.9	Statistics Canada
Europe												<u> </u>		
United Kingdom	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	n.a.	ONS
Sweden	8.9	8.9	8.8	8.8	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9	8.8	Statistics Sweden
Finland Russia	7.5 6.3	7.4 6.3	7.0 6.1	7.6 5.9	8.8 5.8	8.3 5.7	8.2 5.4	9.6 5.2	10.3 4.9	7.6 4.8	7.1 4.5	6.5 4.4	7.0 4.3	Statistics Finland Federal State
Italy	9.6	9.8	8.9	9.0	10.3	10.2	10.1	10.7	10.5	9.7	9.3	9.3	9.2	Statistics Service National Institute of
Netherland	9.6	4.3	4.0											Statistics Notherlands
	/1 /1	43	4.()	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.1	Statistics Netherlands

Note

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