

MINISTRY OF ECONOMY DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

## LABOUR FORCE STATISTICS R E P O R T

**APRIL 2024** 

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

# LABOUR FORCE REPORT MALAYSIA

## **APRIL 2024**

#### Announcement

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides a catalog of data and visualisations to facilitate users' analysis of various data and can be accessed through <u>https://open.dosm.gov.my</u>.

DOSM will conduct the Agricultural Census in 2024. Please visit <u>https://www.myagricensus.gov.my</u> for more information. The theme is "Agriculture Census, Key to Agricultural Development".

The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20th each year. MyStats Day theme is "Statistics is the Essence of Life". DOSM commemorates its 75th Diamond Jubilee in 2024.

#### DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

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#### PREFACE

The monthly Labour Force Report, Malaysia, presents the statistics of the labour force, employment and unemployment obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The implementation of the LFS is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO) with reference to the Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

The labour force statistics are used as a vital input for labour market analysis, policy formulation, as well as planning, implementing, and monitoring programmes particularly related to human resource development. These statistics also serve as essential references for researchers, economists, academicians, the private sector, and individuals involved in research related to employment and the labour market.

The Labour Force Report for April 2024 describes the labour supply condition based on the current situation. The report also elaborates on the month-on-month changes to examine the immediate effects of recent events. In addition, annual changes from the same month of the previous year are also reported.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and contribution rendered by all parties in making this publication a success. Every piece of feedback and suggestion towards improving future reports is highly appreciated.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN

Chief Statistician Malaysia

June 2024

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#### GLOSSARY Persons who were available for work and were actively looking for Actively unemployed 2 a job during the reference week. Category of skills For reporting purposes, the category of occupation is regrouped 2 into three levels of skills based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2013 as below: Skilled workers: 1. Managers; 2. Professionals; and 3. Technicians and associate professionals. Semi-skilled workers: 4. Clerical support workers; 5. Services and sales workers; 6. Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock, and fishery workers; 7. Craft and related trades workers; and 8. Plant and machine operators and assemblers. Low-skilled workers: 9. Elementary occupations. Starting in January 2022, the category of occupation is based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2020 with an addition of group 0 - Armed forces occupations. Economic activity Classification of industries according to the Malaysia Standard : Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 version 1.0 into five main sectors namely Agriculture, Mining & quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction and Services. In the meantime, Manufacturing and Services are further disaggregated into sub-sectors. Employed All persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at 2 least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker. Employee A person who works for a public or private employer and receives 2 regular remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips or payment in kind. A person who operates a business, a plantation or other trade and Employer 2 employs one or more workers to help him. Employment-to-The proportion of the employed population to working-age : population ratio population. Inactively unemployed Did not look for work because they believed no work was available : or that they were not qualified; Would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or had it not been for weather conditions; and had looked for work prior to the reference week and

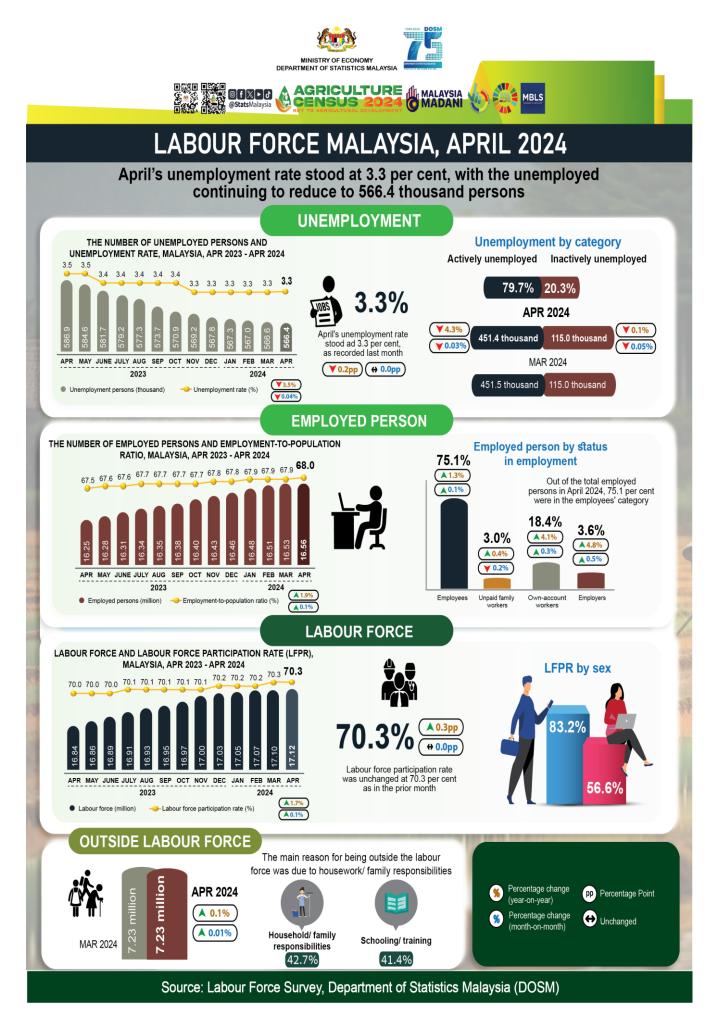
were waiting for the result of job applications.

#### GLOSSARY

Labour force	:	Labour force refers to population in the working age group (15 to 64 years) who are either employed or unemployed
Labour force participation rate	:	The ratio of the labour force to the working-age population, expressed as a percentage.
Outside labour force	:	All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as outside labour force. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.
Own-account worker	:	A person who operates his own farm, business or trade without employing any paid workers in the conduct of his farm, trade or business.
Skill-related underemployment	:	Those with tertiary education and working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled categories.
Time-related underemployment	:	A group of people who were employed less than 30 hours per week during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work and were able and willing to accept additional hours of work. Persons who were employed more than 30 hours per week during the reference week are considered to be in full employment.
Unemployed	:	Those who did not work during the reference week were classified into two groups, which are actively and inactively unemployed.
Unemployment rate	:	The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in the labour force, expressed as a percentage.
Unpaid family worker	:	A person who works without pay or wages on a farm, business or trade operated by another member of the family.

#### ACRONYMS

F&B	:	Food and Beverage
GDP	:	Gross Domestic Product
ILO	:	International Labour Organization
LI	:	Leading Index
LFS	:	Labour Force Survey
LFPR	:	Labour Force Participation Rate
MASCO	:	Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation
MITI	:	Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry
MSIC	:	Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification
MSMEs	:	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises



### **CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS**

MINISTRY OF ECONOMY DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSI



#### What is Labour Force Survey (LFS)?

Labour Force Survey (LFS) was conducted to collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment from the perspective of labour supply.

The survey population comprises persons who live in the private living quarters, hence excludes persons residing in institutions such as hotels, hospitals, hostels, prisons, and workers residing in construction worksite. LFS encompasses both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within all states in Malaysia using multi-modal data collection approach through the personal interview and a Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI). The LFS are conducted based on the standard guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO).

MBLS

The working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of 15 to 64 years during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.

#### LABOUR FORCE

- The population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years (in completed years at last birthday).
- Either employed or unemployed in the reference week.

#### EMPLOYED

- Persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain (as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker).
- Persons who did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to.
- Those on temporary lay-off with pay who would definitely be called back to work.

#### UNEMPLOYED

- Those who did not work during the reference week but are interested to work and seeking for a job.
- Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.

#### **OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE**

- All persons not classified as employed or unemployed.
- Example: housewives, students, retirees, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

- The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force.
- Percentage of the unemployed population in the labour force.

#### LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

- The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population.
- The proportion of the economically active population, hence differs between sub-groups of that population.
- These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed as labour force participation rate.
- Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 to 64 years), expressed as a percentage.

#### SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

- Time-series data are very useful for economist, policy & decision makers and time-series analysts to identify the important features of economics series such as direction, turning point and consistency between other economic indicators. Sometimes this feature is difficult to observe because of seasonal movements. Thus, if seasonal effect can be removed, the behaviour of the series would be better viewed. The estimation and removal of the seasonal effects is called seasonal adjusment.
- Seasonal adjustment is a process to identify and to remove the regular within-a-year seasonal pattern, which may also include the influences of moving holidays and working/trading days effect in each period. The ultimate objective of the process is to highlight the underlying trends and short-term movements in the series.
- In Malaysia, most of the time series data is affected by seasonal effects. Hence, to eliminate the seasonal effect as well as to seasonally adjust the Malaysian economic time series data, a standard seasonal adjustment package, X-12 ARIMA was used by the Department of Statistics Malaysia.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

#### **KEY REVIEWS**

- In April 2024, the number of employed persons continued to record increases, with a month-on-month growth of 0.1 per cent (+23.5 thousand persons) to 16.56 million persons compared to the previous month (March 2024: 16.53 million persons). The employment-to-population ratio, which indicates the ability of the economy to create employment, rose by 0.1 percentage points to 68.0 per cent in April 2024 (March 2024: 67.9%).
- As for the employment by the economic sector, the Services sector continued to record a rise in the number of employed persons, mainly in the Information & communication, Food & beverage services and Transportation & storage activities. A similar trend in the number of employed persons was also observed in the Manufacturing, Construction, Mining & quarrying sectors, as well as the Agriculture sector during the month.
- The number of employed persons in the employees' category constituted 75.1 per cent of the total employed persons in April 2024. This group rose by 0.1 per cent (+12.3 thousand persons) to 12.43 million persons (March 2024: 12.42 million persons). On the same note, the own-account workers category continued its upward trend, with a growth of 0.3 per cent (+9.1 thousand persons) to 3.04 million persons (March 2024: 3.03 million persons).
- In April 2024, the number of unemployed persons posted a slight decrease of 0.04 per cent (-0.2 thousand persons) to 566.4 thousand persons, as against 566.6 thousand persons in March 2024. The unemployment rate in April remained at 3.3 per cent, as recorded last month.
- In April 2024. the number of labour force edged up by 0.1 per cent (+23.4 thousand persons), registering 17.12 million persons (March 2024: 17.10 million persons). The labour force participation rate during the month was unchanged at 70.3 per cent as in the prior month.
- The number of persons outside the labour force in April 2024 registered a slight increase of 0.01 per cent (+0.6 thousand persons) to 7.23 million persons (March 2024: 7.23 million persons). The main reason for being outside the labour force was due to housework/ family responsibilities with a share of 42.7 per cent, followed by schooling/ training at 41.4 per cent.
- The positive growth of Malaysia's economy is projected to continue in the coming quarters, backed by resilient domestic spending patterns and an increase in tourism activity, as well as the positive labour market position and revenue growth. Moreover, external demand is also expected to recover as Malaysia benefits from an increase in global production and international trade. Stronger public sector investment in line with progress in the construction sector, especially continued infrastructure development under the 12th Malaysia Plan, will lead to an increase in more jobs. This situation will encourage more people to enter the job market, thus boosting Malaysia's labour market position. Therefore, a more optimistic condition of the country's labour force is expected in the coming months, in line with Malaysia's favourable economic performance.

## A VIBRANT LABOUR FORCE SITUATION WAS OBSERVED IN APRIL 2024, MIRRORING THE ENCOURAGING COUNTRY'S ECONOMIC SITUATION

The recovery of the global economy encouraged Malaysia's trade growth, which led to a better Malaysia's economy as well as the labour market in April 2024. The Ministry of Investment, Trade and Industry (MITI) stated that, Malaysia's trade continued its upward trajectory in April 2024, recording a 12.1 per cent growth to RM221.74 billion against April 2023<sup>1</sup>. Moreover, the growth was contributed mainly by higher exports of machinery, equipment and parts; chemicals and chemical products; crude petroleum; palm oil and palm oil-based agriculture products; and iron and steel products. Therefore, many large companies and firms, especially in the Manufacturing sector, took this opportunity to improve their production to fulfil the export demand. Thus, the existence of various job opportunities to attain labour demand had supported a better country's economy and furthered the labour supply to meet the needs, and thus encouraged more entry into the country's labour market.

Furthermore, in early April 2024, Malaysians were celebrating Eid al-Fitr. This celebration seems to have partly sustained the country's economy and further supported the improvement of the labour market due to higher demands in various types of Food and beverage (F&B) businesses, especially in bakeries, pastries, cookies, and other traditional Malay foods. Many new and existing entrepreneurs took the opportunity to be more creative by creating various innovations and quality foods that could attract buyers, further launching their online businesses, or opening stalls in Aidilfitri Bazaars. Thus, many businesses have commenced their activities particularly for Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs), leading to a healthier economic situation. Therefore, a vibrant labour force situation was observed in April 2024, with a higher number of employed persons while the unemployed were further reduced, mirroring the encouraging country's economic situation as portrayed by the higher Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of 4.2 per cent for the first quarter of 2024 (Q4 2023: 2.9%).

In the meantime, Malaysia's Leading Index (LI) remained in positive growth for four consecutive months, recording an increase of 2.3 per cent to 112.2 points in March 2024 (March 2023: 109.7 points). However, the monthly LI fell by 0.5 per cent in March 2024 as against the previous month. The smoothed growth rate of the LI for March 2024 is consistently above the trend, surpassing 100 points, reflecting an optimistic Malaysian economy in line with a robust private consumption and external trade recovery. Meanwhile, the monthly external trade indicators for April 2024 for exports and imports, both registered a decline of -10.7 per cent (March 2024: +15.5%) and -7.6 per cent (March 2024: +15.7%), respectively.

#### The number of employed persons continued to record increases in April 2024

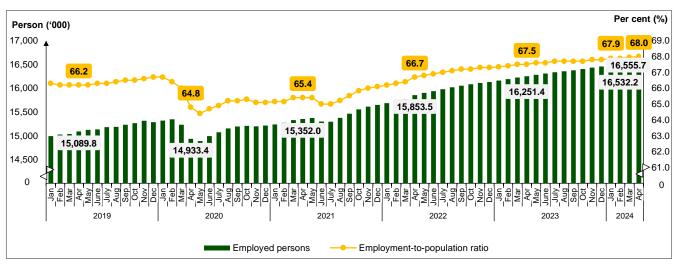
In April 2024, the number of employed persons continued to record increases, with a month-on-month growth of **0.1 per cent (+23.5 thousand persons)** to **16.56 million persons** compared to the previous month (March 2024: 16.53 million persons). Based on the seasonally adjusted estimates, there was a 0.1 per cent growth in the number of employed persons. Year-on-year, the number of employed persons continued to increase by 1.9 per cent (+304.3 thousand persons) compared to 16.25 million persons in April 2023.

As for employment by the economic sector, the Services sector continued to record a rise in the number of employed persons, mainly in the Information & communication, Food & beverage services and Transportation & storage activities. A similar trend in the number of employed persons was also

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://malaysiagazette.com/2024/05/20/perdagangan-malaysia-kekal-prestasi-</u> <u>kukuh/#:~:text=KUALA%20LUMPUR%20%E2%80%93%20Perdagangan%20Malaysia%20mengekalkan.yang%20keempat%20bulan%20berturut%2Dturut</u>

observed in the Manufacturing, Construction, Mining & quarrying sectors, as well as the Agriculture sector during the month.

The **employment-to-population ratio**, which indicates the ability of the economy to create employment, rose by **0.1 percentage points** to **68.0 per cent** in April 2024 (March 2024: 67.9%). Compared to one year earlier, this ratio increased by 0.5 percentage points from 67.5 per cent in April 2023 **[Chart 1]**.





The number of employed persons in the **employees**' category constituted **75.1 per cent** of the total employed persons in April 2024. This group rose by **0.1 per cent (+12.3 thousand persons)** to **12.43 million persons** (March 2024: 12.42 million persons). On the same note, the **own-account workers** category continued its upward trend, with a growth of **0.3 per cent (+9.1 thousand persons)** to **3.04 million persons** (March 2024: 3.03 million persons). This category primarily consists of daily income earners working as small business operators, such as retailers, hawkers and sellers in the market, as well as smallholders [Chart 2].

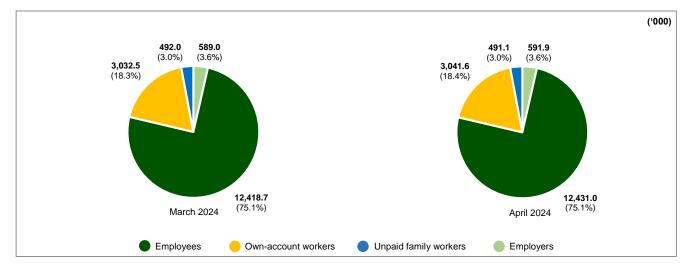


Chart 2: Employed person by status in employment, Mac 2024 and April 2024

During the month, the number of **employed persons who were temporarily not working** decreased by **2.5 per cent (-2.1 thousand persons)** to **82.4 thousand persons** (March 2024: 84.6 thousand persons). Year-on-year, this category experienced a decline of 4.7 per cent (-4.1 thousand persons) from 86.5 thousand persons recorded in April 2023. This group of persons, who were most likely unable to work temporarily, were not classified as unemployed as they still had work to return to.

#### April's unemployment rate stood at 3.3 per cent

In April 2024, the number of **unemployed persons** posted a slight decrease of **0.04 per cent** (-0.2 thousand persons) to 566.4 thousand persons from 566.6 thousand persons in March 2024. The **unemployment rate** in April stood at 3.3 per cent as recorded last month. In seasonally adjusted estimates, the number of unemployed persons increased by 0.1 per cent, recording 3.3 per cent of the unemployment rate.

On an annual basis, the number of unemployed persons fell by 3.5 per cent (-20.5 thousand persons) as compared to April 2023 (586.9 thousand persons). Accordingly, the unemployment rate declined by 0.2 percentage points from 3.5 per cent in April 2023 [Chart 3].

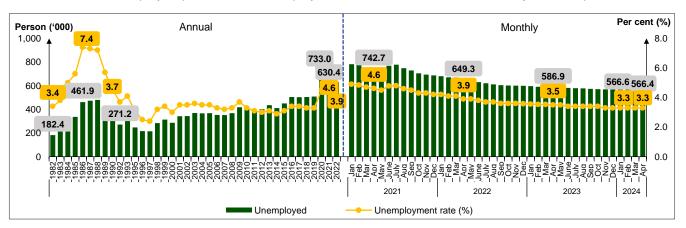


Chart 3: Unemployed persons and unemployment rate, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - April 2024

In terms of the unemployment category, the **actively unemployed** or those who were available for work and actively seeking jobs, made up **79.7 per cent** of the total unemployed persons in April 2024. This group recorded a decrease of **0.03 per cent (-0.2 thousand persons)** to **451.4 thousand persons** (March 2024: 451.5 thousand persons). Out of the total of actively unemployed, those who were **unemployed for less than three months** encompassed **61.7 per cent**, while those who had been **unemployed for more than a year**<sup>2</sup> were **6.7 per cent**. Similarly, those who believed that no jobs were available or the **inactively unemployed** registered a month-on-month decline of **0.05 per cent** (-0.1 thousand persons) to **115.0 thousand persons** (March 2024: 115.0 thousand persons) [Chart 4].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Referring to a person who has been unemployed for one year or longer (Source: KILM: Long-term unemployment) <u>https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---stat/documents/publication/wcms\_422451.pdf</u>

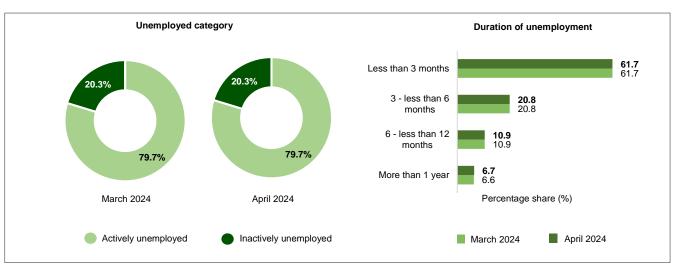


Chart 4: Unemployed category and duration of unemployment, March 2024 and April 2024

The unemployment rate for youth aged **15 to 24 years** in April 2024 remained unchanged at **10.6 per cent**, with **305.9 thousand unemployed youths** (March 2024: 10.6%; 306.3 thousand persons). On the same note, the unemployment rate for youth aged **15 to 30 years** was **6.5 per cent**, registering **434.9 thousand unemployed youths** (March 2024: 6.6%; 434.5 thousand persons) [Chart 5].

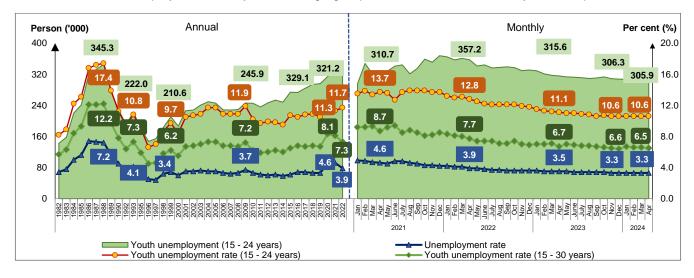
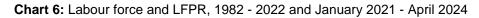


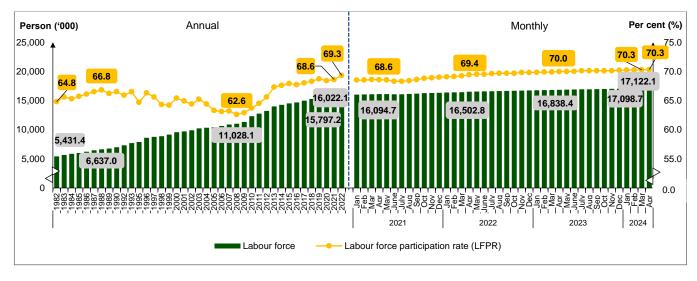
Chart 5: Unemployment rate by selected age groups, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - April 2024

#### LFPR in April 2024 was unchanged at 70.3 per cent

In April 2024, the number of **labour force** edged up by **0.1 per cent (+23.4 thousand persons)**, registering **17.12 million persons** (March 2024: 17.10 million persons). The **labour force participation rate (LFPR)** during the month was unchanged at **70.3 per cent** as in the prior month. In terms of seasonally adjusted estimates, the number of labour force increased by 0.1 per cent, with the LFPR of 70.2 per cent.

Annually, the number of labour force rose by 1.7 per cent (+283.7 thousand persons) as against the same month of the preceding year (April 2023: 16.84 million persons). Subsequently, the LFPR rose by 0.3 percentage points as compared to April 2023 (70.0%) [Chart 6].





By gender comparison, both **males** and **females** registered increases in the number of labour force by recording **10.47 million persons** (March 2024: 10.45 million persons) and **6.66 million persons** (March 2024: 6.65 million persons), respectively. As for the LFPR of males and females, both registered a rise of **0.1 percentage points** to **83.2 per cent** and **56.6 per cent**, respectively.

On a yearly comparison, both the male and female labour force remained in a positive trend, with a rise of 1.7 per cent and 1.6 per cent, respectively (April 2023: 10.29 million persons; 6.55 million persons). Accordingly, male LFPR improved by 0.3 percentage points from 82.9 per cent, while female LFPR rose by 0.4 percentage points from 56.2 per cent in April 2023 [Chart 7].

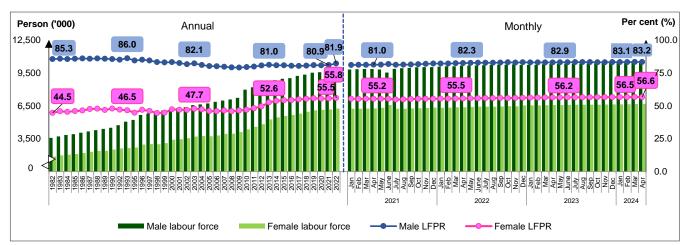
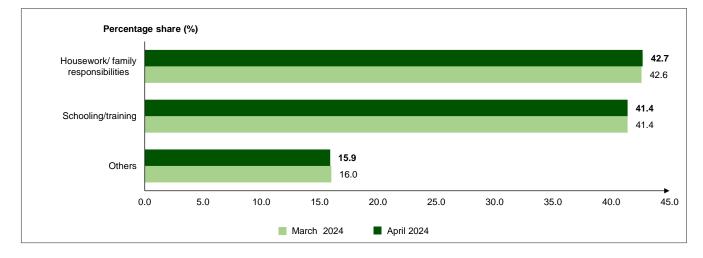


Chart 7: Labour force and LFPR by sex, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - April 2024

### The main reason for being outside the labour force was due to housework/ family responsibilities

The number of persons **outside the labour force** in April 2024 registered a slight increase of **0.01 per cent (+0.6 thousand persons)** to **7.23 million persons** (March 2024: 7.23 million persons). Year-on-year, the number of outside labour force went up by 0.1 per cent from 7.23 million persons in April last year. The main reason for being outside the labour force was due to **housework/ family responsibilities** with a a share of **42.7 per cent**, followed by **schooling/ training** at **41.4 per cent** [Chart 8].



#### Chart 8: Share of outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, March 2024 and April 2024

#### 6 LOOKING AHEAD

The Malaysian economy was seen to be encouraging with the growth of GDP in the first quarter of 2024, which was higher than expected, growing by 4.2 per cent compared to 2.9 per cent in the previous quarter. The increase was driven by a recovery in export performance and strong domestic demand. Malaysia is also well positioned and is expected to grow between 4 per cent and 5 per cent in 2024.

The encouraging underlying performance of the Malaysian economy can be seen through the labour market, which continues to have positive momentum with a low inflation rate, a rising industrial production index and value of construction work, as well as Malaysia's growing trade volume. This increase in economic momentum reflects the country's strong foundation and investor confidence in the domestic economy, as well as the implementation of various government policies.

Thus, Malaysia's economic growth is expected to pick up in the next quarter, which will be supported by resilient domestic spending patterns and an increase in tourism activity based on the country's stable labour market, the unemployment rate returning to pre-pandemic levels due to better job creation rates, Malaysia's export momentum is expected to increase in the first half of 2024 based on weak global growth assumptions as well as moderate current inflationary pressures<sup>3</sup>.

Following the positive growth momentum, which is expected to continue in the coming quarters, domestic spending activity will continue to grow due to the positive labour market position, revenue growth and increased tourist arrivals. In addition, external demand is also expected to recover as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>https://www.bharian.com.my/bisnes/lain-lain/2024/05/1248925/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-lebih-baik-pada-suku-akan-datang</u>

Malaysia benefits from an increase in global production and international trade. Stronger public sector investment, in line with progress in the construction sector, especially continued infrastructure development under the 12th Malaysia Plan will lead to an increase in more jobs. This situation will encourage more people to enter the job market, thus boosting Malaysia's labour market position.

In addition, the implementation of strategies and measures under the National Energy Transition Roadmap, the New Industry Master Plan 2030, and the initiatives of the 12th Malaysia Plan will continue to attract high-value investment in high-value-added industries, thereby creating high-income jobs that improve people's quality of life. Furthermore, based on the forecast of business performance for the second quarter of 2024, businesses are expecting favorable surrounding backed by a marginal positive confidence indicator of +0.7 per cent as compared to +4.2 per cent in the previous quarter. Therefore, a more optimistic condition of the country's labour force is expected in the coming months, in line with Malaysia's favourable economic performance.

# TABLES

## LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA APRIL 2024

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#### Table A: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

				('000)	('000)					
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate			
1982	5,431.4	5,249.0	182.4	2,944.6	64.8	62.7	3.4			
1983	5,671.8	5,457.0	214.9	2,969.4	65.6	63.2	3.8			
1984	5,862.5	5,566.7	295.8	3,119.6	65.3	62.0	5.0			
1985	5,990.1	5,653.4	336.8	3,124.9	65.7	62.0	5.6			
1986	6,222.1	5,760.1	461.9	3,188.3	66.1	61.2	7.4			
1987	6,456.8	5,983.9	472.9	3,246.1	66.5	61.7	7.3			
1988	6,637.0	6,157.2	479.8	3,301.5	66.8	62.0	7.2			
1989	6,779.4	6,390.9	388.5	3,463.5	66.2	62.4	5.7			
1990	7,000.2	6,685.0	315.2	3,519.7	66.5	63.6	4.5			
1992	7,319.0	7,047.8	271.2	3,783.6	65.9	63.5	3.7			
1993	7,700.1	7,383.4	316.8	3,874.9	66.5	63.8	4.1			
1995	7,893.1	7,645.0	248.1	4,297.7	64.7	62.7	3.1			
1996	8,616.0	8,399.3	216.8	4,379.0	66.3	64.6	2.5			
1997	8,784.0	8,569.2	214.9	4,605.1	65.6	64.0	2.4			
1998	8,883.6	8,599.6	284.0	4,934.0	64.3	62.2	3.2			
1999	9,151.5	8,837.8	313.7	5,098.4	64.2	62.0	3.4			
2000	9,556.1	9,269.2	286.9	5,065.1	65.4	63.4	3.0			
2001	9,699.4	9,357.0	342.4	5,239.9	64.9	62.6	3.5			
2002	9,886.2	9,542.6	343.5	5,473.8	64.4	62.1	3.5			
2003	10,239.6	9,869.7	369.8	5,458.6	65.2	62.9	3.6			
2004	10,346.2	9,979.5	366.6	5,730.5	64.4	62.1	3.5			
2005	10,413.4	10,045.4	368.1	6,048.2	63.3	61.0	3.5			
2006	10,628.9	10,275.4	353.6	6,205.1	63.1	61.0	3.3			
2007	10,889.5	10,538.1	351.4	6,330.1	63.2	61.2	3.2			
2008	11,028.1	10,659.6	368.5	6,575.7	62.6	60.6	3.3			
2009	11,315.3	10,897.3	418.0	6,665.7	62.9	60.6	3.7			
2010	12,303.9	11,899.5	404.4	7,023.0	63.7	61.6	3.3			
2011	12,740.7	12,351.5	389.2	7,023.3	64.5	62.5	3.1			
2012	13,221.7	12,820.5	401.2	6,927.4	65.6	63.6	3.0			
2013	13,980.5	13,545.4	435.1	6,781.2	67.3	65.2	3.1			
2014	14,263.6	13,852.6	411.1	6,821.0	67.6	65.7	2.9			
2015	14,518.0	14,067.7	450.3	6,869.9	67.9	65.8	3.1			
2016	14,667.8	14,163.7	504.1	6,987.6	67.7	65.4	3.4			
2017	14,980.1	14,476.8	503.3	7,065.0	68.0	65.7	3.4			
2018	15,280.3	14,776.0	504.3	7,094.4	68.3	66.0	3.3			
2019	15,581.6	15,073.4	508.2	7,103.5	68.7	66.4	3.3			
2020	15,667.7	14,956.7	711.0	7,225.5	68.4	65.3	4.5			
2021	15,797.2	15,064.2	733.0	7,221.4	68.6	65.4	4.6			
2022	16,022.1	15,391.7	630.4	7,110.2	69.3	66.5	3.9			

#### Table B: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - First Quarter 2024

				('000)			(%) Unemployment Rate 3.6 3.3 3.2 3.1						
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio							
2010													
Q1	12,239.3	11,801.2	438.1	7,030.8	63.5	61.2							
Q2	12,304.9	11,900.6	404.3	7,047.5	63.6	61.5	3.3						
Q3	12,354.6	11,961.3	393.3	7,073.5	63.6	61.6	3.2						
Q4	12,522.4	12,137.4	385.0	6,992.9	64.2	62.2	3.1						
2011													
Q1	12,718.3	12,333.5	384.8	7,004.9	64.5	62.5	3.0						
Q2	12,756.0	12,367.4	388.6	7,048.8	64.4	62.4	3.0						
Q3	12,889.0	12,493.0	396.0	6,977.2	64.9	62.9	3.1						
Q4	12,842.5	12,447.9	394.7	7,098.6	64.4	62.4	3.1						
2012													
Q1	13,169.2	12,765.2	404.0	6,915.1	65.6	63.6	3.1						
Q2	13,237.0	12,837.1	400.0	6,946.1	65.6	63.6	3.0						
Q3	13,401.7	13,005.4	396.3	6,897.9	66.0	64.1	3.0						
Q4	13,376.2	12,971.2	405.0	7,062.8	65.4	63.5	3.0						
2013													
Q1	13,539.5	13,118.0	421.5	7,090.0	65.6	63.6	3.1						
Q2	13,945.1	13,524.1	421.0	6,819.6	67.2	65.1	3.0						
Q3	14,214.2	13,776.0	438.3	6,613.0	68.2	66.1	3.1						
Q4	14,195.1	13,739.5	455.6	6,730.7	67.8	65.7	3.2						
2014	,			-,									
Q1	14,230.8	13,791.4	439.4	6,805.9	67.6	65.6	3.1						
Q2	14,296.1	13,888.5	407.6	6,793.0	67.8	65.9	2.9						
Q3	14,346.9	13,960.6	386.3	6,810.3	67.8	66.0	2.7						
Q4	14,403.3	13,998.7	404.6	6,860.9	67.7	65.8	2.8						
2015	14,400.0	10,000.7		0,000.0	01.1	00.0	2.0						
Q1	14,544.8	14,091.0	453.9	6,798.5	68.1	66.0	3.1						
Q2	14,535.6	14,087.8	447.8	6,897.9	67.8	65.7	3.1						
Q3	14,561.0	14,007.0	467.3	6,930.6	67.8	65.6	3.1						
Q3 Q4	14,600.2	14,095.7	407.3	6,952.7	67.7	65.6	3.2						
2016	14,000.2	14,127.3	472.5	0,902.1	07.7	05.0	5.2						
Q1	14,596.8	14,095.8	501.0	7,011.5	67.6	65.0	2.4						
Q2	14,590.8	14,095.8	503.9	,		65.2	3.4						
				7,026.0	67.6	65.3	3.4						
Q3 Q4	14,710.6	14,202.0	508.5 510.8	7,044.6 7,071.7	67.6	65.3	3.5						
	14,771.4	14,260.6	510.6	7,071.7	67.6	65.3	3.5						
2017	44.070.4	44.055.0	544.0	7 002 0	07.7	05.4	0.5						
Q1	14,870.1	14,355.9	514.2	7,093.8	67.7	65.4	3.5						
Q2	14,926.4	14,414.8	511.6	7,123.3	67.7	65.4	3.4						
Q3	15,000.2	14,484.0	516.2	7,091.0	67.9	65.6	3.4						
Q4	15,088.3	14,580.5	507.8	7,085.0	68.0	65.8	3.4						
2018	45 400 4	44,000,0	500.0	<b>Z 000 Z</b>									
Q1	15,192.4	14,683.6	508.9	7,093.7	68.2	65.9	3.3						
Q2	15,278.3	14,767.2	511.1	7,073.4	68.4	66.1	3.3						
Q3	15,381.3	14,856.8	524.4	7,077.9	68.5	66.2	3.4						
Q4	15,449.9	14,933.4	516.5	7,070.7	68.6	66.3	3.3						
2019													
Q1	15,526.8	15,010.2	516.6	7,064.2	68.7	66.4	3.3						
Q2	15,598.8	15,078.2	520.6	7,088.1	68.8	66.5	3.3						
Q3	15,674.3	15,162.1	512.1	7,088.7	68.9	66.6	3.3						
Q4	15,766.7	15,254.5	512.2	7,066.1	69.1	66.8	3.2						
2020													
Q1	15,790.1	15,243.5	546.6	7,163.1	68.8	66.4	3.5						
Q2	15,675.5	14,883.7	791.8	7,350.5	68.1	64.6	5.1						
Q3	15,840.6	15,095.6	745.0	7,324.6	68.4	65.2	4.7						
Q4	15,922.3	15,161.6	760.7	7,318.4	68.5	65.2	4.8						

#### Table B: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - First Quarter 2024

				('000)			(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2021							
Q1	16,008.4	15,236.5	771.8	7,316.0	68.6	65.3	4.8
Q2	15,972.2	15,207.3	764.9	7,424.9	68.3	65.0	4.8
Q3	16,021.0	15,274.8	746.2	7,430.1	68.3	65.1	4.7
Q4	16,135.0	15,440.7	694.4	7,361.5	68.7	65.7	4.3
2022							
Q1	16,246.1	15,574.9	671.2	7,289.9	69.0	66.2	4.1
Q2	16,343.3	15,701.2	642.0	7,258.5	69.2	66.5	3.9
Q3	16,442.9	15,831.1	611.8	7,250.6	69.4	66.8	3.7
Q4	16,542.2	15,941.7	600.5	7,246.1	69.5	67.0	3.6
2023							
Q1	16,648.9	16,062.0	586.9	7,215.7	69.8	67.3	3.5
Q2	16,727.4	16,146.1	581.4	7,180.2	70.0	67.5	3.5
Q3	16,824.0	16,250.9	573.1	7,182.3	70.1	67.7	3.4
Q4	16,911.7	16,346.7	565.0	7,197.6	70.1	67.8	3.3
2024							
Q1	16,962.3	16,401.2	561.1	7,194.0	70.2	67.9	3.3

#### Table B1 : Employed person working less than 30 hours per week by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2024

							('000
		S	ex		Age	Group	
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above
2017							
Q1	415.5	177.3	238.2	57.4	79.7	90.8	187.6
Q2	396.8	168.8	228.0	52.8	79.0	95.1	170.0
Q3	393.0	163.2	229.7	57.3	91.1	81.4	163.1
Q4	419.3	173.1	246.2	60.2	105.4	84.3	169.4
2018							
Q1	462.3	172.9	289.3	61.2	119.5	98.7	182.9
Q2	497.2	207.7	289.5	75.5	132.4	101.3	188.0
Q3	442.4	172.7	269.7	56.4	96.7	98.3	191.0
Q4	370.0	140.9	229.0	39.2	80.4	78.9	171.4
2019							
Q1	352.6	143.7	209.0	52.2	90.9	68.9	140.7
Q2	374.3	171.5	202.8	43.6	84.1	87.8	158.8
Q3	326.6	118.9	207.6	42.5	73.6	79.7	130.8
Q4	304.0	112.3	191.8	39.1	62.9	72.8	129.3
2020							
Q1	667.5	320.1	347.4	91.0	189.1	146.5	240.9
Q2	789.6	444.0	345.7	134.6	229.1	182.0	244.0
Q3	403.8	151.4	252.4	116.1	118.0	72.1	97.6
Q4	533.7	345.6	188.0	165.5	189.5	71.0	107.6
2021							
Q1	441.9	281.3	160.5	57.0	209.4	106.3	69.2
Q2	474.1	317.8	156.3	102.2	110.1	95.9	165.9
Q3	464.6	282.9	181.6	69.0	166.4	123.7	105.4
Q4	393.8	137.6	256.2	87.0	108.4	97.5	100.9
2022							
Q1	336.3	112.1	224.1	39.1	103.6	77.8	115.8
Q2	324.5	154.5	170.0	76.4	94.3	63.0	90.8
Q3	287.2	132.9	154.3	35.3	99.5	68.4	84.0
Q4	268.5	115.4	153.0	46.1	88.0	56.2	78.3
2023	-	-			-	-	
Q1	274.2	114.2	160.0	37.4	94.4	46.5	95.8
Q2	280.4	120.2	160.2	54.0	85.3	58.6	82.5
Q3	284.8	122.0	162.8	41.5	113.2	49.6	80.4
Q4	286.1	113.6	172.5	49.1	108.7	43.3	85.1
2024							
Q1	283.9	123.1	160.8	32.1	89.1	68.3	94.4

#### Table B2 : Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2024

							('000
		S	ex		Age (	Group	
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	('000 45 and above 75.4 66.6 69.4 78.5 79.7 82.5 88.3 81.7 68.6 73.0 54.4 57.1 123.5 131.9 47.8 68.4 37.6 113.8 61.0 63.2 84.5 51.6 53.7 41.2 \$2.8 49.8 42.9 45.6
2017							
Q1	211.8	105.9	105.8	36.8	51.0	48.6	75.4
Q2	195.4	97.7	97.8	34.7	45.2	48.9	66.6
Q3	224.8	109.1	115.7	46.3	59.3	49.8	69.4
Q4	238.5	115.3	123.2	45.7	69.4	44.9	78.5
2018							
Q1	242.5	102.4	141.0	37.3	74.1	52.3	79.7
Q2	231.7	108.1	123.5	40.2	65.8	43.2	82.5
Q3	235.5	116.5	119.0	43.4	54.4	49.4	
Q4	204.1	88.1	115.9	30.8	47.5	44.0	81.7
2019							
Q1	210.5	98.0	112.5	43.6	61.4	36.9	68.6
Q2	204.5	107.2	97.2	32.0	53.8	45.7	
Q3	178.7	70.4	108.2	28.6	44.8	50.9	
Q4	170.7	69.2	101.5	28.7	44.2	40.6	
2020							
Q1	383.2	183.2	199.9	63.2	114.1	82.4	123.5
Q2	413.5	257.6	156.0	76.3	99.3	106.1	131.9
Q3	300.8	102.3	198.5	108.4	97.2	47.4	
Q4	369.1	267.8	101.3	130.3	117.4	53.1	
2021							
Q1	310.5	226.7	83.8	46.4	159.3	67.2	37.6
Q2	329.7	236.1	93.5	86.6	82.6	46.6	113.8
Q3	326.2	232.2	93.9	40.4	137.0	87.7	
Q4	293.1	101.2	191.9	80.8	78.9	70.2	
2022		-				-	
Q1	245.1	71.3	173.8	21.8	76.1	62.6	84.5
Q2	212.8	111.6	101.3	64.5	59.8	37.0	
Q3	186.8	92.3	94.5	16.7	67.4	49.0	
Q4	167.4	79.3	88.1	29.9	63.8	32.5	
2023							
Q1	174.6	78.7	95.9	30.2	66.4	25.2	52.8
Q2	186.3	86.4	99.9	39.5	62.6	34.4	
Q3	189.0	88.1	100.8	34.4	79.0	32.6	
Q4	181.6	82.7	98.9	26.5	81.1	28.4	
2024	-		-	-		-	
Q1	175.4	81.9	93.5	23.0	66.1	36.1	50.1

#### Table B3 : Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2024

							('000)
		S	ex		Age	Group	
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above
2017							
Q1	1,182.9	567.0	615.9	280.8	569.0	209.3	123.8
Q2	1,280.6	584.9	695.7	317.9	587.7	226.9	148.1
Q3	1,311.6	623.9	687.7	306.1	632.6	227.4	145.5
Q4	1,332.8	648.4	684.4	303.2	631.8	254.8	142.9
2018							
Q1	1,306.9	629.2	677.7	279.2	629.2	259.0	139.5
Q2	1,408.1	647.2	760.9	314.5	687.4	257.7	148.4
Q3	1,446.3	704.1	742.2	351.3	683.3	266.9	144.8
Q4	1,404.0	667.8	736.2	337.2	679.1	245.4	142.3
2019							
Q1	1,460.8	673.2	787.6	329.5	696.4	263.0	172.0
Q2	1,417.2	665.3	751.9	338.6	666.0	259.7	152.8
Q3	1,554.5	699.3	855.2	393.5	705.8	279.1	176.0
Q4	1,540.9	746.8	794.1	348.4	732.4	287.4	172.7
2020							
Q1	1,637.3	815.1	822.2	338.3	786.3	310.8	201.8
Q2	1,674.1	847.7	826.4	393.7	701.9	331.6	246.9
Q3	1,762.7	865.9	896.9	405.1	811.4	355.3	190.9
Q4 <sup>r</sup>	1,886.8	1,066.6	820.2	353.5	862.6	443.0	227.6
2021							
Q1	1,899.9	951.5	948.4	437.2	848.4	401.7	212.5
Q2	1,852.5	949.0	903.5	336.9	776.0	426.1	313.5
Q3	1,873.8	931.7	942.2	426.8	835.3	392.0	219.7
Q4	1,838.3	877.1	961.2	309.0	816.4	454.6	258.3
2022							
Q1	1,810.1	874.4	935.6	364.9	821.3	428.2	195.7
Q2	1,799.6	892.3	907.3	356.3	799.4	433.3	210.6
Q3	1,839.6	857.9	981.7	344.1	861.4	432.2	201.9
Q4	1,891.4	1,022.0	869.5	326.3	894.9	476.0	194.2
2023							
Q1	1,907.2	944.0	963.3	373.9	879.1	447.4	206.8
Q2	1,914.6	873.1	1,041.5	421.3	867.5	421.0	204.8
Q3	1,922.7	941.3	981.4	425.5	816.1	457.8	223.3
Q4	1,937.1	996.2	940.9	400.2	815.3	493.7	227.9
2024	*						
Q1	1,931.3	975.6	955.7	448.4	827.8	441.4	213.6

Notes: Revised

				('000)			(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2010							
January	12,367.9	11,931.2	436.7	6,927.5	64.1	61.8	3.5
February	12,059.8	11,632.3	427.4	7,225.1	62.5	60.3	3.5
March	12,324.2	11,895.9	428.3	6,993.0	63.8	61.6	3.5
April	12,512.0	12,133.5	378.5	6,894.5	64.5	62.5	3.0
May	12,197.6	11,798.9	398.7	7,186.0	62.9	60.9	3.3
June	12,331.8	11,882.2	449.6	7,065.0	63.6	61.3	3.6
July	12,516.2	12,099.5	416.7	6,900.5	64.5	62.3	3.3
August	12,320.9	11,936.5	384.3	7,157.9	63.3	61.3	3.1
September	12,289.9	11,912.1	377.8	7,194.4	63.1	61.1	3.1
October	12,689.5	12,342.6	346.8	6,846.7	65.0	63.2	2.7
November	12,277.5	11,874.1	403.4	7,298.3	62.7	60.7	3.3
December	12,822.3	12,418.3	404.1	6,722.3	65.6	63.5	3.2
2011							
January	12,804.2	12,376.0	428.2	6,881.6	65.0	62.9	3.3
February	12,618.9	12,245.3	373.6	7,110.3	64.0	62.1	3.0
March	12,862.2	12,491.8	370.4	6,940.1	65.0	63.1	2.9
April	12,921.7	12,537.1	384.6	6,930.6	65.1	63.2	3.0
May	12,726.6	12,330.3	396.3	7,133.2	64.1	62.1	3.1
June	12,782.7	12,372.6	410.1	7,073.7	64.4	62.3	3.2
July	12,967.4	12,581.5	385.9	6,920.5	65.2	63.3	3.0
August	12,887.9	12,486.7	401.2	7,038.6	64.7	62.7	3.1
September	12,875.9	12,456.9	419.0	7,032.2	64.7	62.6	3.3
October	12,938.2	12,550.1	388.1	7,045.7	64.7	62.8	3.0
November	12,722.4	12,323.7	398.7	7,245.7	63.7	61.7	3.1
December	13,092.1	12,687.2	404.9	6,997.3	65.2	63.2	3.1
2012	- ,	,		-,			
January	13,191.6	12,781.3	410.4	6,878.5	65.7	63.7	3.1
February	13,054.5	12,645.6	408.9	7,042.3	65.0	62.9	3.1
March	13,295.4	12,893.8	401.6	6,897.3	65.8	63.9	3.0
April	13,331.8	12,936.9	394.8	6,851.3	66.1	64.1	3.0
May	13,245.6	12,861.2	384.4	6,952.9	65.6	63.7	2.9
June	13,232.5	12,811.4	421.0	7,013.7	65.4	63.3	3.2
July	13,511.7	13,093.3	418.4	6,777.3	66.6	64.5	3.1
August	13,313.6	12,963.4	350.2	7,039.9	65.4	63.7	2.6
September	13,408.5	12,984.5	424.0	6,993.2	65.7	63.6	3.2
October	13,341.4	12,908.9	432.6	7,056.2	65.4	63.3	3.2
November	13,429.2	13,044.6	384.6	7,094.6	65.4	63.6	2.9
December	13,538.6	13,114.3	424.3	7,060.6	65.7	63.7	3.1
2013	10,000.0	10,114.0	424.0	7,000.0	00.7	03.7	5.1
January	13,569.6	13,109.8	459.8	7,035.5	65.9	63.6	3.4
February	13,598.8	13,109.8	402.9	7,033.3	65.6	63.7	3.4
March	13,684.4	13,195.9	402.9	7,119.8	65.8	63.7	3.0
April	13,835.7	13,422.9	442.6	6,922.7	66.7	64.7	3.2
May	13,835.7	13,422.9	412.8	7,005.6	66.4	64.7	3.0
June	13,015.3	13,816.9	446.4	6,668.6	68.1	66.2	
							2.8
July	14,194.6	13,763.0	431.6	6,655.9	68.1	66.0	3.0
August	14,176.6	13,734.2	442.4	6,689.8	67.9	65.8	3.1
September	14,309.4	13,859.5	449.9	6,557.3	68.6	66.4	3.1
October	14,169.2	13,699.1	470.1	6,746.3	67.7	65.5	3.3
November	14,220.9	13,730.4	490.5	6,716.2	67.9	65.6	3.4
December	14,276.5	13,836.2	440.3	6,724.3	68.0	65.9	3.1

				('000)			(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2014							
January	14,244.4	13,775.9	468.5	6,734.7	67.9	65.7	3.3
February	14,249.9	13,788.0	462.0	6,808.7	67.7	65.5	3.2
March	14,198.4	13,768.3	430.1	6,956.1	67.1	65.1	3.0
April	14,206.7	13,793.2	413.5	6,849.4	67.5	65.5	2.9
May	14,430.2	14,023.0	407.2	6,693.2	68.3	66.4	2.8
June	14,373.4	13,967.0	406.4	6,826.6	67.8	65.9	2.8
July	14,333.4	13,935.8	397.6	6,846.2	67.7	65.8	2.8
August	14,266.3	13,881.4	384.9	6,934.1	67.3	65.5	2.7
September	14,440.2	14,058.4	381.8	6,763.7	68.1	66.3	2.6
October	14,403.1	14,023.3	379.9	6,926.7	67.5	65.7	2.6
November	14,404.1	14,025.4	378.7	6,887.1	67.7	65.9	2.6
December	14,512.0	14,060.2	451.7	6,784.8	68.1	66.0	3.1
2015							
January	14,442.0	13,991.8	450.3	6,923.7	67.6	65.5	3.1
February	14,554.7	14,092.9	461.8	6,847.8	68.0	65.9	3.2
March	14,601.2	14,160.5	440.7	6,839.3	68.1	66.1	3.0
April	14,569.5	14,136.2	433.3	6,890.2	67.9	65.9	3.0
May	14,575.0	14,126.7	448.3	6,933.5	67.8	65.7	3.1
June	14,609.9	14,146.7	463.2	6,896.2	67.9	65.8	3.2
July	14,579.1	14,106.2	472.9	6,937.7	67.8	65.6	3.2
August	14,685.1	14,214.6	470.5	6,871.5	68.1	65.9	3.2
September	14,642.0	14,151.7	490.3	6,925.4	67.9	65.6	3.3
October	14,665.9	14,184.7	481.3	6,894.8	68.0	65.8	3.3
November	14,687.2	14,215.7	471.5	6,945.0	67.9	65.7	3.2
December	14,690.0	14,185.7	504.3	6,945.3	67.9	65.6	3.4
2016	14,000.0	14,100.7	004.0	0,040.0	07.5	00.0	5.4
January	14,652.0	14,150.5	501.5	6,984.2	67.7	65.4	3.4
February	14,703.3	14,196.9	506.4	7,063.1	67.6	65.2	3.4
March	14,710.1	14,190.3	509.5	6,964.0	67.9	65.5	3.5
April	14,675.3	14,163.7	511.5	7,012.5	67.7	65.3	3.5
							3.5
May	14,705.0	14,200.2 14,218.4	504.8 501.8	7,021.1	67.7	65.4	
June	14,720.1			7,036.5	67.7	65.4	3.4
July	14,729.0	14,212.8	516.2	7,008.4	67.8	65.4	3.5
August	14,822.2	14,306.9	515.2	7,053.3	67.8	65.4	3.5
September	14,762.2	14,249.6	512.6	7,084.3	67.6	65.2	3.5
October	14,765.1	14,253.4	511.7	7,071.1	67.6	65.3	3.5
November	14,827.9	14,317.2	510.7	7,081.8	67.7	65.3	3.4
December	14,788.9	14,276.7	512.2	7,072.8	67.6	65.3	3.5
2017	14 000 0	44,000,0	<b>F A A A</b>	7 000 4	07 -	05.1	
January	14,880.9	14,366.8	514.1	7,090.4	67.7	65.4	3.5
February	14,916.7	14,401.8	514.8	7,086.9	67.8	65.5	3.5
March	14,932.5	14,421.7	510.8	7,121.8	67.7	65.4	3.4
April	14,941.5	14,429.6	511.9	7,122.5	67.7	65.4	3.4
May	14,961.9	14,454.4	507.5	7,120.8	67.8	65.5	3.4
June	15,027.6	14,519.9	507.7	7,141.1	67.8	65.5	3.4
July	15,016.4	14,497.4	519.0	7,150.4	67.7	65.4	3.5
August	15,030.2	14,513.4	516.9	7,138.4	67.8	65.5	3.4
September	15,058.8	14,544.3	514.5	7,122.1	67.9	65.6	3.4
October	15,090.4	14,581.7	508.8	7,117.7	68.0	65.7	3.4
November	15,084.0	14,578.9	505.1	7,121.4	67.9	65.7	3.3
December	15,145.9	14,640.1	505.8	7,084.1	68.1	65.9	3.3

	('000)						
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2018							
January	15,187.0	14,670.5	516.5	7,074.8	68.2	65.9	3.4
February	15,230.0	14,721.5	508.5	7,112.3	68.2	65.9	3.3
March	15,241.2	14,732.5	508.7	7,115.0	68.2	65.9	3.3
April	15,313.1	14,803.1	510.0	7,130.9	68.2	66.0	3.3
May	15,357.5	14,852.6	504.8	7,097.1	68.4	66.1	3.3
June	15,379.0	14,863.2	515.8	7,062.2	68.5	66.2	3.4
July	15,401.0	14,882.4	518.6	7,044.5	68.6	66.3	3.4
August	15,421.4	14,896.5	525.0	7,133.9	68.4	66.0	3.4
September	15,442.9	14,926.5	516.4	7,096.8	68.5	66.2	3.3
October	15,450.0	14,937.1	512.9	7,093.7	68.5	66.3	3.3
November	15,457.5	14,941.3	516.2	7,151.2	68.4	66.1	3.3
December	15,500.1	14,986.0	514.2	7,120.1	68.5	66.3	3.3
2019							
January	15,508.5	14,992.8	515.6	7,095.9	68.6	66.3	3.3
February	15,543.2	15,026.8	516.4	7,145.9	68.5	66.2	3.3
March	15,556.6	15,035.2	521.3	7,169.4	68.5	66.2	3.4
April	15,613.1	15,089.8	523.3	7,184.4	68.5	66.2	3.4
May	15,642.3	15,122.5	519.8	7,190.0	68.5	66.2	3.3
June	15,655.9	15,134.6	521.4	7,156.7	68.6	66.3	3.3
July	15,704.6	15,179.8	524.8	7,207.7	68.5	66.3	3.3
August	15,706.0	15,185.8	520.2	7,172.4	68.6	66.4	3.3
September	15,751.2	15,229.9	521.4	7,159.8	68.7	66.5	3.3
October	15,777.7	15,265.6	512.1	7,175.0	68.7	66.5	3.2
November	15,828.9	15,315.0	513.9	7,174.2	68.8	66.6	3.2
December	15,803.0	15,286.0	517.0	7,174.2	68.9	66.7	3.3
2020	13,003.0	15,200.0	517.0	7,123.0	00.9	00.7	0.0
January	15,829.3	15,317.6	511.7	7,128.9	68.9	66.7	3.2
February	15,869.8	15,344.5	525.2	7,120.9	68.7	66.4	3.3
March	15,809.8	15,232.4	610.5	7,224.0	68.6	66.0	3.9
	15,712.2	14,933.4	778.8	7,239.0	68.1	64.8	5.0
April Mov		14,933.4					
May	15,714.0		826.1	7,392.1	68.0	64.4	5.3
June	15,763.5	14,990.2	773.2	7,398.5	68.1	64.7	4.9
July	15,818.5	15,073.4	745.1	7,399.8	68.1	64.9	4.7
August	15,895.1	15,153.5	741.6	7,351.5	68.4	65.2	4.7
September	15,930.6	15,193.1	737.5	7,359.8	68.4	65.2	4.6
October	15,955.3	15,207.1	748.2	7,347.7	68.5	65.3	4.7
November	15,960.5	15,196.1	764.4	7,374.8	68.4	65.1	4.8
December	15,988.3	15,215.4	772.9	7,372.2	68.4	65.1	4.8
2021	10.010.0	45 007 0	700 5	7 000 0		05.0	
January	16,019.8	15,237.3	782.5	7,366.2	68.5	65.2	4.9
February	16,048.2	15,270.6	777.5	7,371.4	68.5	65.2	4.8
March	16,082.5	15,329.3	753.2	7,363.7	68.6	65.4	4.7
April	16,094.7	15,352.0	742.7	7,376.8	68.6	65.4	4.6
May	16,098.9	15,370.8	728.1	7,398.0	68.5	65.4	4.5
June	16,066.2	15,297.5	768.7	7,456.8	68.3	65.0	4.8
July	16,072.9	15,294.8	778.2	7,475.4	68.3	65.0	4.8
August	16,125.4	15,376.6	748.8	7,448.5	68.4	65.2	4.6
September	16,193.1	15,463.5	729.6	7,405.9	68.6	65.5	4.5
October	16,259.6	15,554.6	705.0	7,364.5	68.8	65.8	4.3
November	16,304.7	15,610.3	694.4	7,344.4	68.9	66.0	4.3
December	16,336.2	15,648.6	687.6	7,337.8	69.0	66.1	4.2

	('000)							
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate	
2022								
January	16,366.4	15,686.1	680.4	7,332.1	69.1	66.2	4.2	
February	16,402.7	15,730.9	671.8	7,320.7	69.1	66.3	4.	
March	16,438.5	15,769.4	669.2	7,309.7	69.2	66.4	4.	
April	16,502.8	15,853.5	649.3	7,270.2	69.4	66.7	3.	
May	16,537.8	15,900.0	637.7	7,260.1	69.5	66.8	3.	
June	16,566.9	15,936.3	630.6	7,255.5	69.5	66.9	3.3	
July	16,599.2	15,978.4	620.7	7,247.9	69.6	67.0	3.	
August	16,629.7	16,017.7	612.0	7,242.0	69.7	67.1	3.	
September	16,657.2	16,052.2	605.0	7,239.2	69.7	67.2	3.0	
October	16,683.5	16,081.5	602.0	7,237.3	69.7	67.2	3.0	
November	16.709.4	16,108,6	600.9	7,235.7	69.8	67.3	3.	
December	16,730.0	16,130.4	599.6	7,239.5	69.8	67.3	3.	
2023	-,	-,		,				
January	16,755.4	16,159.3	596.1	7,238.3	69.8	67.3	3.	
February	16,781.2	16,189.3	591.9	7,236.7	69.9	67.4	3.	
March	16,811.7	16,223.0	588.7	7,230.6	69.9	67.5	3.	
April	16,838.4	16,251.4	586.9	7,228.2	70.0	67.5	3.	
May	16,864.1	16,279.5	584.6	7,226.8	70.0	67.6	3.	
June	16,889.4	16,307.8	581.7	7,225.7	70.0	67.6	3.	
July	16,914.2	16,335.0	579.2	7,225.0	70.1	67.7	3.	
August	16,932.1	16,354.9	577.3	7,231.3	70.1	67.7	3.	
September	16,948.8	16,375.1	573.7	7,238.9	70.1	67.7	3.	
October	16,974.1	16,403.2	570.9	7,237.6	70.1	67.7	3.	
November	17,000.4	16,431.1	569.2	7,235.4	70.1	67.8	3.	
December	17,025.5	16,457.7	567.8	7,234.3	70.1	67.8	3.	
2024	17,020.0	10,107.1	507.0	1,204.0	10.2	57.0	5.	
January	17,050.3	16,483.0	567.3	7,233.4	70.2	67.9	3.3	
February	17,074.9	16,507.9	567.0	7,232.7	70.2	67.9	3.3	
March April	17,098.7 17,122.1	16,532.2 16,555.7	566.6 566.4	7,232.5 7,233.1	70.3 70.3	67.9 68.0	3.3 3.3	
Арш	17,122.1	10,000.7	200.4	1,233.1	70.3	0.60	3	

			(%)		
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate
2010					
January	12,368.0	11,959.8	408.2	64.0	3.3
February	12,120.1	11,712.8	402.2	62.9	3.3
March	12,242.4	11,817.2	416.7	63.4	3.4
April	12,382.1	12,025.3	377.6	63.8	3.0
May	12,197.5	11,790.7	405.7	63.0	3.3
June	12,338.5	11,898.3	423.8	63.6	3.4
July	12,419.9	11,996.4	422.5	64.0	3.4
August	12,353.8	11,945.3	400.9	63.4	3.2
September	12,330.7	11,957.7	386.3	63.3	3.1
October	12,772.3	12,407.0	370.8	65.4	2.9
November	12,392.6	11,966.9	418.2	63.3	3.4
December	12,794.9	12,391.6	406.9	65.4	3.2
2011					
January	12,782.4	12,383.1	399.6	64.8	3.1
February	12,674.9	12,312.5	357.2	64.3	2.8
March	12,778.0	12,409.9	363.4	64.6	2.8
April	12,792.6	12,426.6	388.4	64.5	3.0
May	12,757.1	12,352.4	403.0	64.3	3.2
June	12,805.0	12,403.0	390.8	64.5	3.1
July	12,858.3	12,466.3	389.1	64.7	3.0
August	12,930.6	12,501.4	415.0	64.9	3.2
September	12,906.1	12,496.0	424.3	64.8	3.3
October	13,013.1	12,616.9	409.0	65.1	3.1
November	12,829.7	12,410.9	412.6	64.3	3.2
December	13,053.8	12,651.3	405.4	64.9	3.1
2012		,		0.110	
January	13,164.0	12,781.1	383.3	65.5	2.9
February	13,103.1	12,699.1	394.1	65.3	3.0
March	13,221.1	12,822.6	397.2	65.5	3.0
April	13,226.3	12,841.5	403.0	65.6	3.0
May	13,293.7	12,903.8	389.0	65.9	2.9
June	13,256.6	12,841.1	407.8	65.5	3.1
July	13,413.8	12,988.9	422.4	66.1	3.1
August	13,348.9	12,972.1	359.1	65.6	2.7
September	13,416.1	13,002.8	425.0	65.8	3.2
October	13,400.9	12,964.4	448.1	65.7	3.3
November	13,520.3	13,119.3	398.4	65.9	2.9
December	13,499.3	13,079.5	423.0	65.5	3.1
2013	10,400.0	10,010.0	420.0	00.0	0.1
January	13,550.1	13,113.1	432.8	65.6	3.2
February	13,641.8	13,242.5	389.3	65.9	2.9
March		13,188.7	439.5	65.5	3.2
April	13,625.3 13,763.5	13,166.7	439.5	66.3	3.2
		13,353.9	422.7 451.7		
May	13,867.0 14 232 8			66.7 68.2	3.3
June	14,232.8	13,838.3	392.6 434.0	68.2	2.8
July	14,119.5	13,683.2	434.0	67.7	3.1
August	14,200.8	13,730.9	451.5	68.0	3.2
September	14,295.2	13,852.9	450.0	68.5	3.1
October	14,214.8	13,743.2	481.1	67.9	3.4
November	14,279.3	13,773.3	510.8	68.2	3.6
December	14,248.6	13,816.1	437.2	67.8	3.1

			(%)		
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate
2014					
January	14,243.3	13,795.5	444.1	67.8	3.1
February	14,275.9	13,820.1	445.8	67.9	3.1
March	14,160.8	13,738.1	427.2	67.0	3.0
April	14,173.1	13,757.5	422.4	67.4	3.0
May	14,470.8	14,060.1	411.3	68.6	2.8
June	14,376.6	13,970.9	404.0	67.8	2.8
July	14,289.4	13,888.2	399.6	67.5	2.8
August	14,268.0	13,861.9	391.0	67.3	2.7
September	14,415.2	14,036.1	381.9	68.0	2.6
October	14,436.8	14,054.6	385.1	67.7	2.7
November	14,436.2	14,046.6	393.9	67.8	2.7
December	14,500.1	14,055.7	449.4	68.0	3.1
2015					
January	14,458.4	14,023.9	431.1	67.6	3.0
February	14,561.5	14,109.1	444.8	68.1	3.1
March	14,574.3	14,143.1	436.8	68.0	3.0
April	14,558.8	14,125.3	440.1	67.9	3.0
May	14,605.0	14,151.8	453.1	68.0	3.1
June	14,600.5	14,133.6	464.2	67.9	3.2
July	14,563.4	14,088.5	473.4	67.7	3.3
August	14,678.0	14,190.0	476.5	68.1	3.2
September	14,619.1	14,128.4	492.4	67.8	3.4
October	14,688.0	14,202.2	487.6	68.1	3.3
November	14,701.0	14,219.9	488.0	68.0	3.3
December	14,685.2	14,189.8	501.7	67.8	3.4
2016	,				
January	14,677.1	14,188.7	482.7	67.7	3.3
February	14,697.5	14,202.8	488.1	67.6	3.3
March	14,688.0	14,187.5	505.4	67.8	3.4
April	14,677.5	14,166.4	517.0	67.7	3.5
May	14,727.8	14,217.7	509.8	67.8	3.5
June	14,703.3	14,195.4	505.6	67.6	3.4
July	14,735.0	14,217.1	516.1	67.8	3.5
August	14,806.5	14,279.5	520.4	67.7	3.5
September	14,749.0	14,234.6	515.4	67.5	3.5
October	14,775.6	14,257.2	519.0	67.7	3.5
November	14,836.2	14,316.0	525.5	67.7	3.5
December	14,786.4	14,283.4	509.6	67.6	3.4
2017	,	,		0.10	0
January	14,908.5	14,405.2	497.2	67.7	3.3
February	14,906.1	14,405.5	496.2	67.8	3.3
March	14,908.1	14,405.5	507.3	67.6	3.4
April	14,949.3	14,438.2	515.6	67.8	3.4
May	14,979.3	14,465.3	513.5	67.9	3.4
June	15,011.4	14,496.7	512.6	67.9	3.4
July	15,032.2	14,490.7	512.0	67.8	3.4
-		14,312.9	521.8		
August	15,009.4 15.054.6			67.7	3.5
September	15,054.6	14,538.1	516.9 517 2	67.9	3.4
October	15,095.9	14,580.1	517.2	68.0	3.4
November	15,087.6	14,571.1	518.9	68.0	3.4
December	15,145.0	14,649.4	502.7	68.1	3.3

			(%)		
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate
2018					
January	15,216.2	14,709.5	500.7	68.2	3.3
February	15,216.8	14,724.2	490.2	68.2	3.2
March	15,215.2	14,714.5	505.4	68.1	3.3
April	15,324.0	14,815.0	512.8	68.4	3.3
May	15,372.4	14,860.2	511.3	68.5	3.3
June	15,362.9	14,839.6	521.4	68.5	3.4
July	15,422.1	14,904.0	516.7	68.7	3.4
August	15,397.5	14,863.4	529.7	68.3	3.4
September	15,443.4	14,924.7	518.6	68.5	3.4
October	15,452.9	14,932.8	522.0	68.5	3.4
November	15,458.7	14,930.0	529.8	68.4	3.4
December	15,499.9	14,996.8	510.7	68.4	3.3
2019					
January	15,503.1	15,013.4	502.1	68.5	3.2
February	15,525.9	15,016.0	506.5	68.5	3.3
March	15,556.1	15,025.9	520.0	68.5	3.3
April	15,607.4	15,092.9	527.6	68.5	3.4
May	15,632.6	15,111.9	526.2	68.5	3.4
June	15,637.3	15,116.0	524.7	68.6	3.4
July	15,705.0	15,188.9	522.6	68.5	3.3
August	15,708.8	15,159.7	519.6	68.7	3.3
September	15,754.5	15,238.9	521.9	68.8	3.3
October	15,786.7	15,275.4	517.2	68.8	3.3
November	15,855.3	15,323.0	522.6	69.0	3.3
December	15,817.1	15,303.4	516.6	68.9	3.3
2020	,.				
January	15,825.8	15,299.4	516.9	68.8	3.3
February	15,849.8	15,334.8	528.8	68.7	3.3
March	15,864.3	15,255.1	607.2	68.8	3.8
April	15,713.9	14,943.7	765.7	68.2	4.9
May	15,715.9	14,895.9	815.0	68.1	5.2
June	15,788.6	15,008.4	754.8	68.2	4.8
July	15,818.8	15,086.4	729.7	68.1	4.6
August	15,889.1	15,167.8	733.5	68.3	4.6
September	15,920.9	15,179.7	740.5	68.4	4.0
October	15,951.2	15,189.0	740.3	68.4	4.7
November	15,952.4	15,183.8	784.1	68.4	4.9
December	15,988.9	15,194.2	795.6	68.4	4.9 5.0
	15,900.9	13,134.2	795.0	00.4	5.0
2021	16 016 2	15 210 2	790.4	69.4	4.9
January February	16,016.3	15,219.2		68.4 68.5	
February	16,028.0	15,261.0	782.9	68.5	4.9
March	16,104.2	15,352.2	749.1	68.7	4.7
April	16,096.5	15,362.6	730.2	68.6	4.5
May	16,100.8	15,379.1	718.3	68.6	4.5
June	16,091.8	15,316.0	750.4	68.4	4.7
July	16,073.2	15,307.9	762.1	68.3	4.7
August	16,119.3	15,391.1	740.6	68.3	4.6
September	16,182.7	15,449.3	732.6	68.6	4.5
October	16,255.3	15,536.1	720.0	68.8	4.4
November	16,296.4	15,597.7	712.3	68.9	4.4
December	16,336.9	15,626.9	707.8	68.9	4.3

			(%)			
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate	
2022						
January	16,350.3	15,651.6	688.3	68.9	4.2	
February	16,392.6	15,720.2	675.4	69.1	4.1	
March	16,437.2	15,768.1	667.8	69.2	4.1	
April	16,507.1	15,866.5	640.6	69.5	3.9	
May	16,553.2	15,921.7	631.6	69.6	3.8	
June	16,620.9	16,034.8	603.9	69.8	3.6	
July	16,611.0	15,996.5	601.8	69.7	3.6	
August	16,647.2	16,058.0	604.7	69.7	3.6	
September	16,640.1	16,030.1	607.5	69.7	3.7	
October	16,656.8	16,033.7	618.8	69.6	3.7	
November	16,686.4	16,063.3	620.1	69.7	3.7	
December	16,719.8	16,097.7	622.2	69.7	3.7	
2023	-,	-,				
January	16,739.7	16,129.0	603.3	69.7	3.6	
February	16,770.6	16,176.4	594.3	69.8	3.5	
March	16,804.5	16,221.9	586.8	69.9	3.5	
April	16,829.1	16,250.4	582.9	69.9	3.5	
May	16,871.2	16,293.3	578.5	70.0	3.4	
June	16,933.1	16,381.7	560.3	70.2	3.3	
July	16,942.3	16,368.7	565.8	70.2	3.3	
August	16,960.9	16,394.1	573.9	70.2	3.4	
September	16,948.3	16,364.6	578.0	70.1	3.4	
October	16,954.3	16,369.2	583.4	70.0	3.4	
November	16,977.1	16,392.1	581.9	70.1	3.4	
December	17,001.7	16,424.9	580.1	70.1	3.4	
2024	,	10, 121.0	000.1	70.1	0.4	
January	17,046.7	16,469.7	568.5	70.2	3.3	
February	17,072.3	16,504.4	566.3	70.2	3.3	
March	17,094.1	16,528.7	565.7	70.3	3.3	
April	17,110.6	16,547.9	566.5	70.2	3.3	

## Table C2 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - April 2024

							('000
Time Series	Unemployed	Actively Unemployed	Less than 3 month	3- Less than 6 month	6- Less than 12 month	More than year	Inactively unemployed
2016							
January	501.5	361.9	180.3	110.0	36.0	35.6	139.
February	506.4	254.0	115.8	83.7	34.9	19.6	252.
March	509.5	332.8	176.8	92.9	44.8	18.3	176.
April	511.5	328.0	170.6	93.3	43.9	20.2	183.
May	504.8	297.3	153.6	92.5	37.6	13.6	207.
June	501.8	298.2	146.8	83.6	51.7	16.2	203.
July	516.2	306.0	131.1	90.9	54.6	29.4	210.
August	515.2	305.6	149.0	81.4	44.7	30.5	209.
September	512.6	292.6	148.1	77.9	45.6	21.0	220.
October	511.7	299.7	143.1	74.7	48.4	33.5	212.
November	510.7	286.5	125.6	86.8	47.5	26.6	224.
December	512.2	374.4	192.2	93.2	59.4	29.6	137.
2017	•					20.0	
January	514.1	328.4	147.1	108.1	47.3	25.9	185.
February	514.1	338.1	151.8	118.6	46.7	23.9	176.
March	514.0	315.2	168.2	80.8	43.0	23.2	195.
April	510.0	359.5	151.9	107.5	43.0 66.2	33.9	152.
May	507.5	372.1	171.9	107.3	38.9	32.5	132.
June	507.5	319.1	151.1	89.8	49.2	29.0	188.
July	519.0	345.6	144.6	115.0	47.6	38.4	173.
August	516.9	351.5	160.7	115.7	45.0	30.1	165.
September	514.5	322.0	142.4	105.8	45.1	28.7	192.
October	508.8	356.1	182.1	110.6	35.7	27.7	152.
November	505.1	338.1	143.3	105.5	51.1	38.2	167.
December	505.8	327.5	127.6	109.1	46.6	44.2	178.
2018			(				(
January	516.5	356.6	133.2	125.9	58.2	39.3	160.
February	508.5	349.8	155.3	106.6	41.4	46.4	158.
March	508.7	349.8	161.7	108.5	42.0	37.7	158.
April	510.0	373.6	167.7	140.9	44.7	20.2	136.
May	504.8	319.4	134.2	112.0	38.5	34.7	185.
June	515.8	324.5	136.2	108.5	52.4	27.4	191.
July	518.6	360.7	189.7	86.1	47.9	37.0	157.
August	525.0	308.7	149.1	84.4	46.1	29.0	216.
September	516.4	361.6	174.1	103.0	37.5	47.1	154.
October	512.9	331.1	165.2	85.5	49.2	31.3	181.
November	516.2	347.8	168.9	87.2	52.6	39.2	168.
December	514.2	329.7	149.3	92.6	34.3	53.5	184.
2019							
January	515.6	400.8	184.7	107.3	73.3	35.4	114
February	516.4	362.6	147.1	99.5	72.7	43.3	153
March	521.3	345.4	175.6	74.7	37.8	57.3	175
April	523.3	365.5	150.1	116.9	67.6	31.0	157
May	519.8	343.2	110.9	132.4	65.7	34.1	176
June	521.4	425.3	220.8	124.1	53.0	27.4	96
July	524.8	362.5	162.7	105.8	53.9	40.1	162
August	520.2	411.7	180.2	128.9	50.0	52.6	108
September	521.4	410.1	213.0	125.7	52.1	19.3	111
October	512.1	340.3	168.2	104.8	42.4	24.9	171
November	512.1	340.3	141.1	92.7	42.4	24.9 59.5	171
December	513.9	339.5 389.5	141.1	92.7 119.3	46.2 53.9	34.3	127

## Table C2 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - April 2024

							('000)
Time Series	Unemployed	Actively Unemployed	Less than 3 month	3- Less than 6 month	6- Less than 12 month	More than year	Inactively unemployed
2020							
January	511.7	319.8	132.4	103.2	48.7	35.6	191.9
February	525.2	343.2	148.5	96.6	52.6	45.4	182.1
March	610.5	422.9	200.0	100.2	72.7	50.1	187.6
April	778.8	459.8	235.9	156.6	38.1	29.2	319.0
May	826.1	573.7	308.1	136.1	78.6	50.8	252.4
June	773.2	594.0	298.7	159.3	85.8	50.3	179.2
July	745.1	620.2	307.4	168.5	87.2	57.1	124.9
August	741.6	615.1	302.4	164.9	89.7	58.0	126.5
September	737.5	610.4	300.5	163.6	88.2	58.0	127.1
October	748.2	623.1	304.5	167.4	89.0	62.2	125.1
November	764.4	637.7	311.2	169.8	90.4	66.3	126.7
December	772.9	644.7	313.9	172.0	92.0	66.8	128.2
2021							
January	782.5	657.2	321.5	175.9	90.4	69.3	125.3
February	777.5	647.4	327.8	155.5	91.0	73.1	130.1
March	753.2	626.9	320.1	152.5	85.6	68.6	126.3
April	742.7	618.7	322.6	151.0	80.7	64.4	124.0
May	728.1	609.9	318.2	148.3	81.2	62.2	118.2
June	720.1	642.9	335.9	157.4	86.7	62.9	125.8
July	700.7	651.3	351.4	156.7	86.1	57.1	125.0
August	748.8	627.5	337.3	153.6	80.1	56.5	120.9
September	740.0	611.0	333.3	133.0	78.9	51.4	121.3
October					78.9		
November	705.0	589.5	327.3	142.3	74.0	45.9	115.4
December	694.4	581.8	324.3	137.6	74.8	45.1	112.6
2022	687.6	576.5	322.3	136.5	74.1	43.5	111.1
January	690.4		220.9	104.0	72.0	40 F	110.9
February	680.4	569.5 562.5	320.8 318.7	134.2	72.0	42.5 41.0	10.9
March	671.8			131.8			
April	669.2	561.0	320.4	130.1	70.4	40.1	108.1
May	649.3	542.9	315.3	124.3	64.9	38.4	106.4
June	637.7	534.0	312.9	122.5	61.9	36.6	103.8
	630.6	528.5	311.6	120.6	61.3	35.0	102.1
July	620.7	517.4	307.7	115.7	60.0	34.0	103.3
August	612.0	507.3	304.2	110.7	59.7	32.7	104.7
September	605.0	496.6	298.7	108.2	58.2	31.5	108.4
October	602.0	491.3	297.1	106.4	57.0	30.8	110.7
November	600.9	488.0	295.9	105.2	56.7	30.2	112.9
December	599.6	484.2	294.7	103.9	55.7	29.9	115.4
2023							
January	596.1	481.6	292.9	103.7	54.1	31.0	114.5
February	591.9	475.5	290.3	102.4	52.9	30.0	116.4
March	588.7	472.9	289.7	101.9	51.1	30.1	115.8
April	586.9	471.9	288.7	101.8	50.5	30.8	115.1
May	584.6	470.4	286.6	100.2	52.2	31.4	114.2
June	581.7	466.9	285.2	99.6	51.3	30.8	114.8
July	579.2	464.7	284.7	99.1	51.8	29.1	114.5
August	577.3	462.1	283.9	98.5	51.1	28.9	115.2
September	573.7	458.9	282.6	98.1	50.2	28.0	114.8
October	570.9	457.2	281.5	97.3	49.8	28.6	113.8
November	569.2	454.5	280.8	96.4	48.9	28.4	114.7
December	567.8	453.6	280.2	96.0	48.6	28.8	114.2
2024		450 -			<i>ic</i> =		
January February	567.3	452.5	279.0 278.5	94.2	49.7	29.5	114.7
February March	567.0 566.6	452.4 451.5	278.5 278.4	94.1 94.0	49.5 49.3	30.3 29.9	114.6 115.0
April	566.4	451.4	278.3	93.9	49.0	30.2	115.0

	('000)	(%)	('000)	(%)
Time Series	Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years)	Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years)
2016				
January	283.6	10.7	402.8	6.9
February	236.1	9.0	340.6	5.7
March	285.0	10.9	416.1	7.0
April	305.6	11.5	405.7	6.9
May	291.6	11.1	395.2	6.8
June	240.5	9.6	387.3	6.6
July	309.0	11.8	446.9	7.5
August	305.3	11.6	412.9	6.8
September	266.3	10.6	369.9	6.4
October	290.5	11.4	399.7	6.8
November	253.7	9.5	391.2	6.6
December	267.4	10.2	393.6	6.6
2017				
January	306.2	12.0	410.6	7.0
February	285.4	11.1	413.7	7.0
March	258.9	10.1	392.2	6.6
April	272.2	10.8	414.5	6.9
May	320.2	12.2	418.8	7.0
June	296.5	11.4	420.1	7.0
July	281.1	11.3	445.1	7.6
August	295.9	11.6	423.1	7.1
September	267.4	10.3	377.5	6.4
October	303.6	11.7	418.8	7.0
November	314.4	11.7	406.7	6.7
December	309.0	11.7	404.7	6.8
2018	000.0		101	0.0
January	328.5	12.3	437.6	7.2
February	310.9	11.6	423.0	6.9
March	306.2	11.7	414.4	6.9
April	287.9	10.6	420.3	6.8
May	292.5	10.6	391.9	6.4
June	284.3	10.4	426.9	6.9
July	320.6	11.8	425.4	6.9
August	303.2	11.5	407.0	6.7
September	289.5	10.5	413.3	6.8
October	277.2	10.0	429.1	7.0
November	289.0	10.5	415.1	6.7
December	328.7	11.7	428.8	6.8
2019	02011		.20.0	0.0
January	290.1	10.6	409.3	6.7
February	282.1	10.5	424.3	6.8
March	266.3	9.9	403.0	6.6
April	288.1	10.3	430.0	6.9
May	289.3	10.5	414.4	6.7
June	287.0	10.5	418.5	6.8
July	291.3	10.3	434.4	7.0
August	297.8	11.2	441.2	7.3
September	307.1	11.1	443.4	7.2
October	244.5	9.0	404.8	6.4
November	274.2	9.5	404.8	6.5
December	309.9	9.5 11.2	411.8	6.5

	('000)	(%)	('000)	(%
Time Series	Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years)	Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years)
2020				
January	268.1	10.0	396.9	6.4
February	288.0	10.8	395.0	6.4
March	291.4	11.3	470.5	7.8
April	324.2	12.9	528.0	9.0
May	362.4	14.2	573.7	10.0
June	335.8	13.1	581.7	9.7
July	313.2	13.9	544.5	9.7
August	331.0	13.7	502.3	8.9
September	325.5	13.0	502.6	8.5
October	321.6	13.4	513.2	8.9
November	344.5	13.0	528.4	8.8
December	312.2	13.2	497.2	8.7
2021	0.2.2			
January	295.3	13.5	509.2	9.2
February	347.6	13.9	544.3	9.2
March	321.1	13.4	537.3	9.3
April	310.7	13.7	507.3	8.7
May	328.1	13.6	545.7	9.2
June	340.9	13.0	565.1	9.4
July	344.1	13.7	520.6	8.5
August	344.1	13.9	520.0	8.8
September	335.1	13.9	507.8	8.5
October	358.8	13.9	507.8	8.1
November	350.9	13.9	508.4	8.2
December	367.7	13.7	533.8	8.5
2022	507.7	13.7	555.0	0.0
January	364.5	13.2	521.8	8.3
February	356.9	13.2	513.7	8.1
March	361.0	13.0	502.4	8.0
April	357.2	12.8	502.4	7.7
May	341.4	12.5	475.7	7.4
June	341.4	12.5		
			474.7	7.4
July	336.2	12.1	476.5	7.4
August	337.6	12.1	467.5	7.1
September	339.1	12.1	460.4	7.1
October	337.2	12.1	476.9	7.4
November	329.3	11.9	453.1	7.0
December	331.0	11.8	444.5	6.9
2023				
January	328.8	11.5	449.7	7.0
February March	320.8	11.3	450.2	7.0
March	317.3	11.2	454.9	7.1
April May	315.6	11.1	441.0	6.7
May	313.0	11.0	448.6	7.0
June	312.4	11.0	444.8	6.9
July	311.2	10.9	444.8	6.8
August	309.2	10.8	439.6	6.8
September	310.1	10.6	440.0	6.7
October	313.3	10.7	439.6	6.6
November	308.5	10.6	432.0	6.5
December 2024	307.2	10.6	432.1	6.4
2024 January	306.8	10.6	439.7	6.7
February	306.6	10.6	439.7	6.6
March	306.3	10.6	434.5	6.6
April	305.9	10.6	434.9	6.5

## Table C4 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - April 2024

				('0
Time Series	Employer	Employees	Own account workers	Unpaid family worker
2016				
January	449.0	10,534.1	2,570.3	597
February	543.9	10,582.3	2,437.5	633
March	539.4	10,381.2	2,660.3	619
April	456.2	10,280.6	2,805.9	621
May	532.0	10,407.9	2,573.1	687
June	534.3	10,535.6	2,453.5	694
July	427.2	10,536.4	2,605.4	643
August	452.3	10,719.5	2,527.0	608
September	460.7	10,814.3	2,331.0	643
October	458.8	10,719.6	2,508.7	566
November	466.6	10,929.5	2,311.2	609
December	443.0	10,865.9	2,354.2	613
017				
January	550.0	10,652.0	2,548.6	610
February	464.6	10,677.2	2,548.4	71
March	575.4	10,624.8	2,630.1	59
April	590.9	10,525.1	2,687.8	62
May	637.9	10,357.7	2,736.1	72
June	578.8	10,745.8	2,590.1	60
July	549.2	10,656.4	2,734.8	55
August	608.4	10,703.7	2,623.1	57
September	646.0	10,701.8	2,554.6	64
October	593.9	10,949.6	2,446.1	59
November	401.7	10,935.5	2,709.4	53
December	546.1	10,982.5	2,504.3	60
018		,	2,000	
January	533.0	10,749.4	2,757.7	63
February	472.7	10,746.4	2,825.9	67
March	493.9	10,585.3	2,920.7	73
April	550.2	10,832.6	2,719.5	70
May	517.2	10,751.8	2,880.6	70
June	529.0	10,823.6	2,817.7	69
July	518.2	10,651.2	3,012.8	70
August	599.4	10,758.4	2,865.7	67
September	639.1	10,690.0	2,907.8	68
October	513.7	10,764.5	2,944.6	71
November	545.8	10,899.2	2,836.9	65
December	593.5	10,811.7	2,909.6	67
019	000.0	10,011.7	2,000.0	07
January	570.4	10,961.6	2,823.0	63
February	619.4	11,098.6	2,752.4	55
March	560.0	11,327.2	2,574.5	57
April	578.3	11,156.7	2,764.8	59
May	578.5	11,345.6	2,704.8	53
June	551.6	11,343.6	2,840.8 2,746.5	59
	551.6 541.6			59
July		11,446.9 11,235 5	2,654.0 2,855.0	
August	582.2	11,235.5	2,855.0	51 58
September	510.8	11,633.8	2,500.3	
October	547.5	11,659.3	2,452.0	60
November	527.6	11,565.1	2,679.8	54

# Table C4 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - April 2024

				('000)
Time Series	Employer	Employees	Own account workers	Unpaid family worker
2020				
January	552.3	11,375.4	2,757.1	632.8
February	513.2	11,513.8	2,691.0	626.5
March	515.7	11,280.0	2,812.2	624.5
April	563.1	11,146.3	2,585.4	638.5
May	470.3	11,399.4	2,423.9	594.1
June	497.9	11,438.2	2,417.8	636.2
July	434.8	11,647.4	2,380.9	610.4
August	434.9	11,719.9	2,416.0	582.8
September	445.1	11,734.9	2,433.7	579.5
October	450.5	11,763.0	2,425.4	568.3
November	456.8	11,782.5	2,412.0	544.7
December	462.9	11,806.1	2,399.4	547.0
2021	102.0	11,000.1	2,000.4	047.0
January	469.7	11,846.9	2,394.6	526.1
February	481.0	11,870.8	2,429.9	488.9
March	491.8	11,898.9	2,478.2	460.4
April	493.0	11,914.8	2,490.5	453.8
May	495.7	11,930.8	2,492.9	451.4
June	486.3	11,874.1	2,497.0	440.0
July	485.1	11,869.7	2,503.8	436.2
August	491.4	11,897.6	2,537.7	449.9
September	499.7	11,925.9	2,572.6	465.4
October	506.0	11,971.2	2,607.9	469.5
November	509.8	11,998.3	2,628.0	474.2
December	512.9	12,015.9	2,640.2	479.7
2022	012.0	12,010.0	2,040.2	410.1
January	517.2	12,028.9	2,656.2	483.8
February	521.4	12,046.2	2,674.8	488.6
March	525.7	12,060.2	2,691.7	491.8
April	536.0	12,000.2	2,723.6	501.4
May	539.6	12,002.0	2,744.0	503.9
June	542.5	12,112.6	2,766.2	502.0
July	545.1	12,123.0	2,787.5	500.9
August	546.9	12,167.0	2,804.7	499.1
September	548.0	12,182.7	2,804.7	499.1
October	552.4	12,200.4	2,823.6	498.2
November	554.5	12,200.4	2,833.0	495.2 491.3
December	556.2	12,214.0	2,840.1	491.3
2023	550.2	12,220.0	2,000.9	407.0
January	558.1	12,237.3	2,877.8	486.1
February	560.3	12,249.9	2,892.5	486.6
March	561.8	12,243.3	2,909.1	487.4
April	565.0	12,204.7	2,909.1	489.0
May	566.6	12,288.0	2,921.0	489.0
June	569.4	12,288.0	2,935.0	490.0
July	570.9	12,313.6	2,948.5 2,958.9	490.7 491.6
August	570.9	12,313.6	2,956.9 2,966.8	491.0
September	571.9	12,324.5	2,966.8 2,974.2	491.7
October	573.7	12,334.7 12,349.7		492.4
November			2,985.0	493.8 494.3
December	576.6 582.1	12,365.9 12,378.2	2,994.4 3,003.9	494.3 493.5
2024	302.1	12,370.2	3,003.9	493.5
January	583.9	12,392.4	3,014.3	492.4
February	586.2	12,405.8	3,023.6	492.3
March	589.0	12,418.7	3,032.5	492.0
April	591.9	12,431.0	3,041.6	491.1

('000)

										('000)		
		Occupation										
Year	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
	_			Diction	ary of Occu	pational Cla	ssification,	1980 <sup>1</sup>				
1982	5,249.0	375.7	111.5	493.4	510.5	573.2	1,655.3	1,529.4	n.a	n.a		
1983	5,457.0	381.3	132.3	520.6	522.7	593.7	1,678.5	1,628.0	n.a	n.a		
1984	5,566.7	409.8	115.4	541.3	600.0	638.1	1,694.1	1,567.7	n.a	n.a		
1985	5,653.4	426.6	129.2	551.5	625.9	643.0	1,720.0	1,556.9	n.a	n.a		
1986	5,760.1	449.0	140.4	544.9	638.5	686.6	1,757.2	1,543.6	n.a	n.a		
1987	5,983.9	452.0	117.7	566.1	711.9	704.3	1,845.8	1,586.1	n.a	n.a		
1988	6,157.2	454.1	127.9	574.4	728.1	728.3	1,892.5	1,651.7	n.a	n.a		
1989	6,390.9	477.0	131.3	605.5	726.0	727.0	1,848.9	1,875.0	n.a	n.a		
1990	6,685.0	519.8	144.8	655.6	758.7	762.6	1,750.7	2,092.8	n.a	n.a		
1992	7,047.8	586.4	187.8	732.3	763.5	790.1	1,549.7	2,437.9	n.a	n.a		
1993	7,383.4	639.5	219.9	789.2	771.8	879.0	1,576.0	2,508.0	n.a	n.a		
1995	7,645.0	756.6	247.7	832.0	834.9	845.8	1,539.5	2,588.4	n.a	n.a		
1996	8,399.3	838.0	298.2	905.8	935.7	943.1	1,644.8	2,833.6	n.a	n.a		
1997	8,569.2	896.6	329.5	963.2	918.5	985.1	1,516.4	2,960.0	n.a	n.a		
1998	8,599.6	913.1	346.2	946.9	937.5	1,007.9	1,632.6	2,815.4	n.a	n.a		
1999	8,837.8	937.0	348.3	985.6	991.7	1,052.8	1,633.1	2,889.2	n.a	n.a		
2000	9,269.2	1,020.4	391.9	1,012.5	1,044.8	1,189.3	1,569.3	3,040.9	n.a	n.a		
		005.0				cation of Oco				004.0		
2001	9,357.0	695.0	457.2	1,126.1	890.6	1,291.1	1,265.3	1,160.2	1,476.6	994.9		
2002	9,542.6	786.3	483.5	1,194.6	890.3	1,307.7	1,260.8	1,168.1	1,373.0	1,078.2		
2003	9,869.7	793.5	530.3	1,219.9	937.8	1,399.4	1,249.8	1,235.6	1,420.7	1,082.6		
2004	9,979.5	859.3	561.3	1,211.6	931.2	1,479.7	1,292.8	1,165.2	1,409.9	1,068.5		
2005	10,045.4	777.4	555.1	1,266.8	992.3	1,483.7	1,268.6	1,145.5	1,427.5	1,128.3		
2006	10,275.4	829.6	565.9	1,307.5	968.3	1,597.1	1,335.9	1,154.8	1,408.0	1,108.4		
2007	10,538.1	770.4	596.8	1,400.5	1,029.5	1,705.6	1,355.3	1,133.2	1,347.4	1,199.3		
2008	10,659.6	748.8	613.7	1,496.4	1,053.4	1,776.1	1,271.3	1,153.8	1,344.1	1,202.0		
2009	10,897.3	822.9	684.6	1,560.0	1,086.6	1,869.1	1,255.7	1,132.9	1,242.7	1,242.8		
2010	11,899.5	856.7	737.4	1,695.8	1,183.2	1,959.6	1,382.0	1,228.3	1,502.8	1,353.7		
0011	40.054.5	000.4				cation of Oco				4 500 4		
2011	12,351.5	692.4	1,221.0	1,306.3	1,180.3	2,503.2	1,011.8	1,345.8	1,570.2	1,520.4		
2012	12,820.5	684.4	1,244.0	1,283.4	1,168.8	2,640.7	1,184.1	1,428.5	1,576.8	1,609.8		
2013	13,545.4	695.5	1,284.7	1,292.6	1,190.7	2,911.0	1,180.2	1,492.1	1,694.4	1,804.0		
2014	13,852.6	664.4	1,376.5	1,367.2	1,237.8	3,169.3	1,002.4	1,555.1	1,659.1	1,820.8		
2015	14,067.7	718.6	1,462.0	1,406.9	1,241.1	3,188.9	940.3	1,578.8	1,585.2	1,945.9		
	44.400 -					cation of Oco				4.044.0		
2016	14,163.7	658.5	1,755.2	1,453.5	1,163.8	3,176.3	872.0	1,570.3	1,669.8	1,844.2		
2017	14,476.8	690.3	1,771.6	1,522.9	1,236.5	3,212.6	898.9	1,517.1	1,766.5	1,860.4		
2018	14,776.0	660.5	1,824.4	1,536.7	1,247.7	3,422.8	921.9	1,545.5	1,787.9	1,828.7		
2019	15,073.4	694.5	1,883.5	1,573.9	1,272.1	3,411.6	932.8	1,577.1	1,865.4	1,862.5		
2020	14,956.7	808.4	1,867.7	1,547.2	1,242.1	3,632.3	916.3	1,472.5	1,689.9	1,780.3		
2021	15,064.2	687.0	1,961.4	1,806.7	1,507.3	3,611.5	720.3	1,301.0	1,553.7	1,915.2		
						cation of Oco				4 6 4 4		
2022	15,391.7	712.2	1,993.2	1,855.1	1,534.7	3,763.2	723.8	1,380.7	1,584.4	1,844.4		

Notes:

<sup>1</sup>For 1982- 2000, category of occupation are classified according to the "Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980" as follows:

1: Professional, technical and related workers

- 2: Administrative and managerial workers
- 3: Clerical and related workers
- 4: Sales workers
- 5: Service workers
- 6: Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters
- 7: Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers

#### <sup>2</sup>For 2001 - 2010, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998" as follows:

- 1: Legislators, senior officials and managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers6: Skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trade workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

<sup>3</sup>For 2011 - 2015, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical support workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

<sup>4</sup>For 2016 - 2021, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers5: Service and sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

<sup>5</sup>For 2022 onwards, categories of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2020"

Year 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1992 1993 1995	Total 5,249.0 5,457.0 5,566.7 5,653.4 5,760.1 5,983.9 6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,383.4 7,645.0	A 1,635.8 1,670.9 1,695.0 1,717.4 1,764.5 1,846.4 1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8 1,558.6	B 51.7 55.1 46.5 44.4 40.6 33.0 30.7 33.1 36.8	816.0 894.1 858.4 850.4 874.0 928.9 978.1 1,171.1	D 34.9 39.3 32.9 31.5 32.4 35.9 41.3	Indu E rial Classi 377.5 425.6 428.0 419.4 369.4 336.3	F fication, (U 860.9 897.3 956.6 994.3 1,035.1	223.1 235.9 242.8 244.3 242.0	H 202.1 197.7 200.5 218.9 234.6	I 1,046.9 1,041.0 1,106.0 1,132.7 1,167.6	J n.: n.: n.: n.: n.:
1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1992 1993	5,457.0 5,566.7 5,653.4 5,760.1 5,983.9 6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,670.9 1,695.0 1,717.4 1,764.5 1,846.4 1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8	55.1 46.5 44.4 40.6 33.0 30.7 33.1 36.8	816.0 894.1 858.4 850.4 874.0 928.9 978.1 1,171.1	34.9 39.3 32.9 31.5 32.4 35.9 41.3	377.5 425.6 428.0 419.4 369.4	860.9 897.3 956.6 994.3 1,035.1	223.1 235.9 242.8 244.3 242.0	202.1 197.7 200.5 218.9	1,041.0 1,106.0 1,132.7	n.: n.: n.:
1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1992 1993	5,457.0 5,566.7 5,653.4 5,760.1 5,983.9 6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,670.9 1,695.0 1,717.4 1,764.5 1,846.4 1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8	55.1 46.5 44.4 40.6 33.0 30.7 33.1 36.8	816.0 894.1 858.4 850.4 874.0 928.9 978.1 1,171.1	34.9 39.3 32.9 31.5 32.4 35.9 41.3	377.5 425.6 428.0 419.4 369.4	860.9 897.3 956.6 994.3 1,035.1	223.1 235.9 242.8 244.3 242.0	202.1 197.7 200.5 218.9	1,041.0 1,106.0 1,132.7	n. n. n.
1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1992 1993	5,457.0 5,566.7 5,653.4 5,760.1 5,983.9 6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,670.9 1,695.0 1,717.4 1,764.5 1,846.4 1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8	55.1 46.5 44.4 40.6 33.0 30.7 33.1 36.8	894.1 858.4 850.4 874.0 928.9 978.1 1,171.1	32.9 31.5 32.4 35.9 41.3	428.0 419.4 369.4	956.6 994.3 1,035.1	242.8 244.3 242.0	197.7 200.5 218.9	1,041.0 1,106.0 1,132.7	n. n. n.
1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1992 1993	5,566.7 5,653.4 5,760.1 5,983.9 6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,695.0 1,717.4 1,764.5 1,846.4 1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8	46.5 44.4 40.6 33.0 30.7 33.1 36.8	858.4 850.4 874.0 928.9 978.1 1,171.1	32.9 31.5 32.4 35.9 41.3	428.0 419.4 369.4	956.6 994.3 1,035.1	242.8 244.3 242.0	200.5 218.9	1,106.0 1,132.7	n. n.
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1992 1993	5,653.4 5,760.1 5,983.9 6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,717.4 1,764.5 1,846.4 1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8	44.4 40.6 33.0 30.7 33.1 36.8	850.4 874.0 928.9 978.1 1,171.1	31.5 32.4 35.9 41.3	419.4 369.4	994.3 1,035.1	244.3 242.0	218.9	1,132.7	n
1987 1988 1989 1990 1992 1993	5,760.1 5,983.9 6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,764.5 1,846.4 1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8	33.0 30.7 33.1 36.8	928.9 978.1 1,171.1	35.9 41.3	369.4	,				
1988 1989 1990 1992 1993	5,983.9 6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8	30.7 33.1 36.8	978.1 1,171.1	41.3	336.3	1 001 7				
1989 1990 1992 1993	6,157.2 6,390.9 6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,883.8 1,832.5 1,737.6 1,535.8	30.7 33.1 36.8	1,171.1	-		1,091.7	252.0	241.6	1,218.0	n
1990 1992 1993	6,685.0 7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,737.6 1,535.8	36.8	'		339.9	1,112.6	265.1	229.4	1,276.1	n
1992 1993	7,047.8 7,383.4 7,645.0	1,535.8		,	40.6	376.9	1,143.9	277.6	253.2	1,262.0	n
1993	7,383.4 7,645.0	,		1,332.8	46.7	423.9	1,217.8	301.9	258.4	1,329.0	n
	7,645.0	1 558 6	36.3	1,639.6	45.9	506.7	1,254.5	326.2	299.8	1,403.1	n
	7,645.0	1.000.0	37.6	1,726.9	60.3	538.8	1,266.2	344.0	330.1	1,520.9	n
	•	1,526.8	32.5	1,780.5	48.0	611.3	1,370.7	359.2	363.7	1,552.2	n
1996	8,399.3	1,626.2	35.0	1,912.1	44.1	716.5	1,566.7	400.7	412.0	1,686.0	n
1997	8,569.2	1,481.3	38.5	2,002.5	50.9	793.0	1,577.9	423.3	447.2	1,754.5	n
1998	8,599.6	1,616.5	28.4	1,907.8	50.0	745.9	1,616.0	421.7	425.8	1,787.5	r
1999	8,837.8	1,623.7	37.8	1,990.7	50.2	722.8	1,660.6	420.3	466.2	1,865.4	r
2000	9,269.2	1,552.4	27.7	2,174.2	49.3	759.9	1,787.2	433.9	474.3	2,010.3	r
	0,20012	1,00211			ia Standard					2,01010	·
2001	9,357.0	1,288.2	127.7	26.7	2,184.1	57.3	829.8	1,458.1	585.1	468.3	225
2002	9,542.6	1,316.8	107.7	27.5	2,068.9	50.6	905.1	1,497.0	616.1	496.8	240
2003	9,869.7	1,301.2	107.0	29.5	2,131.0	57.6	942.5	1,592.2	644.2	481.6	223
2004	9,979.5	1,326.5	126.1	34.7	2,023.0	57.9	890.8	1,607.2	698.2	532.9	236
2005	10,045.4	1,355.2	115.2	36.1	1,989.3	56.6	904.4	1,620.3	671.8	544.7	247
2006	10,275.4	1,375.3	128.2	42.0	2,082.8	75.4	908.9	1,650.5	721.3	539.7	242
2007	10,538.1	1,437.3	120.9	39.4	1,977.3	60.8	922.5	1,712.1	760.7	538.2	282
2008	10,659.6	1,365.6	122.1	54.5	1,944.7	60.5	998.0	1,729.4	783.6	583.4	276
2009	10,897.3	1,349.6	121.5	62.7	1,807.1	58.1	1,015.9	1,831.8	800.5	592.0	271
				Malays	ia Standard	Industrial		ion (MSIC)	2008 <sup>3</sup>		
2010	11,899.5	1,614.9	57.2	2,108.5	55.5	66.7	1,082.7	1,887.8	554.7	856.7	178
2011	<b>12,351.5</b> ⁴	1,421.7	73.5	2,244.0	51.0	71.9	1,151.5	2,005.4	604.0	951.1	206
2012	<b>12,820.5</b> ⁴	1,628.2	80.8	2,263.7	61.9	81.0	1,174.7	2,125.6	624.3	965.1	208
2013	<b>13,545.4</b> ⁴	1,758.9	87.9	2,315.8	61.5	83.7	1,292.1	2,261.4	626.5	1,041.5	194
2014	13,852.6⁴	1,694.2	84.7	2,372.5	65.6	81.2	1,277.7	2,324.4	598.2	1,149.3	213
2015	14,067.7⁴	1,753.9	104.4	2,322.7	61.7	72.1	1,309.9	2,361.4	615.0	1,150.8	214
2016	14,163.7⁴	1,609.9	96.3	2,390.6	77.9	76.4	1,251.7	2,428.5	630.4	1,260.7	208
2017	14,476.8 <sup>⁴</sup>	1,635.0	97.2	2,513.3	62.2	81.0	1,258.9	2,485.4	658.2	1,323.2	220
2018	14,776.0 <sup>⁴</sup>	1,570.3	90.8	2,499.9	68.8	88.6	1,257.8	2,544.6	697.9	1,473.4	216
2019 <sup>r</sup>	<b>15,073.4</b> <sup>⁴</sup>	1,541.1	91.0	2,612.0	75.4	88.8	1,246.7	2,604.6	677.8	1,549.7	223
2020	14,956.7	1,566.0	82.2	2,498.0	76.4	83.7	1,173.4	2,765.6	689.2	1,540.0	223
2021	15,064.2 <sup>4</sup>	1,550.0	81.9	2,501.4	77.7	85.5	1,159.6	2,826.5	704.5	1,535.5	235
2022	15.391.7 <sup>4</sup>	1,540.8	84.3	2.590.7	79.1	88.3	1,170.5	2,932.6	711.4	1,547.7	236

#### <sup>1</sup>For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing

B: Mining and quarrying

C: Manufacturing

D: Electricity, gas and water

E: Construction

F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels

- G: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services

I: Community, social and personal services

#### <sup>2</sup>For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- B: Fishing
- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- P: Private households with employed persons

#### <sup>3</sup>For 2010 - 2022, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{N}}\xspace$  : Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

#### ' Revised

<sup>4</sup>For year 2011-2019, 2021 and 2022, total includes 'Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies'

#### Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022 (cont'd)

											('000)
	_					Indus	·				
Year	Total	К	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	т
4000	5 949 9				ysia Indust						
1982	5,249.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1983 1984	5,457.0 5,566.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1984	5,500.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1985	5,653.4 5,760.1	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1987	5,983.9	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a
1988	6,157.2										
1989	6,390.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1989	6,685.0	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a
1990	7,047.8			n.a	n.a						n.a
1992	7,383.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1995	7,563.4	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a n.a	n.a
1995	8,399.3	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a n.a
1997	8,569.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1998	8,599.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1999	8,837.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2000	9,269.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2000	5,205.2	n.a	n.a		a Standard					n.a	11.0
2001	9,357.0	348.6	664.6	508.6	173.3	190.4	219.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2002	9,542.6	397.1	663.6	508.6	189.3	192.5	262.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2003	9.869.7	404.2	666.5	594.3	217.3	216.1	258.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2003	9.979.5	458.5	684.3	610.7	198.2	231.3	260.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2004	10.045.4	459.0	728.5	607.1	212.6	234.9	260.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2005	10,275.4	-508.4	674.1	600.1	223.2	247.1	254.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2007	10,538.1	558.1	716.1	632.7	238.9	266.5	272.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2008	10,659.6	553.2	751.1	656.5	252.6	274.2	253.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2009	10,897.3	601.9	813.9	731.4	271.7	303.3	262.5	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2000	10,00110	00110	010.0		a Standard					ma	i ii.d
2010	11,899.5	323.4	58.5	285.6	359.2	787.7	779.3	280.0	91.6	182.9	285.4
2011	12,351.5 <sup>+</sup>	319.3	61.2	328.4	448.0	750.2	782.3	384.1	87.5	181.8	225.8
2012	12,820.5 <sup>4</sup>	322.1	68.9	307.3	532.2	696.4	784.9	414.3	84.8	190.5	202.7
2013	13,545.4 <sup>4</sup>	318.9	72.7	306.8	566.9	761.4	816.6	490.0	79.4	192.4	214.8
2014	13,852.6⁴	329.1	79.7	328.8	654.3	741.7	871.4	532.9	94.1	199.1	159.1
2015	14,067.7 <sup>4</sup>	354.4	71.2	359.3	634.8	751.0	899.0	573.1	81.7	233.1	142.3
2016	14,163.7⁴	346.9	82.4	361.8	657.0	748.2	928.7	570.3	80.9	230.8	124.7
2017	14,476.8 <sup>4</sup>	369.0	84.5	348.1	677.2	742.2	880.3	588.0	84.3	260.1	106.9
2018	14,776.0 <sup>4</sup>	338.6	97.2	367.7	747.6	720.2	988.7	551.2	85.6	264.8	103.9
2019 <sup>r</sup>	15,073.4⁴	355.1	90.3	394.7	809.2	737.1	992.1	527.7	84.0	266.1	104.3
2019	14,956.7	372.1	82.1	379.3	801.9	734.9	937.6	559.6	58.2	267.0	66.1
2020	15.064.2 <sup>4</sup>	386.5	83.4	358.9	846.0	725.1	924.3	582.2	60.5	274.7	64.6
2022	15,391.7 <sup>4</sup>	397.2	83.7	365.7	862.4	747.7	943.7	599.0	63.5	279.0	67.8
Notes:	10,001.1	00116		0000			0.00	000.0	00.0		01.0

Notes:

<sup>1</sup>For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial

Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows: A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing

B: Mining and quarrying

C: Manufacturing

D: Electricity, gas and water

E: Construction

F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels

G: Transport, storage and communications

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{H}}\xspace$  : Finance, insurance, real estate and business services

I: Community, social and personal services

<sup>2</sup>For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
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- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing

E: Electricity, gas and water supply

- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants

I: Transport, storage and communications

- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities

P: Private households with employed persons

<sup>3</sup>For 2010 - 2022, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

#### <sup>r</sup>Revised

<sup>4</sup>For year 2011-2019, 2021 and 2022, total includes 'Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies'

## Table F: Employed person by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

			Status of	Employment	('000)
Time Series	Total		Status Or	Employment	
	lotai	Employer	Employee	Own Account Worker	Unpaid Family Worker
1982	5,249.0	158.1	3,320.7	1,159.8	610.4
1983	5,457.0	175.4	3,447.2	1,242.6	591.7
1984	5,566.7	141.4	3,673.4	1,130.1	621.8
1985	5,653.4	167.8	3,636.1	1,189.8	659.5
1986	5,760.1	180.4	3,560.7	1,308.2	710.6
1987	5,983.9	167.9	3,747.9	1,280.1	788.1
1988	6,157.2	204.7	3,799.1	1,377.1	776.3
1989	6,390.9	154.2	4,164.7	1,324.3	747.4
1990	6,685.0	194.6	4,412.4	1,383.9	694.0
1992	7,047.8	158.5	5,047.7	1,277.3	564.2
1993	7,383.4	209.5	5,272.8	1,350.7	550.1
1995	7,645.0	188.1	5,553.3	1,396.4	506.9
1996	8,399.3	251.1	6,071.4	1,514.2	562.6
1997	8,569.2	222.7	6,380.7	1,449.6	516.1
1998	8,599.6	252.7	6,307.9	1,521.6	517.4
1999	8,837.8	202.2	6,602.5	1,489.1	543.9
2000	9,269.2	275.8	6,882.6	1,586.0	524.8
2001	9,357.0	306.8	7,056.2	1,514.9	478.5
2002	9,542.6	288.6	7,320.2	1,479.8	453.9
2003	9,869.7	333.0	7,523.8	1,536.3	476.3
2004	9,979.5	354.7	7,445.0	1,678.1	501.7
2005	10,045.4	337.0	7,583.4	1,671.7	453.2
2006	10,275.4	396.9	7,632.9	1,733.4	512.2
2007	10,538.1	362.5	7,824.0	1,831.5	520.1
2008	10,659.6	371.4	7,951.1	1,851.1	486.0
2009	10,897.3	399.4	8,153.6	1,862.7	481.7
2010	11,899.5	439.3	9,010.2	1,954.7	495.4
2011	12,351.5	446.1	9,483.7	1,907.4	514.3
2012	12,820.5	476.2	9,620.0	2,117.3	607.0
2013	13,545.4	523.9	10,073.5	2,316.8	631.3
2014	13,852.6	511.5	10,447.6	2,267.2	626.3
2015	14,067.7	568.6	10,395.5	2,476.2	627.4
2016	14,163.7	486.4	10,534.2	2,522.3	620.9
2017	14,476.8	553.5	10,710.1	2,606.7	606.4
2018	14,776.0	547.2	10,700.4	2,859.2	669.1
2019	15,073.4	552.9	11,218.3	2,724.2	578.1
2020	14,956.7	512.2	11,554.2	2,383.0	507.4
2021	15,064.2	508.4	11,821.4	2,000.0	503.3
2022	15,391.7	532.9	12,046.8	2,325.0	487.0

## Table G: Labour force indicators for selected countries, April 2023 - April 2024

Indicators	2023								2024					
	Apr	Мау	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Data Source
abour Force Parti	cipation	Rate (LI	FPR) (%)										_	
South East Asia														
Malaysia	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.1	70.1	70.1	70.1	70.1	70.2	70.2	70.2	70.3	70.3	DOSM
Philipphine	65.1	65.3	66.1	60.1	64.7	64.1	63.9	65.9	66.6	61.1	64.8	65.3	64.1	Philippine Statistics Authority
East Asia														
Hong Kong	57.7	57.6	57.5	57.6	57.7	57.8	57.7	57.5	57.3	57.1	57.0	57.0	57.1	Census and Statistics Department
Taiwan	59.2	59.1	59.2	59.3	59.3	59.2	59.2	59.3	59.3	59.3	59.2	59.2	59.2	National Statistics Republic of China
South Korea	64.4	65.3	65.3	65.0	64.4	64.6	64.7	64.6	63.8	63.3	63.6	64.3	65.0	Statistics Korea
Japan	62.9	62.9	63.1	63.1	63.1	63.3	63.1	63.1	62.8	62.6	62.8	62.8	63.1	Statistics Bureau of Japan
Oceania														oupun
Australia	66.5	66.7	66.6	66.6	66.7	66.5	66.8	67.0	66.6	66.6	66.7	66.6	66.7	ABS
North America														
USA	62.6	62.6	62.6	62.6	62.8	62.8	62.7	62.8	62.5	62.5	62.5	62.7	62.7	BLS
Canada	65.6	65.5	65.7	65.6	65.6	65.6	65.6	65.6	65.5	65.3	65.3	65.3	65.4	Statistics Canada
Europe														
United Kingdom	78.6	78.7	78.6	78.4	78.1	78.1	78.2	78.1	78.1	78.0	77.8	77.9	n.a	ONS
Sweden	74.8	75.9	78.5	78.0	75.6	74.9	75.4	75.4	74.0	73.9	74.5	75.4	75.6	Statistics Sweden
Finland	68.6	71.4	71.4	68.3	69.1	68.4	67.6	67.4	67.8	67.3	67.8	67.8	68.7	Statistics Finland
Russia	62.6	62.6	62.7	63.0	63.1	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.2	62.3	62.5	62.6	n.a	Trading economics
Italy	66.5	66.5	66.5	66.6	66.6	66.9	67.1	67.0	66.9	66.8	67.0	67.0	67.0	National Institute of Statistics
Netherland	75.7	75.7	75.7	75.8	75.9	75.7	75.8	75.9	76.0	76.1	76.0	76.0	76.2	Statistics Netherland
Unemployment rate	e (%)									1				
South East Asia														
Malaysia	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	DOSM
Philipphine	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.4	4.5	4.2	3.6	3.1	4.5	3.5	3.9	4.0	Philippine Statistics Authority
East Asia														
Hong Kong	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	Census and Statistic Department
Taiwan	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	National Statistics Republic of China
South Korea	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.3	3.3	3.7	3.2	3.0	3.0	Statistics Korea
Japan	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.6	Statistics Bureau of Japan
Oceania														
Australia	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	3.7	3.9	4.1	ABS
North America														
USA	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.9	BLS
Canada	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.8	6.1	6.1	Statistics Canada
Europe														
1.1.12 1.12	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.4	n.a	ONS
United Kingdom	7.5	7.9	9.2	6.2	7.7	7.7	8.0	7.9	7.7	8.5	8.5	8.3	8.4	Statistics Sweden
Sweden		~ ~	7.2	6.9	6.7	7.0	6.8	6.8	7.1	8.3	7.8	9.0	9.2	Statistics Finland
Sweden Finland	7.9	9.0						~ ~	20	2.9	2.8	2.7	~ ~	1
Sweden	7.9 3.3	9.0 3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.0	2.1	2.6	Trading economics
Sweden Finland				3.0 7.7	3.0 7.5	3.0 7.7	2.9 7.7	2.9 7.5	3.0 7.3	7.2	7.4	7.2	2.6 6.9	National Institute of Statistics

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# LABOUR FORCE REPORT, MALAYSIA **APRIL 2024**

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VII.



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