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DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

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NOVEMBER 2023

LABOUR FORCE STATISTICS REPORT

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

LABOUR FORCE REPORT MALAYSIA

NOVEMBER 2023

Announcement

DOSM has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides a catalogue of data and visualisation to facilitate users' analysis of various data and can be accessed through <https://open.dosm.gov.my>.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) will conduct the Agricultural Census in 2024. Please visit <https://www.myagricensus.gov.my> for more information. The theme is "Agriculture Census, Key to Agricultural Development."

The Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20th each year. MyStats Day theme is "Statistics is the Essence of Life."

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

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PREFACE

The monthly Labour Force Report, Malaysia, presents the statistics of the labour force, employment and unemployment obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The implementation of the LFS is based on the guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO) with reference to the Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

The labour force statistics are used as a vital input for labour market analysis, policy formulation, as well as planning, implementing, and monitoring programmes particularly related to human resource development. These statistics also serve as essential references for researchers, economists, academicians, the private sector, and individuals involved in research related to employment and the labour market.

The Labour Force Report for November 2023 describes the labour supply condition based on the current situation. The report also elaborates on the month-on-month changes to examine the immediate effects of recent events. In addition, annual changes from the same month of the previous year are also reported.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and contribution rendered by all parties in making this publication a success. Every piece of feedback and suggestion towards improving future reports is highly appreciated.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN
Chief Statistician Malaysia

January 2024

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GLOSSARY

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Actively unemployed | : | Persons who were available for work and were actively looking for a job during the reference week. |
| Category of skills | : | For reporting purposes, the category of occupation is regrouped into three levels of skills based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2013 as below: Skilled workers: 1. Managers; 2. Professionals; and 3. Technicians and associate professionals. Semi-skilled workers: 4. Clerical support workers; 5. Services and sales workers; 6. Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock, and fishery workers; 7. Craft and related trades workers; and 8. Plant and machine operators and assemblers. Low-skilled workers: 9. Elementary occupations. Starting in January 2022, the category of occupation is based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2020 with an addition of group 0 - Armed forces occupations. |
| Economic activity | : | Classification of industries according to the Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 version 1.0 into five main sectors namely Agriculture, Mining & quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction and Services. In the meantime, Manufacturing and Services are further disaggregated into sub-sectors. |
| Employed | : | All persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker. |
| Employee | : | A person who works for a public or private employer and receives regular remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips or payment in kind. |
| Employer | : | A person who operates a business, a plantation or other trade and employs one or more workers to help him. |
| Employment-to-population ratio | : | The proportion of the employed population to working-age population. |
| Inactively unemployed | : | Did not look for work because they believed no work was available or that they were not qualified; Would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or had it not been for weather conditions; and had looked for work prior to the reference week and were waiting for the result of job applications. |

GLOSSARY

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Labour force | : | Labour force refers to population in the working age group (15 to 64 years) who are either employed or unemployed |
| Labour force participation rate | : | The ratio of the labour force to the working-age population, expressed as a percentage. |
| Outside labour force | : | All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as outside labour force. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job. |
| Own-account worker | : | A person who operates his own farm, business or trade without employing any paid workers in the conduct of his farm, trade or business. |
| Skill-related underemployment | : | Those with tertiary education and working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled categories. |
| Time-related underemployment | : | A group of people who were employed less than 30 hours per week during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work and were able and willing to accept additional hours of work. Persons who were employed more than 30 hours per week during the reference week are considered to be in full employment. |
| Unemployed | : | Those who did not work during the reference week were classified into two groups, which are actively and inactively unemployed. |
| Unemployment rate | : | The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in the labour force, expressed as a percentage. |
| Unpaid family worker | : | A person who works without pay or wages on a farm, business or trade operated by another member of the family. |

ACRONYMS

| | | |
|----------|---|---|
| BNM | : | Bank Negara Malaysia |
| EPF | : | Employees Provident Fund |
| DOSM | : | Department of Statistics Malaysia |
| LFPR | : | Labour Force Participation Rate |
| LFS | : | Labour Force Survey |
| LI | : | Leading Index |
| MADANI | : | Sustainability, Prosperity, Innovation, Respect, Trust, and Compassion |
| NETR | : | National Energy Transition Roadmap |
| PERKESO | : | Social Security Organisation |
| PETRONAS | : | Petroleum Nasional Berhad |



LABOUR FORCE MALAYSIA, NOVEMBER 2023

November's unemployment rate returned to the pre-pandemic level of 3.3 per cent, registering 569.2 thousand unemployed persons

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



November's unemployment rate fell to 3.3 per cent and returned to the pre-pandemic level

UNEMPLOYED



Unemployment by category

Actively unemployed

79.9%

Oct. 2023 Nov. 2023
457.2 thousand **454.5 thousand**

▼ 6.9% ▼ 0.6%

Inactively unemployed

20.1%

Oct. 2023 Nov. 2023
113.8 thousand **114.7 thousand**

▲ 1.6% ▲ 0.8%

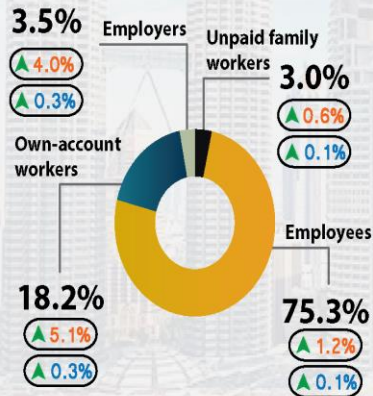
📈 Percentage change (year-on-year) 📊 Percentage point

📈 Percentage change (month-on-month) ↔ Unchanged

EMPLOYED PERSON



Employed person by status in employment



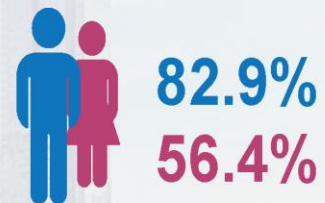
75.3 per cent of the total employed persons in November 2023 were in the employees' category

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE (LFPR)

70.1% ▲ 0.3pp ↔ 0.0pp

The LFPR in November 2023 remained at 70.1 per cent

LFPR by sex



LABOUR FORCE

Nov. 2023
17.00 million

Oct. 2023
16.97 million ▲ 1.7% ▲ 0.2%

OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

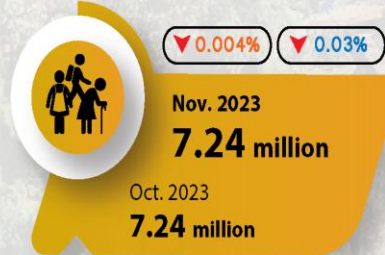
Housework/ family responsibilities were the major composition of the outside labour force

Household/ family responsibilities

42.6%

Schooling/ training

41.1%





CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS



What is Labour Force Survey (LFS)?

Labour Force Survey (LFS) was conducted to collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment from the perspective of labour supply.

LFS encompasses both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within all states in Malaysia using multi-modal data collection approach through the personal interview and a Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI).

The LFS are conducted based on the standard guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO).

The survey population comprises persons who live in the private living quarters, hence excludes persons residing in institutions such as hotels, hospitals, hostels, prisons, and workers residing in construction worksite.

The working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of 15 to 64 years during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE

- The population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years (in completed years at last birthday).
- Either employed or unemployed in the reference week.

EMPLOYED

- Persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain (as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker).
- Persons who did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to.
- Those on temporary lay-off with pay who would definitely be called back to work.

UNEMPLOYED

- Those who did not work during the reference week but are interested to work and seeking for a job.
- Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.

OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

- All persons not classified as employed or unemployed.
- Example: housewives, students, retirees, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

- The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force.
- Percentage of the unemployed population in the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

- The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population.
- The proportion of the economically active population, hence differs between sub-groups of that population.
- These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed as labour force participation rate.
- Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 to 64 years), expressed as a percentage.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

- Time-series data are very useful for economist, policy & decision makers and time-series analysts to identify the important features of economics series such as direction, turning point and consistency between other economic indicators. Sometimes this feature is difficult to observe because of seasonal movements. Thus, if seasonal effect can be removed, the behaviour of the series would be better viewed. The estimation and removal of the seasonal effects is called seasonal adjustment.
- Seasonal adjustment is a process to identify and to remove the regular within-a-year seasonal pattern, which may also include the influences of moving holidays and working/trading days effect in each period. The ultimate objective of the process is to highlight the underlying trends and short-term movements in the series.
- In Malaysia, most of the time series data is affected by seasonal effects. Hence, to eliminate the seasonal effect as well as to seasonally adjust the Malaysian economic time series data, a standard seasonal adjustment package, X-12 ARIMA was used by the Department of Statistics Malaysia.

KEY REVIEWS

- In November 2023, the number of **employed persons** continued on an upward trend, registering a month-on-month increase of **0.2 per cent (+27.9 thousand persons)** to **16.43 million persons** (October 2023: 16.40 million persons). The **employment-to-population ratio**, which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment, increased to **67.8 per cent** in November 2023 compared to the previous month (October 2023: 67.7%).
- Across various economic sectors, the number of employed persons in the Services sector remained increased, particularly in Information & communication; Food & beverage services; and Transportation & storage activities. Similarly, the Manufacturing, Construction, and Mining & quarrying sectors also showed rises in the number of employed persons in November 2023. Meanwhile, the Agriculture sector recorded a decline in the number of employed persons during the same month.
- Out of the total employed persons in November 2023, **75.3 per cent** were in the **employees' category**. This category posted a slight increase of **0.1 per cent (+16.2 thousand persons)** to **12.37 million persons** (October 2023: 12.35 million persons). On the same note, the **own-account workers** category also rose to **2.99 million persons** (October 2023: 2.99 million persons), with an addition of **0.3 per cent (+9.4 thousand persons)**. This group primarily consists mostly of daily income earners working as small business operators such as retailers, hawkers, sellers in markets and stalls, as well as smallholders.
- During the month, the number of **unemployed persons** continued to be on a declining trend, with a reduction of **0.3 per cent (-1.7 thousand persons)** to **569.2 thousand persons** (October 2023: 570.9 thousand persons). November's **unemployment rate** fell to **3.3 per cent** and returned to the pre-pandemic level, compared to 3.4 per cent recorded last month.
- The number of **labour force** continued to trend up in November 2023, with a monthly increase of **0.2 per cent (+26.3 thousand persons)** to **17.0 million persons** (October 2023: 16.97 million persons). The **labour force participation rate (LFPR)** during the month was unchanged at **70.1 per cent**.
- In November 2023, the number of persons **outside labour force** was on a downward trend, with a reduction of **2.2 thousand persons (-0.03%)** to **7.24 million persons** (October 2023: 7.24 million persons). **Housework/ family responsibilities** were the main reasons for the outside labour force with **42.6 per cent**, followed by **schooling/ training (41.1%)**.
- Despite the global challenges, Malaysia's diversified economic structure and strong fundamentals facilitated stable economic growth. Therefore, the country's labour market also showed steady growth momentum for the eleven-month period in 2023, with an increasing number of employed persons and unemployment dwindling to bring the unemployment rate back to its pre-pandemic level. Moreover, the upcoming holiday season is poised to boost the economy, particularly in tourism activities. Although floods in 2023 impacted several states in Malaysia, the situation is unlikely to significantly affect the overall labour market as they are seen as affecting the local area. Thus, the country's labour market landscape is expected to remain in a strong position in the coming months, in line with the country's growing economic performance.

1 MALAYSIA'S LABOUR FORCE WAS FURTHER STRENGTHENED IN NOVEMBER 2023, REFLECTING A POSITIVE ECONOMIC OUTLOOK, WITH A CONTINUOUS INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS, WHEREAS UNEMPLOYMENT FURTHER DECLINED

The Malaysian economy is projected to expand by 4 per cent growth in 2023. Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) highlights the emphasis on bolstering domestic demand to sustain this growth, aligning it with employment and income prospects within local market sectors¹. Efforts to ensure economic stability include a focus on managing inflation, with BNM foreseeing a decrease in overall and core inflation for 2023 due to a decrease in cost conditions.

To address labour market concerns, the government allocated RM99.7 billion in the 2023 Budget to stimulate the entire workforce ecosystem, including RM18.6 billion specifically targeting empowerment programmes for the B40, M40, women, and youth. Aligned with the MADANI Economy framework, including career initiatives under the Malaysia MADANI One-Year Programme, involving 63 entities such as the Malaysian Armed Forces, Khazanah Nasional Berhad, PETRONAS, and the Employees Provident Fund (EPF), which aim to provide the public with valuable job-seeking information and 45,000 job opportunities².

Furthermore, the implementation of career carnival initiatives has optimised the utilisation of the workforce and reduced the unemployment rate. The determined efforts have led to positive improvements in the labour market, as evidenced by increased job opportunities and vacancies³. Throughout the implementation of the career carnival from January to October 2023, a total of 170,502 individuals successfully secured employment. This has contributed to a decrease in the unemployment rate, returning to the pre-pandemic level. Consequently, Malaysia's labour force was further strengthened in November 2023, reflecting a positive economic and outlook, with a continuous increase in the number of employed persons, whereas unemployment further declined.

Additionally, the Leading Index (LI) which indicates the direction of the Malaysian economy, recorded a better negative growth of 0.2 per cent with 109.2 points in October 2023 (October 2022: 109.4 points). On the same note, LI's monthly performance recorded a negative 0.2 per cent in October 2023, compared to a negative 0.3 per cent in September 2023. As for the smoothed growth rate of the LI for October 2023, it remained below the 100.0 point trend, indicating a modest growth outlook in the months ahead, bolstered by promising private consumption and an encouraging labour market landscape. In the meantime, in comparison to October 2023, the monthly external trade indicators for exports recorded a decrease of 3.2 cent in November 2023 (October 2023: 1.4%), while imports registered a negative 3.1 per cent (October 2023: 13.3%).

2 The number of employed persons continued on an upward trend

In November 2023, the number of **employed persons** continued on an upward trend, registering a month-on-month increase of **0.2 per cent (+27.9 thousand persons)** to **16.43 million persons** (October 2023: 16.40 million persons). In the context of seasonally adjusted data, there is a 0.1 per cent uptrend in the number of employed persons. Likewise, the year-on-year growth showed an increase of 2.0 per cent (+322.5 thousand persons) in the number of employed persons as compared to November last year (16.11 million persons).

¹ <https://www.astroawani.com/berita-bisnes/bnm-unjur-ekonomi-malaysia-berkembang-4-peratus-bagi-2023-446390>

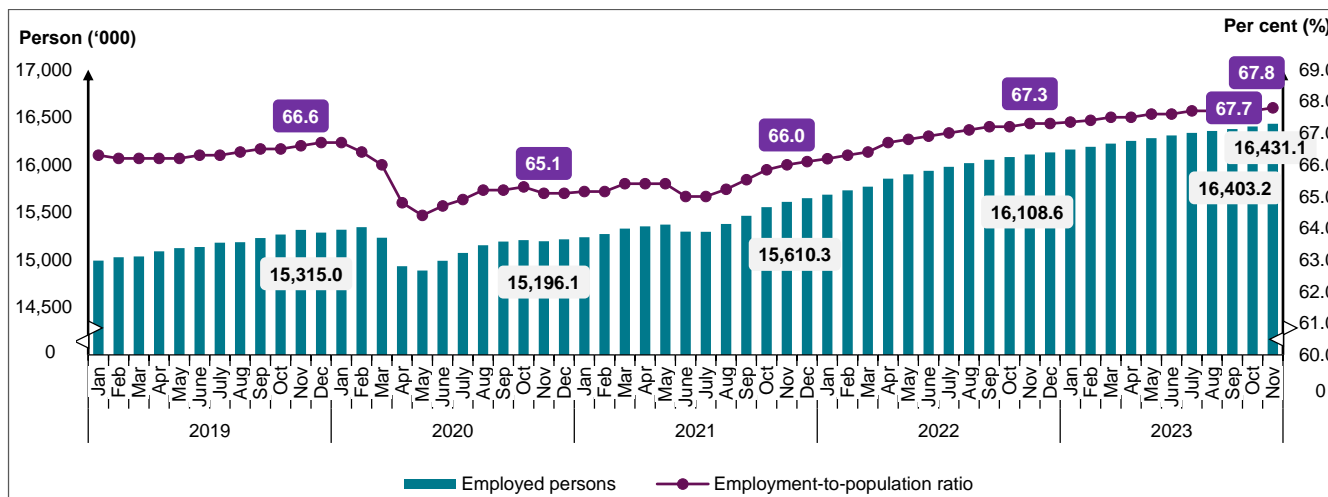
² <https://www.bharian.com.my/berita/nasional/2023/12/1186621/program-setahun-bersama-kerajaan-malaysia-madani-tawar-lebih-45000>

³ <https://www.malaymail.com/news/malaysia/2023/11/24/stats-dept-labour-force-up-23pc-year-on-year-in-q3-2023/104030>

Across various economic sectors, the number of employed persons in the Services sector remained increased, particularly in Information & communication; Food & beverage services; and Transportation & storage activities. Similarly, the Manufacturing, Construction, and Mining & quarrying sectors also showed rises in the number of employed persons in November 2023. Meanwhile, the Agriculture sector recorded a decline in the number of employed persons during the same month.

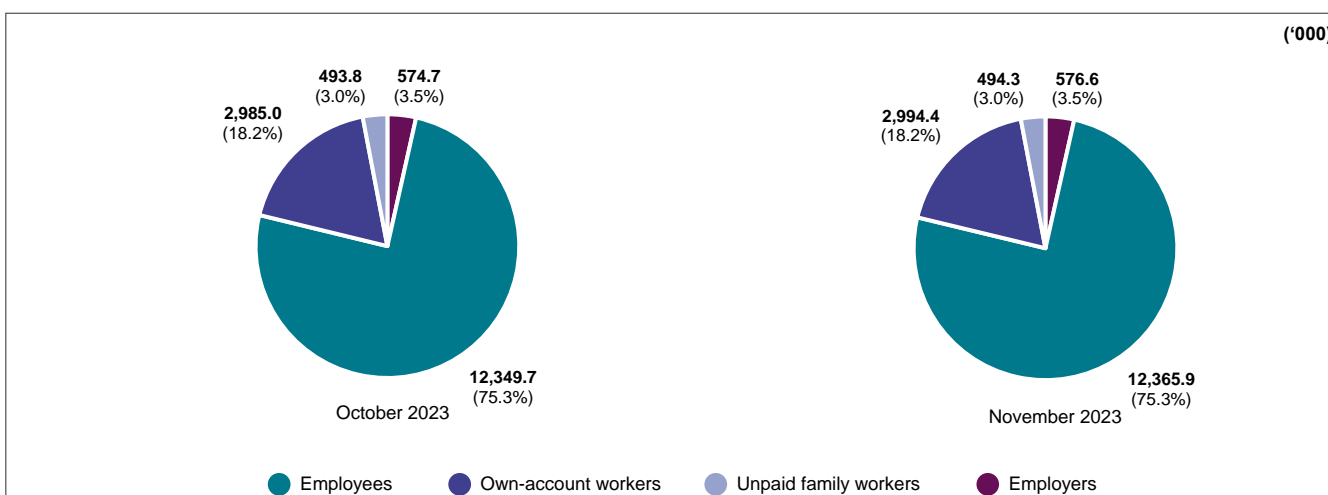
The **employment-to-population ratio**, which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment, increased to **67.8 per cent** in November 2023 compared to the previous month (October 2023: 67.7%). As compared to the same period one year prior, the ratio saw a growth of 0.5 percentage points from 67.3 per cent in November 2022 [**Chart 1**].

Chart 1: Employed persons and employment-to-population ratio, January 2019 - November 2023



Out of the total employed persons in November 2023, **75.3 per cent** were in the **employees' category**. This category posted a slight increase of **0.1 per cent (+16.2 thousand persons)** to **12.37 million persons** (October 2023: 12.35 million persons). Similarly, the **own-account workers** category also rose to **2.99 million persons** (October 2023: 2.99 million persons), with an addition of **0.3 per cent (+9.4 thousand persons)**. This group primarily consists mostly of daily income earners working as small business operators such as retailers, hawkers, sellers in markets and stalls, as well as smallholders [**Chart 2**].

Chart 2: Employed person by status in employment, October 2023 and November 2023



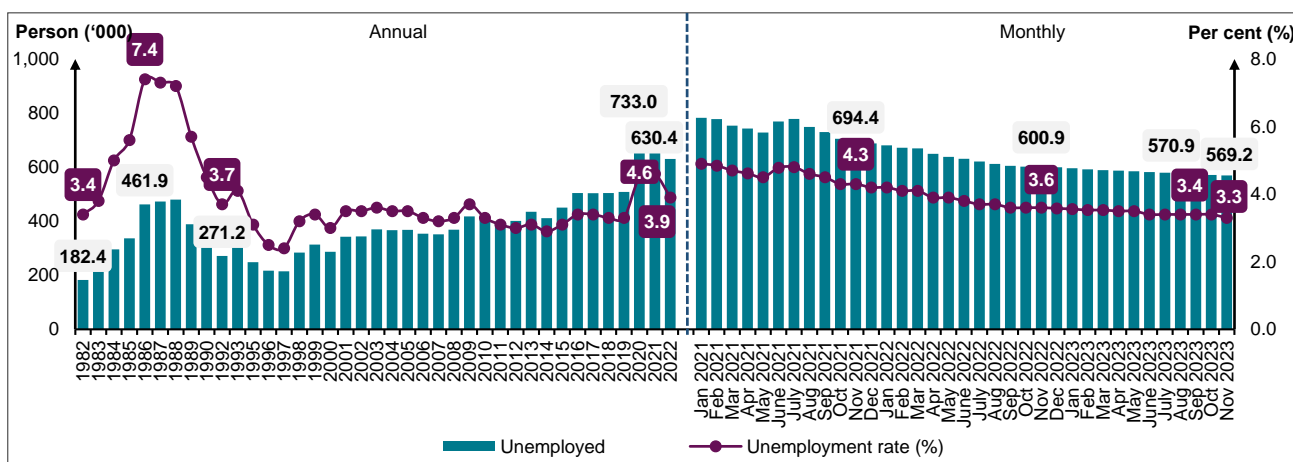
The number of employed persons who were temporarily not working in November 2023 went down by 2.1 per cent (-1.7 thousand persons) to 78.5 thousand persons as compared to the previous month (October 2023: 80.2 thousand persons). Comparing year-on-year, the number rose by 2.1 per cent (+1.6 thousand persons) from 76.9 thousand persons recorded in November last year. This group of persons, who were most likely unable to work, was not classified as unemployed as they had work to return to.

3 November's unemployment rate fell to 3.3 per cent and returned to the pre-pandemic level

During the month, the number of unemployed persons continued to be on a declining trend, with a reduction of 0.3 per cent (-1.7 thousand persons) to 569.2 thousand persons (October 2023: 570.9 thousand persons). November's unemployment rate fell to 3.3 per cent and returned to the pre-pandemic level, compared to 3.4 per cent recorded last month. In seasonally adjusted terms, the number of unemployed persons edged down by 0.3 per cent, resulting in a 3.4 per cent unemployment rate.

The number of unemployed persons continued to fall by 5.3 per cent (-31.7 thousand persons) year-on-year, as compared to the same month of the preceding year (November 2022: 600.9 thousand persons). Accordingly, the unemployment rate declined by 0.3 percentage points as against November 2022 (3.6%) [Chart 3].

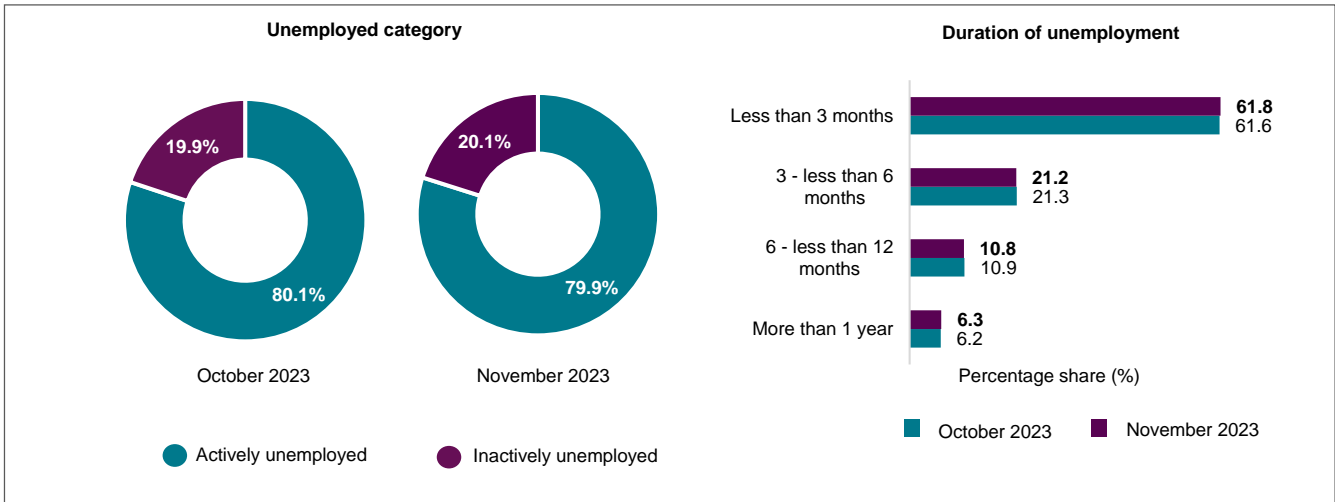
Chart 3: Unemployed persons and unemployment rate, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - November 2023



During the month, 79.9 per cent of the total unemployed persons were those who were available for work and were actively seeking jobs or the actively unemployed. This group was on a declining trend, with a decrease of 0.6 per cent (-2.6 thousand persons) to 454.5 thousand persons (October 2023: 457.2 thousand persons). By duration of unemployment for the actively unemployed, 61.8 per cent were those who were unemployed for less than three months, whereas those who were unemployed for more than a year⁴ were 6.3 per cent. In the meantime, the inactively unemployed or those who believed that no jobs were available, increased by 0.8 per cent or equivalent to 0.9 thousand persons, to record 114.7 thousand persons (October 2023: 113.8 thousand persons) [Chart 4].

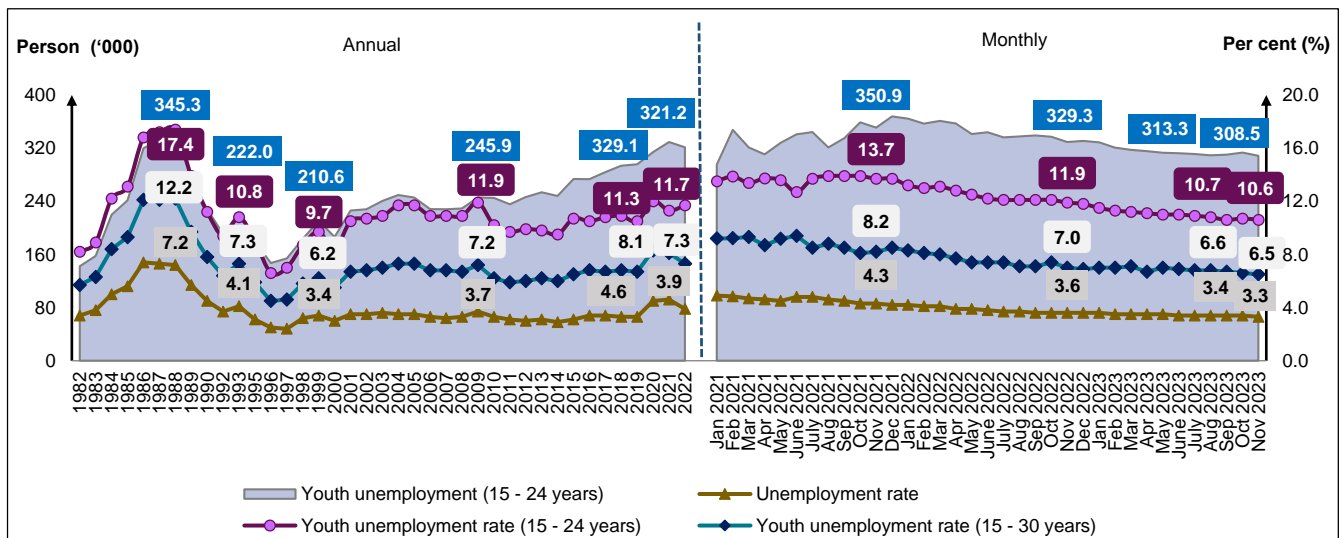
⁴ Referring to a person who has been unemployed for one year or longer (Source: KILM: Long-term unemployment) https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---stat/documents/publication/wcms_422451.pdf

Chart 4: Unemployed category and duration of unemployment, October 2023 and November 2023



The unemployment rate for youth aged **15 to 24 years** declined by **0.1 percentage points** to **10.6 per cent** in November 2023, registering **308.5 thousand** unemployed youths (October 2023: 313.3 thousand persons). On the same note, the unemployment rate among youth aged **15 to 30 years** edged down to **6.5 per cent**, with the number of unemployed youths at **432.0 thousand persons** (October 2023: 6.6%; 439.6 thousand persons) [Chart 5].

Chart 5: Unemployment rate by selected age groups, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - November 2023

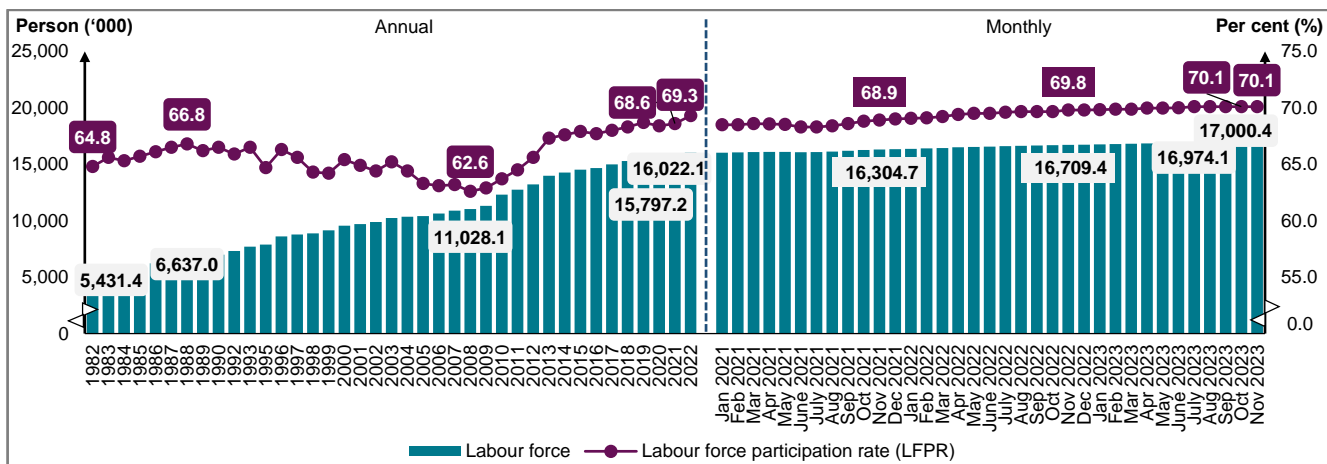


4 LFPR in November 2023 was unchanged at 70.1 per cent

The number of **labour force** continued to trend up in November 2023, with a monthly increase of **0.2 per cent (+26.3 thousand persons)** to **17.0 million persons** (October 2023: 16.97 million persons). The **labour force participation rate (LFPR)** during the month was unchanged at **70.1 per cent**. Based on seasonally adjusted estimates, the number of labour force went up by 0.1 per cent, with the LFPR of 70.1 per cent.

Annually, the number of labour force increased by 1.7 per cent or (+291.0 thousand persons) as compared to 16.71 million persons in November 2022. Subsequently, the LFPR rose by 0.3 percentage points from 69.8 in the same month of the preceding year [Chart 6].

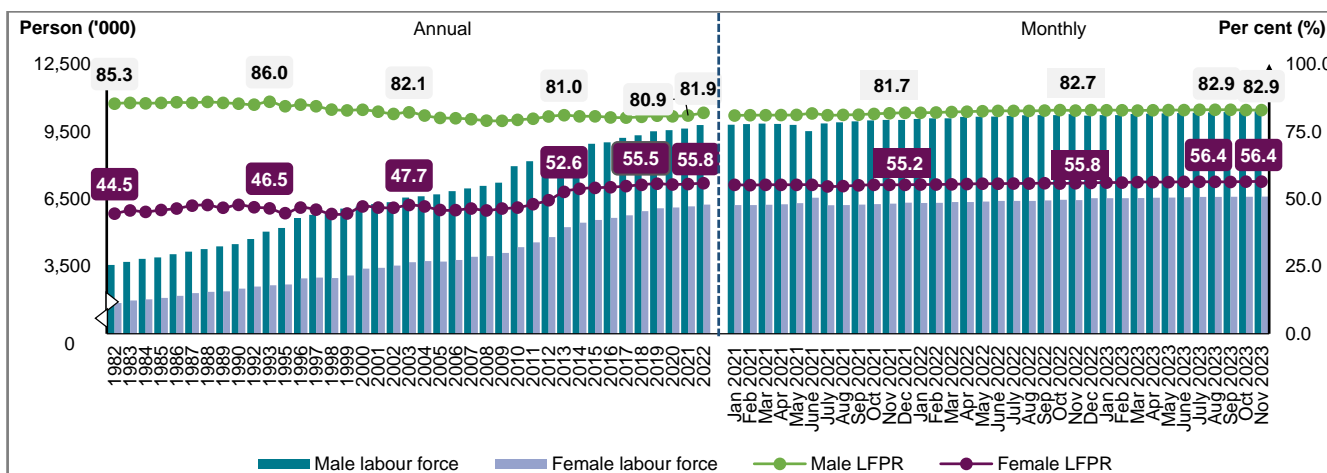
Chart 6: Labour force and LFPR, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - November 2023



In November 2023, the **male labour force** registered **10.40 million persons** (October 2023: 10.38 million persons). Meanwhile, the **female labour force** was **6.60 million persons** (October 2023: 6.59 million persons). As for the LFPR, the **male and female LFPR** were unchanged at **82.9 per cent** and **56.4 per cent** respectively, as recorded in October 2023.

In terms of year-on-year changes, both the male and female labour force continued on an increasing trend, with a rise of 1.3 per cent (November 2022: 10.27 million persons) and 2.5 per cent (November 2022: 6.44 million persons) respectively. Accordingly, male LFPR registered an increase of 0.2 percentage points from 82.7 per cent, while female LFPR enlarged by 0.6 percentage points from 55.8 per cent recorded in November 2022 [Chart 7].

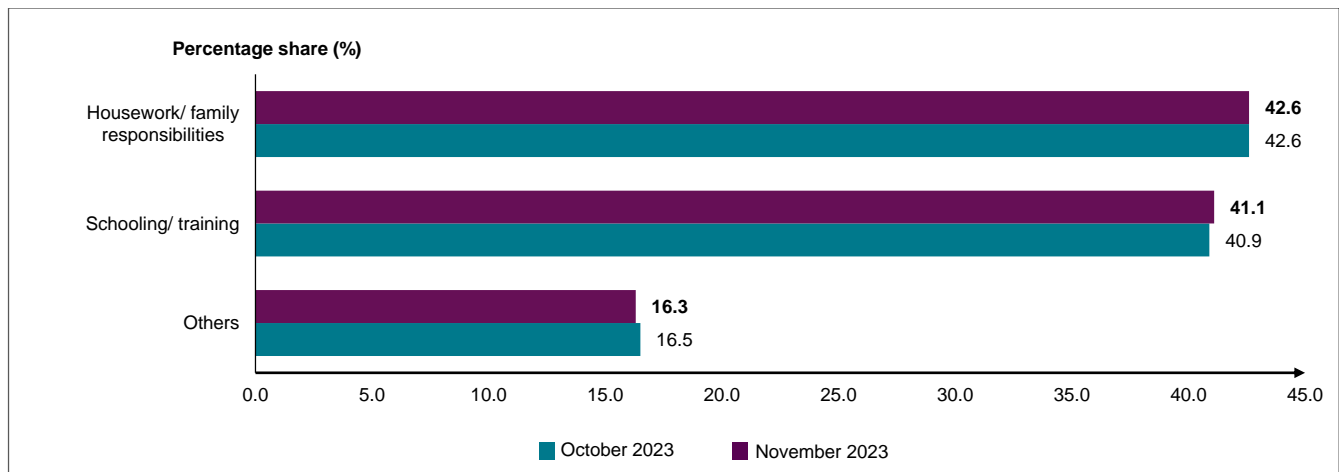
Chart 7: Labour force and LFPR by sex, 1982 - 2022 and January 2021 - November 2023



5 Housework/ family responsibilities was the main reasons for the outside labour force

In November 2023, the number of persons **outside labour force** was on a downward trend, with a reduction of **2.2 thousand persons (-0.03%)** to **7.24 million persons** (October 2023: 7.24 million persons). Year-on-year comparison, this group reduced by 0.3 thousand persons (-0.004%) compared to 7.24 million persons registered in November 2022. **Housework/ family responsibilities** were the main reasons for the outside labour force with **42.6 per cent**, followed by **schooling/ training** with **(41.1%)** [Chart 8].

Chart 8: Share of outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, October 2023 and November 2023



6 LOOKING AHEAD

The year 2023 has been a challenging period for the global economy due to the ongoing geopolitical conflict, the tightening of monetary policy to address inflation and the increasing risk of economic slowdown around the world. Uncertainties or contingency situations experienced by large countries also have an impact on developing countries due to ongoing trade tensions⁵. Malaysia is also not spared the situation due to the open and trade-dependent nature of the Malaysian economy.

However, Malaysia's diversified economic structure, as well as strong fundamentals, have enhanced economic resilience and put the country on a stable growth path. This is reflected in the Malaysian economy growing at a rate of 3.3 per cent in the third quarter of 2023 and is expected to grow in the range of 4.0 per cent in 2023, despite the global economic slowdown. The country's labour market also showed steady growth momentum for the eleven-month period in 2023, with the number of employed persons continuing to grow and unemployment dwindling to bring the unemployment rate back to pre-pandemic levels.

In addition, the upcoming holiday season is also expected to inject inflows into the economy, especially for tourism-related activities, to continue to grow as consumer demand is expected to increase. However, the floods that hit several states in Malaysia, especially in the central and east coast areas of the country at the end of 2023, are seen as affecting the local area and are not expected to have a significant impact on the overall labour market position.

Therefore, the country's labour market landscape is expected to remain in a strong position in the coming months, in line with the country's growing economic performance. This is also in line with one of the policies in the MADANI Economic Framework, the National Energy Transition Roadmap (NETR),

⁵ <https://www.bharian.com.my/bisnes/lain-lain/2023/12/1187681/2023-tahun-mencabar-ekonomi-dunia-malaysia>

whereby through NETR Phase 1, 10 flagship pilot projects are expected to generate investments of RM25 billion and create 23,000 high-value jobs. This is seen as encouraging more individuals to enter the labour market.

TABLES

LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA
NOVEMBER 2023

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Table A: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 1982 | 5,431.4 | 5,249.0 | 182.4 | 2,944.6 | 64.8 | 62.7 | 3.4 |
| 1983 | 5,671.8 | 5,457.0 | 214.9 | 2,969.4 | 65.6 | 63.2 | 3.8 |
| 1984 | 5,862.5 | 5,566.7 | 295.8 | 3,119.6 | 65.3 | 62.0 | 5.0 |
| 1985 | 5,990.1 | 5,653.4 | 336.8 | 3,124.9 | 65.7 | 62.0 | 5.6 |
| 1986 | 6,222.1 | 5,760.1 | 461.9 | 3,188.3 | 66.1 | 61.2 | 7.4 |
| 1987 | 6,456.8 | 5,983.9 | 472.9 | 3,246.1 | 66.5 | 61.7 | 7.3 |
| 1988 | 6,637.0 | 6,157.2 | 479.8 | 3,301.5 | 66.8 | 62.0 | 7.2 |
| 1989 | 6,779.4 | 6,390.9 | 388.5 | 3,463.5 | 66.2 | 62.4 | 5.7 |
| 1990 | 7,000.2 | 6,685.0 | 315.2 | 3,519.7 | 66.5 | 63.6 | 4.5 |
| 1992 | 7,319.0 | 7,047.8 | 271.2 | 3,783.6 | 65.9 | 63.5 | 3.7 |
| 1993 | 7,700.1 | 7,383.4 | 316.8 | 3,874.9 | 66.5 | 63.8 | 4.1 |
| 1995 | 7,893.1 | 7,645.0 | 248.1 | 4,297.7 | 64.7 | 62.7 | 3.1 |
| 1996 | 8,616.0 | 8,399.3 | 216.8 | 4,379.0 | 66.3 | 64.6 | 2.5 |
| 1997 | 8,784.0 | 8,569.2 | 214.9 | 4,605.1 | 65.6 | 64.0 | 2.4 |
| 1998 | 8,883.6 | 8,599.6 | 284.0 | 4,934.0 | 64.3 | 62.2 | 3.2 |
| 1999 | 9,151.5 | 8,837.8 | 313.7 | 5,098.4 | 64.2 | 62.0 | 3.4 |
| 2000 | 9,556.1 | 9,269.2 | 286.9 | 5,065.1 | 65.4 | 63.4 | 3.0 |
| 2001 | 9,699.4 | 9,357.0 | 342.4 | 5,239.9 | 64.9 | 62.6 | 3.5 |
| 2002 | 9,886.2 | 9,542.6 | 343.5 | 5,473.8 | 64.4 | 62.1 | 3.5 |
| 2003 | 10,239.6 | 9,869.7 | 369.8 | 5,458.6 | 65.2 | 62.9 | 3.6 |
| 2004 | 10,346.2 | 9,979.5 | 366.6 | 5,730.5 | 64.4 | 62.1 | 3.5 |
| 2005 | 10,413.4 | 10,045.4 | 368.1 | 6,048.2 | 63.3 | 61.0 | 3.5 |
| 2006 | 10,628.9 | 10,275.4 | 353.6 | 6,205.1 | 63.1 | 61.0 | 3.3 |
| 2007 | 10,889.5 | 10,538.1 | 351.4 | 6,330.1 | 63.2 | 61.2 | 3.2 |
| 2008 | 11,028.1 | 10,659.6 | 368.5 | 6,575.7 | 62.6 | 60.6 | 3.3 |
| 2009 | 11,315.3 | 10,897.3 | 418.0 | 6,665.7 | 62.9 | 60.6 | 3.7 |
| 2010 | 12,303.9 | 11,899.5 | 404.4 | 7,023.0 | 63.7 | 61.6 | 3.3 |
| 2011 | 12,740.7 | 12,351.5 | 389.2 | 7,023.3 | 64.5 | 62.5 | 3.1 |
| 2012 | 13,221.7 | 12,820.5 | 401.2 | 6,927.4 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.0 |
| 2013 | 13,980.5 | 13,545.4 | 435.1 | 6,781.2 | 67.3 | 65.2 | 3.1 |
| 2014 | 14,263.6 | 13,852.6 | 411.1 | 6,821.0 | 67.6 | 65.7 | 2.9 |
| 2015 | 14,518.0 | 14,067.7 | 450.3 | 6,869.9 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3.1 |
| 2016 | 14,667.8 | 14,163.7 | 504.1 | 6,987.6 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| 2017 | 14,980.1 | 14,476.8 | 503.3 | 7,065.0 | 68.0 | 65.7 | 3.4 |
| 2018 | 15,280.3 | 14,776.0 | 504.3 | 7,094.4 | 68.3 | 66.0 | 3.3 |
| 2019 | 15,581.6 | 15,073.4 | 508.2 | 7,103.5 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| 2020 | 15,667.7 | 14,956.7 | 711.0 | 7,225.5 | 68.4 | 65.3 | 4.5 |
| 2021 | 15,797.2 | 15,064.2 | 733.0 | 7,221.4 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.6 |
| 2022 | 16,022.1 | 15,391.7 | 630.4 | 7,110.2 | 69.3 | 66.5 | 3.9 |

Table B: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - Third Quarter 2023

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 12,239.3 | 11,801.2 | 438.1 | 7,030.8 | 63.5 | 61.2 | 3.6 |
| Q2 | 12,304.9 | 11,900.6 | 404.3 | 7,047.5 | 63.6 | 61.5 | 3.3 |
| Q3 | 12,354.6 | 11,961.3 | 393.3 | 7,073.5 | 63.6 | 61.6 | 3.2 |
| Q4 | 12,522.4 | 12,137.4 | 385.0 | 6,992.9 | 64.2 | 62.2 | 3.1 |
| 2011 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 12,718.3 | 12,333.5 | 384.8 | 7,004.9 | 64.5 | 62.5 | 3.0 |
| Q2 | 12,756.0 | 12,367.4 | 388.6 | 7,048.8 | 64.4 | 62.4 | 3.0 |
| Q3 | 12,889.0 | 12,493.0 | 396.0 | 6,977.2 | 64.9 | 62.9 | 3.1 |
| Q4 | 12,842.5 | 12,447.9 | 394.7 | 7,098.6 | 64.4 | 62.4 | 3.1 |
| 2012 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 13,169.2 | 12,765.2 | 404.0 | 6,915.1 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.1 |
| Q2 | 13,237.0 | 12,837.1 | 400.0 | 6,946.1 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.0 |
| Q3 | 13,401.7 | 13,005.4 | 396.3 | 6,897.9 | 66.0 | 64.1 | 3.0 |
| Q4 | 13,376.2 | 12,971.2 | 405.0 | 7,062.8 | 65.4 | 63.5 | 3.0 |
| 2013 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 13,539.5 | 13,118.0 | 421.5 | 7,090.0 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.1 |
| Q2 | 13,945.1 | 13,524.1 | 421.0 | 6,819.6 | 67.2 | 65.1 | 3.0 |
| Q3 | 14,214.2 | 13,776.0 | 438.3 | 6,613.0 | 68.2 | 66.1 | 3.1 |
| Q4 | 14,195.1 | 13,739.5 | 455.6 | 6,730.7 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.2 |
| 2014 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,230.8 | 13,791.4 | 439.4 | 6,805.9 | 67.6 | 65.6 | 3.1 |
| Q2 | 14,296.1 | 13,888.5 | 407.6 | 6,793.0 | 67.8 | 65.9 | 2.9 |
| Q3 | 14,346.9 | 13,960.6 | 386.3 | 6,810.3 | 67.8 | 66.0 | 2.7 |
| Q4 | 14,403.3 | 13,998.7 | 404.6 | 6,860.9 | 67.7 | 65.8 | 2.8 |
| 2015 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,544.8 | 14,091.0 | 453.9 | 6,798.5 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3.1 |
| Q2 | 14,535.6 | 14,087.8 | 447.8 | 6,897.9 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.1 |
| Q3 | 14,561.0 | 14,093.7 | 467.3 | 6,930.6 | 67.8 | 65.6 | 3.2 |
| Q4 | 14,600.2 | 14,127.9 | 472.3 | 6,952.7 | 67.7 | 65.6 | 3.2 |
| 2016 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,596.8 | 14,095.8 | 501.0 | 7,011.5 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.4 |
| Q2 | 14,665.4 | 14,161.5 | 503.9 | 7,026.0 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.4 |
| Q3 | 14,710.6 | 14,202.0 | 508.5 | 7,044.6 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| Q4 | 14,771.4 | 14,260.6 | 510.8 | 7,071.7 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,870.1 | 14,355.9 | 514.2 | 7,093.8 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| Q2 | 14,926.4 | 14,414.8 | 511.6 | 7,123.3 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| Q3 | 15,000.2 | 14,484.0 | 516.2 | 7,091.0 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 |
| Q4 | 15,088.3 | 14,580.5 | 507.8 | 7,085.0 | 68.0 | 65.8 | 3.4 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 15,192.4 | 14,683.6 | 508.9 | 7,093.7 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 |
| Q2 | 15,278.3 | 14,767.2 | 511.1 | 7,073.4 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| Q3 | 15,381.3 | 14,856.8 | 524.4 | 7,077.9 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| Q4 | 15,449.9 | 14,933.4 | 516.5 | 7,070.7 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 15,526.8 | 15,010.2 | 516.6 | 7,064.2 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| Q2 | 15,598.8 | 15,078.2 | 520.6 | 7,088.1 | 68.8 | 66.5 | 3.3 |
| Q3 | 15,674.3 | 15,162.1 | 512.1 | 7,088.7 | 68.9 | 66.6 | 3.3 |
| Q4 | 15,766.7 | 15,254.5 | 512.2 | 7,066.1 | 69.1 | 66.8 | 3.2 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 15,790.1 | 15,243.5 | 546.6 | 7,163.1 | 68.8 | 66.4 | 3.5 |
| Q2 | 15,675.5 | 14,883.7 | 791.8 | 7,350.5 | 68.1 | 64.6 | 5.1 |
| Q3 | 15,840.6 | 15,095.6 | 745.0 | 7,324.6 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.7 |
| Q4 | 15,922.3 | 15,161.6 | 760.7 | 7,318.4 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.8 |

Table B: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - Third Quarter 2023

('000)

(%)

| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 16,008.4 | 15,236.5 | 771.8 | 7,316.0 | 68.6 | 65.3 | 4.8 |
| Q2 | 15,972.2 | 15,207.3 | 764.9 | 7,424.9 | 68.3 | 65.0 | 4.8 |
| Q3 | 16,021.0 | 15,274.8 | 746.2 | 7,430.1 | 68.3 | 65.1 | 4.7 |
| Q4 | 16,135.0 | 15,440.7 | 694.4 | 7,361.5 | 68.7 | 65.7 | 4.3 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 16,246.1 | 15,574.9 | 671.2 | 7,289.9 | 69.0 | 66.2 | 4.1 |
| Q2 | 16,343.3 | 15,701.2 | 642.0 | 7,258.5 | 69.2 | 66.5 | 3.9 |
| Q3 | 16,442.9 | 15,831.1 | 611.8 | 7,250.6 | 69.4 | 66.8 | 3.7 |
| Q4 | 16,542.2 | 15,941.7 | 600.5 | 7,246.1 | 69.5 | 67.0 | 3.6 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 16,648.9 | 16,062.0 | 586.9 | 7,215.7 | 69.8 | 67.3 | 3.5 |
| Q2 | 16,727.4 | 16,146.1 | 581.4 | 7,180.2 | 70.0 | 67.5 | 3.5 |
| Q3 | 16,824.0 | 16,250.9 | 573.1 | 7,182.3 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |

Table B1 : Employed person working less than 30 hours per week by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Third Quarter 2023

('000)

| Time Series | Total | Sex | | Age Group | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 415.5 | 177.3 | 238.2 | 57.4 | 79.7 | 90.8 | 187.6 |
| Q2 | 396.8 | 168.8 | 228.0 | 52.8 | 79.0 | 95.1 | 170.0 |
| Q3 | 393.0 | 163.2 | 229.7 | 57.3 | 91.1 | 81.4 | 163.1 |
| Q4 | 419.3 | 173.1 | 246.2 | 60.2 | 105.4 | 84.3 | 169.4 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 462.3 | 172.9 | 289.3 | 61.2 | 119.5 | 98.7 | 182.9 |
| Q2 | 497.2 | 207.7 | 289.5 | 75.5 | 132.4 | 101.3 | 188.0 |
| Q3 | 442.4 | 172.7 | 269.7 | 56.4 | 96.7 | 98.3 | 191.0 |
| Q4 | 370.0 | 140.9 | 229.0 | 39.2 | 80.4 | 78.9 | 171.4 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 352.6 | 143.7 | 209.0 | 52.2 | 90.9 | 68.9 | 140.7 |
| Q2 | 374.3 | 171.5 | 202.8 | 43.6 | 84.1 | 87.8 | 158.8 |
| Q3 | 326.6 | 118.9 | 207.6 | 42.5 | 73.6 | 79.7 | 130.8 |
| Q4 | 304.0 | 112.3 | 191.8 | 39.1 | 62.9 | 72.8 | 129.3 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 667.5 | 320.1 | 347.4 | 91.0 | 189.1 | 146.5 | 240.9 |
| Q2 | 789.6 | 444.0 | 345.7 | 134.6 | 229.1 | 182.0 | 244.0 |
| Q3 | 403.8 | 151.4 | 252.4 | 116.1 | 118.0 | 72.1 | 97.6 |
| Q4 | 533.7 | 345.6 | 188.0 | 165.5 | 189.5 | 71.0 | 107.6 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 441.9 | 281.3 | 160.5 | 57.0 | 209.4 | 106.3 | 69.2 |
| Q2 | 474.1 | 317.8 | 156.3 | 102.2 | 110.1 | 95.9 | 165.9 |
| Q3 | 464.6 | 282.9 | 181.6 | 69.0 | 166.4 | 123.7 | 105.4 |
| Q4 | 393.8 | 137.6 | 256.2 | 87.0 | 108.4 | 97.5 | 100.9 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 336.3 | 112.1 | 224.1 | 39.1 | 103.6 | 77.8 | 115.8 |
| Q2 | 324.5 | 154.5 | 170.0 | 76.4 | 94.3 | 63.0 | 90.8 |
| Q3 | 287.2 | 132.9 | 154.3 | 35.3 | 99.5 | 68.4 | 84.0 |
| Q4 | 268.5 | 115.4 | 153.0 | 46.1 | 88.0 | 56.2 | 78.3 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 274.2 | 114.2 | 160.0 | 37.4 | 94.4 | 46.5 | 95.8 |
| Q2 | 280.4 | 120.2 | 160.2 | 54.0 | 85.3 | 58.6 | 82.5 |
| Q3 | 284.8 | 122.0 | 162.8 | 41.5 | 113.2 | 49.6 | 80.4 |

Table B2 : Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Third Quarter 2023

('000)

| Time Series | Total | Sex | | Age Group | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 211.8 | 105.9 | 105.8 | 36.8 | 51.0 | 48.6 | 75.4 |
| Q2 | 195.4 | 97.7 | 97.8 | 34.7 | 45.2 | 48.9 | 66.6 |
| Q3 | 224.8 | 109.1 | 115.7 | 46.3 | 59.3 | 49.8 | 69.4 |
| Q4 | 238.5 | 115.3 | 123.2 | 45.7 | 69.4 | 44.9 | 78.5 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 242.5 | 102.4 | 141.0 | 37.3 | 74.1 | 52.3 | 79.7 |
| Q2 | 231.7 | 108.1 | 123.5 | 40.2 | 65.8 | 43.2 | 82.5 |
| Q3 | 235.5 | 116.5 | 119.0 | 43.4 | 54.4 | 49.4 | 88.3 |
| Q4 | 204.1 | 88.1 | 115.9 | 30.8 | 47.5 | 44.0 | 81.7 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 210.5 | 98.0 | 112.5 | 43.6 | 61.4 | 36.9 | 68.6 |
| Q2 | 204.5 | 107.2 | 97.2 | 32.0 | 53.8 | 45.7 | 73.0 |
| Q3 | 178.7 | 70.4 | 108.2 | 28.6 | 44.8 | 50.9 | 54.4 |
| Q4 | 170.7 | 69.2 | 101.5 | 28.7 | 44.2 | 40.6 | 57.1 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 383.2 | 183.2 | 199.9 | 63.2 | 114.1 | 82.4 | 123.5 |
| Q2 | 413.5 | 257.6 | 156.0 | 76.3 | 99.3 | 106.1 | 131.9 |
| Q3 | 300.8 | 102.3 | 198.5 | 108.4 | 97.2 | 47.4 | 47.8 |
| Q4 | 369.1 | 267.8 | 101.3 | 130.3 | 117.4 | 53.1 | 68.4 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 310.5 | 226.7 | 83.8 | 46.4 | 159.3 | 67.2 | 37.6 |
| Q2 | 329.7 | 236.1 | 93.5 | 86.6 | 82.6 | 46.6 | 113.8 |
| Q3 | 326.2 | 232.2 | 93.9 | 40.4 | 137.0 | 87.7 | 61.0 |
| Q4 | 293.1 | 101.2 | 191.9 | 80.8 | 78.9 | 70.2 | 63.2 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 245.1 | 71.3 | 173.8 | 21.8 | 76.1 | 62.6 | 84.5 |
| Q2 | 212.8 | 111.6 | 101.3 | 64.5 | 59.8 | 37.0 | 51.6 |
| Q3 | 186.8 | 92.3 | 94.5 | 16.7 | 67.4 | 49.0 | 53.7 |
| Q4 | 167.4 | 79.3 | 88.1 | 29.9 | 63.8 | 32.5 | 41.2 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 174.6 | 78.7 | 95.9 | 30.2 | 66.4 | 25.2 | 52.8 |
| Q2 | 186.3 | 86.4 | 99.9 | 39.5 | 62.6 | 34.4 | 49.8 |
| Q3 | 189.0 | 88.1 | 100.8 | 34.4 | 79.0 | 32.6 | 42.9 |

Table B3 : Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - Third Quarter 2023

('000)

| Time Series | Total | Sex | | Age Group | | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|
| | | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,182.9 | 567.0 | 615.9 | 280.8 | 569.0 | 209.3 | 123.8 |
| Q2 | 1,280.6 | 584.9 | 695.7 | 317.9 | 587.7 | 226.9 | 148.1 |
| Q3 | 1,311.6 | 623.9 | 687.7 | 306.1 | 632.6 | 227.4 | 145.5 |
| Q4 | 1,332.8 | 648.4 | 684.4 | 303.2 | 631.8 | 254.8 | 142.9 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,306.9 | 629.2 | 677.7 | 279.2 | 629.2 | 259.0 | 139.5 |
| Q2 | 1,408.1 | 647.2 | 760.9 | 314.5 | 687.4 | 257.7 | 148.4 |
| Q3 | 1,446.3 | 704.1 | 742.2 | 351.3 | 683.3 | 266.9 | 144.8 |
| Q4 | 1,404.0 | 667.8 | 736.2 | 337.2 | 679.1 | 245.4 | 142.3 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,460.8 | 673.2 | 787.6 | 329.5 | 696.4 | 263.0 | 172.0 |
| Q2 | 1,417.2 | 665.3 | 751.9 | 338.6 | 666.0 | 259.7 | 152.8 |
| Q3 | 1,554.5 | 699.3 | 855.2 | 393.5 | 705.8 | 279.1 | 176.0 |
| Q4 | 1,540.9 | 746.8 | 794.1 | 348.4 | 732.4 | 287.4 | 172.7 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,637.3 | 815.1 | 822.2 | 338.3 | 786.3 | 310.8 | 201.8 |
| Q2 | 1,674.1 | 847.7 | 826.4 | 393.7 | 701.9 | 331.6 | 246.9 |
| Q3 | 1,762.7 | 865.9 | 896.9 | 405.1 | 811.4 | 355.3 | 190.9 |
| Q4 ^f | 1,886.8 | 1,066.6 | 820.2 | 353.5 | 862.6 | 443.0 | 227.6 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,899.9 | 951.5 | 948.4 | 437.2 | 848.4 | 401.7 | 212.5 |
| Q2 | 1,852.5 | 949.0 | 903.5 | 336.9 | 776.0 | 426.1 | 313.5 |
| Q3 | 1,873.8 | 931.7 | 942.2 | 426.8 | 835.3 | 392.0 | 219.7 |
| Q4 | 1,838.3 | 877.1 | 961.2 | 309.0 | 816.4 | 454.6 | 258.3 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,810.1 | 874.4 | 935.6 | 364.9 | 821.3 | 428.2 | 195.7 |
| Q2 | 1,799.6 | 892.3 | 907.3 | 356.3 | 799.4 | 433.3 | 210.6 |
| Q3 | 1,839.6 | 857.9 | 981.7 | 344.1 | 861.4 | 432.2 | 201.9 |
| Q4 | 1,891.4 | 1,022.0 | 869.5 | 326.3 | 894.9 | 476.0 | 194.2 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,907.2 | 944.0 | 963.3 | 373.9 | 879.1 | 447.4 | 206.8 |
| Q2 | 1,914.6 | 873.1 | 1,041.5 | 421.3 | 867.5 | 421.0 | 204.8 |
| Q3 | 1,922.7 | 941.3 | 981.4 | 425.5 | 816.1 | 457.8 | 223.3 |

Notes:

^f Revised

Table C: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - November 2023

| | ('000) | | | | (%) | | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate | |
| 2010 | | | | | | | | |
| January | 12,367.9 | 11,931.2 | 436.7 | 6,927.5 | 64.1 | 61.8 | 3.5 | |
| February | 12,059.8 | 11,632.3 | 427.4 | 7,225.1 | 62.5 | 60.3 | 3.5 | |
| March | 12,324.2 | 11,895.9 | 428.3 | 6,993.0 | 63.8 | 61.6 | 3.5 | |
| April | 12,512.0 | 12,133.5 | 378.5 | 6,894.5 | 64.5 | 62.5 | 3.0 | |
| May | 12,197.6 | 11,798.9 | 398.7 | 7,186.0 | 62.9 | 60.9 | 3.3 | |
| June | 12,331.8 | 11,882.2 | 449.6 | 7,065.0 | 63.6 | 61.3 | 3.6 | |
| July | 12,516.2 | 12,099.5 | 416.7 | 6,900.5 | 64.5 | 62.3 | 3.3 | |
| August | 12,320.9 | 11,936.5 | 384.3 | 7,157.9 | 63.3 | 61.3 | 3.1 | |
| September | 12,289.9 | 11,912.1 | 377.8 | 7,194.4 | 63.1 | 61.1 | 3.1 | |
| October | 12,689.5 | 12,342.6 | 346.8 | 6,846.7 | 65.0 | 63.2 | 2.7 | |
| November | 12,277.5 | 11,874.1 | 403.4 | 7,298.3 | 62.7 | 60.7 | 3.3 | |
| December | 12,822.3 | 12,418.3 | 404.1 | 6,722.3 | 65.6 | 63.5 | 3.2 | |
| 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| January | 12,804.2 | 12,376.0 | 428.2 | 6,881.6 | 65.0 | 62.9 | 3.3 | |
| February | 12,618.9 | 12,245.3 | 373.6 | 7,110.3 | 64.0 | 62.1 | 3.0 | |
| March | 12,862.2 | 12,491.8 | 370.4 | 6,940.1 | 65.0 | 63.1 | 2.9 | |
| April | 12,921.7 | 12,537.1 | 384.6 | 6,930.6 | 65.1 | 63.2 | 3.0 | |
| May | 12,726.6 | 12,330.3 | 396.3 | 7,133.2 | 64.1 | 62.1 | 3.1 | |
| June | 12,782.7 | 12,372.6 | 410.1 | 7,073.7 | 64.4 | 62.3 | 3.2 | |
| July | 12,967.4 | 12,581.5 | 385.9 | 6,920.5 | 65.2 | 63.3 | 3.0 | |
| August | 12,887.9 | 12,486.7 | 401.2 | 7,038.6 | 64.7 | 62.7 | 3.1 | |
| September | 12,875.9 | 12,456.9 | 419.0 | 7,032.2 | 64.7 | 62.6 | 3.3 | |
| October | 12,938.2 | 12,550.1 | 388.1 | 7,045.7 | 64.7 | 62.8 | 3.0 | |
| November | 12,722.4 | 12,323.7 | 398.7 | 7,245.7 | 63.7 | 61.7 | 3.1 | |
| December | 13,092.1 | 12,687.2 | 404.9 | 6,997.3 | 65.2 | 63.2 | 3.1 | |
| 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| January | 13,191.6 | 12,781.3 | 410.4 | 6,878.5 | 65.7 | 63.7 | 3.1 | |
| February | 13,054.5 | 12,645.6 | 408.9 | 7,042.3 | 65.0 | 62.9 | 3.1 | |
| March | 13,295.4 | 12,893.8 | 401.6 | 6,897.3 | 65.8 | 63.9 | 3.0 | |
| April | 13,331.8 | 12,936.9 | 394.8 | 6,851.3 | 66.1 | 64.1 | 3.0 | |
| May | 13,245.6 | 12,861.2 | 384.4 | 6,952.9 | 65.6 | 63.7 | 2.9 | |
| June | 13,232.5 | 12,811.4 | 421.0 | 7,013.7 | 65.4 | 63.3 | 3.2 | |
| July | 13,511.7 | 13,093.3 | 418.4 | 6,777.3 | 66.6 | 64.5 | 3.1 | |
| August | 13,313.6 | 12,963.4 | 350.2 | 7,039.9 | 65.4 | 63.7 | 2.6 | |
| September | 13,408.5 | 12,984.5 | 424.0 | 6,993.2 | 65.7 | 63.6 | 3.2 | |
| October | 13,341.4 | 12,908.9 | 432.6 | 7,056.2 | 65.4 | 63.3 | 3.2 | |
| November | 13,429.2 | 13,044.6 | 384.6 | 7,094.6 | 65.4 | 63.6 | 2.9 | |
| December | 13,538.6 | 13,114.3 | 424.3 | 7,060.6 | 65.7 | 63.7 | 3.1 | |
| 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| January | 13,569.6 | 13,109.8 | 459.8 | 7,035.5 | 65.9 | 63.6 | 3.4 | |
| February | 13,598.8 | 13,195.9 | 402.9 | 7,119.8 | 65.6 | 63.7 | 3.0 | |
| March | 13,684.4 | 13,241.7 | 442.6 | 7,116.7 | 65.8 | 63.7 | 3.2 | |
| April | 13,835.7 | 13,422.9 | 412.8 | 6,922.7 | 66.7 | 64.7 | 3.0 | |
| May | 13,815.3 | 13,368.9 | 446.4 | 7,005.6 | 66.4 | 64.2 | 3.2 | |
| June | 14,217.1 | 13,816.9 | 400.2 | 6,668.6 | 68.1 | 66.2 | 2.8 | |
| July | 14,194.6 | 13,763.0 | 431.6 | 6,655.9 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3.0 | |
| August | 14,176.6 | 13,734.2 | 442.4 | 6,689.8 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3.1 | |
| September | 14,309.4 | 13,859.5 | 449.9 | 6,557.3 | 68.6 | 66.4 | 3.1 | |
| October | 14,169.2 | 13,699.1 | 470.1 | 6,746.3 | 67.7 | 65.5 | 3.3 | |
| November | 14,220.9 | 13,730.4 | 490.5 | 6,716.2 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 | |
| December | 14,276.5 | 13,836.2 | 440.3 | 6,724.3 | 68.0 | 65.9 | 3.1 | |

Table C: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - November 2023

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2014 | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,244.4 | 13,775.9 | 468.5 | 6,734.7 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.3 |
| February | 14,249.9 | 13,788.0 | 462.0 | 6,808.7 | 67.7 | 65.5 | 3.2 |
| March | 14,198.4 | 13,768.3 | 430.1 | 6,956.1 | 67.1 | 65.1 | 3.0 |
| April | 14,206.7 | 13,793.2 | 413.5 | 6,849.4 | 67.5 | 65.5 | 2.9 |
| May | 14,430.2 | 14,023.0 | 407.2 | 6,693.2 | 68.3 | 66.4 | 2.8 |
| June | 14,373.4 | 13,967.0 | 406.4 | 6,826.6 | 67.8 | 65.9 | 2.8 |
| July | 14,333.4 | 13,935.8 | 397.6 | 6,846.2 | 67.7 | 65.8 | 2.8 |
| August | 14,266.3 | 13,881.4 | 384.9 | 6,934.1 | 67.3 | 65.5 | 2.7 |
| September | 14,440.2 | 14,058.4 | 381.8 | 6,763.7 | 68.1 | 66.3 | 2.6 |
| October | 14,403.1 | 14,023.3 | 379.9 | 6,926.7 | 67.5 | 65.7 | 2.6 |
| November | 14,404.1 | 14,025.4 | 378.7 | 6,887.1 | 67.7 | 65.9 | 2.6 |
| December | 14,512.0 | 14,060.2 | 451.7 | 6,784.8 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3.1 |
| 2015 | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,442.0 | 13,991.8 | 450.3 | 6,923.7 | 67.6 | 65.5 | 3.1 |
| February | 14,554.7 | 14,092.9 | 461.8 | 6,847.8 | 68.0 | 65.9 | 3.2 |
| March | 14,601.2 | 14,160.5 | 440.7 | 6,839.3 | 68.1 | 66.1 | 3.0 |
| April | 14,569.5 | 14,136.2 | 433.3 | 6,890.2 | 67.9 | 65.9 | 3.0 |
| May | 14,575.0 | 14,126.7 | 448.3 | 6,933.5 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.1 |
| June | 14,609.9 | 14,146.7 | 463.2 | 6,896.2 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3.2 |
| July | 14,579.1 | 14,106.2 | 472.9 | 6,937.7 | 67.8 | 65.6 | 3.2 |
| August | 14,685.1 | 14,214.6 | 470.5 | 6,871.5 | 68.1 | 65.9 | 3.2 |
| September | 14,642.0 | 14,151.7 | 490.3 | 6,925.4 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.3 |
| October | 14,665.9 | 14,184.7 | 481.3 | 6,894.8 | 68.0 | 65.8 | 3.3 |
| November | 14,687.2 | 14,215.7 | 471.5 | 6,945.0 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.2 |
| December | 14,690.0 | 14,185.7 | 504.3 | 6,945.3 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 |
| 2016 | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,652.0 | 14,150.5 | 501.5 | 6,984.2 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| February | 14,703.3 | 14,196.9 | 506.4 | 7,063.1 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.4 |
| March | 14,710.1 | 14,200.7 | 509.5 | 6,964.0 | 67.9 | 65.5 | 3.5 |
| April | 14,675.3 | 14,163.7 | 511.5 | 7,012.5 | 67.7 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| May | 14,705.0 | 14,200.2 | 504.8 | 7,021.1 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| June | 14,720.1 | 14,218.4 | 501.8 | 7,036.5 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| July | 14,729.0 | 14,212.8 | 516.2 | 7,008.4 | 67.8 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| August | 14,822.2 | 14,306.9 | 515.2 | 7,053.3 | 67.8 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| September | 14,762.2 | 14,249.6 | 512.6 | 7,084.3 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.5 |
| October | 14,765.1 | 14,253.4 | 511.7 | 7,071.1 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| November | 14,827.9 | 14,317.2 | 510.7 | 7,081.8 | 67.7 | 65.3 | 3.4 |
| December | 14,788.9 | 14,276.7 | 512.2 | 7,072.8 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,880.9 | 14,366.8 | 514.1 | 7,090.4 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| February | 14,916.7 | 14,401.8 | 514.8 | 7,086.9 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.5 |
| March | 14,932.5 | 14,421.7 | 510.8 | 7,121.8 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| April | 14,941.5 | 14,429.6 | 511.9 | 7,122.5 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| May | 14,961.9 | 14,454.4 | 507.5 | 7,120.8 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 |
| June | 15,027.6 | 14,519.9 | 507.7 | 7,141.1 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 |
| July | 15,016.4 | 14,497.4 | 519.0 | 7,150.4 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 |
| August | 15,030.2 | 14,513.4 | 516.9 | 7,138.4 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 |
| September | 15,058.8 | 14,544.3 | 514.5 | 7,122.1 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 |
| October | 15,090.4 | 14,581.7 | 508.8 | 7,117.7 | 68.0 | 65.7 | 3.4 |
| November | 15,084.0 | 14,578.9 | 505.1 | 7,121.4 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.3 |
| December | 15,145.9 | 14,640.1 | 505.8 | 7,084.1 | 68.1 | 65.9 | 3.3 |

Table C: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - November 2023

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| January | 15,187.0 | 14,670.5 | 516.5 | 7,074.8 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.4 |
| February | 15,230.0 | 14,721.5 | 508.5 | 7,112.3 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,241.2 | 14,732.5 | 508.7 | 7,115.0 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 |
| April | 15,313.1 | 14,803.1 | 510.0 | 7,130.9 | 68.2 | 66.0 | 3.3 |
| May | 15,357.5 | 14,852.6 | 504.8 | 7,097.1 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| June | 15,379.0 | 14,863.2 | 515.8 | 7,062.2 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| July | 15,401.0 | 14,882.4 | 518.6 | 7,044.5 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.4 |
| August | 15,421.4 | 14,896.5 | 525.0 | 7,133.9 | 68.4 | 66.0 | 3.4 |
| September | 15,442.9 | 14,926.5 | 516.4 | 7,096.8 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| October | 15,450.0 | 14,937.1 | 512.9 | 7,093.7 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| November | 15,457.5 | 14,941.3 | 516.2 | 7,151.2 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| December | 15,500.1 | 14,986.0 | 514.2 | 7,120.1 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| January | 15,508.5 | 14,992.8 | 515.6 | 7,095.9 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| February | 15,543.2 | 15,026.8 | 516.4 | 7,145.9 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,556.6 | 15,035.2 | 521.3 | 7,169.4 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| April | 15,613.1 | 15,089.8 | 523.3 | 7,184.4 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| May | 15,642.3 | 15,122.5 | 519.8 | 7,190.0 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| June | 15,655.9 | 15,134.6 | 521.4 | 7,156.7 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| July | 15,704.6 | 15,179.8 | 524.8 | 7,207.7 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| August | 15,706.0 | 15,185.8 | 520.2 | 7,172.4 | 68.6 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| September | 15,751.2 | 15,229.9 | 521.4 | 7,159.8 | 68.7 | 66.5 | 3.3 |
| October | 15,777.7 | 15,265.6 | 512.1 | 7,175.0 | 68.7 | 66.5 | 3.2 |
| November | 15,828.9 | 15,315.0 | 513.9 | 7,174.2 | 68.8 | 66.6 | 3.2 |
| December | 15,803.0 | 15,286.0 | 517.0 | 7,129.8 | 68.9 | 66.7 | 3.3 |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| January | 15,829.3 | 15,317.6 | 511.7 | 7,128.9 | 68.9 | 66.7 | 3.2 |
| February | 15,869.8 | 15,344.5 | 525.2 | 7,224.0 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,842.9 | 15,232.4 | 610.5 | 7,239.8 | 68.6 | 66.0 | 3.9 |
| April | 15,712.2 | 14,933.4 | 778.8 | 7,345.1 | 68.1 | 64.8 | 5.0 |
| May | 15,714.0 | 14,887.9 | 826.1 | 7,392.1 | 68.0 | 64.4 | 5.3 |
| June | 15,763.5 | 14,990.2 | 773.2 | 7,398.5 | 68.1 | 64.7 | 4.9 |
| July | 15,818.5 | 15,073.4 | 745.1 | 7,399.8 | 68.1 | 64.9 | 4.7 |
| August | 15,895.1 | 15,153.5 | 741.6 | 7,351.5 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.7 |
| September | 15,930.6 | 15,193.1 | 737.5 | 7,359.8 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.6 |
| October | 15,955.3 | 15,207.1 | 748.2 | 7,347.7 | 68.5 | 65.3 | 4.7 |
| November | 15,960.5 | 15,196.1 | 764.4 | 7,374.8 | 68.4 | 65.1 | 4.8 |
| December | 15,988.3 | 15,215.4 | 772.9 | 7,372.2 | 68.4 | 65.1 | 4.8 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| January | 16,019.8 | 15,237.3 | 782.5 | 7,366.2 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.9 |
| February | 16,048.2 | 15,270.6 | 777.5 | 7,371.4 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.8 |
| March | 16,082.5 | 15,329.3 | 753.2 | 7,363.7 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.7 |
| April | 16,094.7 | 15,352.0 | 742.7 | 7,376.8 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.6 |
| May | 16,098.9 | 15,370.8 | 728.1 | 7,398.0 | 68.5 | 65.4 | 4.5 |
| June | 16,066.2 | 15,297.5 | 768.7 | 7,456.8 | 68.3 | 65.0 | 4.8 |
| July | 16,072.9 | 15,294.8 | 778.2 | 7,475.4 | 68.3 | 65.0 | 4.8 |
| August | 16,125.4 | 15,376.6 | 748.8 | 7,448.5 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.6 |
| September | 16,193.1 | 15,463.5 | 729.6 | 7,405.9 | 68.6 | 65.5 | 4.5 |
| October | 16,259.6 | 15,554.6 | 705.0 | 7,364.5 | 68.8 | 65.8 | 4.3 |
| November | 16,304.7 | 15,610.3 | 694.4 | 7,344.4 | 68.9 | 66.0 | 4.3 |
| December | 16,336.2 | 15,648.6 | 687.6 | 7,337.8 | 69.0 | 66.1 | 4.2 |

Table C: Principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - November 2023

| Time Series | ('000) | | | | (%) | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| January | 16,366.4 | 15,686.1 | 680.4 | 7,332.1 | 69.1 | 66.2 | 4.2 |
| February | 16,402.7 | 15,730.9 | 671.8 | 7,320.7 | 69.1 | 66.3 | 4.1 |
| March | 16,438.5 | 15,769.4 | 669.2 | 7,309.7 | 69.2 | 66.4 | 4.1 |
| April | 16,502.8 | 15,853.5 | 649.3 | 7,270.2 | 69.4 | 66.7 | 3.9 |
| May | 16,537.8 | 15,900.0 | 637.7 | 7,260.1 | 69.5 | 66.8 | 3.9 |
| June | 16,566.9 | 15,936.3 | 630.6 | 7,255.5 | 69.5 | 66.9 | 3.8 |
| July | 16,599.2 | 15,978.4 | 620.7 | 7,247.9 | 69.6 | 67.0 | 3.7 |
| August | 16,629.7 | 16,017.7 | 612.0 | 7,242.0 | 69.7 | 67.1 | 3.7 |
| September | 16,657.2 | 16,052.2 | 605.0 | 7,239.2 | 69.7 | 67.2 | 3.6 |
| October | 16,683.5 | 16,081.5 | 602.0 | 7,237.3 | 69.7 | 67.2 | 3.6 |
| November | 16,709.4 | 16,108.6 | 600.9 | 7,235.7 | 69.8 | 67.3 | 3.6 |
| December | 16,730.0 | 16,130.4 | 599.6 | 7,239.5 | 69.8 | 67.3 | 3.6 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| January | 16,755.4 | 16,159.3 | 596.1 | 7,238.3 | 69.8 | 67.3 | 3.6 |
| February | 16,781.2 | 16,189.3 | 591.9 | 7,236.7 | 69.9 | 67.4 | 3.5 |
| March | 16,811.7 | 16,223.0 | 588.7 | 7,230.6 | 69.9 | 67.5 | 3.5 |
| April | 16,838.4 | 16,251.4 | 586.9 | 7,228.2 | 70.0 | 67.5 | 3.5 |
| May | 16,864.1 | 16,279.5 | 584.6 | 7,226.8 | 70.0 | 67.6 | 3.5 |
| June | 16,889.4 | 16,307.8 | 581.7 | 7,225.7 | 70.0 | 67.6 | 3.4 |
| July | 16,914.2 | 16,335.0 | 579.2 | 7,225.0 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| August | 16,932.1 | 16,354.9 | 577.3 | 7,231.3 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| September | 16,948.8 | 16,375.1 | 573.7 | 7,238.9 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| October | 16,974.1 | 16,403.2 | 570.9 | 7,237.6 | 70.1 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| November | 17,000.4 | 16,431.1 | 569.2 | 7,235.4 | 70.1 | 67.8 | 3.3 |

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - November 2023

| | ('000) | | | (%) | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Labour Force Participation Rate | Unemployment Rate |
| 2010 | | | | | |
| January | 12,368.0 | 11,959.8 | 408.2 | 64.0 | 3.3 |
| February | 12,120.1 | 11,712.8 | 402.2 | 62.9 | 3.3 |
| March | 12,242.4 | 11,817.2 | 416.7 | 63.4 | 3.4 |
| April | 12,382.1 | 12,025.3 | 377.6 | 63.8 | 3.0 |
| May | 12,197.5 | 11,790.7 | 405.7 | 63.0 | 3.3 |
| June | 12,338.5 | 11,898.3 | 423.8 | 63.6 | 3.4 |
| July | 12,419.9 | 11,996.4 | 422.5 | 64.0 | 3.4 |
| August | 12,353.8 | 11,945.3 | 400.9 | 63.4 | 3.2 |
| September | 12,330.7 | 11,957.7 | 386.3 | 63.3 | 3.1 |
| October | 12,772.3 | 12,407.0 | 370.8 | 65.4 | 2.9 |
| November | 12,392.6 | 11,966.9 | 418.2 | 63.3 | 3.4 |
| December | 12,794.9 | 12,391.6 | 406.9 | 65.4 | 3.2 |
| 2011 | | | | | |
| January | 12,782.4 | 12,383.1 | 399.6 | 64.8 | 3.1 |
| February | 12,674.9 | 12,312.5 | 357.2 | 64.3 | 2.8 |
| March | 12,778.0 | 12,409.9 | 363.4 | 64.6 | 2.8 |
| April | 12,792.6 | 12,426.6 | 388.4 | 64.5 | 3.0 |
| May | 12,757.1 | 12,352.4 | 403.0 | 64.3 | 3.2 |
| June | 12,805.0 | 12,403.0 | 390.8 | 64.5 | 3.1 |
| July | 12,858.3 | 12,466.3 | 389.1 | 64.7 | 3.0 |
| August | 12,930.6 | 12,501.4 | 415.0 | 64.9 | 3.2 |
| September | 12,906.1 | 12,496.0 | 424.3 | 64.8 | 3.3 |
| October | 13,013.1 | 12,616.9 | 409.0 | 65.1 | 3.1 |
| November | 12,829.7 | 12,410.9 | 412.6 | 64.3 | 3.2 |
| December | 13,053.8 | 12,651.3 | 405.4 | 64.9 | 3.1 |
| 2012 | | | | | |
| January | 13,164.0 | 12,781.1 | 383.3 | 65.5 | 2.9 |
| February | 13,103.1 | 12,699.1 | 394.1 | 65.3 | 3.0 |
| March | 13,221.1 | 12,822.6 | 397.2 | 65.5 | 3.0 |
| April | 13,226.3 | 12,841.5 | 403.0 | 65.6 | 3.0 |
| May | 13,293.7 | 12,903.8 | 389.0 | 65.9 | 2.9 |
| June | 13,256.6 | 12,841.1 | 407.8 | 65.5 | 3.1 |
| July | 13,413.8 | 12,988.9 | 422.4 | 66.1 | 3.1 |
| August | 13,348.9 | 12,972.1 | 359.1 | 65.6 | 2.7 |
| September | 13,416.1 | 13,002.8 | 425.0 | 65.8 | 3.2 |
| October | 13,400.9 | 12,964.4 | 448.1 | 65.7 | 3.3 |
| November | 13,520.3 | 13,119.3 | 398.4 | 65.9 | 2.9 |
| December | 13,499.3 | 13,079.5 | 423.0 | 65.5 | 3.1 |
| 2013 | | | | | |
| January | 13,550.1 | 13,113.1 | 432.8 | 65.6 | 3.2 |
| February | 13,641.8 | 13,242.5 | 389.3 | 65.9 | 2.9 |
| March | 13,625.3 | 13,188.7 | 439.5 | 65.5 | 3.2 |
| April | 13,763.5 | 13,353.9 | 422.7 | 66.3 | 3.1 |
| May | 13,867.0 | 13,414.9 | 451.7 | 66.7 | 3.3 |
| June | 14,232.8 | 13,838.3 | 392.6 | 68.2 | 2.8 |
| July | 14,119.5 | 13,683.2 | 434.0 | 67.7 | 3.1 |
| August | 14,200.8 | 13,730.9 | 451.5 | 68.0 | 3.2 |
| September | 14,295.2 | 13,852.9 | 450.0 | 68.5 | 3.1 |
| October | 14,214.8 | 13,743.2 | 481.1 | 67.9 | 3.4 |
| November | 14,279.3 | 13,773.3 | 510.8 | 68.2 | 3.6 |
| December | 14,248.6 | 13,816.1 | 437.2 | 67.8 | 3.1 |

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - November 2023

| | ('000) | | | (%) | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Labour Force Participation Rate | Unemployment Rate |
| 2014 | | | | | |
| January | 14,243.3 | 13,795.5 | 444.1 | 67.8 | 3.1 |
| February | 14,275.9 | 13,820.1 | 445.8 | 67.9 | 3.1 |
| March | 14,160.8 | 13,738.1 | 427.2 | 67.0 | 3.0 |
| April | 14,173.1 | 13,757.5 | 422.4 | 67.4 | 3.0 |
| May | 14,470.8 | 14,060.1 | 411.3 | 68.6 | 2.8 |
| June | 14,376.6 | 13,970.9 | 404.0 | 67.8 | 2.8 |
| July | 14,289.4 | 13,888.2 | 399.6 | 67.5 | 2.8 |
| August | 14,268.0 | 13,861.9 | 391.0 | 67.3 | 2.7 |
| September | 14,415.2 | 14,036.1 | 381.9 | 68.0 | 2.6 |
| October | 14,436.8 | 14,054.6 | 385.1 | 67.7 | 2.7 |
| November | 14,436.2 | 14,046.6 | 393.9 | 67.8 | 2.7 |
| December | 14,500.1 | 14,055.7 | 449.4 | 68.0 | 3.1 |
| 2015 | | | | | |
| January | 14,458.4 | 14,023.9 | 431.1 | 67.6 | 3.0 |
| February | 14,561.5 | 14,109.1 | 444.8 | 68.1 | 3.1 |
| March | 14,574.3 | 14,143.1 | 436.8 | 68.0 | 3.0 |
| April | 14,558.8 | 14,125.3 | 440.1 | 67.9 | 3.0 |
| May | 14,605.0 | 14,151.8 | 453.1 | 68.0 | 3.1 |
| June | 14,600.5 | 14,133.6 | 464.2 | 67.9 | 3.2 |
| July | 14,563.4 | 14,088.5 | 473.4 | 67.7 | 3.3 |
| August | 14,678.0 | 14,190.0 | 476.5 | 68.1 | 3.2 |
| September | 14,619.1 | 14,128.4 | 492.4 | 67.8 | 3.4 |
| October | 14,688.0 | 14,202.2 | 487.6 | 68.1 | 3.3 |
| November | 14,701.0 | 14,219.9 | 488.0 | 68.0 | 3.3 |
| December | 14,685.2 | 14,189.8 | 501.7 | 67.8 | 3.4 |
| 2016 | | | | | |
| January | 14,677.1 | 14,188.7 | 482.7 | 67.7 | 3.3 |
| February | 14,697.5 | 14,202.8 | 488.1 | 67.6 | 3.3 |
| March | 14,688.0 | 14,187.5 | 505.4 | 67.8 | 3.4 |
| April | 14,677.5 | 14,166.4 | 517.0 | 67.7 | 3.5 |
| May | 14,727.8 | 14,217.7 | 509.8 | 67.8 | 3.5 |
| June | 14,703.3 | 14,195.4 | 505.6 | 67.6 | 3.4 |
| July | 14,735.0 | 14,217.1 | 516.1 | 67.8 | 3.5 |
| August | 14,806.5 | 14,279.5 | 520.4 | 67.7 | 3.5 |
| September | 14,749.0 | 14,234.6 | 515.4 | 67.5 | 3.5 |
| October | 14,775.6 | 14,257.2 | 519.0 | 67.7 | 3.5 |
| November | 14,836.2 | 14,316.0 | 525.5 | 67.7 | 3.5 |
| December | 14,786.4 | 14,283.4 | 509.6 | 67.6 | 3.4 |
| 2017 | | | | | |
| January | 14,908.5 | 14,405.2 | 497.2 | 67.7 | 3.3 |
| February | 14,906.1 | 14,405.5 | 496.2 | 67.8 | 3.3 |
| March | 14,908.1 | 14,405.5 | 507.3 | 67.6 | 3.4 |
| April | 14,949.3 | 14,438.2 | 515.6 | 67.8 | 3.4 |
| May | 14,979.3 | 14,465.3 | 513.5 | 67.9 | 3.4 |
| June | 15,011.4 | 14,496.7 | 512.6 | 67.7 | 3.4 |
| July | 15,032.2 | 14,512.9 | 517.7 | 67.8 | 3.4 |
| August | 15,009.4 | 14,482.6 | 521.8 | 67.7 | 3.5 |
| September | 15,054.6 | 14,538.1 | 516.9 | 67.9 | 3.4 |
| October | 15,095.9 | 14,580.1 | 517.2 | 68.0 | 3.4 |
| November | 15,087.6 | 14,571.1 | 518.9 | 68.0 | 3.4 |
| December | 15,145.0 | 14,649.4 | 502.7 | 68.1 | 3.3 |

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - November 2023

| | ('000) | | | | (%) | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Labour Force Participation Rate | Unemployment Rate | |
| 2018 | | | | | | |
| January | 15,216.2 | 14,709.5 | 500.7 | 68.2 | 3.3 | |
| February | 15,216.8 | 14,724.2 | 490.2 | 68.2 | 3.2 | |
| March | 15,215.2 | 14,714.5 | 505.4 | 68.1 | 3.3 | |
| April | 15,324.0 | 14,815.0 | 512.8 | 68.4 | 3.3 | |
| May | 15,372.4 | 14,860.2 | 511.3 | 68.5 | 3.3 | |
| June | 15,362.9 | 14,839.6 | 521.4 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| July | 15,422.1 | 14,904.0 | 516.7 | 68.7 | 3.4 | |
| August | 15,397.5 | 14,863.4 | 529.7 | 68.3 | 3.4 | |
| September | 15,443.4 | 14,924.7 | 518.6 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| October | 15,452.9 | 14,932.8 | 522.0 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| November | 15,458.7 | 14,930.0 | 529.8 | 68.4 | 3.4 | |
| December | 15,499.9 | 14,996.8 | 510.7 | 68.4 | 3.3 | |
| 2019 | | | | | | |
| January | 15,503.1 | 15,013.4 | 502.1 | 68.5 | 3.2 | |
| February | 15,525.9 | 15,016.0 | 506.5 | 68.5 | 3.3 | |
| March | 15,556.1 | 15,025.9 | 520.0 | 68.5 | 3.3 | |
| April | 15,607.4 | 15,092.9 | 527.6 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| May | 15,632.6 | 15,111.9 | 526.2 | 68.5 | 3.4 | |
| June | 15,637.3 | 15,116.0 | 524.7 | 68.6 | 3.4 | |
| July | 15,705.0 | 15,188.9 | 522.6 | 68.5 | 3.3 | |
| August | 15,708.8 | 15,159.7 | 519.6 | 68.7 | 3.3 | |
| September | 15,754.5 | 15,238.9 | 521.9 | 68.8 | 3.3 | |
| October | 15,786.7 | 15,275.4 | 517.2 | 68.8 | 3.3 | |
| November | 15,855.3 | 15,323.0 | 522.6 | 69.0 | 3.3 | |
| December | 15,817.1 | 15,303.4 | 516.6 | 68.9 | 3.3 | |
| 2020 | | | | | | |
| January | 15,825.8 | 15,299.4 | 516.9 | 68.8 | 3.3 | |
| February | 15,849.8 | 15,334.8 | 528.8 | 68.7 | 3.3 | |
| March | 15,864.3 | 15,255.1 | 607.2 | 68.8 | 3.8 | |
| April | 15,713.9 | 14,943.7 | 765.7 | 68.2 | 4.9 | |
| May | 15,715.9 | 14,895.9 | 815.0 | 68.1 | 5.2 | |
| June | 15,788.6 | 15,008.4 | 754.8 | 68.2 | 4.8 | |
| July | 15,818.8 | 15,086.4 | 729.7 | 68.1 | 4.6 | |
| August | 15,889.1 | 15,167.8 | 733.5 | 68.3 | 4.6 | |
| September | 15,920.9 | 15,179.7 | 740.5 | 68.4 | 4.7 | |
| October | 15,951.2 | 15,189.0 | 764.1 | 68.4 | 4.8 | |
| November | 15,952.4 | 15,183.8 | 784.1 | 68.4 | 4.9 | |
| December | 15,988.9 | 15,194.2 | 795.6 | 68.4 | 5.0 | |
| 2021 | | | | | | |
| January | 16,016.3 | 15,219.2 | 790.4 | 68.4 | 4.9 | |
| February | 16,028.0 | 15,261.0 | 782.9 | 68.5 | 4.9 | |
| March | 16,104.2 | 15,352.2 | 749.1 | 68.7 | 4.7 | |
| April | 16,096.5 | 15,362.6 | 730.2 | 68.6 | 4.5 | |
| May | 16,100.8 | 15,379.1 | 718.3 | 68.6 | 4.5 | |
| June | 16,091.8 | 15,316.0 | 750.4 | 68.4 | 4.7 | |
| July | 16,073.2 | 15,307.9 | 762.1 | 68.3 | 4.7 | |
| August | 16,119.3 | 15,391.1 | 740.6 | 68.3 | 4.6 | |
| September | 16,182.7 | 15,449.3 | 732.6 | 68.6 | 4.5 | |
| October | 16,255.3 | 15,536.1 | 720.0 | 68.8 | 4.4 | |
| November | 16,296.4 | 15,597.7 | 712.3 | 68.9 | 4.4 | |
| December | 16,336.9 | 15,626.9 | 707.8 | 68.9 | 4.3 | |

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of the labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - November 2023

| | ('000) | | | (%) | |
|-------------|--------------|----------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Labour Force Participation Rate | Unemployment Rate |
| 2022 | | | | | |
| January | 16,350.3 | 15,651.6 | 688.3 | 68.9 | 4.2 |
| February | 16,392.6 | 15,720.2 | 675.4 | 69.1 | 4.1 |
| March | 16,437.2 | 15,768.1 | 667.8 | 69.2 | 4.1 |
| April | 16,507.1 | 15,866.5 | 640.6 | 69.5 | 3.9 |
| May | 16,553.2 | 15,921.7 | 631.6 | 69.6 | 3.8 |
| June | 16,620.9 | 16,034.8 | 603.9 | 69.8 | 3.6 |
| July | 16,611.0 | 15,996.5 | 601.8 | 69.7 | 3.6 |
| August | 16,647.2 | 16,058.0 | 604.7 | 69.7 | 3.6 |
| September | 16,640.1 | 16,030.1 | 607.5 | 69.7 | 3.7 |
| October | 16,656.8 | 16,033.7 | 618.8 | 69.6 | 3.7 |
| November | 16,686.4 | 16,063.3 | 620.1 | 69.7 | 3.7 |
| December | 16,719.8 | 16,097.7 | 622.2 | 69.7 | 3.7 |
| 2023 | | | | | |
| January | 16,739.7 | 16,129.0 | 603.3 | 69.7 | 3.6 |
| February | 16,770.6 | 16,176.4 | 594.3 | 69.8 | 3.5 |
| March | 16,804.5 | 16,221.9 | 586.8 | 69.9 | 3.5 |
| April | 16,829.1 | 16,250.4 | 582.9 | 69.9 | 3.5 |
| May | 16,871.2 | 16,293.3 | 578.5 | 70.0 | 3.4 |
| June | 16,933.1 | 16,381.7 | 560.3 | 70.2 | 3.3 |
| July | 16,942.3 | 16,368.7 | 565.8 | 70.2 | 3.3 |
| August | 16,960.9 | 16,394.1 | 573.9 | 70.2 | 3.4 |
| September | 16,948.3 | 16,364.6 | 578.0 | 70.1 | 3.4 |
| October | 16,954.3 | 16,369.2 | 583.4 | 70.0 | 3.4 |
| November | 16,977.1 | 16,392.1 | 581.9 | 70.1 | 3.4 |

Table C2 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - November 2023

(’000)

| Time Series | Unemployed | Actively Unemployed | Less than 3 month | 3- Less than 6 month | 6- Less than 12 month | More than year | Inactively unemployed |
|-------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 2016 | | | | | | | |
| January | 501.5 | 361.9 | 180.3 | 110.0 | 36.0 | 35.6 | 139.7 |
| February | 506.4 | 254.0 | 115.8 | 83.7 | 34.9 | 19.6 | 252.4 |
| March | 509.5 | 332.8 | 176.8 | 92.9 | 44.8 | 18.3 | 176.7 |
| April | 511.5 | 328.0 | 170.6 | 93.3 | 43.9 | 20.2 | 183.4 |
| May | 504.8 | 297.3 | 153.6 | 92.5 | 37.6 | 13.6 | 207.6 |
| June | 501.8 | 298.2 | 146.8 | 83.6 | 51.7 | 16.2 | 203.5 |
| July | 516.2 | 306.0 | 131.1 | 90.9 | 54.6 | 29.4 | 210.2 |
| August | 515.2 | 305.6 | 149.0 | 81.4 | 44.7 | 30.5 | 209.6 |
| September | 512.6 | 292.6 | 148.1 | 77.9 | 45.6 | 21.0 | 220.0 |
| October | 511.7 | 299.7 | 143.1 | 74.7 | 48.4 | 33.5 | 212.0 |
| November | 510.7 | 286.5 | 125.6 | 86.8 | 47.5 | 26.6 | 224.2 |
| December | 512.2 | 374.4 | 192.2 | 93.2 | 59.4 | 29.6 | 137.9 |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| January | 514.1 | 328.4 | 147.1 | 108.1 | 47.3 | 25.9 | 185.7 |
| February | 514.8 | 338.1 | 151.8 | 118.6 | 46.7 | 21.0 | 176.7 |
| March | 510.8 | 315.2 | 168.2 | 80.8 | 43.0 | 23.2 | 195.6 |
| April | 511.9 | 359.5 | 151.9 | 107.5 | 66.2 | 33.9 | 152.4 |
| May | 507.5 | 372.1 | 171.9 | 128.8 | 38.9 | 32.5 | 135.3 |
| June | 507.7 | 319.1 | 151.1 | 89.8 | 49.2 | 29.0 | 188.5 |
| July | 519.0 | 345.6 | 144.6 | 115.0 | 47.6 | 38.4 | 173.3 |
| August | 516.9 | 351.5 | 160.7 | 115.7 | 45.0 | 30.1 | 165.4 |
| September | 514.5 | 322.0 | 142.4 | 105.8 | 45.1 | 28.7 | 192.5 |
| October | 508.8 | 356.1 | 182.1 | 110.6 | 35.7 | 27.7 | 152.8 |
| November | 505.1 | 338.1 | 143.3 | 105.5 | 51.1 | 38.2 | 167.0 |
| December | 505.8 | 327.5 | 127.6 | 109.1 | 46.6 | 44.2 | 178.3 |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| January | 516.5 | 356.6 | 133.2 | 125.9 | 58.2 | 39.3 | 160.0 |
| February | 508.5 | 349.8 | 155.3 | 106.6 | 41.4 | 46.4 | 158.7 |
| March | 508.7 | 349.8 | 161.7 | 108.5 | 42.0 | 37.7 | 158.9 |
| April | 510.0 | 373.6 | 167.7 | 140.9 | 44.7 | 20.2 | 136.4 |
| May | 504.8 | 319.4 | 134.2 | 112.0 | 38.5 | 34.7 | 185.4 |
| June | 515.8 | 324.5 | 136.2 | 108.5 | 52.4 | 27.4 | 191.2 |
| July | 518.6 | 360.7 | 189.7 | 86.1 | 47.9 | 37.0 | 157.9 |
| August | 525.0 | 308.7 | 149.1 | 84.4 | 46.1 | 29.0 | 216.3 |
| September | 516.4 | 361.6 | 174.1 | 103.0 | 37.5 | 47.1 | 154.8 |
| October | 512.9 | 331.1 | 165.2 | 85.5 | 49.2 | 31.3 | 181.8 |
| November | 516.2 | 347.8 | 168.9 | 87.2 | 52.6 | 39.2 | 168.3 |
| December | 514.2 | 329.7 | 149.3 | 92.6 | 34.3 | 53.5 | 184.4 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| January | 515.6 | 400.8 | 184.7 | 107.3 | 73.3 | 35.4 | 114.9 |
| February | 516.4 | 362.6 | 147.1 | 99.5 | 72.7 | 43.3 | 153.7 |
| March | 521.3 | 345.4 | 175.6 | 74.7 | 37.8 | 57.3 | 175.9 |
| April | 523.3 | 365.5 | 150.1 | 116.9 | 67.6 | 31.0 | 157.8 |
| May | 519.8 | 343.2 | 110.9 | 132.4 | 65.7 | 34.1 | 176.6 |
| June | 521.4 | 425.3 | 220.8 | 124.1 | 53.0 | 27.4 | 96.0 |
| July | 524.8 | 362.5 | 162.7 | 105.8 | 53.9 | 40.1 | 162.3 |
| August | 520.2 | 411.7 | 180.2 | 128.9 | 50.0 | 52.6 | 108.5 |
| September | 521.4 | 410.1 | 213.0 | 125.7 | 52.1 | 19.3 | 111.2 |
| October | 512.1 | 340.3 | 168.2 | 104.8 | 42.4 | 24.9 | 171.9 |
| November | 513.9 | 339.5 | 141.1 | 92.7 | 46.2 | 59.5 | 174.4 |
| December | 517.0 | 389.5 | 182.0 | 119.3 | 53.9 | 34.3 | 127.5 |

Table C2 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - November 2023

('000)

| Time Series | Unemployed | Actively Unemployed | Less than 3 month | 3- Less than 6 month | 6- Less than 12 month | More than year | Inactively unemployed |
|-------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| January | 511.7 | 319.8 | 132.4 | 103.2 | 48.7 | 35.6 | 191.9 |
| February | 525.2 | 343.2 | 148.5 | 96.6 | 52.6 | 45.4 | 182.1 |
| March | 610.5 | 422.9 | 200.0 | 100.2 | 72.7 | 50.1 | 187.6 |
| April | 778.8 | 459.8 | 235.9 | 156.6 | 38.1 | 29.2 | 319.0 |
| May | 826.1 | 573.7 | 308.1 | 136.1 | 78.6 | 50.8 | 252.4 |
| June | 773.2 | 594.0 | 298.7 | 159.3 | 85.8 | 50.3 | 179.2 |
| July | 745.1 | 620.2 | 307.4 | 168.5 | 87.2 | 57.1 | 124.9 |
| August | 741.6 | 615.1 | 302.4 | 164.9 | 89.7 | 58.0 | 126.5 |
| September | 737.5 | 610.4 | 300.5 | 163.6 | 88.2 | 58.0 | 127.1 |
| October | 748.2 | 623.1 | 304.5 | 167.4 | 89.0 | 62.2 | 125.1 |
| November | 764.4 | 637.7 | 311.2 | 169.8 | 90.4 | 66.3 | 126.7 |
| December | 772.9 | 644.7 | 313.9 | 172.0 | 92.0 | 66.8 | 128.2 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| January | 782.5 | 657.2 | 321.5 | 175.9 | 90.4 | 69.3 | 125.3 |
| February | 777.5 | 647.4 | 327.8 | 155.5 | 91.0 | 73.1 | 130.1 |
| March | 753.2 | 626.9 | 320.1 | 152.5 | 85.6 | 68.6 | 126.3 |
| April | 742.7 | 618.7 | 322.6 | 151.0 | 80.7 | 64.4 | 124.0 |
| May | 728.1 | 609.9 | 318.2 | 148.3 | 81.2 | 62.2 | 118.2 |
| June | 768.7 | 642.9 | 335.9 | 157.4 | 86.7 | 62.9 | 125.8 |
| July | 778.2 | 651.3 | 351.4 | 156.7 | 86.1 | 57.1 | 126.9 |
| August | 748.8 | 627.5 | 337.3 | 153.6 | 80.1 | 56.5 | 121.3 |
| September | 729.6 | 611.0 | 333.3 | 147.3 | 78.9 | 51.4 | 118.7 |
| October | 705.0 | 589.5 | 327.3 | 142.3 | 74.0 | 45.9 | 115.4 |
| November | 694.4 | 581.8 | 324.3 | 137.6 | 74.8 | 45.1 | 112.6 |
| December | 687.6 | 576.5 | 322.3 | 136.5 | 74.1 | 43.5 | 111.1 |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| January | 680.4 | 569.5 | 320.8 | 134.2 | 72.0 | 42.5 | 110.9 |
| February | 671.8 | 562.5 | 318.7 | 131.8 | 71.0 | 41.0 | 109.3 |
| March | 669.2 | 561.0 | 320.4 | 130.1 | 70.4 | 40.1 | 108.1 |
| April | 649.3 | 542.9 | 315.3 | 124.3 | 64.9 | 38.4 | 106.4 |
| May | 637.7 | 534.0 | 312.9 | 122.5 | 61.9 | 36.6 | 103.8 |
| June | 630.6 | 528.5 | 311.6 | 120.6 | 61.3 | 35.0 | 102.1 |
| July | 620.7 | 517.4 | 307.7 | 115.7 | 60.0 | 34.0 | 103.3 |
| August | 612.0 | 507.3 | 304.2 | 110.7 | 59.7 | 32.7 | 104.7 |
| September | 605.0 | 496.6 | 298.7 | 108.2 | 58.2 | 31.5 | 108.4 |
| October | 602.0 | 491.3 | 297.1 | 106.4 | 57.0 | 30.8 | 110.7 |
| November | 600.9 | 488.0 | 295.9 | 105.2 | 56.7 | 30.2 | 112.9 |
| December | 599.6 | 484.2 | 294.7 | 103.9 | 55.7 | 29.9 | 115.4 |
| 2023 | | | | | | | |
| January | 596.1 | 481.6 | 292.9 | 103.7 | 54.1 | 31.0 | 114.5 |
| February | 591.9 | 475.5 | 290.3 | 102.4 | 52.9 | 30.0 | 116.4 |
| March | 588.7 | 472.9 | 289.7 | 101.9 | 51.1 | 30.1 | 115.8 |
| April | 586.9 | 471.9 | 288.7 | 101.8 | 50.5 | 30.8 | 115.1 |
| May | 584.6 | 470.4 | 286.6 | 100.2 | 52.2 | 31.4 | 114.2 |
| June | 581.7 | 466.9 | 285.2 | 99.6 | 51.3 | 30.8 | 114.8 |
| July | 579.2 | 464.7 | 284.7 | 99.1 | 51.8 | 29.1 | 114.5 |
| August | 577.3 | 462.1 | 283.9 | 98.5 | 51.1 | 28.9 | 115.2 |
| September | 573.7 | 458.9 | 282.6 | 98.1 | 50.2 | 28.0 | 114.8 |
| October | 570.9 | 457.2 | 281.5 | 97.3 | 49.8 | 28.6 | 113.8 |
| November | 569.2 | 454.5 | 280.8 | 96.4 | 48.9 | 28.4 | 114.7 |

Table C3 : Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - November 2023

| Time Series | ('000) | (%) | ('000) | (%) |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years) | Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years) |
| 2016 | | | | |
| January | 283.6 | 10.7 | 402.8 | 6.9 |
| February | 236.1 | 9.0 | 340.6 | 5.7 |
| March | 285.0 | 10.9 | 416.1 | 7.0 |
| April | 305.6 | 11.5 | 405.7 | 6.9 |
| May | 291.6 | 11.1 | 395.2 | 6.8 |
| June | 240.5 | 9.6 | 387.3 | 6.6 |
| July | 309.0 | 11.8 | 446.9 | 7.5 |
| August | 305.3 | 11.6 | 412.9 | 6.8 |
| September | 266.3 | 10.6 | 369.9 | 6.4 |
| October | 290.5 | 11.4 | 399.7 | 6.8 |
| November | 253.7 | 9.5 | 391.2 | 6.6 |
| December | 267.4 | 10.2 | 393.6 | 6.6 |
| 2017 | | | | |
| January | 306.2 | 12.0 | 410.6 | 7.0 |
| February | 285.4 | 11.1 | 413.7 | 7.0 |
| March | 258.9 | 10.1 | 392.2 | 6.6 |
| April | 272.2 | 10.8 | 414.5 | 6.9 |
| May | 320.2 | 12.2 | 418.8 | 7.0 |
| June | 296.5 | 11.4 | 420.1 | 7.0 |
| July | 281.1 | 11.3 | 445.1 | 7.6 |
| August | 295.9 | 11.6 | 423.1 | 7.1 |
| September | 267.4 | 10.3 | 377.5 | 6.4 |
| October | 303.6 | 11.7 | 418.8 | 7.0 |
| November | 314.4 | 11.7 | 406.7 | 6.7 |
| December | 309.0 | 11.7 | 404.7 | 6.8 |
| 2018 | | | | |
| January | 328.5 | 12.3 | 437.6 | 7.2 |
| February | 310.9 | 11.6 | 423.0 | 6.9 |
| March | 306.2 | 11.7 | 414.4 | 6.9 |
| April | 287.9 | 10.6 | 420.3 | 6.8 |
| May | 292.5 | 10.6 | 391.9 | 6.4 |
| June | 284.3 | 10.4 | 426.9 | 6.9 |
| July | 320.6 | 11.8 | 425.4 | 6.9 |
| August | 303.2 | 11.5 | 407.0 | 6.7 |
| September | 289.5 | 10.5 | 413.3 | 6.8 |
| October | 277.2 | 10.1 | 429.1 | 7.0 |
| November | 289.0 | 10.5 | 415.1 | 6.7 |
| December | 328.7 | 11.7 | 428.8 | 6.8 |
| 2019 | | | | |
| January | 290.1 | 10.6 | 409.3 | 6.7 |
| February | 282.1 | 10.5 | 424.3 | 6.8 |
| March | 266.3 | 9.9 | 403.0 | 6.6 |
| April | 288.1 | 10.3 | 430.0 | 6.9 |
| May | 289.3 | 10.5 | 414.4 | 6.7 |
| June | 287.0 | 10.5 | 418.5 | 6.8 |
| July | 291.3 | 10.2 | 434.4 | 7.0 |
| August | 297.8 | 11.2 | 441.2 | 7.3 |
| September | 307.1 | 11.1 | 443.4 | 7.2 |
| October | 244.5 | 9.0 | 404.8 | 6.4 |
| November | 274.2 | 9.5 | 411.8 | 6.5 |
| December | 309.9 | 11.2 | 412.9 | 6.5 |

Table C3 : Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - November 2023

| Time Series | ('000) | (%) | ('000) | (%) |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years) | Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years) |
| 2020 | | | | |
| January | 268.1 | 10.0 | 396.9 | 6.4 |
| February | 288.0 | 10.8 | 395.0 | 6.4 |
| March | 291.4 | 11.3 | 470.5 | 7.8 |
| April | 324.2 | 12.9 | 528.0 | 9.0 |
| May | 362.4 | 14.2 | 573.7 | 10.0 |
| June | 335.8 | 13.1 | 581.7 | 9.7 |
| July | 313.2 | 13.9 | 544.5 | 9.7 |
| August | 331.0 | 13.7 | 502.3 | 8.9 |
| September | 325.5 | 13.0 | 502.6 | 8.5 |
| October | 321.6 | 13.4 | 513.2 | 8.9 |
| November | 344.5 | 13.0 | 528.4 | 8.8 |
| December | 312.2 | 13.2 | 497.2 | 8.7 |
| 2021 | | | | |
| January | 295.3 | 13.5 | 509.2 | 9.2 |
| February | 347.6 | 13.9 | 544.3 | 9.2 |
| March | 321.1 | 13.4 | 537.3 | 9.3 |
| April | 310.7 | 13.7 | 507.3 | 8.7 |
| May | 328.1 | 13.6 | 545.7 | 9.2 |
| June | 340.9 | 12.7 | 565.1 | 9.4 |
| July | 344.1 | 13.7 | 520.6 | 8.5 |
| August | 321.1 | 13.9 | 524.1 | 8.8 |
| September | 335.1 | 13.9 | 507.8 | 8.5 |
| October | 358.8 | 13.9 | 508.4 | 8.1 |
| November | 350.9 | 13.7 | 517.9 | 8.2 |
| December | 367.7 | 13.7 | 533.8 | 8.5 |
| 2022 | | | | |
| January | 364.5 | 13.2 | 521.8 | 8.3 |
| February | 356.9 | 13.0 | 513.7 | 8.1 |
| March | 361.0 | 13.1 | 502.4 | 8.0 |
| April | 357.2 | 12.8 | 501.2 | 7.7 |
| May | 341.4 | 12.5 | 475.7 | 7.4 |
| June | 343.9 | 12.2 | 474.7 | 7.4 |
| July | 336.2 | 12.1 | 476.5 | 7.4 |
| August | 337.6 | 12.1 | 467.5 | 7.1 |
| September | 339.1 | 12.1 | 460.4 | 7.1 |
| October | 337.2 | 12.1 | 476.9 | 7.4 |
| November | 329.3 | 11.9 | 453.1 | 7.0 |
| December | 331.0 | 11.8 | 444.5 | 6.9 |
| 2023 | | | | |
| January | 328.8 | 11.5 | 449.7 | 7.0 |
| February | 320.8 | 11.3 | 450.2 | 7.0 |
| March | 317.3 | 11.2 | 454.9 | 7.1 |
| April | 315.6 | 11.1 | 441.0 | 6.7 |
| May | 313.0 | 11.0 | 448.6 | 7.0 |
| June | 312.4 | 11.0 | 444.8 | 6.9 |
| July | 311.2 | 10.9 | 444.8 | 6.8 |
| August | 309.2 | 10.8 | 439.6 | 6.8 |
| September | 310.1 | 10.6 | 440.0 | 6.7 |
| October | 313.3 | 10.7 | 439.6 | 6.6 |
| November | 308.5 | 10.6 | 432.0 | 6.5 |

Table C4 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - November 2023

('000)

| Time Series | Employer | Employees | Own account workers | Unpaid family worker |
|-------------|----------|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 2016 | | | | |
| January | 449.0 | 10,534.1 | 2,570.3 | 597.1 |
| February | 543.9 | 10,582.3 | 2,437.5 | 633.1 |
| March | 539.4 | 10,381.2 | 2,660.3 | 619.7 |
| April | 456.2 | 10,280.6 | 2,805.9 | 621.1 |
| May | 532.0 | 10,407.9 | 2,573.1 | 687.1 |
| June | 534.3 | 10,535.6 | 2,453.5 | 694.9 |
| July | 427.2 | 10,536.4 | 2,605.4 | 643.8 |
| August | 452.3 | 10,719.5 | 2,527.0 | 608.1 |
| September | 460.7 | 10,814.3 | 2,331.0 | 643.6 |
| October | 458.8 | 10,719.6 | 2,508.7 | 566.3 |
| November | 466.6 | 10,929.5 | 2,311.2 | 609.9 |
| December | 443.0 | 10,865.9 | 2,354.2 | 613.6 |
| 2017 | | | | |
| January | 550.0 | 10,652.0 | 2,548.6 | 616.2 |
| February | 464.6 | 10,677.2 | 2,548.4 | 711.7 |
| March | 575.4 | 10,624.8 | 2,630.1 | 591.4 |
| April | 590.9 | 10,525.1 | 2,687.8 | 625.8 |
| May | 637.9 | 10,357.7 | 2,736.1 | 722.8 |
| June | 578.8 | 10,745.8 | 2,590.1 | 605.3 |
| July | 549.2 | 10,656.4 | 2,734.8 | 557.0 |
| August | 608.4 | 10,703.7 | 2,623.1 | 578.1 |
| September | 646.0 | 10,701.8 | 2,554.6 | 641.9 |
| October | 593.9 | 10,949.6 | 2,446.1 | 592.0 |
| November | 401.7 | 10,935.5 | 2,709.4 | 532.3 |
| December | 546.1 | 10,982.5 | 2,504.3 | 607.2 |
| 2018 | | | | |
| January | 533.0 | 10,749.4 | 2,757.7 | 630.3 |
| February | 472.7 | 10,746.4 | 2,825.9 | 676.5 |
| March | 493.9 | 10,585.3 | 2,920.7 | 732.6 |
| April | 550.2 | 10,832.6 | 2,719.5 | 700.8 |
| May | 517.2 | 10,751.8 | 2,880.6 | 703.0 |
| June | 529.0 | 10,823.6 | 2,817.7 | 692.9 |
| July | 518.2 | 10,651.2 | 3,012.8 | 700.2 |
| August | 599.4 | 10,758.4 | 2,865.7 | 673.0 |
| September | 639.1 | 10,690.0 | 2,907.8 | 689.6 |
| October | 513.7 | 10,764.5 | 2,944.6 | 714.2 |
| November | 545.8 | 10,899.2 | 2,836.9 | 659.4 |
| December | 593.5 | 10,811.7 | 2,909.6 | 671.2 |
| 2019 | | | | |
| January | 570.4 | 10,961.6 | 2,823.0 | 637.7 |
| February | 619.4 | 11,098.6 | 2,752.4 | 556.5 |
| March | 560.0 | 11,327.2 | 2,574.5 | 573.6 |
| April | 578.3 | 11,156.7 | 2,764.8 | 590.1 |
| May | 597.9 | 11,345.6 | 2,640.8 | 538.2 |
| June | 551.6 | 11,243.3 | 2,746.5 | 593.1 |
| July | 541.6 | 11,446.9 | 2,654.0 | 537.2 |
| August | 582.2 | 11,235.5 | 2,855.0 | 513.0 |
| September | 510.8 | 11,633.8 | 2,500.3 | 584.8 |
| October | 547.5 | 11,659.3 | 2,452.0 | 606.8 |
| November | 527.6 | 11,565.1 | 2,679.8 | 542.5 |
| December | 482.0 | 11,563.4 | 2,669.6 | 571.1 |

Table C4 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - November 2023

('000)

| Time Series | Employer | Employees | Own account workers | Unpaid family worker |
|-------------|----------|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 2020 | | | | |
| January | 552.3 | 11,375.4 | 2,757.1 | 632.8 |
| February | 513.2 | 11,513.8 | 2,691.0 | 626.5 |
| March | 515.7 | 11,280.0 | 2,812.2 | 624.5 |
| April | 563.1 | 11,146.3 | 2,585.4 | 638.5 |
| May | 470.3 | 11,399.4 | 2,423.9 | 594.1 |
| June | 497.9 | 11,438.2 | 2,417.8 | 636.2 |
| July | 434.8 | 11,647.4 | 2,380.9 | 610.4 |
| August | 434.9 | 11,719.9 | 2,416.0 | 582.8 |
| September | 445.1 | 11,734.9 | 2,433.7 | 579.5 |
| October | 450.5 | 11,763.0 | 2,425.4 | 568.3 |
| November | 456.8 | 11,782.5 | 2,412.0 | 544.7 |
| December | 462.9 | 11,806.1 | 2,399.4 | 547.0 |
| 2021 | | | | |
| January | 469.7 | 11,846.9 | 2,394.6 | 526.1 |
| February | 481.0 | 11,870.8 | 2,429.9 | 488.9 |
| March | 491.8 | 11,898.9 | 2,478.2 | 460.4 |
| April | 493.0 | 11,914.8 | 2,490.5 | 453.8 |
| May | 495.7 | 11,930.8 | 2,492.9 | 451.4 |
| June | 486.3 | 11,874.1 | 2,497.0 | 440.0 |
| July | 485.1 | 11,869.7 | 2,503.8 | 436.2 |
| August | 491.4 | 11,897.6 | 2,537.7 | 449.9 |
| September | 499.7 | 11,925.9 | 2,572.6 | 465.4 |
| October | 506.0 | 11,971.2 | 2,607.9 | 469.5 |
| November | 509.8 | 11,998.3 | 2,628.0 | 474.2 |
| December | 512.9 | 12,015.9 | 2,640.2 | 479.7 |
| 2022 | | | | |
| January | 517.2 | 12,028.9 | 2,656.2 | 483.8 |
| February | 521.4 | 12,046.2 | 2,674.8 | 488.6 |
| March | 525.7 | 12,060.2 | 2,691.7 | 491.8 |
| April | 536.0 | 12,092.5 | 2,723.6 | 501.4 |
| May | 539.6 | 12,112.6 | 2,744.0 | 503.9 |
| June | 542.5 | 12,125.6 | 2,766.2 | 502.0 |
| July | 545.1 | 12,144.9 | 2,787.5 | 500.9 |
| August | 546.9 | 12,167.0 | 2,804.7 | 499.1 |
| September | 548.0 | 12,182.7 | 2,823.2 | 498.2 |
| October | 552.4 | 12,200.4 | 2,833.6 | 495.2 |
| November | 554.5 | 12,214.6 | 2,848.1 | 491.3 |
| December | 556.2 | 12,225.5 | 2,860.9 | 487.8 |
| 2023 | | | | |
| January | 558.1 | 12,237.3 | 2,877.8 | 486.1 |
| February | 560.3 | 12,249.9 | 2,892.5 | 486.6 |
| March | 561.8 | 12,264.7 | 2,909.1 | 487.4 |
| April | 565.0 | 12,276.4 | 2,921.0 | 489.0 |
| May | 566.6 | 12,288.0 | 2,935.0 | 490.0 |
| June | 569.4 | 12,299.2 | 2,948.5 | 490.7 |
| July | 570.9 | 12,313.6 | 2,958.9 | 491.6 |
| August | 571.9 | 12,324.5 | 2,966.8 | 491.7 |
| September | 573.7 | 12,334.7 | 2,974.2 | 492.4 |
| October | 574.7 | 12,349.7 | 2,985.0 | 493.8 |
| November | 576.6 | 12,365.9 | 2,994.4 | 494.3 |

Table D: Employed person by occupation, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

('000)

| Year | Total | Occupation | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980¹ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 375.7 | 111.5 | 493.4 | 510.5 | 573.2 | 1,655.3 | 1,529.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 381.3 | 132.3 | 520.6 | 522.7 | 593.7 | 1,678.5 | 1,628.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 409.8 | 115.4 | 541.3 | 600.0 | 638.1 | 1,694.1 | 1,567.7 | n.a | n.a |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 426.6 | 129.2 | 551.5 | 625.9 | 643.0 | 1,720.0 | 1,556.9 | n.a | n.a |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 449.0 | 140.4 | 544.9 | 638.5 | 686.6 | 1,757.2 | 1,543.6 | n.a | n.a |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 452.0 | 117.7 | 566.1 | 711.9 | 704.3 | 1,845.8 | 1,586.1 | n.a | n.a |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 454.1 | 127.9 | 574.4 | 728.1 | 728.3 | 1,892.5 | 1,651.7 | n.a | n.a |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 477.0 | 131.3 | 605.5 | 726.0 | 727.0 | 1,848.9 | 1,875.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 519.8 | 144.8 | 655.6 | 758.7 | 762.6 | 1,750.7 | 2,092.8 | n.a | n.a |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 586.4 | 187.8 | 732.3 | 763.5 | 790.1 | 1,549.7 | 2,437.9 | n.a | n.a |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 639.5 | 219.9 | 789.2 | 771.8 | 879.0 | 1,576.0 | 2,508.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 756.6 | 247.7 | 832.0 | 834.9 | 845.8 | 1,539.5 | 2,588.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 838.0 | 298.2 | 905.8 | 935.7 | 943.1 | 1,644.8 | 2,833.6 | n.a | n.a |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 896.6 | 329.5 | 963.2 | 918.5 | 985.1 | 1,516.4 | 2,960.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 913.1 | 346.2 | 946.9 | 937.5 | 1,007.9 | 1,632.6 | 2,815.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 937.0 | 348.3 | 985.6 | 991.7 | 1,052.8 | 1,633.1 | 2,889.2 | n.a | n.a |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 1,020.4 | 391.9 | 1,012.5 | 1,044.8 | 1,189.3 | 1,569.3 | 3,040.9 | n.a | n.a |
| Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998² | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 695.0 | 457.2 | 1,126.1 | 890.6 | 1,291.1 | 1,265.3 | 1,160.2 | 1,476.6 | 994.9 |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 786.3 | 483.5 | 1,194.6 | 890.3 | 1,307.7 | 1,260.8 | 1,168.1 | 1,373.0 | 1,078.2 |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 793.5 | 530.3 | 1,219.9 | 937.8 | 1,399.4 | 1,249.8 | 1,235.6 | 1,420.7 | 1,082.6 |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 859.3 | 561.3 | 1,211.6 | 931.2 | 1,479.7 | 1,292.8 | 1,165.2 | 1,409.9 | 1,068.5 |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 777.4 | 555.1 | 1,266.8 | 992.3 | 1,483.7 | 1,268.6 | 1,145.5 | 1,427.5 | 1,128.3 |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 829.6 | 565.9 | 1,307.5 | 968.3 | 1,597.1 | 1,335.9 | 1,154.8 | 1,408.0 | 1,108.4 |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 770.4 | 596.8 | 1,400.5 | 1,029.5 | 1,705.6 | 1,355.3 | 1,133.2 | 1,347.4 | 1,199.3 |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 748.8 | 613.7 | 1,496.4 | 1,053.4 | 1,776.1 | 1,271.3 | 1,153.8 | 1,344.1 | 1,202.0 |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 822.9 | 684.6 | 1,560.0 | 1,086.6 | 1,869.1 | 1,255.7 | 1,132.9 | 1,242.7 | 1,242.8 |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 856.7 | 737.4 | 1,695.8 | 1,183.2 | 1,959.6 | 1,382.0 | 1,228.3 | 1,502.8 | 1,353.7 |
| Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008³ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 | 692.4 | 1,221.0 | 1,306.3 | 1,180.3 | 2,503.2 | 1,011.8 | 1,345.8 | 1,570.2 | 1,520.4 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 | 684.4 | 1,244.0 | 1,283.4 | 1,168.8 | 2,640.7 | 1,184.1 | 1,428.5 | 1,576.8 | 1,609.8 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 | 695.5 | 1,284.7 | 1,292.6 | 1,190.7 | 2,911.0 | 1,180.2 | 1,492.1 | 1,694.4 | 1,804.0 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 | 664.4 | 1,376.5 | 1,367.2 | 1,237.8 | 3,169.3 | 1,002.4 | 1,555.1 | 1,659.1 | 1,820.8 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 | 718.6 | 1,462.0 | 1,406.9 | 1,241.1 | 3,188.9 | 940.3 | 1,578.8 | 1,585.2 | 1,945.9 |
| Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013⁴ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 | 658.5 | 1,755.2 | 1,453.5 | 1,163.8 | 3,176.3 | 872.0 | 1,570.3 | 1,669.8 | 1,844.2 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 | 690.3 | 1,771.6 | 1,522.9 | 1,236.5 | 3,212.6 | 898.9 | 1,517.1 | 1,766.5 | 1,860.4 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 | 660.5 | 1,824.4 | 1,536.7 | 1,247.7 | 3,422.8 | 921.9 | 1,545.5 | 1,787.9 | 1,828.7 |
| 2019 | 15,073.4 | 694.5 | 1,883.5 | 1,573.9 | 1,272.1 | 3,411.6 | 932.8 | 1,577.1 | 1,865.4 | 1,862.5 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 808.4 | 1,867.7 | 1,547.2 | 1,242.1 | 3,632.3 | 916.3 | 1,472.5 | 1,689.9 | 1,780.3 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 | 687.0 | 1,961.4 | 1,806.7 | 1,507.3 | 3,611.5 | 720.3 | 1,301.0 | 1,553.7 | 1,915.2 |
| Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2020⁵ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | 15,391.7 | 712.2 | 1,993.2 | 1,855.1 | 1,534.7 | 3,763.2 | 723.8 | 1,380.7 | 1,584.4 | 1,844.4 |

Notes:

¹For 1982- 2000, category of occupation are classified according to the "Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980" as follows:

- 1: Professional, technical and related workers
- 2: Administrative and managerial workers
- 3: Clerical and related workers
- 4: Sales workers
- 5: Service workers
- 6: Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters
- 7: Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers

²For 2001 - 2010, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998" as follows:

- 1: Legislators, senior officials and managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trade workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

³For 2011 - 2015, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical support workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

⁴For 2016 - 2021, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service and sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

⁵For 2022 onwards, categories of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2020"

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

('000)

| Year | Total | Industry | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| | | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |
| Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972¹ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 1,635.8 | 51.7 | 816.0 | 34.9 | 377.5 | 860.9 | 223.1 | 202.1 | 1,046.9 | n.a |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 1,670.9 | 55.1 | 894.1 | 39.3 | 425.6 | 897.3 | 235.9 | 197.7 | 1,041.0 | n.a |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 1,695.0 | 46.5 | 858.4 | 32.9 | 428.0 | 956.6 | 242.8 | 200.5 | 1,106.0 | n.a |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 1,717.4 | 44.4 | 850.4 | 31.5 | 419.4 | 994.3 | 244.3 | 218.9 | 1,132.7 | n.a |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 1,764.5 | 40.6 | 874.0 | 32.4 | 369.4 | 1,035.1 | 242.0 | 234.6 | 1,167.6 | n.a |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 1,846.4 | 33.0 | 928.9 | 35.9 | 336.3 | 1,091.7 | 252.0 | 241.6 | 1,218.0 | n.a |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 1,883.8 | 30.7 | 978.1 | 41.3 | 339.9 | 1,112.6 | 265.1 | 229.4 | 1,276.1 | n.a |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 1,832.5 | 33.1 | 1,171.1 | 40.6 | 376.9 | 1,143.9 | 277.6 | 253.2 | 1,262.0 | n.a |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 1,737.6 | 36.8 | 1,332.8 | 46.7 | 423.9 | 1,217.8 | 301.9 | 258.4 | 1,329.0 | n.a |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 1,535.8 | 36.3 | 1,639.6 | 45.9 | 506.7 | 1,254.5 | 326.2 | 299.8 | 1,403.1 | n.a |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 1,558.6 | 37.6 | 1,726.9 | 60.3 | 538.8 | 1,266.2 | 344.0 | 330.1 | 1,520.9 | n.a |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 1,526.8 | 32.5 | 1,780.5 | 48.0 | 611.3 | 1,370.7 | 359.2 | 363.7 | 1,552.2 | n.a |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 1,626.2 | 35.0 | 1,912.1 | 44.1 | 716.5 | 1,566.7 | 400.7 | 412.0 | 1,686.0 | n.a |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 1,481.3 | 38.5 | 2,002.5 | 50.9 | 793.0 | 1,577.9 | 423.3 | 447.2 | 1,754.5 | n.a |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 1,616.5 | 28.4 | 1,907.8 | 50.0 | 745.9 | 1,616.0 | 421.7 | 425.8 | 1,787.5 | n.a |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 1,623.7 | 37.8 | 1,990.7 | 50.2 | 722.8 | 1,660.6 | 420.3 | 466.2 | 1,865.4 | n.a |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 1,552.4 | 27.7 | 2,174.2 | 49.3 | 759.9 | 1,787.2 | 433.9 | 474.3 | 2,010.3 | n.a |
| Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000² | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 1,288.2 | 127.7 | 26.7 | 2,184.1 | 57.3 | 829.8 | 1,458.1 | 585.1 | 468.3 | 225.3 |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 1,316.8 | 107.7 | 27.5 | 2,068.9 | 50.6 | 905.1 | 1,497.0 | 616.1 | 496.8 | 240.5 |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 1,301.2 | 107.0 | 29.5 | 2,131.0 | 57.6 | 942.5 | 1,592.2 | 644.2 | 481.6 | 223.4 |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 1,326.5 | 126.1 | 34.7 | 2,023.0 | 57.9 | 890.8 | 1,607.2 | 698.2 | 532.9 | 236.1 |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 1,355.2 | 115.2 | 36.1 | 1,989.3 | 56.6 | 904.4 | 1,620.3 | 671.8 | 544.7 | 247.4 |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 1,375.3 | 128.2 | 42.0 | 2,082.8 | 75.4 | 908.9 | 1,650.5 | 721.3 | 539.7 | 242.3 |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 1,437.3 | 120.9 | 39.4 | 1,977.3 | 60.8 | 922.5 | 1,712.1 | 760.7 | 538.2 | 282.2 |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 1,365.6 | 122.1 | 54.5 | 1,944.7 | 60.5 | 998.0 | 1,729.4 | 783.6 | 583.4 | 276.0 |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 1,349.6 | 121.5 | 62.7 | 1,807.1 | 58.1 | 1,015.9 | 1,831.8 | 800.5 | 592.0 | 271.5 |
| Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008³ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 1,614.9 | 57.2 | 2,108.5 | 55.5 | 66.7 | 1,082.7 | 1,887.8 | 554.7 | 856.7 | 178.9 |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 ⁴ | 1,421.7 | 73.5 | 2,244.0 | 51.0 | 71.9 | 1,151.5 | 2,005.4 | 604.0 | 951.1 | 206.5 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 ⁴ | 1,628.2 | 80.8 | 2,263.7 | 61.9 | 81.0 | 1,174.7 | 2,125.6 | 624.3 | 965.1 | 208.8 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 ⁴ | 1,758.9 | 87.9 | 2,315.8 | 61.5 | 83.7 | 1,292.1 | 2,261.4 | 626.5 | 1,041.5 | 194.1 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 ⁴ | 1,694.2 | 84.7 | 2,372.5 | 65.6 | 81.2 | 1,277.7 | 2,324.4 | 598.2 | 1,149.3 | 213.2 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 ⁴ | 1,753.9 | 104.4 | 2,322.7 | 61.7 | 72.1 | 1,309.9 | 2,361.4 | 615.0 | 1,150.8 | 214.2 |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 ⁴ | 1,609.9 | 96.3 | 2,390.6 | 77.9 | 76.4 | 1,251.7 | 2,428.5 | 630.4 | 1,260.7 | 208.7 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 ⁴ | 1,635.0 | 97.2 | 2,513.3 | 62.2 | 81.0 | 1,258.9 | 2,485.4 | 658.2 | 1,323.2 | 220.3 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 ⁴ | 1,570.3 | 90.8 | 2,499.9 | 68.8 | 88.6 | 1,257.8 | 2,544.6 | 697.9 | 1,473.4 | 216.4 |
| 2019 ⁵ | 15,073.4 ⁴ | 1,541.1 | 91.0 | 2,612.0 | 75.4 | 88.8 | 1,246.7 | 2,604.6 | 677.8 | 1,549.7 | 223.9 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 1,566.0 | 82.2 | 2,498.0 | 76.4 | 83.7 | 1,173.4 | 2,765.6 | 689.2 | 1,540.0 | 223.4 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 ⁴ | 1,550.0 | 81.9 | 2,501.4 | 77.7 | 85.5 | 1,159.6 | 2,826.5 | 704.5 | 1,535.5 | 235.1 |
| 2022 | 15,391.7 ⁴ | 1,540.8 | 84.3 | 2,590.7 | 79.1 | 88.3 | 1,170.5 | 2,932.6 | 711.4 | 1,547.7 | 236.4 |

Notes:

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- G: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
- I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- B: Fishing
- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- P: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

⁴Revised

⁵For year 2011-2019, 2021 and 2022, total includes 'Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies'

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022 (cont'd)

('000)

| Year | Total | Industry | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| | | K | L | M | N | O | P | Q | R | S | T |
| Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972¹ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000² | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 348.6 | 664.6 | 508.6 | 173.3 | 190.4 | 219.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 397.1 | 663.6 | 508.6 | 189.3 | 192.5 | 262.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 404.2 | 666.5 | 594.3 | 217.3 | 216.1 | 258.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 458.5 | 684.3 | 610.7 | 198.2 | 231.3 | 260.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 459.0 | 728.5 | 607.1 | 212.6 | 234.9 | 260.6 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 508.4 | 674.1 | 600.1 | 223.2 | 247.1 | 254.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 558.1 | 716.1 | 632.7 | 238.9 | 266.5 | 272.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 553.2 | 751.1 | 656.5 | 252.6 | 274.2 | 253.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 601.9 | 813.9 | 731.4 | 271.7 | 303.3 | 262.5 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008³ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 323.4 | 58.5 | 285.6 | 359.2 | 787.7 | 779.3 | 280.0 | 91.6 | 182.9 | 285.4 |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 ⁴ | 319.3 | 61.2 | 328.4 | 448.0 | 750.2 | 782.3 | 384.1 | 87.5 | 181.8 | 225.8 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 ⁴ | 322.1 | 68.9 | 307.3 | 532.2 | 696.4 | 784.9 | 414.3 | 84.8 | 190.5 | 202.7 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 ⁴ | 318.9 | 72.7 | 306.8 | 566.9 | 761.4 | 816.6 | 490.0 | 79.4 | 192.4 | 214.8 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 ⁴ | 329.1 | 79.7 | 328.8 | 654.3 | 741.7 | 871.4 | 532.9 | 94.1 | 199.1 | 159.1 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 ⁴ | 354.4 | 71.2 | 359.3 | 634.8 | 751.0 | 899.0 | 573.1 | 81.7 | 233.1 | 142.3 |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 ⁴ | 346.9 | 82.4 | 361.8 | 657.0 | 748.2 | 928.7 | 570.3 | 80.9 | 230.8 | 124.7 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 ⁴ | 369.0 | 84.5 | 348.1 | 677.2 | 742.2 | 880.3 | 588.0 | 84.3 | 260.1 | 106.9 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 ⁴ | 338.6 | 97.2 | 367.7 | 747.6 | 720.2 | 988.7 | 551.2 | 85.6 | 264.8 | 103.9 |
| 2019 [†] | 15,073.4 ⁴ | 355.1 | 90.3 | 394.7 | 809.2 | 737.1 | 992.1 | 527.7 | 84.0 | 266.1 | 104.3 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 372.1 | 82.1 | 379.3 | 801.9 | 734.9 | 937.6 | 559.6 | 58.2 | 267.0 | 66.1 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 ⁴ | 386.5 | 83.4 | 358.9 | 846.0 | 725.1 | 924.3 | 582.2 | 60.5 | 274.7 | 64.6 |
| 2022 | 15,391.7 ⁴ | 397.2 | 83.7 | 365.7 | 862.4 | 747.7 | 943.7 | 599.0 | 63.5 | 279.0 | 67.8 |

Notes:

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- G: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
- I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

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- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- P: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

[†]Revised

⁴For year 2011-2019, 2021 and 2022, total includes 'Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies'

Table F: Employed person by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2022

| Time Series | Total | Status of Employment | | | |
|-------------|----------|----------------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | | Employer | Employee | Own Account Worker | Unpaid Family Worker |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 158.1 | 3,320.7 | 1,159.8 | 610.4 |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 175.4 | 3,447.2 | 1,242.6 | 591.7 |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 141.4 | 3,673.4 | 1,130.1 | 621.8 |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 167.8 | 3,636.1 | 1,189.8 | 659.5 |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 180.4 | 3,560.7 | 1,308.2 | 710.6 |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 167.9 | 3,747.9 | 1,280.1 | 788.1 |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 204.7 | 3,799.1 | 1,377.1 | 776.3 |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 154.2 | 4,164.7 | 1,324.3 | 747.4 |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 194.6 | 4,412.4 | 1,383.9 | 694.0 |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 158.5 | 5,047.7 | 1,277.3 | 564.2 |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 209.5 | 5,272.8 | 1,350.7 | 550.1 |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 188.1 | 5,553.3 | 1,396.4 | 506.9 |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 251.1 | 6,071.4 | 1,514.2 | 562.6 |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 222.7 | 6,380.7 | 1,449.6 | 516.1 |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 252.7 | 6,307.9 | 1,521.6 | 517.4 |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 202.2 | 6,602.5 | 1,489.1 | 543.9 |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 275.8 | 6,882.6 | 1,586.0 | 524.8 |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 306.8 | 7,056.2 | 1,514.9 | 478.5 |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 288.6 | 7,320.2 | 1,479.8 | 453.9 |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 333.0 | 7,523.8 | 1,536.3 | 476.3 |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 354.7 | 7,445.0 | 1,678.1 | 501.7 |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 337.0 | 7,583.4 | 1,671.7 | 453.2 |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 396.9 | 7,632.9 | 1,733.4 | 512.2 |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 362.5 | 7,824.0 | 1,831.5 | 520.1 |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 371.4 | 7,951.1 | 1,851.1 | 486.0 |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 399.4 | 8,153.6 | 1,862.7 | 481.7 |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 439.3 | 9,010.2 | 1,954.7 | 495.4 |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 | 446.1 | 9,483.7 | 1,907.4 | 514.3 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 | 476.2 | 9,620.0 | 2,117.3 | 607.0 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 | 523.9 | 10,073.5 | 2,316.8 | 631.3 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 | 511.5 | 10,447.6 | 2,267.2 | 626.3 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 | 568.6 | 10,395.5 | 2,476.2 | 627.4 |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 | 486.4 | 10,534.2 | 2,522.3 | 620.9 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 | 553.5 | 10,710.1 | 2,606.7 | 606.4 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 | 547.2 | 10,700.4 | 2,859.2 | 669.1 |
| 2019 | 15,073.4 | 552.9 | 11,218.3 | 2,724.2 | 578.1 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 512.2 | 11,554.2 | 2,383.0 | 507.4 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 | 508.4 | 11,821.4 | 2,231.0 | 503.3 |
| 2022 | 15,391.7 | 532.9 | 12,046.8 | 2,325.0 | 487.0 |

Table G: Labour force indicators for selected countries, November 2022 - November 2023

| Indicators | 2022 | | 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | Data Source |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------------------------------|
| | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | June | July | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | |
| Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| South East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Malaysia | 69.8 | 69.8 | 69.8 | 69.9 | 69.9 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 70.1 | 70.1 | DOSM |
| Philippine | 67.5 | 66.4 | 64.5 | 66.6 | 66.0 | 65.1 | 65.3 | 66.1 | 60.1 | 64.7 | 64.1 | 63.9 | 65.9 | Philippine Statistics Authority |
| East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hong Kong | 58.4 | 58.3 | 58.1 | 57.9 | 57.9 | 57.7 | 57.6 | 57.5 | 57.6 | 57.7 | 57.8 | 57.7 | 57.5 | Census and Statistics Department |
| Taiwan | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.1 | 59.2 | 59.3 | 59.3 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.3 | National Statistics Republic of China |
| South Korea | 64.2 | 63.3 | 62.6 | 63.1 | 64.1 | 64.4 | 65.3 | 65.3 | 65.0 | 64.4 | 64.6 | 64.3 | 63.9 | Statistics Korea |
| Japan | 62.4 | 62.3 | 62.2 | 62.1 | 62.6 | 62.9 | 62.9 | 63.1 | 63.1 | 63.1 | 63.3 | 63.1 | 63.1 | Statistics Bureau of Japan |
| Oceania | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Australia | 66.8 | 66.7 | 66.7 | 66.7 | 66.8 | 66.8 | 66.9 | 66.9 | 66.9 | 67.0 | 66.7 | 67.0 | 67.2 | ABS |
| North America | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USA | 62.2 | 62.3 | 62.4 | 62.5 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.8 | 62.8 | 62.7 | 62.8 | BLS |
| Canada | 64.8 | 65.4 | 65.7 | 65.7 | 65.6 | 65.6 | 65.5 | 65.7 | 65.6 | 65.5 | 65.6 | 65.6 | 65.6 | Statistics Canada |
| Europe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| United Kingdom | 78.5 | 78.6 | 78.7 | 78.9 | 79.0 | 79.0 | 79.2 | 79.1 | 79.1 | 79.1 | 79.1 | 79.1 | n.a | ONS |
| Sweden | 74.2 | 73.1 | 73.7 | 74.2 | 75.0 | 74.8 | 75.9 | 78.5 | 78.0 | 75.6 | 74.9 | 75.4 | 75.4 | Statistics Sweden |
| Finland | 67.6 | 67.7 | 67.1 | 67.1 | 68.0 | 68.6 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 68.3 | 69.1 | 68.4 | 67.6 | 67.4 | Statistics Finland |
| Russia | 62.5 | 62.2 | 62.4 | 62.3 | 62.4 | 62.6 | 62.6 | 62.7 | 63.0 | 63.1 | 63.0 | n.a | n.a | Trading economics |
| Italy | 65.8 | 66.0 | 66.3 | 66.3 | 66.4 | 66.5 | 66.5 | 66.6 | 66.6 | 66.6 | 66.9 | 67.1 | 66.9 | National Institute of Statistics |
| Netherland | 75.3 | 75.5 | 75.6 | 75.6 | 75.6 | 75.7 | 75.7 | 75.7 | 75.8 | 75.9 | 75.7 | 75.8 | 75.9 | Statistics Netherlands |
| Unemployment rate (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| South East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Malaysia | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | DOSM |
| Philippine | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 3.6 | Philippine Statistics Authority |
| East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hong Kong | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 | Census and Statistics Department |
| Taiwan | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | National Statistics Republic of China |
| South Korea | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | Statistics Korea |
| Japan | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | Statistics Bureau of Japan |
| Oceania | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Australia | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 | ABS |
| North America | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USA | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.7 | BLS |
| Canada | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.8 | Statistics Canada |
| Europe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| United Kingdom | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | n.a | ONS |
| Sweden | 6.4 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 9.2 | 6.2 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 | Statistics Sweden |
| Finland | 5.9 | 6.7 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 7.9 | 9.0 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 | Statistics Finland |
| Russia | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | Trading economics |
| Italy | 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.5 | National Institute of Statistics |
| Netherland | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | Statistics Netherlands |

Note
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