





LABOUR FORCE STATISTICS REPORT

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



MINISTRY OF ECONOMY DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

LABOUR FORCE REPORT MALAYSIA APRIL 2023

Announcement:

The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) will conduct the Economic Census in 2023. DOSM greatly appreciates the cooperation from respondents in providing information with DOSM and ensuring the success of this census.

Please visit www.dosm.gov.my for more information.

DOSM has launched OpenDOSM NextGen as a medium that provides a catalogue of data and visualisation that facilitates users in analysing various types of data.

OpenDOSM NextGen is an open source data sharing platform and accessible through https://open.dosm.gov.my portal.

Please be informed that the Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20 each year.

MyStats Day theme is

"Connecting the World with Data We Can Trust".

DOSM will release Preliminary GDP Estimates commencing the second quarter of 2023. This preliminary estimate is an initiative by DOSM to provide an overview of the economic performance four (4) weeks in advance before the Quarterly GDP is released.

Published and printed by:

Department of Statistics Malaysia

Block C6 & C7, Complex C, Federal Government Administrative Centre, 62514 Putrajaya,

MALAYSIA

Tel. : 03-8885 7000 Fax : 03-8888 9248

Portal : https://www.dosm.gov.my

Facebook / Twitter / Instagram : StatsMalaysia

Email : info@dosm.gov.my (general enquiries)

data@dosm.gov.my (data request & enquiries)

Published on 9 June 2023

All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means or stored in database without the prior written permission from Department of Statistics Malaysia.

Users reproducing content of this publication with or without adaptation should quote the following:

"Source: Department of Statistics Malaysia"

eISSN 2735 - 1831

PREFACE

The monthly Labour Force Report, Malaysia, presents the statistics of labour force, employment and

unemployment obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The implementation of the LFS is based

on the guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO) with reference

to the Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment:

An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

The labour force statistics are used as a vital input for labour market analysis, policy formulation as well

as planning, implementing, and monitoring programmes particularly related to human resource

development. These statistics also serve as an essential references to researchers, economists,

academicians, private sector, and individuals in research related to employment and the labour market.

The Labour Force Report for April 2023 describes the labour supply situation as the country was in the

transition phase to endemicity. The report also elaborates on the month-on-month changes to examine

the immediate effects of recent events. In addition, annual changes from the same month of the previous

year are also reported.

The Department of Statistics Malaysia gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and contribution

rendered by all parties in making this publication a success. Every feedback and suggestion towards

improving future reports are highly appreciated.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN

Chief Statistician Malaysia

June 2023

This page is deliberately left blank LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA | APRIL 2023

CONTENTS

			PAGE			
Contents			i			
Glossary			ii			
Acronyms			iv			
•						
Infographi	С		V			
Key Revie	ws		1			
1. Introd	uct	ion	2			
2. Emplo	уп	ient	2			
3. Unem	plo	yment	4			
4. Labou	ır F	orce	5			
5. Outsid	de l	_abour Force	7			
6. Looki	na	Ahead	7			
O. LOOKII	a	Alleda	•			
List of Tab	oles					
Table A	:	Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021	A-1			
Table B	:	Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - First Quarter 2023	A-2			
Table B1	:	Employed person working less than 30 hours by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2023	A-4			
Table B2	:	Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2023	A-5			
Table B3	:	Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2023	A-6			
Table C	:	Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023	A-7			
Table C1	:	Seasonally adjusted of principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023	A-11			
Table C2	:	Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - April 2023	A-15			
Table C3	:	Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - April 2023	A-17			
Table C4	:	Employed persons by status in employment, January 2016 - April 2023	A-19			
Table D	:	Employed persons by occupation, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021	A-21			
Table E	:	Employed persons by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021	A-22			
Table F	:	Employed persons by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021	A-24			
Table G	:	Labour force indicators for selected countries, April 2022 - April 2023	A-25			

GLOSSARY

Actively unemployed

Persons who were available for work and were actively looking for work during the reference week.

Category of skills

For reporting purpose, the category of occupation is regrouped into three levels of skills based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2013 as below:

Skilled workers:

- 1. Managers;
- 2. Professionals; and
- 3. Technicians and associate professionals.

Semi-skilled workers:

- 4. Clerical support workers;
- 5. Services and sales workers;
- 6. Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock, and fishery workers;
- 7. Craft and related trades workers; and
- 8. Plant and machine operators and assemblers.

Low-skilled workers:

9. Elementary occupations.

Starting on January 2022, the category of occupation is based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2020 with an addition of group 0 - Armed forces occupations.

Economic activity

Classification of industries according to the Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 version 1.0 into five main sectors namely Agriculture, Mining & quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction and Services. In the meantime, Manufacturing and Services are further disaggregated into subsectors.

Employed

All persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker.

Employee

 A person who works for a public or private employer and receives regular remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips or payment in kind.

Employer

: A person who operates a business, a plantation or other trade and employs one or more workers to help him.

Employment-topopulation ratio The proportion of employed population to working-age population.

Inactively unemployed

Did not look for work because they believed no work was available or that they were not qualified; Would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or had it not been for weather condition; and had looked for work prior to the reference week and were waiting for result of job applications.

GLOSSARY

Labour force	:	Labour force refers to population in the working age group (15 to 64 years) who are either employed or unemployed
Labour force participation rate	:	The ratio of labour force to the working-age population, expressed as a percentage.
Outside labour force	:	All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as outside labour force. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.
Own account worker	:	A person who operates his own farm, business or trade without employing any paid workers in the conduct of his farm, trade or business.
Skill-related underemployment	:	Those with tertiary education and working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled categories.
Time-related underemployment	:	A group of people who were employed less than 30 hours during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work and were able and willing to accept additional hours of work. Persons who were employed more than 30 hours during the reference week are considered to be in full employment.
Unemployed	:	Those who did not work during the reference week but were interested to work and seeking for a job. Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.
Unemployment rate	:	The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force, expressed as a percentage.
Unpaid family worker	:	A person who works without pay or wages on a farm, business or trade operated by another member of the family.

ACRONYMS

BNM : Bank Negara Malaysia

CATI : Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview

DOSM : Department of Statistics Malaysia

EU : European Union

GDP : Gross Domestic Product

ILO : International Labour Organizations
LFPR : Labour Force Participation Rate

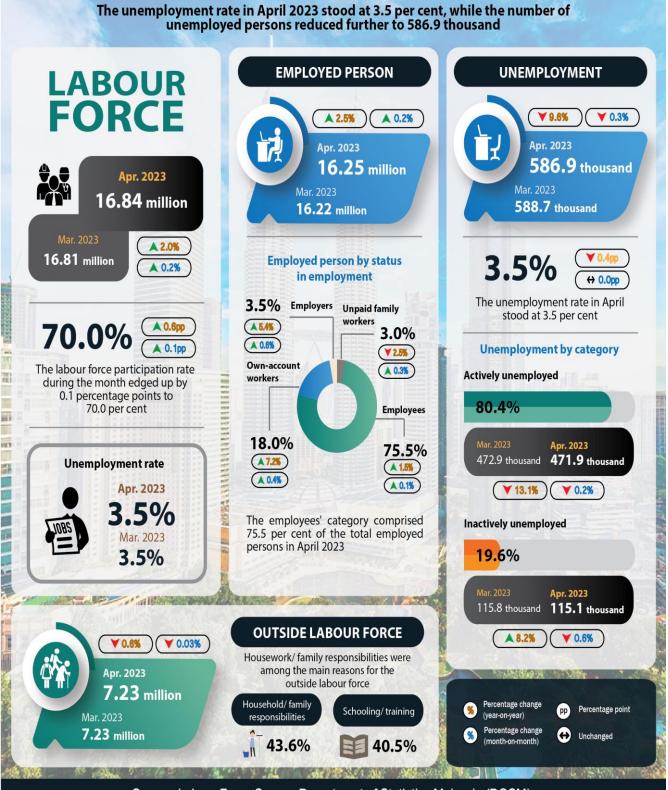
LFS : Labour Force Survey

LI : Leading Index US : United States





LABOUR FORCE MALAYSIA, APRIL 2023



Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)





CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS



What is Labour Force Survey (LFS)?

Labour Force Survey (LFS) was conducted to collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment from the perspective of labour supply.

The survey population comprises persons who live in the private living quarters, hence excludes persons residing in institutions such as hotels, hospitals, hostels, prisons, and workers residing in construction worksite.

LFS encompasses both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within all states in Malaysia using multi-modal data collection approach through the personal interview and a Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI).

The LFS are conducted based on the standard guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organizations (ILO).

The working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of 15 to 64 years during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE

- The population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years (in completed years at last birthday).
- Either employed or unemployed in the reference week.

EMPLOYED

- Persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain (as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker).
- Persons who did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to.
- Those on temporary lay-off with pay who would definitely be called back to work.

UNEMPLOYED

- Those who did not work during the reference week but are interested to work and seeking for a job.
- Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.

OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

- All persons not classified as employed or unemployed.
- Example: housewives, students, retirees, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

- The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force.
- Percentage of the unemployed population in the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

- The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population.
- The proportion of the economically active population, hence differs between sub-groups of that population.
- These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed as labour force participation rate.
- Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 to 64 years), expressed as a percentage.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

- Time-series data are very useful for economist, policy & decision makers and time-series analysts to identify the important features of economics series such as direction, turning point and consistency between other economic indicators. Sometimes this feature is difficult to observe because of seasonal movements. Thus, if seasonal effect can be removed, the behaviour of the series would be better viewed. The estimation and removal of the seasonal effects is called seasonal adjusment.
- Seasonal adjustment is a process to identify and to remove the regular within-a-year seasonal pattern, which may also include the influences of moving holidays and working/trading days effect in each period. The ultimate objective of the process is to highlight the underlying trends and short-term movements in the series
- In Malaysia, most of the time series data is affected by seasonal effects. Hence, to eliminate the seasonal effect as well as to seasonally adjust the Malaysian economic time series data, a standard seasonal adjustment package, X-12 ARIMA was used by the Department of Statistics Malaysia.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM)

KEY REVIEWS

- In April 2023, the number of **employed persons** continued its upward trajectory, experiencing a growth of **0.2 per cent**, equivalent to an addition of **28.4 thousand persons**. This brought the total employed persons to **16.25 million persons**, compared to the previous month (March 2023: 16.22 million persons). The **employment-to-population ratio**, which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment, remained at **67.5 per cent** during the month (March 2023: 67.5%).
- Analysis by economic sector shows that the number of employed persons in the Services sector remained on an increasing trend, particularly in Wholesale & retail trade; Food & beverage services, and Information & communication activities. Employment in the Manufacturing, Construction, and Agriculture sectors also posted increases. In contrast, the number of employed persons in the Mining & guarrying sector recorded a decline during the month.
- During the month, the employees' category which comprised 75.5 per cent of the total employed persons, recorded a month-on-month increase of 0.1 per cent (+11.7 thousand persons) to 12.28 million persons (March 2023: 12.26 million persons). A similar trend was observed in the number of own-account workers, which rose by 0.4 per cent (+11.9 thousand persons) to 2.92 million persons as compared to 2.91 million persons in March 2023 over the same period.
- The number of **unemployed persons** in April 2023 decreased further, registering a month-on-month decline of **0.3 per cent (-1.8 thousand persons)** to **586.9 thousand persons** from 588.7 thousand persons recorded in March 2023. The **unemployment rate** in April stood at **3.5 per cent** (March 2023: 3.5%).
- The number of **labour force** in April 2023 continued to trend up, with an addition of **26.7 thousand persons** (+0.2%) to record **16.84 million persons** (March 2023: 16.81 million persons). Accordingly, the **labour force participation rate** (**LFPR**) during the month edged up by **0.1 percentage points** to **70.0 per cent** (March 2023: 69.9%), indicating more labour participation in the market.
- In April 2023, the number of persons outside the labour force recorded a marginal decline of 0.03 per cent (-2.4 thousand persons) to 7.23 million persons (March 2023: 7.23 million persons). Housework/ family responsibilities were among the main reasons for the outside labour force with a share of 43.6 per cent, followed by schooling/ training category (40.5%).
- Malaysia's economy is expected to maintain its positive growth in 2023, though at a slower pace than in 2022. This is supported by factors such as sustained domestic demand, improved labour market conditions, more stable inflation trends, and the recovery of tourist arrivals, whereby encouraging tourism activity is expected to have a positive impact on the growth of the tourism sector and related industry. Thus, the labour market is expected to grow modestly in the coming months as the Malaysian economy is projected to flourish moderately.

1 THE LABOUR MARKET REMAINED STABLE IN APRIL 2023, WITH A CONTINUOUS INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS AND A FURTHER REDUCTION IN THE NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED, AS THE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY KEEP FLOURISHING MODERATELY

Malaysia and all Muslims around the globe celebrated the holy months of Ramadan and Eid in April 2023. In addition to its favourable effects on one's physical and spiritual well-being, Ramadan also helped the economy as more bazaars were opened. Ramadan is not only a sacred month for Muslims worldwide but also a well-known lucrative time for businesses such as Ramadan and Hari Raya Aidilfitri Bazaar. The Ramadan and Aidilfitri bazaars' operations may present extra opportunities, particularly for starting up new enterprises and expanding existing ones. Therefore, more small businesses took this opportunity to increase their income to support their lives. As we can see, a number of cross-industry brands aim to associate, understand and respect the religious and cultural significance of the holy month through their businesses¹. As the recovery of the Malaysian economy is getting better compared to the previous year, since the pandemic, business activity at the Ramadan and Aidilfitri bazaars this time has intensified, even in a situation where people are starting to be more cautious in spending.

According to Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM), the economy is getting better and as in fact continuously gaining strength, with the labour market condition is improving. The continuation of large infrastructure projects and the recovery in tourism are some of the reasons that supported Malaysia's economic expansion². Labour demand continued to expand to accommodate the business operations capacity, which led to more job opportunities for jobseekers and subsequently helped to stimulate the labour market. As economic activity kept flourishing moderately during the month, the labour market remained stable in April 2023, with a continuous increase in the number of employed persons and a further reduction in the number of unemployed.

In the meantime, Malaysia's Leading Index (LI) decreased by 1.2 per cent to 110.1 points in March 2023 (March 2022: 111.4 points), indicating that Malaysia's economy is likely to grow at a slower rate in the next few months. The monthly LI also weakened by 1.1 per cent in March 2023, as against 2.9 per cent recorded in the previous month. Furthermore, based on the smoothed long-term trend in March 2023, the LI recorded 99.3 points as compared to last month (February 2023: 99.2 points). Although it remained below the trend of 100.0 points, the economic outlook is expected to grow modestly in the near term. The expectation is in view of global headwinds and domestic uncertainties. On the same note, the monthly external trade indicators for April 2023 for exports and imports, both registered a double-digit decline of 18.7 per cent (March 2023: +15.5%) and 10.1 per cent (March 2023: +11.1%) respectively.

The number of employed continued its upward trajectory in April 2023

In April 2023, the number of **employed persons** continued its upward trajectory, experiencing a growth of **0.2 per cent**, equivalent to an addition of **28.4 thousand persons**. This brought the total employed persons to **16.25 million persons**, compared to the previous month (March 2023: 16.22 million persons). In terms of seasonally adjusted estimates, the number of employed persons also increased by 0.2 per cent. In a year-on-year comparison, the number of employed persons exhibited an increase of 2.5 per cent, or equivalent to 397.9 thousand persons, as compared to April last year (15.85 million persons).

¹ https://tgmresearch.com/ramadan-2023-insights-in-malaysia.html#10

https://www.aljazeera.com/economy/2023/5/12/malaysias-economy-beats-forecasts-with-5-6-percent-growth

Analysis by economic sector shows that the number of employed persons in the Services sector remained on an increasing trend, particularly in Wholesale & retail trade; Food & beverage services, and Information & communication activities. Employment in the Manufacturing, Construction, and Agriculture sectors also posted increases. In contrast, the number of employed persons in the Mining & quarrying sector recorded a decline during the month.

The **employment-to-population ratio** which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment, remained at 67.5 per cent during the month (March 2023: 67.5%). Comparing with the same month of the previous year, the ratio rose by 0.8 percentage points from 66.7 per cent [Chart 1].

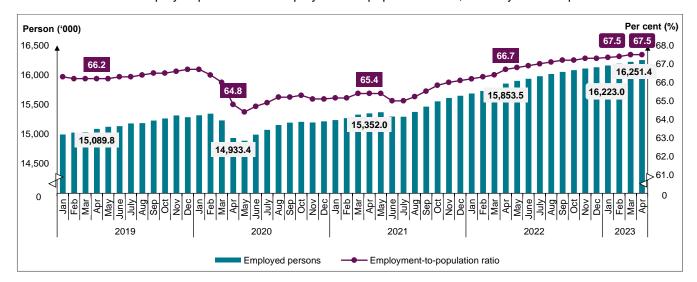


Chart 1: Employed persons and employment-to-population ratio, January 2019 - April 2023

During the month, the employees' category which comprised 75.5 per cent of the total employed persons, recorded a month-on-month increase of 0.1 per cent (+11.7 thousand persons) to 12.28 million persons (March 2023: 12.26 million persons). A similar trend was observed in the number of own-account workers, which rose by 0.4 per cent (+11.9 thousand persons) to 2.92 million persons as compared to 2.91 million persons in March 2023 over the same period. This group primarily consists of daily income earners who working as small business operators such as retailers, hawkers, sellers in market and stalls, as well as smallholders [Chart 2].

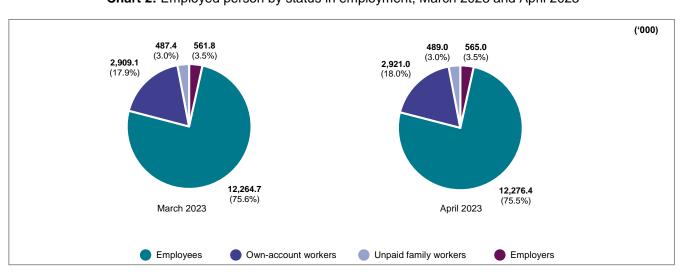


Chart 2: Employed person by status in employment, March 2023 and April 2023

The number of **employed persons who were temporarily not working** in April 2023 recorded a decrease of **8.7 per cent (-8.2 thousand persons)** to **86.5 thousand persons** (March 2023: 94.8 thousand persons). Year-on-year, this category also declined by 2.0 per cent or equivalent to a reduction of 1.8 thousand persons (April 2022: 88.3 thousand persons). This group of persons who were most likely unable to work temporarily, were not classified as unemployed as they had work to return to.

The unemployment rate in April 2023 stood at 3.5 per cent

The number of **unemployed persons** in April 2023 decreased further, registering a month-on-month decline of **0.3 per cent (-1.8 thousand persons)** to **586.9 thousand persons** from 588.7 thousand persons recorded in March 2023. The **unemployment rate** in April stood at **3.5 per cent** (March 2023: 3.5%). In seasonally adjusted terms, the number of unemployed persons decreased by 0.7 per cent, resulting in a 3.5 per cent unemployment rate.

On an annual basis, the number of unemployed persons also dropped by 9.6 per cent (-62.4 thousand persons) as compared to April 2022 (649.3 thousand persons). Accordingly, the unemployment rate declined by 0.4 percentage points as against the same month of the previous year (3.9%) [Chart 3].

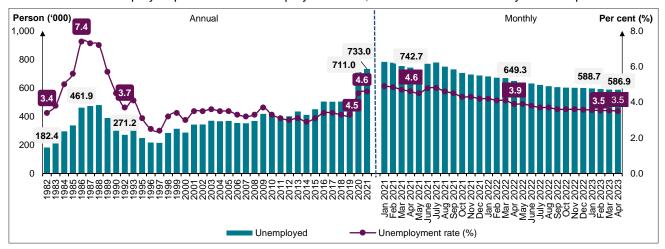


Chart 3: Unemployed persons and unemployment rate, 1982 - 2021 and January 2021 - April 2023

In terms of the unemployment category, the **actively unemployed** or those who were available for work and actively seeking jobs, made up **80.4 per cent** of the total unemployed persons in April 2023. This group recorded a decrease of **0.2 per cent** or equivalent to **1.0 thousand persons** to record **471.9 thousand persons** (March 2023: 472.9 thousand persons). Out of the total of actively unemployed, those who were **unemployed for less than three months** comprised **61.2 per cent**, while those who had been **unemployed for more than a year**³ encompassed **6.5 per cent**. Similarly, the **inactively unemployed** or those who believed that no jobs were available, registered a month-on-month decline of **0.6 per cent (-0.7 thousand persons)** to **115.1 thousand persons** (March 2023: 115.8 thousand persons) [Chart 4].

³ Referring to person who have been unemployed for one year or longer (Source: KILM: Long-term unemployment) https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---stat/documents/publication/wcms 422451.pdf

Unemployed category Duration of unemployment Less than 3 months 19.6% 3 - less than 6 months 6 - less than 12 80.4% More than 1 year Percentage share (%) March 2023 April 2023 ■ April 2023 ■ March 2023 Actively unemployed Inactively unemployed

Chart 4: Unemployed category and duration of unemployment, March 2023 and April 2023

In April 2023, the unemployment rate for youth aged 15 to 24 years continued to fall for six consecutive months with a month-on-month reduction of 0.1 percentage points to 11.1 per cent, recording the number of unemployed youths at 315.6 thousand persons (March 2023: 11.2%; 317.3 thousand persons). Likewise, the unemployment rate for youth aged 15 to 30 years edged down by **0.4 percentage points** to **6.7 per cent**, registering **441.0 thousand** unemployed youths (March 2023: 7.1%; 454.9 thousand persons) [Chart 5].

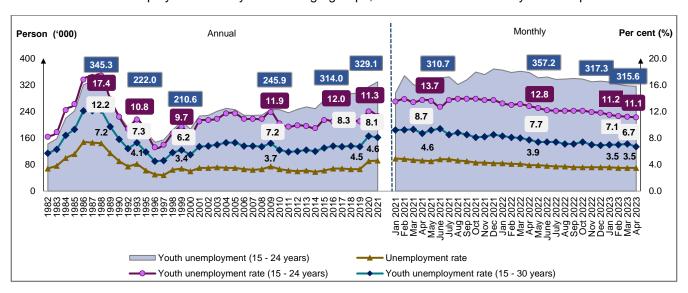


Chart 5: Unemployment rate by selected age groups, 1982 - 2021 and January 2021 - April 2023

April's LFPR edged up to 70.0 per cent

The number of labour force in April 2023 continued to trend up, with an addition of 26.7 thousand persons (+0.2%) to record 16.84 million persons (March 2023: 16.81 million persons). Accordingly, the labour force participation rate (LFPR) during the month edged up by 0.1 percentage points to 70.0 per cent (March 2023: 69.9%), indicating more labour participation in the market. According to the seasonally adjusted estimate, the number of labour force went up by 0.1 per cent, registering the LFPR at 69.9 per cent.

Annually, the number of labour force rose by 2.0 per cent or 335.6 thousand persons as compared to 16.50 million persons in April 2022. Therefore, the LFPR edged up by 0.6 percentage points from 69.4 per cent recorded in April last year. [Chart 6].

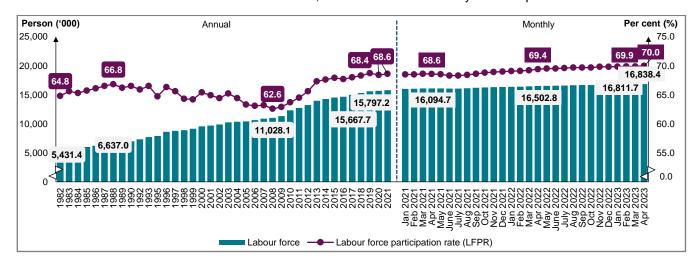


Chart 6: Labour force and LFPR, 1982 - 2021 and January 2021 - April 2023

In comparison by sex, both males and females registered increases in the number of labour force by recording 10.29 million persons (March 2023: 10.27 million persons) and 6.55 million persons (March 2023: 6.54 million persons) respectively. Subsequently, the male LFPR rose by 0.1 percentage points to 82.9 per cent (March 2023: 82.8%), whereas the female LFPR remained at 56.2 per cent (March 2023: 56.2%).

In terms of year-on-year changes, both male and female labour force remained on an upward trend, with an increase of 1.4 per cent and 3.1 per cent respectively (April 2022: 10.15 million persons; 6.36 million persons). Thus, the LFPR for male increased by 0.6 percentage points from 82.3 per cent, while the LFPR for female also ascended by 0.7 percentage points from 55.5 per cent (April 2022) [Chart 7].

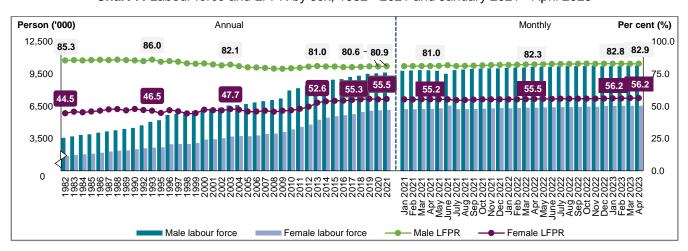


Chart 7: Labour force and LFPR by sex, 1982 - 2021 and January 2021 - April 2023

In April 2023, the number of persons **outside the labour force** recorded a marginal decline of **0.03 per cent (-2.4 thousand persons)** to **7.23 million persons** (March 2023: 7.23 million persons). A similar trend was observed for the year-on-year, also recorded a reduction of 42.0 thousand persons (-0.6%) as compared to 7.27 million persons registered in April 2022. **Housework/ family responsibilities** were among the main reasons for the outside labour force with a share of **43.6 per cent**, followed by **schooling/ training** category **(40.5%)** [Chart 8].

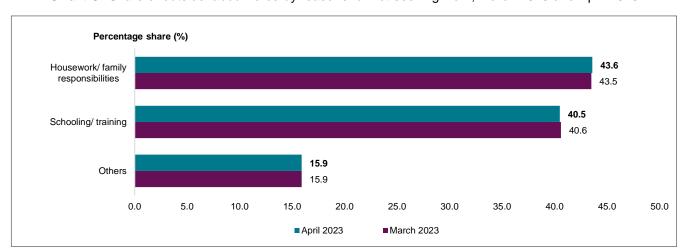


Chart 8: Share of outside labour force by reasons for not seeking work, March 2023 and April 2023

6 LOOKING AHEAD

Malaysia's economy is expected to maintain its positive growth in 2023, though at a slower pace than in 2022. This is supported by factors such as sustained domestic demand, improved labour market conditions, more stable inflation trends, and the recovery of tourist arrivals, whereby encouraging tourism activity is expected to have a positive impact on the growth of the tourism sector and related industry. The Malaysian economy also grew better than regional growth at a rate of 5.6 per cent in the first quarter, compared to five per cent recorded in the same quarter last year, driven by domestic demand, which is also supported by the implementation of Budget 2023⁴.

However, uncertainties in the slowing global economic recovery such as the United States (US) and the European Union (EU), pose challenges for Malaysia's export-oriented sectors. Escalating trade tensions and geopolitical conflicts could disrupt trade and investment flows, while slower global demand and trade, market volatility, the continuation of monetary tightening policies, and supply chain disruptions may also impact the economy. As a result, the country's economic indicators in the second quarter of this year are also expected to be lower than in the first quarter of 2023.

In addition, short-term business sentiment turned pessimistic as confidence indicators, which are short-term indicators that summarise the overall views of the business situation in various sectors in Malaysia, decreased to -3.1 per cent in the second quarter of 2023 from +3.6 per cent in the previous quarter. Thus, the labour market is expected to grow modestly in the coming months as the Malaysian economy is projected to grow moderately.

⁴ https://www.bharian.com.my/bisnes/lain-lain/2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-2023/05/1099354/ekonomi-malaysia-diunjur-berkembang-baik-suku-pertama-pert

This page is deliberately left blank LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA | APRIL 2023

TABLES

LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA APRIL 2023 This page is deliberately left blank LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA | APRIL 2023

Table A: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021

				(%)			
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
1982	5,431.4	5,249.0	182.4	2,944.6	64.8	62.7	3.4
1983	5,671.8	5,457.0	214.9	2,969.4	65.6	63.2	3.8
1984	5,862.5	5,566.7	295.8	3,119.6	65.3	62.0	5.0
1985	5,990.1	5,653.4	336.8	3,124.9	65.7	62.0	5.6
1986	6,222.1	5,760.1	461.9	3,188.3	66.1	61.2	7.4
1987	6,456.8	5,983.9	472.9	3,246.1	66.5	61.7	7.3
1988	6,637.0	6,157.2	479.8	3,301.5	66.8	62.0	7.2
1989	6,779.4	6,390.9	388.5	3,463.5	66.2	62.4	5.7
1990	7,000.2	6,685.0	315.2	3,519.7	66.5	63.6	4.5
1992	7,319.0	7,047.8	271.2	3,783.6	65.9	63.5	3.7
1993	7,700.1	7,383.4	316.8	3,874.9	66.5	63.8	4.1
1995	7,893.1	7,645.0	248.1	4,297.7	64.7	62.7	3.1
1996	8,616.0	8,399.3	216.8	4,379.0	66.3	64.6	2.5
1997	8,784.0	8,569.2	214.9	4,605.1	65.6	64.0	2.4
1998	8,883.6	8,599.6	284.0	4,934.0	64.3	62.2	3.2
1999	9,151.5	8,837.8	313.7	5,098.4	64.2	62.0	3.4
2000	9,556.1	9,269.2	286.9	5,065.1	65.4	63.4	3.0
2001	9,699.4	9,357.0	342.4	5,239.9	64.9	62.6	3.5
2002	9,886.2	9,542.6	343.5	5,473.8	64.4	62.1	3.5
2003	10,239.6	9,869.7	369.8	5,458.6	65.2	62.9	3.6
2004	10,346.2	9,979.5	366.6	5,730.5	64.4	62.1	3.5
2005	10,413.4	10,045.4	368.1	6,048.2	63.3	61.0	3.5
2006	10,628.9	10,275.4	353.6	6,205.1	63.1	61.0	3.3
2007	10,889.5	10,538.1	351.4	6,330.1	63.2	61.2	3.2
2008	11,028.1	10,659.6	368.5	6,575.7	62.6	60.6	3.3
2009	11,315.3	10,897.3	418.0	6,665.7	62.9	60.6	3.7
2010	12,303.9	11,899.5	404.4	7,023.0	63.7	61.6	3.3
2011	12,740.7	12,351.5	389.2	7,023.3	64.5	62.5	3.1
2012	13,221.7	12,820.5	401.2	6,927.4	65.6	63.6	3.0
2013	13,980.5	13,545.4	435.1	6,781.2	67.3	65.2	3.1
2014	14,263.6	13,852.6	411.1	6,821.0	67.6	65.7	2.9
2015	14,518.0	14,067.7	450.3	6,869.9	67.9	65.8	3.1
2016	14,667.8	14,067.7	504.1	6,987.6	67.7	65.4	3.4
2016	14,980.1	14,103.7	503.3	7,065.0	68.0	65.7	3.4
2018	15,280.3	14,776.0	504.3	7,094.4	68.3	66.0	3.3
2019	15,581.6	15,073.4	508.2	7,103.5	68.7	66.4	3.3
2020	15,667.7	14,956.7	711.0	7,225.5	68.4	65.3	4.5
2021	15,797.2	15,064.2	733.0	7,221.4	68.6	65.4	4.6

Table B: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - First Quarter 2023

					(000)			(70)
Color	Time Series		Employed	Unemployed				Unemployment Rate
Col. 12,239.3 11,801.2 438.1 7,030.8 63.5 61.2 3 3 3 12,335.6 11,801.3 393.3 7,073.5 63.6 61.6 3 3 3 3 12,335.6 11,801.3 393.3 7,073.5 63.6 61.6 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 7,073.5 63.6 61.6 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2010							
Q2 12,304.9 11,900.6 404.3 7,747.5 63.6 61.5 3 Q3 12,354.6 11,661.3 393.3 7,073.5 63.6 61.6 3 Q4 12,522.4 12,137.4 385.0 6,992.9 64.2 62.2 3 Z01 12,766.0 12,367.4 386.6 7,048.8 64.4 62.4 3 Q3 12,895.0 12,493.0 396.0 6,977.2 64.9 62.9 3 Q4 12,842.5 12,447.9 394.7 7,098.6 64.4 62.4 3 Q1 13,1869.2 12,787.2 404.0 6,815.1 65.6 63.6 3 Q2 13,237.0 12,897.1 400.0 6,946.1 65.6 63.6 3 Q3 13,401.7 13,005.4 398.3 6,897.9 66.0 64.1 3 Q4 13,359.5 13,118.0 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 63.5 3		12,239.3	11,801.2	438.1	7,030.8	63.5	61.2	3.6
Q3 12,354.6 11,961.3 393.3 7,073.5 63.6 61.6 3 Q4 12,252.4 12,137.4 385.0 6,992.9 64.2 62.2 3 2011 11 12,718.3 12,333.5 384.8 7,004.9 64.5 62.5 3 Q2 12,766.0 12,367.4 386.0 7,074.8 64.4 62.4 3 Q4 12,842.5 12,447.9 394.7 7,709.6 64.4 62.4 3 Q1 13,169.2 12,765.2 404.0 6,815.1 65.6 63.6 3 Q2 13,237.0 12,837.1 400.0 6,946.1 65.6 63.6 3 Q3 13,401.7 13,005.4 396.3 6,997.9 66.0 64.1 3 Q3 13,411.0 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 3.5 201 13,945.1 13,780.4 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 3 Q2 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.3</td>					•			3.3
Oct 12,522.4 12,137.4 385.0 6,992.9 64.2 62.2 3 2011								3.2
2011								3.1
01 12,718,3 12,333,5 384,8 7,004,9 64,5 62,5 3 02 12,756,0 12,387,4 388,6 7,048,8 64,4 62,4 3 03 12,889,0 12,493,0 396,0 6,977,2 64,9 62,9 3 04 12,842,5 12,447,9 394,7 7,098,6 64,4 62,4 3 04 13,689,2 12,765,2 404,0 6,915,1 66,6 63,6 3 02 13,237,0 12,8971,2 405,0 7,062,8 65,4 63,5 3 04 13,376,2 12,971,2 405,0 7,062,8 65,4 63,5 3 04 13,376,2 12,971,2 405,0 7,062,8 65,4 63,5 3 03 13,453,5 13,118,0 421,5 7,090,0 65,6 63,6 63,6 3 04 14,195,1 13,793,5 455,6 6,730,7 67,8 65,1 3		,	,			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Q2 12,766.0 12,387.4 38.6 7,048.8 64.4 62.4 3 Q3 12,889.0 12,437.9 394.7 7,798.6 64.4 62.4 3 Q4 12,842.5 12,447.9 394.7 7,798.6 64.4 62.4 3 Q1 13,169.2 12,765.2 404.0 6,915.1 66.6 63.6 3 Q2 13,237.0 12,837.1 400.0 6,946.1 65.6 63.6 3 Q3 13,401.7 13,005.4 396.3 6,897.9 66.0 64.1 3 Q4 13,376.2 12,971.2 405.0 7,062.8 65.4 63.5 3 Q4 13,378.5 13,118.0 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 63.6 3 Q2 13,945.1 13,759.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 204 14,195.1 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 66.1 3		12.718.3	12.333.5	384.8	7.004.9	64.5	62.5	3.0
Q3								3.0
Q4 12,842.5 12,447.9 394.7 7,098.6 64.4 62.4 3 2012 Col 13,169.2 12,765.2 404.0 6,915.1 65.6 63.6 3 Q2 13,237.0 12,837.1 400.0 6,946.1 65.6 63.6 3 Q3 13,376.2 12,971.2 405.0 7,062.8 65.4 63.5 3 Z013 33,340.7 13,059.5 13,118.0 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 3 3 Q2 13,945.1 13,524.1 421.0 6,819.6 67.2 65.1 3 Q3 14,214.5 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 2014 Q4 14,195.1 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 2014 Q4 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.6 65.6 3 66.7 3 2 2 2 2								3.1
2012								3.1
Color		,	,		1,00010	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>	
Q2 13,237.0 12,837.1 400.0 6,946.1 65.6 63.6 3 Q3 13,401.7 13,005.4 396.3 6,897.9 66.0 64.1 3 Q4 13,376.2 12,971.2 405.0 7,062.8 65.4 63.5 3 Z01 13,539.5 13,118.0 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 63.6 3 Q2 13,945.1 13,524.1 421.0 6,819.6 67.2 65.1 3 Q4 14,195.1 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 Z04 14,195.1 13,789.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 Z04 14,195.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 65.9 2 Q3 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,80.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 2 14,296.1 14,093.7 404.6 680.9 67.7 65.8 <t< td=""><td></td><td>13.169.2</td><td>12.765.2</td><td>404.0</td><td>6.915.1</td><td>65.6</td><td>63.6</td><td>3.1</td></t<>		13.169.2	12.765.2	404.0	6.915.1	65.6	63.6	3.1
Q3 13,401.7 13,005.4 396.3 6,897.9 66.0 64.1 3 Q4 13,376.2 12,971.2 405.0 7,062.8 65.4 63.5 3 2013 3 14,214.2 13,118.0 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 3 3 Q2 13,945.1 13,524.1 421.0 6,819.6 67.2 65.1 3 Q3 14,214.2 13,776.0 438.3 6,613.0 68.2 66.1 3 Q4 14,195.1 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 2014 220.14 13,888.5 407.6 6,805.9 67.6 65.6 3 Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 2 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 2 14,541.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,798.5 68.								3.0
Q4 13,376.2 12,971.2 405.0 7,062.8 65.4 63.5 3 2013 303 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 3 Q2 13,945.1 13,524.1 421.0 6,819.6 67.2 65.1 3 Q3 14,214.2 13,776.0 438.3 6,613.0 68.2 66.1 3 Q4 14,195.1 13,739.5 456.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 2014 14,230.8 13,791.4 439.4 6,805.9 67.6 65.6 3 Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 65.9 2 Q3 14,346.9 13,960.6 386.3 6,80.9 67.7 65.8 2 Q4 14,403.3 13,980.6 386.3 6,80.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 2 440.3 14,091.0 453.9 6,793.0 67.7 65.8 65.7 3								3.0
2013		•						3.0
01 13,539.5 13,118.0 421.5 7,090.0 65.6 63.6 3 Q2 13,945.1 13,524.1 421.0 6,819.6 67.2 65.1 3 Q4 14,195.1 13,776.0 438.3 6,613.0 68.2 66.1 3 Q4 14,195.1 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 Z014 13,290.8 13,791.4 439.4 6,805.9 67.6 65.6 3 Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 65.9 2 Q3 14,346.9 13,980.6 386.3 6,810.3 67.8 66.0 2 Q4 14,040.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 14,544.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,798.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,554.8 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.6 3 <td< td=""><td></td><td>10,010.2</td><td>12,011.2</td><td>100.0</td><td>1,002.0</td><td>00.1</td><td>00.0</td><td>0.0</td></td<>		10,010.2	12,011.2	100.0	1,002.0	00.1	00.0	0.0
Q2 13,945.1 13,524.1 421.0 6,819.6 67.2 65.1 3 Q3 14,214.2 13,776.0 438.3 6,613.0 68.2 66.1 3 Q4 14,195.1 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 Z014 14,230.8 13,791.4 439.4 6,805.9 67.6 65.6 3 Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 66.0 2 Q3 14,346.9 13,960.6 386.3 6,810.3 67.8 66.0 2 Q4 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 Z01 14,544.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,798.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,555.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.7 3 Q3 14,661.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,930.6 67.8 65.6 3		13 539 5	13 118 0	421 5	7 090 0	65.6	63.6	3.1
Q3 14,214.2 13,776.0 438.3 6,613.0 68.2 66.1 3 Q4 14,195.1 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 Z014 14,195.1 13,791.4 439.4 6,805.9 67.6 65.6 3 Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 66.0 2 Q3 14,346.9 13,960.6 386.3 6,810.3 67.8 66.0 2 Q4 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 3 14,544.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,798.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,535.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.7 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,095.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.3 3								3.0
Q4 14,195.1 13,739.5 455.6 6,730.7 67.8 65.7 3 2014 4 4 439.4 6,805.9 67.6 65.6 3 Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 65.9 2 Q3 14,346.9 13,960.6 386.3 6,810.3 67.8 66.0 2 Q4 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,809.9 67.7 65.8 2 Q11 14,544.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,798.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,535.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.7 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,930.6 67.8 65.6 3 Q3 14,661.0 14,097.9 472.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 201 14,590.8 14,095.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q21								3.1
2014 Off 14,230.8 13,791.4 439.4 6,805.9 67.6 65.6 3 Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 65.9 2 Q3 14,346.9 13,960.6 366.3 6,810.3 67.8 66.0 2 Q4 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 01 14,544.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,798.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,535.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.7 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 Q4 14,596.8 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.2 3 2016 01 14,596.8 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3 Q3 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6								3.2
Q1 14,230.8 13,791.4 439.4 6,805.9 67.6 65.6 3 Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 66.9 2 Q3 14,346.9 13,980.6 386.3 6,810.3 67.8 66.0 2 Q4 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 3 41,454.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,788.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,535.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.7 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,930.6 67.8 65.6 3 Q4 14,600.2 14,127.9 472.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 2016 6 4 14,695.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q2 14,665.4 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3		14,195.1	13,739.3	455.0	0,730.7	07.0	05.7	5.2
Q2 14,296.1 13,888.5 407.6 6,793.0 67.8 65.9 2 Q3 14,346.9 13,960.6 386.3 6,810.3 67.8 66.0 2 Q4 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 Color		14 220 8	12 701 /	130.1	6 805 0	67.6	65.6	3.1
Q3 14,346.9 13,960.6 386.3 6,810.3 67.8 66.0 2 Q4 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015 6,798.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,535.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.7 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 Q4 14,600.2 14,127.9 472.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 2016 67.6 65.2 3 Q1 14,596.8 14,095.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q2 14,686.8 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3 Q3 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.9</td>								2.9
Q4 14,403.3 13,998.7 404.6 6,860.9 67.7 65.8 2 2015								2.9
2015 Q1 14,544.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,798.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,535.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.7 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,930.6 67.8 65.6 3 Q4 14,600.2 14,127.9 472.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 2016 0 0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q1 14,596.8 14,095.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q2 14,665.4 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3 Q3 14,710.6 14,220.0 508.5 7,044.6 67.6 65.3 3 Q4 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2								
Q1 14,544.8 14,091.0 453.9 6,798.5 68.1 66.0 3 Q2 14,535.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.6 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,930.6 67.8 65.6 3 Q4 14,600.2 14,127.9 472.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 2016 Q1 14,596.8 14,095.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q2 14,665.4 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3 Q3 14,710.6 14,202.0 508.5 7,044.6 67.6 65.3 3 Q4 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,09		14,403.3	13,990.7	404.6	6,000.9	07.7	8.60	2.8
Q2 14,535.6 14,087.8 447.8 6,897.9 67.8 65.7 3 Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,930.6 67.8 65.6 3 Q4 14,600.2 14,127.9 472.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 2016 2016 Q1 14,596.8 14,095.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q2 14,665.4 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3 Q3 14,710.6 14,202.0 508.5 7,044.6 67.6 65.3 3 Q4 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,080.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,192.4 14,683.6 </td <td></td> <td>14 544 0</td> <td>14.001.0</td> <td>452.0</td> <td>6 700 F</td> <td>C0.4</td> <td>00.0</td> <td>2.4</td>		14 544 0	14.001.0	452.0	6 700 F	C0.4	00.0	2.4
Q3 14,561.0 14,093.7 467.3 6,930.6 67.8 65.6 3 Q4 14,600.2 14,127.9 472.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 2016								3.1
Q4 14,600.2 14,127.9 472.3 6,952.7 67.7 65.6 3 2016								3.1
2016 Q1 14,596.8 14,095.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q2 14,665.4 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3 Q3 14,710.6 14,202.0 508.5 7,044.6 67.6 65.3 3 Q4 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 Q1 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4		•						3.2
Q1 14,596.8 14,095.8 501.0 7,011.5 67.6 65.2 3 Q2 14,665.4 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3 Q3 14,710.6 14,202.0 508.5 7,044.6 67.6 65.3 3 Q4 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 7 7.071.7 67.6 65.3 3 Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.2 65.9 3 Q4 15,449.9		14,600.2	14,127.9	472.3	0,952.7	07.7	0.00	3.2
Q2 14,665.4 14,161.5 503.9 7,026.0 67.6 65.3 3 Q3 14,710.6 14,202.0 508.5 7,044.6 67.6 65.3 3 Q4 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 Q1 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,07		14 506 0	14.005.0	E01.0	7.011.5	67.6	65.0	2.4
Q3 14,710.6 14,202.0 508.5 7,044.6 67.6 65.3 3 Q4 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 2018 Q1 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15								3.4
Q4 14,771.4 14,260.6 510.8 7,071.7 67.6 65.3 3 2017 Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 2 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.7 68.7 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>3.4</td></td<>								3.4
2017 Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 01 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q4 15,766.7								3.5
Q1 14,870.1 14,355.9 514.2 7,093.8 67.7 65.4 3 Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 USAN CONTROL OF STAND OF		14,771.4	14,260.6	510.8	7,071.7	67.6	65.3	3.5
Q2 14,926.4 14,414.8 511.6 7,123.3 67.7 65.4 3 Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 Q1 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 <td></td> <td>44.070.4</td> <td>44.055.0</td> <td>5440</td> <td>7 000 0</td> <td>07.7</td> <td>0.5.4</td> <td>0.5</td>		44.070.4	44.055.0	5440	7 000 0	07.7	0.5.4	0.5
Q3 15,000.2 14,484.0 516.2 7,091.0 67.9 65.6 3 Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 Q1 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.5</td>								3.5
Q4 15,088.3 14,580.5 507.8 7,085.0 68.0 65.8 3 2018 Q1 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 <								3.4
2018 Q1 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6								3.4
Q1 15,192.4 14,683.6 508.9 7,093.7 68.2 65.9 3 Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4		15,088.3	14,580.5	507.8	7,085.0	68.0	65.8	3.4
Q2 15,278.3 14,767.2 511.1 7,073.4 68.4 66.1 3 Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4		45 400 1	44.000.0	=00 =	7.000 =			<u></u>
Q3 15,381.3 14,856.8 524.4 7,077.9 68.5 66.2 3 Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4								3.3
Q4 15,449.9 14,933.4 516.5 7,070.7 68.6 66.3 3 2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4								3.3
2019 Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4								3.4
Q1 15,526.8 15,010.2 516.6 7,064.2 68.7 66.4 3 Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4		15,449.9	14,933.4	516.5	7,070.7	68.6	66.3	3.3
Q2 15,598.8 15,078.2 520.6 7,088.1 68.8 66.5 3 Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4								
Q3 15,674.3 15,162.1 512.1 7,088.7 68.9 66.6 3 Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4								3.3
Q4 15,766.7 15,254.5 512.2 7,066.1 69.1 66.8 3 2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4								3.3
2020 Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4								3.3
Q1 15,790.1 15,243.5 546.6 7,163.1 68.8 66.4 3 Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4		15,766.7	15,254.5	512.2	7,066.1	69.1	66.8	3.2
Q2 15,675.5 14,883.7 791.8 7,350.5 68.1 64.6 5 Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4								
Q3 15,840.6 15,095.6 745.0 7,324.6 68.4 65.2 4		15,790.1						3.5
		15,675.5	14,883.7	791.8	7,350.5	68.1	64.6	5.1
04 45 000 0 45 464 6 760 7 7 240 4 60 5 65 6	Q3	15,840.6	15,095.6	745.0	7,324.6	68.4	65.2	4.7
<u> </u>	Q4	15,922.3	15,161.6	760.7	7,318.4	68.5	65.2	4.8

Table B: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - First Quarter 2023

('000) (%)

Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2021							
Q1	16,008.4	15,236.5	771.8	7,316.0	68.6	65.3	4.8
Q2	15,972.2	15,207.3	764.9	7,424.9	68.3	65.0	4.8
Q3	16,021.0	15,274.8	746.2	7,430.1	68.3	65.1	4.7
Q4	16,135.0	15,440.7	694.4	7,361.5	68.7	65.7	4.3
2022							
Q1	16,246.1	15,574.9	671.2	7,289.9	69.0	66.2	4.1
Q2	16,343.3	15,701.2	642.0	7,258.5	69.2	66.5	3.9
Q3	16,442.9	15,831.1	611.8	7,250.6	69.4	66.8	3.7
Q4	16,542.2	15,941.7	600.5	7,246.1	69.5	67.0	3.6
2023							
Q1	16,648.9	16,062.0	586.9	7,215.7	69.8	67.3	3.5

Table B1 : Employed person working less than 30 hours by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2023

			Sex		Age (Group	(000)
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above
2017							
Q1	415.5	177.3	238.2	57.4	79.7	90.8	187.6
Q2	396.8	168.8	228.0	52.8	79.0	95.1	170.0
Q3	393.0	163.2	229.7	57.3	91.1	81.4	163.1
Q4	419.3	173.1	246.2	60.2	105.4	84.3	169.4
2018							
Q1	462.3	172.9	289.3	61.2	119.5	98.7	182.9
Q2	497.2	207.7	289.5	75.5	132.4	101.3	188.0
Q3	442.4	172.7	269.7	56.4	96.7	98.3	191.0
Q4	370.0	140.9	229.0	39.2	80.4	78.9	171.4
2019							
Q1	352.6	143.7	209.0	52.2	90.9	68.9	140.7
Q2	374.3	171.5	202.8	43.6	84.1	87.8	158.8
Q3	326.6	118.9	207.6	42.5	73.6	79.7	130.8
Q4	304.0	112.3	191.8	39.1	62.9	72.8	129.3
2020							
Q1	667.5	320.1	347.4	91.0	189.1	146.5	240.9
Q2	789.6	444.0	345.7	134.6	229.1	182.0	244.0
Q3	403.8	151.4	252.4	116.1	118.0	72.1	97.6
Q4	533.7	345.6	188.0	165.5	189.5	71.0	107.6
2021							
Q1	441.9	281.3	160.5	57.0	209.4	106.3	69.2
Q2	474.1	317.8	156.3	102.2	110.1	95.9	165.9
Q3	464.6	282.9	181.6	69.0	166.4	123.7	105.4
Q4	393.8	137.6	256.2	87.0	108.4	97.5	100.9
2022							
Q1	336.3	112.1	224.1	39.1	103.6	77.8	115.8
Q2	324.5	154.5	170.0	76.4	94.3	63.0	90.8
Q3	287.2	132.9	154.3	35.3	99.5	68.4	84.0
Q4	268.5	115.4	153.0	46.1	88.0	56.2	78.3
2023							
Q1	274.2	114.2	160.0	37.4	94.4	46.5	95.8

Table B2 : Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia,
First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2023

			Sex		Age Group				
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above		
2017									
Q1	211.8	105.9	105.8	36.8	51.0	48.6	75.4		
Q2	195.4	97.7	97.8	34.7	45.2	48.9	66.6		
Q3	224.8	109.1	115.7	46.3	59.3	49.8	69.4		
Q4	238.5	115.3	123.2	45.7	69.4	44.9	78.5		
2018									
Q1	242.5	102.4	141.0	37.3	74.1	52.3	79.7		
Q2	231.7	108.1	123.5	40.2	65.8	43.2	82.5		
Q3	235.5	116.5	119.0	43.4	54.4	49.4	88.3		
Q4	204.1	88.1	115.9	30.8	47.5	44.0	81.7		
2019									
Q1	210.5	98.0	112.5	43.6	61.4	36.9	68.6		
Q2	204.5	107.2	97.2	32.0	53.8	45.7	73.0		
Q3	178.7	70.4	108.2	28.6	44.8	50.9	54.4		
Q4	170.7	69.2	101.5	28.7	44.2	40.6	57.1		
2020									
Q1	383.2	183.2	199.9	63.2	114.1	82.4	123.5		
Q2	413.5	257.6	156.0	76.3	99.3	106.1	131.9		
Q3	300.8	102.3	198.5	108.4	97.2	47.4	47.8		
Q4	369.1	267.8	101.3	130.3	117.4	53.1	68.4		
2021									
Q1	310.5	226.7	83.8	46.4	159.3	67.2	37.6		
Q2	329.7	236.1	93.5	86.6	82.6	46.6	113.8		
Q3	326.2	232.2	93.9	40.4	137.0	87.7	61.0		
Q4	293.1	101.2	191.9	80.8	78.9	70.2	63.2		
2022									
Q1	245.1	71.3	173.8	21.8	76.1	62.6	84.5		
Q2	212.8	111.6	101.3	64.5	59.8	37.0	51.6		
Q3	186.8	92.3	94.5	16.7	67.4	49.0	53.7		
Q4	167.4	79.3	88.1	29.9	63.8	32.5	41.2		
2023									
Q1	174.6	78.7	95.9	30.2	66.4	25.2	52.8		

Table B3 : Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia, First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2023

		S	ex		Age (Group	
Time Series	Total	Male	Female	15-24	25-34	35-44	45 and above
2017							
Q1	1,182.9	567.0	615.9	280.8	569.0	209.3	123.8
Q2	1,280.6	584.9	695.7	317.9	587.7	226.9	148.1
Q3	1,311.6	623.9	687.7	306.1	632.6	227.4	145.5
Q4	1,332.8	648.4	684.4	303.2	631.8	254.8	142.9
2018							
Q1	1,306.9	629.2	677.7	279.2	629.2	259.0	139.5
Q2	1,408.1	647.2	760.9	314.5	687.4	257.7	148.4
Q3	1,446.3	704.1	742.2	351.3	683.3	266.9	144.8
Q4	1,404.0	667.8	736.2	337.2	679.1	245.4	142.3
2019							
Q1	1,460.8	673.2	787.6	329.5	696.4	263.0	172.0
Q2	1,417.2	665.3	751.9	338.6	666.0	259.7	152.8
Q3	1,554.5	699.3	855.2	393.5	705.8	279.1	176.0
Q4	1,540.9	746.8	794.1	348.4	732.4	287.4	172.7
2020							
Q1	1,637.3	815.1	822.2	338.3	786.3	310.8	201.8
Q2	1,674.1	847.7	826.4	393.7	701.9	331.6	246.9
Q3	1,762.7	865.9	896.9	405.1	811.4	355.3	190.9
Q4 ^r	1,886.8	1,066.6	820.2	353.5	862.6	443.0	227.6
2021							
Q1	1,899.9	951.5	948.4	437.2	848.4	401.7	212.5
Q2	1,852.5	949.0	903.5	336.9	776.0	426.1	313.5
Q3	1,873.8	931.7	942.2	426.8	835.3	392.0	219.7
Q4	1,838.3	877.1	961.2	309.0	816.4	454.6	258.3
2022							
Q1	1,810.1	874.4	935.6	364.9	821.3	428.2	195.7
Q2	1,799.6	892.3	907.3	356.3	799.4	433.3	210.6
Q3	1,839.6	857.9	981.7	344.1	861.4	432.2	201.9
Q4	1,891.4	1,022.0	869.5	326.3	894.9	476.0	194.2
2023							
Q1	1,907.2	944.0	963.3	373.9	879.1	447.4	206.8
Notes:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

Notes:

^rRevised

Table C: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023

				(000)			(70)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2010							
January	12,367.9	11,931.2	436.7	6,927.5	64.1	61.8	3.5
February	12,059.8	11,632.3	427.4	7,225.1	62.5	60.3	3.5
March	12,324.2	11,895.9	428.3	6,993.0	63.8	61.6	3.5
April	12,512.0	12,133.5	378.5	6,894.5	64.5	62.5	3.0
May	12,197.6	11,798.9	398.7	7,186.0	62.9	60.9	3.3
June	12,331.8	11,882.2	449.6	7,065.0	63.6	61.3	3.6
July	12,516.2	12,099.5	416.7	6,900.5	64.5	62.3	3.3
August	12,320.9	11,936.5	384.3	7,157.9	63.3	61.3	3.1
September	12,289.9	11,912.1	377.8	7,194.4	63.1	61.1	3.1
October	12,689.5	12,342.6	346.8	6,846.7	65.0	63.2	2.7
November	12,277.5	11,874.1	403.4	7,298.3	62.7	60.7	3.3
December	12,822.3	12,418.3	404.1	6,722.3	65.6	63.5	3.2
2011		·		<u> </u>			
January	12,804.2	12,376.0	428.2	6,881.6	65.0	62.9	3.3
February	12,618.9	12,245.3	373.6	7,110.3	64.0	62.1	3.0
March	12,862.2	12,491.8	370.4	6,940.1	65.0	63.1	2.9
April	12,921.7	12,537.1	384.6	6,930.6	65.1	63.2	3.0
May	12,726.6	12,330.3	396.3	7,133.2	64.1	62.1	3.1
June	12,782.7	12,372.6	410.1	7,073.7	64.4	62.3	3.2
July	12,967.4	12,581.5	385.9	6,920.5	65.2	63.3	3.0
August	12,887.9	12,486.7	401.2	7,038.6	64.7	62.7	3.1
September	12,875.9	12,456.9	419.0	7,032.2	64.7	62.6	3.3
October	12,938.2	12,550.1	388.1	7,045.7	64.7	62.8	3.0
November	12,722.4	12,323.7	398.7	7,245.7	63.7	61.7	3.1
December	13,092.1	12,687.2	404.9	6,997.3	65.2	63.2	3.1
2012	·	•		•			
January	13,191.6	12,781.3	410.4	6,878.5	65.7	63.7	3.1
February	13,054.5	12,645.6	408.9	7,042.3	65.0	62.9	3.1
March	13,295.4	12,893.8	401.6	6,897.3	65.8	63.9	3.0
April	13,331.8	12,936.9	394.8	6,851.3	66.1	64.1	3.0
May	13,245.6	12,861.2	384.4	6,952.9	65.6	63.7	2.9
June	13,232.5	12,811.4	421.0	7,013.7	65.4	63.3	3.2
July	13,511.7	13,093.3	418.4	6,777.3	66.6	64.5	3.1
August	13,313.6	12,963.4	350.2	7,039.9	65.4	63.7	2.6
September	13,408.5	12,984.5	424.0	6,993.2	65.7	63.6	3.2
October	13,341.4	12,908.9	432.6	7,056.2	65.4	63.3	3.2
November	13,429.2	13,044.6	384.6	7,094.6	65.4	63.6	2.9
December	13,538.6	13,114.3	424.3	7,060.6	65.7	63.7	3.1
2013							
January	13,569.6	13,109.8	459.8	7,035.5	65.9	63.6	3.4
February	13,598.8	13,195.9	402.9	7,119.8	65.6	63.7	3.0
March	13,684.4	13,241.7	442.6	7,116.7	65.8	63.7	3.2
April	13,835.7	13,422.9	412.8	6,922.7	66.7	64.7	3.0
May	13,815.3	13,368.9	446.4	7,005.6	66.4	64.2	3.2
June	14,217.1	13,816.9	400.2	6,668.6	68.1	66.2	2.8
July	14,194.6	13,763.0	431.6	6,655.9	68.1	66.0	3.0
August	14,176.6	13,734.2	442.4	6,689.8	67.9	65.8	3.1
September	14,309.4	13,859.5	449.9	6,557.3	68.6	66.4	3.1
October	14,169.2	13,699.1	470.1	6,746.3	67.7	65.5	3.3
November	14,220.9	13,730.4	490.5	6,716.2	67.9	65.6	3.4
							3.1
December	14,276.5	13,836.2	440.3	6,724.3	68.0	65.9	3.1

Table C: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023

(//					(000)				
	Unemplo Rate	oloyment to ulation Ratio		Labour F Participation	utside our Force	Unemployed	Employed	Labour Force	Time Series
									2014
3.3		65.7	67.9		6,734.7	468.5	13,775.9	14,244.4	January
3.2		65.5	67.7		6,808.7	462.0	13,788.0	14,249.9	February
3.0		65.1	67.1		6,956.1	430.1	13,768.3	14,198.4	March
2.9		65.5	67.5		6,849.4	413.5	13,793.2	14,206.7	April
2.8		66.4	68.3		6,693.2	407.2	14,023.0	14,430.2	May
2.8		65.9	67.8		6,826.6	406.4	13,967.0	14,373.4	June
2.8		65.8	67.7		6,846.2	397.6	13,935.8	14,333.4	July
2.7		65.5	67.3		6,934.1	384.9	13,881.4	14,266.3	August
2.6		66.3	68.1		6,763.7	381.8	14,058.4	14,440.2	September
2.6		65.7	67.5		6,926.7	379.9	14,023.3	14,403.1	October
2.6		65.9	67.7		6,887.1	378.7	14,025.4	14,404.1	November
3.		66.0	68.1		6,784.8	451.7	14,060.2	14,512.0	December
									2015
3.		65.5	67.6		6,923.7	450.3	13,991.8	14,442.0	January
3.2		65.9	68.0		6,847.8	461.8	14,092.9	14,554.7	February
3.0		66.1	68.1		6,839.3	440.7	14,160.5	14,601.2	March
3.0		65.9	67.9		6,890.2	433.3	14,136.2	14,569.5	April
3.		65.7	67.8		6,933.5	448.3	14,126.7	14,575.0	May
3.2		65.8	67.9		6,896.2	463.2	14,146.7	14,609.9	June
3.2		65.6	67.8		6,937.7	472.9	14,106.2	14,579.1	July
3.2		65.9	68.1		6,871.5	470.5	14,214.6	14,685.1	August
3.3		65.6	67.9		6,925.4	490.3	14,151.7	14,642.0	September
3.3		65.8	68.0		6,894.8	481.3	14,184.7	14,665.9	October
3.2		65.7	67.9		6,945.0	471.5	14,215.7	14,687.2	November
3.4		65.6	67.9		6,945.3	504.3	14,185.7	14,690.0	December
					<u>·</u>			·	2016
3.4		65.4	67.7		6,984.2	501.5	14,150.5	14,652.0	January
3.4		65.2	67.6		7,063.1	506.4	14,196.9	14,703.3	February
3.5		65.5	67.9		6,964.0	509.5	14,200.7	14,710.1	March
3.5		65.3	67.7		7,012.5	511.5	14,163.7	14,675.3	April
3.4		65.4	67.7		7,021.1	504.8	14,200.2	14,705.0	May
3.4		65.4	67.7		7,036.5	501.8	14,218.4	14,720.1	June
3.5		65.4	67.8		7,008.4	516.2	14,212.8	14,729.0	July
3.5		65.4	67.8		7,053.3	515.2	14,306.9	14,822.2	August
3.5		65.2	67.6		7,084.3	512.6	14,249.6	14,762.2	September
3.5		65.3	67.6		7,071.1	511.7	14,253.4	14,765.1	October
3.4		65.3	67.7		7,081.8	510.7	14,317.2	14,827.9	November
3.5		65.3	67.6		7,072.8	512.2	14,276.7	14,788.9	December
									2017
3.5		65.4	67.7		7,090.4	514.1	14,366.8	14,880.9	January
3.5		65.5	67.8		7,086.9	514.8	14,401.8	14,916.7	February
3.4									
3.4									
3.4		65.5	67.8		7,120.8	507.5	14,454.4	14,961.9	May
3.4		65.5				507.7	14,519.9	15,027.6	June
3.5		65.4				519.0	14,497.4	15,016.4	July
3.4									August
3.4									· ·
3.4									•
3.3									
3.3		65.9	68.1		7,084.1	505.8	14,640.1	15,145.9	December
		65.5 65.4 65.5 65.6 65.7	67.8 67.8 67.9 68.0 67.9		7,121.8 7,122.5 7,120.8 7,141.1 7,150.4 7,138.4 7,122.1 7,117.7 7,121.4	510.8 511.9 507.5 507.7 519.0 516.9 514.5 508.8 505.1	14,421.7 14,429.6 14,454.4 14,519.9 14,497.4 14,513.4 14,544.3 14,581.7 14,578.9	14,932.5 14,941.5 14,961.9 15,027.6 15,016.4 15,030.2 15,058.8 15,090.4 15,084.0	June July August September October November

Table C: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023

				(1000)			(%)
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2018							
January	15,187.0	14,670.5	516.5	7,074.8	68.2	65.9	3.4
February	15,230.0	14,721.5	508.5	7,112.3	68.2	65.9	3.3
March	15,241.2	14,732.5	508.7	7,115.0	68.2	65.9	3.3
April	15,313.1	14,803.1	510.0	7,130.9	68.2	66.0	3.3
May	15,357.5	14,852.6	504.8	7,097.1	68.4	66.1	3.3
June	15,379.0	14,863.2	515.8	7,062.2	68.5	66.2	3.4
July	15,401.0	14,882.4	518.6	7,044.5	68.6	66.3	3.4
August	15,421.4	14,896.5	525.0	7,133.9	68.4	66.0	3.4
September	15,442.9	14,926.5	516.4	7,096.8	68.5	66.2	3.3
October	15,450.0	14,937.1	512.9	7,093.7	68.5	66.3	3.3
November	15,457.5	14,941.3	516.2	7,151.2	68.4	66.1	3.3
December	15,500.1	14,986.0	514.2	7,131.2	68.5	66.3	3.3
2019	13,300.1	14,960.0	314.2	7,120.1	00.5	00.3	3.3
January	15,508.5	14,992.8	515.6	7,095.9	68.6	66.3	3.3
February	15,543.2	15,026.8	516.4	7,035.9	68.5	66.2	3.3
March	15,556.6	15,020.0	521.3	7,143.9	68.5	66.2	3.4
April	15,613.1	15,033.2	523.3	7,109.4	68.5	66.2	3.4
May	15,642.3	15,009.6	519.8	7,104.4	68.5	66.2	
-		15,122.5	521.4		68.6	66.3	3.3
June	15,655.9			7,156.7			3.3
July	15,704.6	15,179.8	524.8	7,207.7	68.5	66.3	3.3
August	15,706.0	15,185.8	520.2	7,172.4	68.6	66.4	3.3
September	15,751.2	15,229.9	521.4	7,159.8	68.7	66.5	3.3
October	15,777.7	15,265.6	512.1	7,175.0	68.7	66.5	3.2
November	15,828.9	15,315.0	513.9	7,174.2	68.8	66.6	3.2
December	15,803.0	15,286.0	517.0	7,129.8	68.9	66.7	3.3
2020	45 000 0	45.047.0	544.7	7.400.0	00.0	00.7	0.0
January	15,829.3	15,317.6	511.7	7,128.9	68.9	66.7	3.2
February	15,869.8	15,344.5	525.2	7,224.0	68.7	66.4	3.3
March	15,842.9	15,232.4	610.5	7,239.8	68.6	66.0	3.9
April	15,712.2	14,933.4	778.8	7,345.1	68.1	64.8	5.0
May	15,714.0	14,887.9	826.1	7,392.1	68.0	64.4	5.3
June 	15,763.5	14,990.2	773.2	7,398.5	68.1	64.7	4.9
July	15,818.5	15,073.4	745.1	7,399.8	68.1	64.9	4.7
August	15,895.1	15,153.5	741.6	7,351.5	68.4	65.2	4.7
September	15,930.6	15,193.1	737.5	7,359.8	68.4	65.2	4.6
October	15,955.3	15,207.1	748.2	7,347.7	68.5	65.3	4.7
November	15,960.5	15,196.1	764.4	7,374.8	68.4	65.1	4.8
December	15,988.3	15,215.4	772.9	7,372.2	68.4	65.1	4.8
2021	40.040.0	45.007.0	700 5	7.000.0			
January	16,019.8	15,237.3	782.5	7,366.2	68.5	65.2	4.9
February	16,048.2	15,270.6	777.5	7,371.4	68.5	65.2	4.8
March	16,082.5	15,329.3	753.2	7,363.7	68.6	65.4	4.7
April	16,094.7	15,352.0	742.7	7,376.8	68.6	65.4	4.6
May	16,098.9	15,370.8	728.1	7,398.0	68.5	65.4	4.5
June 	16,066.2	15,297.5	768.7	7,456.8	68.3	65.0	4.8
July	16,072.9	15,294.8	778.2	7,475.4	68.3	65.0	4.8
August	16,125.4	15,376.6	748.8	7,448.5	68.4	65.2	4.6
September	16,193.1	15,463.5	729.6	7,405.9	68.6	65.5	4.5
October	16,259.6	15,554.6	705.0	7,364.5	68.8	65.8	4.3
November	16,304.7	15,610.3	694.4	7,344.4	68.9	66.0	4.3
December	16,336.2	15,648.6	687.6	7,337.8	69.0	66.1	4.2

Table C: Principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023

Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Outside Labour Force	Labour Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
2022							
January	16,366.4	15,686.1	680.4	7,332.1	69.1	66.2	4.2
February	16,402.7	15,730.9	671.8	7,320.7	69.1	66.3	4.1
March	16,438.5	15,769.4	669.2	7,309.7	69.2	66.4	4.1
April	16,502.8	15,853.5	649.3	7,270.2	69.4	66.7	3.9
May	16,537.8	15,900.0	637.7	7,260.1	69.5	66.8	3.9
June	16,566.9	15,936.3	630.6	7,255.5	69.5	66.9	3.8
July	16,599.2	15,978.4	620.7	7,247.9	69.6	67.0	3.7
August	16,629.7	16,017.7	612.0	7,242.0	69.7	67.1	3.7
September	16,657.2	16,052.2	605.0	7,239.2	69.7	67.2	3.6
October	16,683.5	16,081.5	602.0	7,237.3	69.7	67.2	3.6
November	16,709.4	16,108.6	600.9	7,235.7	69.8	67.3	3.6
December	16,730.0	16,130.4	599.6	7,239.5	69.8	67.3	3.6
2023							
January	16,755.4	16,159.3	596.1	7,238.3	69.8	67.3	3.6
February	16,781.2	16,189.3	591.9	7,236.7	69.9	67.4	3.5
March	16,811.7	16,223.0	588.7	7,230.6	69.9	67.5	3.5
April	16,838.4	16,251.4	586.9	7,228.2	70.0	67.5	3.5

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023

('000) (%)

			(000)			
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate	
2010						
January	12,368.0	11,959.8	408.2	64.0	3.3	
February	12,120.1	11,712.8	402.2	62.9	3.3	
March	12,242.4	11,817.2	416.7	63.4	3.4	
April	12,382.1	12,025.3	377.6	63.8	3.0	
May	12,197.5	11,790.7	405.7	63.0	3.3	
June	12,338.5	11,898.3	423.8	63.6	3.4	
July	12,419.9	11,996.4	422.5	64.0	3.4	
August	12,353.8	11,945.3	400.9	63.4	3.2	
September	12,330.7	11,957.7	386.3	63.3	3.1	
October	12,772.3	12,407.0	370.8	65.4	2.9	
November	12,392.6	11,966.9	418.2	63.3	3.4	
December	12,794.9	12,391.6	406.9	65.4	3.2	
2011	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>				
January	12,782.4	12,383.1	399.6	64.8	3.1	
February	12,674.9	12,312.5	357.2	64.3	2.8	
March	12,778.0	12,409.9	363.4	64.6	2.8	
April	12,792.6	12,426.6	388.4	64.5	3.0	
May	12,757.1	12,352.4	403.0	64.3	3.2	
June	12,805.0	12,403.0	390.8	64.5	3.1	
July	12,858.3	12,466.3	389.1	64.7	3.0	
August	12,930.6	12,501.4	415.0	64.9	3.2	
September	12,906.1	12,496.0	424.3	64.8	3.3	
October	13,013.1	12,616.9	409.0	65.1	3.1	
November	12,829.7	12,410.9	412.6	64.3	3.2	
December	13,053.8	12,651.3	405.4	64.9	3.1	
2012	.,	,			<u>-</u>	
January	13,164.0	12,781.1	383.3	65.5	2.9	
February	13,103.1	12,699.1	394.1	65.3	3.0	
March	13,221.1	12,822.6	397.2	65.5	3.0	
April	13,226.3	12,841.5	403.0	65.6	3.0	
May	13,293.7	12,903.8	389.0	65.9	2.9	
June	13,256.6	12,841.1	407.8	65.5	3.1	
July	13,413.8	12,988.9	422.4	66.1	3.1	
August	13,348.9	12,972.1	359.1	65.6	2.7	
September	13,416.1	13,002.8	425.0	65.8	3.2	
October	13,400.9	12,964.4	448.1	65.7	3.3	
November	13,520.3	13,119.3	398.4	65.9	2.9	
December	13,499.3	13,079.5	423.0	65.5	3.1	
2013						
January	13,550.1	13,113.1	432.8	65.6	3.2	
February	13,641.8	13,242.5	389.3	65.9	2.9	
March	13,625.3	13,188.7	439.5	65.5	3.2	
April	13,763.5	13,353.9	422.7	66.3	3.1	
May	13,867.0	13,414.9	451.7	66.7	3.3	
June	14,232.8	13,838.3	392.6	68.2	2.8	
July	14,119.5	13,683.2	434.0	67.7	3.1	
August	14,200.8	13,730.9	451.5	68.0	3.2	
September	14,295.2	13,852.9	450.0	68.5	3.1	
October	14,214.8	13,743.2	481.1	67.9	3.4	
November	14,279.3	13,773.3	510.8	68.2	3.6	
December	14,248.6	13,816.1	437.2	67.8	3.1	

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023

('000) (%)

			(000)		(70)	
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate	
2014						
January	14,243.3	13,795.5	444.1	67.8	3.1	
February	14,275.9	13,820.1	445.8	67.9	3.1	
March	14,160.8	13,738.1	427.2	67.0	3.0	
April	14,173.1	13,757.5	422.4	67.4	3.0	
May	14,470.8	14,060.1	411.3	68.6	2.8	
June	14,376.6	13,970.9	404.0	67.8	2.8	
July	14,289.4	13,888.2	399.6	67.5	2.8	
August	14,268.0	13,861.9	391.0	67.3	2.7	
September	14,415.2	14,036.1	381.9	68.0	2.6	
October	14,436.8	14,054.6	385.1	67.7	2.7	
November	14,436.2	14,046.6	393.9	67.8	2.7	
December	14,500.1	14,055.7	449.4	68.0	3.1	
2015						
January	14,458.4	14,023.9	431.1	67.6	3.0	
February	14,561.5	14,109.1	444.8	68.1	3.1	
March	14,574.3	14,143.1	436.8	68.0	3.0	
April	14,558.8	14,125.3	440.1	67.9	3.0	
May	14,605.0	14,151.8	453.1	68.0	3.1	
June	14,600.5	14,133.6	464.2	67.9	3.2	
July	14,563.4	14,088.5	473.4	67.7	3.3	
August	14,678.0	14,190.0	476.5	68.1	3.2	
September	14,619.1	14,128.4	492.4	67.8	3.4	
October	14,688.0	14,202.2	487.6	68.1	3.3	
November	14,701.0	14,219.9	488.0	68.0	3.3	
December	14,685.2	14,189.8	501.7	67.8	3.4	
2016						
January	14,677.1	14,188.7	482.7	67.7	3.3	
February	14,697.5	14,202.8	488.1	67.6	3.3	
March	14,688.0	14,187.5	505.4	67.8	3.4	
April	14,677.5	14,166.4	517.0	67.7	3.5	
May	14,727.8	14,217.7	509.8	67.8	3.5	
June	14,703.3	14,195.4	505.6	67.6	3.4	
July	14,735.0	14,217.1	516.1	67.8	3.5	
August	14,806.5	14,279.5	520.4	67.7	3.5	
September	14,749.0	14,234.6	515.4	67.5	3.5	
October	14,775.6	14,257.2	519.0	67.7	3.5	
November	14,836.2	14,316.0	525.5	67.7	3.5	
December	14,786.4	14,283.4	509.6	67.6	3.4	
2017						
January	14,908.5	14,405.2	497.2	67.7	3.3	
February	14,906.1	14,405.5	496.2	67.8	3.3	
March	14,908.1	14,405.5	507.3	67.6	3.4	
April	14,949.3	14,438.2	515.6	67.8	3.4	
May	14,979.3	14,465.3	513.5	67.9	3.4	
June	15,011.4	14,496.7	512.6	67.7	3.4	
July	15,032.2	14,512.9	517.7	67.8	3.4	
August	15,009.4	14,482.6	521.8	67.7	3.5	
September	15,054.6	14,538.1	516.9	67.9	3.4	
October	15,095.9	14,580.1	517.2	68.0	3.4	
November	15,087.6	14,571.1	518.9	68.0	3.4	
December	15,145.0	14,649.4	502.7	68.1	3.3	

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023

('000) (%)

			(000)			
Time Series	Labour Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labour Force Participation Rate	Unemployment Rate	
2018						
January	15,216.2	14,709.5	500.7	68.2	3.3	
February	15,216.8	14,724.2	490.2	68.2	3.2	
March	15,215.2	14,714.5	505.4	68.1	3.3	
April	15,324.0	14,815.0	512.8	68.4	3.3	
May	15,372.4	14,860.2	511.3	68.5	3.3	
June	15,362.9	14,839.6	521.4	68.5	3.4	
July	15,422.1	14,904.0	516.7	68.7	3.4	
August	15,397.5	14,863.4	529.7	68.3	3.4	
September	15,443.4	14,924.7	518.6	68.5	3.4	
October	15,452.9	14,932.8	522.0	68.5	3.4	
November	15,458.7	14,930.0	529.8	68.4	3.4	
December	15,499.9	14,996.8	510.7	68.4	3.3	
2019	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
January	15,503.1	15,013.4	502.1	68.5	3.2	
February	15,525.9	15,016.0	506.5	68.5	3.3	
March	15,556.1	15,025.9	520.0	68.5	3.3	
April	15,607.4	15,092.9	527.6	68.5	3.4	
May	15,632.6	15,111.9	526.2	68.5	3.4	
June	15,637.3	15,116.0	524.7	68.6	3.4	
July	15,705.0	15,188.9	522.6	68.5	3.3	
August	15,708.8	15,159.7	519.6	68.7	3.3	
September	15,754.5	15,238.9	521.9	68.8	3.3	
October	15,786.7	15,275.4	517.2	68.8	3.3	
November	15,855.3	15,323.0	522.6	69.0	3.3	
December	15,817.1	15,303.4	516.6	68.9	3.3	
2020		-,				
January	15,825.8	15,299.4	516.9	68.8	3.3	
February	15,849.8	15,334.8	528.8	68.7	3.3	
March	15,864.3	15,255.1	607.2	68.8	3.8	
April	15,713.9	14,943.7	765.7	68.2	4.9	
May	15,715.9	14,895.9	815.0	68.1	5.2	
June	15,788.6	15,008.4	754.8	68.2	4.8	
July	15,818.8	15,086.4	729.7	68.1	4.6	
August	15,889.1	15,167.8	733.5	68.3	4.6	
September	15,920.9	15,179.7	740.5	68.4	4.7	
October	15,951.2	15,189.0	764.1	68.4	4.8	
November	15,952.4	15,183.8	784.1	68.4	4.9	
December	15,988.9	15,194.2	795.6	68.4	5.0	
2021						
January	16,016.3	15,219.2	790.4	68.4	4.9	
February	16,028.0	15,261.0	782.9	68.5	4.9	
March	16,104.2	15,352.2	749.1	68.7	4.7	
April	16,096.5	15,362.6	730.2	68.6	4.5	
May	16,100.8	15,379.1	718.3	68.6	4.5	
June	16,091.8	15,316.0	750.4	68.4	4.7	
July	16,073.2	15,307.9	762.1	68.3	4.7	
August	16,119.3	15,391.1	740.6	68.3	4.6	
September	16,182.7	15,449.3	732.6	68.6	4.5	
October	16,255.3	15,536.1	720.0	68.8	4.4	
November	16,296.4	15,597.7	720.0	68.9		
					4.4	
December	16,336.9	15,626.9	707.8	68.9	4.3	

Table C1: Seasonally adjusted principal statistics of labour force, Malaysia, January 2010 - April 2023

April

16,829.1

('000)(%) Labour **Labour Force Time Series Employed** Unemployed **Unemployment Rate Force Participation Rate** 2022 688.3 16,350.3 15,651.6 4.2 January 68.9 February 16,392.6 15,720.2 675.4 69.1 4.1 March 16,437.2 15,768.1 667.8 69.2 4.1 16,507.1 15,866.5 April 640.6 69.5 3.9 May 16,553.2 15,921.7 631.6 69.6 3.8 16,620.9 16,034.8 June 603.9 69.8 3.6 16,611.0 15,996.5 601.8 3.6 July 69.7 August 16,647.2 16,058.0 604.7 69.7 3.6 16,640.1 16,030.1 607.5 September 69.7 3.7 October 16,656.8 16,033.7 618.8 69.6 3.7 November 16,686.4 16,063.3 620.1 69.7 3.7 December 16,097.7 3.7 16,719.8 622.2 69.7 2023 January 16,739.7 16,129.0 603.3 69.7 3.6 16,770.6 16,176.4 594.3 February 69.8 3.5 March 16,804.5 16,221.9 586.8 69.9 3.5

582.9

69.9

3.5

16,250.4

Table C2: Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - April 2023

							('000)
Time Series	Unemployed	Actively Unemployed	Less than 3 month	3- Less than 6 month	6- Less than 12 month	More than year	Inactively unemployed
2016							
January	501.5	361.9	180.3	110.0	36.0	35.6	139.7
February	506.4	254.0	115.8	83.7	34.9	19.6	252.4
March	509.5	332.8	176.8	92.9	44.8	18.3	176.7
April	511.5	328.0	170.6	93.3	43.9	20.2	183.4
May	504.8	297.3	153.6	92.5	37.6	13.6	207.6
June	501.8	298.2	146.8	83.6	51.7		203.5
July	516.2	306.0	131.1	90.9	54.6	29.4	210.2
August	515.2	305.6	149.0	81.4	44.7	30.5	209.6
September		292.6	148.1	77.9	45.6	21.0	220.0
October	511.7	299.7	143.1	74.7	48.4	33.5	212.0
November	510.7	286.5	125.6	86.8	47.5	26.6	224.2
December	512.2	374.4	192.2	93.2	59.4	29.6	137.9
2017	312.2	374.4	192.2	93.2	59.4	29.0	137.9
January	514.1	328.4	147.1	108.1	47.3	25.9	185.7
,		326.4	151.8	118.6			
February	514.8				46.7	21.0	176.7
March	510.8	315.2	168.2	80.8	43.0	23.2	195.6
April	511.9	359.5	151.9	107.5	66.2	33.9	152.4
May	507.5	372.1	171.9	128.8	38.9	32.5	135.3
June	507.7	319.1	151.1	89.8	49.2	29.0	188.5
July	519.0	345.6	144.6	115.0	47.6	38.4	173.3
August	516.9	351.5	160.7	115.7	45.0	30.1	165.4
September		322.0	142.4	105.8	45.1	28.7	192.5
October	508.8	356.1	182.1	110.6	35.7	27.7	152.8
November	505.1	338.1	143.3	105.5	51.1	38.2	167.0
December	505.8	327.5	127.6	109.1	46.6	44.2	178.3
2018	=40 =	050.0	400.0	405.0			
January -	516.5	356.6	133.2	125.9	58.2	39.3	160.0
February	508.5	349.8	155.3	106.6	41.4	46.4	158.7
March	508.7	349.8	161.7	108.5	42.0	37.7	158.9
April	510.0	373.6	167.7	140.9	44.7	20.2	136.4
May	504.8	319.4	134.2	112.0	38.5	34.7	185.4
June	515.8	324.5	136.2	108.5	52.4	27.4	191.2
July	518.6	360.7	189.7	86.1	47.9	37.0	157.9
August	525.0	308.7	149.1	84.4	46.1	29.0	216.3
September		361.6	174.1	103.0	37.5		154.8
October	512.9	331.1	165.2	85.5	49.2		181.8
November	516.2	347.8	168.9	87.2	52.6		168.3
December	514.2	329.7	149.3	92.6	34.3	53.5	184.4
2019							
January	515.6	400.8	184.7	107.3	73.3		114.9
February	516.4	362.6	147.1	99.5	72.7		153.7
March	521.3	345.4	175.6	74.7	37.8		175.9
April	523.3	365.5	150.1	116.9	67.6		157.8
May	519.8	343.2	110.9	132.4	65.7		176.6
June	521.4	425.3	220.8	124.1	53.0		96.0
July	524.8	362.5	162.7	105.8	53.9		162.3
August	520.2	411.7	180.2	128.9	50.0		108.5
September		410.1	213.0	125.7	52.1	19.3	111.2
October	512.1	340.3	168.2	104.8	42.4	24.9	171.9
November	513.9	339.5	141.1	92.7	46.2		174.4
December	517.0	389.5	182.0	119.3	53.9	34.3	127.5

Table C2: Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016 - April 2023

							('000)
Time Series	Unemployed	Actively Unemployed	Less than 3 month	3- Less than 6 month	6- Less than 12 month	More than year	Inactively unemployed
2020							
January	511.7	319.8	132.4	103.2	48.7	35.6	191.9
February	525.2	343.2	148.5	96.6	52.6	45.4	182.1
March	610.5	422.9	200.0	100.2	72.7	50.1	187.6
April	778.8	459.8	235.9	156.6	38.1	29.2	319.0
May	826.1	573.7	308.1	136.1	78.6	50.8	252.4
June	773.2	594.0	298.7	159.3	85.8	50.3	179.2
July	745.1	620.2	307.4	168.5	87.2	57.1	124.9
August	741.6	615.1	302.4	164.9	89.7	58.0	126.5
September	737.5	610.4	300.5	163.6	88.2	58.0	127.1
October	748.2	623.1	304.5	167.4	89.0	62.2	125.1
November	764.4	637.7	311.2	169.8	90.4	66.3	126.7
December	772.9	644.7	313.9	172.0	92.0	66.8	128.2
2021							
January	782.5	657.2	321.5	175.9	90.4	69.3	125.3
February	777.5	647.4	327.8	155.5	91.0	73.1	130.1
March	753.2	626.9	320.1	152.5	85.6	68.6	126.3
April	742.7	618.7	322.6	151.0	80.7	64.4	124.0
May	728.1	609.9	318.2	148.3	81.2	62.2	118.2
June	768.7	642.9	335.9	157.4	86.7	62.9	125.8
July	778.2	651.3	351.4	156.7	86.1	57.1	126.9
August	748.8	627.5	337.3	153.6	80.1	56.5	121.3
September		611.0	333.3	147.3	78.9	51.4	118.7
October	705.0	589.5	327.3	142.3	74.0	45.9	115.4
November	694.4	581.8	324.3	137.6	74.8	45.1	112.6
December	687.6	576.5	322.3	136.5	74.1	43.5	111.1
2022							
January	680.4	569.5	320.8	134.2	72.0	42.5	110.9
February	671.8	562.5	318.7	131.8	71.0	41.0	109.3
March	669.2	561.0	320.4	130.1	70.4	40.1	108.1
April	649.3	542.9	315.3	124.3	64.9	38.4	106.4
May	637.7	534.0	312.9	122.5	61.9	36.6	103.8
June	630.6	528.5	311.6	120.6	61.3	35.0	102.1
July	620.7	517.4	307.7	115.7	60.0	34.0	103.3
August	612.0	507.3	304.2	110.7	59.7	32.7	104.7
September		496.6	298.7	108.2	58.2	31.5	108.4
October	602.0	491.3	297.1	106.4	57.0	30.8	110.7
November	600.9	488.0	295.9	105.2	56.7	30.2	112.9
December	599.6	484.2	294.7	103.9	55.7	29.9	115.4
2023	222.0				55.1	20.0	
January	596.1	481.6	292.9	103.7	54.1	31.0	114.5
February	591.9	475.5	290.3	102.4	52.9	30.0	116.4
March	588.7	472.9	289.7	101.9	51.1	30.1	115.8
April	586.9	471.9	288.7	101.8	50.5	30.8	115.1

Table C3: Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - April 2023

	('000')	(%)	('000')	(%)
Time Series	Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years)	Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years)
2016				
January	283.6	10.7	402.8	6.9
February	236.1	9.0	340.6	5.7
March	285.0	10.9	416.1	7.0
April	305.6	11.5	405.7	6.9
May	291.6	11.1	395.2	6.8
June	240.5	9.6	387.3	6.6
July	309.0	11.8	446.9	7.5
August	305.3	11.6	412.9	6.8
September	266.3	10.6	369.9	6.4
October	290.5	11.4	399.7	6.8
November	253.7	9.5	391.2	6.6
December	267.4	10.2	393.6	6.6
2017				
January	306.2	12.0	410.6	7.0
February	285.4	11.1	413.7	7.0
March	258.9	10.1	392.2	6.6
April	272.2	10.8	414.5	6.9
May	320.2	12.2	418.8	7.0
June	296.5	11.4	420.1	7.0
July	281.1	11.3	445.1	7.6
August	295.9	11.6	423.1	7.1
September	267.4	10.3	377.5	6.4
October	303.6	11.7	418.8	7.0
November	314.4	11.7	406.7	6.7
December	309.0	11.7	404.7	6.8
2018				
January	328.5	12.3	437.6	7.2
February	310.9	11.6	423.0	6.9
March	306.2	11.7	414.4	6.9
April	287.9	10.6	420.3	6.8
May	292.5	10.6	391.9	6.4
June	284.3	10.4	426.9	6.9
July	320.6	11.8	425.4	6.9
August	303.2	11.5	407.0	6.7
September	289.5	10.5	413.3	6.8
October	277.2	10.1	429.1	7.0
November	289.0	10.5	415.1	6.7
December	328.7	11.7	428.8	6.8
2019				
January	290.1	10.6	409.3	6.7
February	282.1	10.5	424.3	6.8
March	266.3	9.9	403.0	6.6
April	288.1	10.3	430.0	6.9
May	289.3	10.5	414.4	6.7
June	287.0	10.5	418.5	6.8
July	291.3	10.2	434.4	7.0
August	297.8	11.2	441.2	7.3
September	307.1	11.1	443.4	7.2
October	244.5	9.0	404.8	6.4
November	274.2	9.5	411.8	6.5
December	309.9	11.2	412.9	6.5

Table C3: Youth unemployment and unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - April 2023

	('000)	(%)	('000)	(%)
Time Series	Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years)	Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years)	Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years)
2020				
January	268.1	10.0	396.9	6.4
February	288.0	10.8	395.0	6.4
March	291.4	11.3	470.5	7.8
April	324.2	12.9	528.0	9.0
May	362.4	14.2	573.7	10.0
June	335.8	13.1	581.7	9.7
July	313.2	13.9	544.5	9.7
August	331.0	13.7	502.3	8.9
September	325.5	13.0	502.6	8.5
October	321.6	13.4	513.2	8.9
November	344.5	13.0	528.4	8.8
December	312.2	13.2	497.2	8.7
2021				
January	295.3	13.5	509.2	9.2
February	347.6	13.9	544.3	9.2
March	321.1	13.4	537.3	9.3
April	310.7	13.7	507.3	8.7
May	328.1	13.6	545.7	9.2
June	340.9	12.7	565.1	9.4
July	344.1	13.7	520.6	8.5
August	321.1	13.9	524.1	8.8
September	335.1	13.9	507.8	8.5
October	358.8	13.9	508.4	8.1
November	350.9	13.7	517.9	8.2
December	367.7	13.7	533.8	8.5
2022				
January	364.5	13.2	521.8	8.3
February	356.9	13.0	513.7	8.1
March	361.0	13.1	502.4	8.0
April	357.2	12.8	501.2	7.7
May	341.4	12.5	475.7	7.4
June	343.9	12.2	474.7	7.4
July	336.2	12.1	476.5	7.4
August	337.6	12.1	467.5	7.1
September	339.1	12.1	460.4	7.1
October	337.2	12.1	476.9	7.4
November	329.3	11.9	453.1	7.0
December	331.0	11.8	444.5	6.9
2023				
January	328.8	11.5	449.7	7.0
February	320.8	11.3	450.2	7.0
March	317.3	11.2	454.9	7.1
April	315.6	11.1	441.0	6.7

Table C4: Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - April 2023

				(000)
Time Series	Employer	Employee	Own account worker	Unpaid family worker
2016				
January	449.0	10,534.1	2,570.3	597.1
February	543.9	10,582.3	2,437.5	633.1
March	539.4	10,381.2	2,660.3	619.7
April	456.2	10,280.6	2,805.9	621.1
May	532.0	10,407.9	2,573.1	687.1
June	534.3	10,535.6	2,453.5	694.9
July	427.2	10,536.4	2,605.4	643.8
August	452.3	10,719.5	2,527.0	608.1
September	460.7	10,814.3	2,331.0	643.6
October	458.8	10,719.6	2,508.7	566.3
November	466.6	10,929.5	2,311.2	609.9
December	443.0	10,865.9	2,354.2	613.6
2017			,	
January	550.0	10,652.0	2,548.6	616.2
February	464.6	10,677.2	2,548.4	711.7
March	575.4	10,624.8	2,630.1	591.4
April	590.9	10,525.1	2,687.8	625.8
May	637.9	10,357.7	2,736.1	722.8
June	578.8	10,745.8	2,590.1	605.3
July	549.2	10,656.4	2,734.8	557.0
August	608.4	10,703.7	2,623.1	578.1
September	646.0	10,701.8	2,554.6	641.9
October	593.9	10,949.6	2,446.1	592.0
November	401.7	10,935.5	2,709.4	532.3
December	546.1	10,982.5	2,504.3	607.2
2018	0.0	. 0,002.0	2,000	
January	533.0	10,749.4	2,757.7	630.3
February	472.7	10,746.4	2,825.9	676.5
March	493.9	10,585.3	2,920.7	732.6
April	550.2	10,832.6	2,719.5	700.8
May	517.2	10,751.8	2,880.6	703.0
June	529.0	10,823.6	2,817.7	692.9
July	518.2	10,651.2	3,012.8	700.2
August	599.4	10,758.4	2,865.7	673.0
September	639.1	10,690.0	2,907.8	689.6
October	513.7	10,764.5	2,944.6	714.2
November	545.8	10,899.2	2,836.9	659.4
December	593.5	10,811.7	2,909.6	671.2
2019	000.0	10,011.7	2,000.0	011.2
January	570.4	10,961.6	2,823.0	637.7
February	619.4	11,098.6	2,752.4	556.5
March	560.0	11,327.2	2,574.5	573.6
April	578.3	11,156.7	2,764.8	590.1
May	597.9	11,345.6	2,640.8	538.2
June	551.6	11,243.3	2,746.5	593.1
July	541.6	11,446.9	2,654.0	537.2
August	582.2	11,235.5	2,855.0	513.0
September	510.8	11,633.8	2,500.3	584.8
October	510.6 547.5	11,659.3	2,500.3 2,452.0	606.8
November				
	527.6	11,565.1	2,679.8	542.5
December	482.0	11,563.4	2,669.6	571.1

Table C4: Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - April 2023

				(000)
Time Series	Employer	Employee	Own account worker	Unpaid family worker
2020	550.0	44.075.4	0.757.4	000.0
January	552.3	11,375.4	2,757.1	632.8
February	513.2	11,513.8	2,691.0	626.5
March	515.7	11,280.0	2,812.2	624.5
April	563.1	11,146.3	2,585.4	638.5
May	470.3	11,399.4	2,423.9	594.1
June	497.9	11,438.2	2,417.8	636.2
July	434.8	11,647.4	2,380.9	610.4
August	434.9	11,719.9	2,416.0	582.8
September	445.1	11,734.9	2,433.7	579.5
October	450.5	11,763.0	2,425.4	568.3
November	456.8	11,782.5	2,412.0	544.7
December	462.9	11,806.1	2,399.4	547.0
2021	400 7	44.040.0	0.004.0	500.4
January	469.7	11,846.9	2,394.6	526.1
February	481.0	11,870.8	2,429.9	488.9
March	491.8	11,898.9	2,478.2	460.4
April	493.0	11,914.8	2,490.5	453.8
May	495.7	11,930.8	2,492.9	451.4
June	486.3	11,874.1	2,497.0	440.0
July	485.1	11,869.7	2,503.8	436.2
August	491.4	11,897.6	2,537.7	449.9
September	499.7	11,925.9	2,572.6	465.4
October	506.0	11,971.2	2,607.9	469.5
November	509.8	11,998.3	2,628.0	474.2
December	512.9	12,015.9	2,640.2	479.7
2022	547.0	40.000.0	0.050.0	100.0
January	517.2	12,028.9	2,656.2	483.8
February	521.4	12,046.2	2,674.8	488.6
March	525.7	12,060.2	2,691.7	491.8
April	536.0	12,092.5	2,723.6	501.4
May	539.6	12,112.6	2,744.0	503.9
June	542.5	12,125.6	2,766.2	502.0
July	545.1	12,144.9	2,787.5	500.9
August	546.9	12,167.0	2,804.7	499.1
September	548.0	12,182.7	2,823.2	498.2
October	552.4	12,200.4	2,833.6	495.2
November	554.5	12,214.6	2,848.1	491.3
December	556.2	12,225.5	2,860.9	487.8
2023	/	10.00= 5	0.077	
January	558.1	12,237.3	2,877.8	486.1
February	560.3	12,249.9	2,892.5	486.6
March	561.8	12,264.7	2,909.1	487.4
April	565.0	12,276.4	2,921.0	489.0

Table D: Employed person by occupation, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021

					C	Occupation				
Year	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	_			Diction	ary of Occu	pational Clas	ssification,	1980 ¹		
1982	5,249.0	375.7	111.5	493.4	510.5	573.2	1,655.3	1,529.4	n.a	n.a
1983	5,457.0	381.3	132.3	520.6	522.7	593.7	1,678.5	1,628.0	n.a	n.a
1984	5,566.7	409.8	115.4	541.3	600.0	638.1	1,694.1	1,567.7	n.a	n.a
1985	5,653.4	426.6	129.2	551.5	625.9	643.0	1,720.0	1,556.9	n.a	n.a
1986	5,760.1	449.0	140.4	544.9	638.5	686.6	1,757.2	1,543.6	n.a	n.a
1987	5,983.9	452.0	117.7	566.1	711.9	704.3	1,845.8	1,586.1	n.a	n.a
1988	6,157.2	454.1	127.9	574.4	728.1	728.3	1,892.5	1,651.7	n.a	n.a
1989	6,390.9	477.0	131.3	605.5	726.0	727.0	1,848.9	1,875.0	n.a	n.a
1990	6,685.0	519.8	144.8	655.6	758.7	762.6	1,750.7	2,092.8	n.a	n.a
1992	7,047.8	586.4	187.8	732.3	763.5	790.1	1,549.7	2,437.9	n.a	n.a
1993	7,383.4	639.5	219.9	789.2	771.8	879.0	1,576.0	2,508.0	n.a	n.a
1995	7,645.0	756.6	247.7	832.0	834.9	845.8	1,539.5	2,588.4	n.a	n.a
1996	8,399.3	838.0	298.2	905.8	935.7	943.1	1,644.8	2,833.6	n.a	n.a
1997	8,569.2	896.6	329.5	963.2	918.5	985.1	1,516.4	2,960.0	n.a	n.a
1998	8,599.6	913.1	346.2	946.9	937.5	1,007.9	1,632.6	2,815.4	n.a	n.a
1999	8,837.8	937.0	348.3	985.6	991.7	1,052.8	1,633.1	2,889.2	n.a	n.a
2000	9,269.2	1,020.4	391.9	1,012.5	1,044.8	1,189.3	1,569.3	3,040.9	n.a	n.a
			Mala			ation of Occ				
2001	9,357.0	695.0	457.2	1,126.1	890.6	1,291.1	1,265.3	1,160.2	1,476.6	994.9
2002	9,542.6	786.3	483.5	1,194.6	890.3	1,307.7	1,260.8	1,168.1	1,373.0	1,078.2
2003	9,869.7	793.5	530.3	1,219.9	937.8	1,399.4	1,249.8	1,235.6	1,420.7	1,082.6
2004	9,979.5	859.3	561.3	1,211.6	931.2	1,479.7	1,292.8	1,165.2	1,409.9	1,068.5
2005	10,045.4	777.4	555.1	1,266.8	992.3	1,483.7	1,268.6	1,145.5	1,427.5	1,128.3
2006	10,275.4	829.6	565.9	1,307.5	968.3	1,597.1	1,335.9	1,154.8	1,408.0	1,108.4
2007	10,538.1	770.4	596.8	1,400.5	1,029.5	1,705.6	1,355.3	1,133.2	1,347.4	1,199.3
2008	10,659.6	748.8	613.7	1,496.4	1,053.4	1,776.1	1,271.3	1,153.8	1,344.1	1,202.0
2009	10,897.3	822.9	684.6	1,560.0	1,086.6	1,869.1	1,255.7	1,132.9	1,242.7	1,242.8
2010	11,899.5	856.7	737.4	1,695.8	1,183.2	1,959.6	1,382.0	1,228.3	1,502.8	1,353.7
			Mala			ation of Occ		MASCO) 200		
2011	12,351.5	692.4	1,221.0	1,306.3	1,180.3	2,503.2	1,011.8	1,345.8	1,570.2	1,520.4
2012	12,820.5	684.4	1,244.0	1,283.4	1,168.8	2,640.7	1,184.1	1,428.5	1,576.8	1,609.8
2013	13,545.4	695.5	1,284.7	1,292.6	1,190.7	2,911.0	1,180.2	1,492.1	1,694.4	1,804.0
2014	13,852.6	664.4	1,376.5	1,367.2	1,237.8	3,169.3	1,002.4	1,555.1	1,659.1	1,820.8
2015	14,067.7	718.6	1,462.0	1,406.9	1,241.1	3,188.9	940.3	1,578.8	1,585.2	1,945.9
			Mala			ation of Occ				
2016	14,163.7	658.5	1,755.2	1,453.5	1,163.8	3,176.3	872.0	1,570.3	1,669.8	1,844.2
2017	14,476.8	690.3	1,771.6	1,522.9	1,236.5	3,212.6	898.9	1,517.1	1,766.5	1,860.4
2018	14,776.0	660.5	1,824.4	1,536.7	1,247.7	3,422.8	921.9	1,545.5	1,787.9	1,828.7
2019	15,073.4	694.5	1,883.5	1,573.9	1,272.1	3,411.6	932.8	1,577.1	1,865.4	1,862.5
2020	14,956.7	808.4	1,867.7	1,547.2	1,242.1	3,632.3	916.3	1,472.5	1,689.9	1,780.3
2021 Notes:	15,064.2	687.0	1,961.4	1,806.7	1,507.3	3,611.5	720.3	1,301.0	1,553.7	1,915.2

¹For 1982- 2000, category of occupation are classified according to the "Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980" as follows:

- 1: Professional, technical and related workers
- 2: Administrative and managerial workers
- 3: Clerical and related workers
- 4: Sales workers
- 5: Service workers
- 6: Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters
- 7: Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers

²For 2001 - 2010, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998" as follows:

- 1: Legislators, senior officials and managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trade workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

³For 2011 - 2015, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical support workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

⁴For 2016 - 2021, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service and sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021

						Indu	stry				(000)
Year	Total	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1	J
					aysia Indus						
1982	5,249.0	1,635.8	51.7	816.0	34.9	377.5	860.9	223.1	202.1	1,046.9	n.a
1983	5,457.0	1,670.9	55.1	894.1	39.3	425.6	897.3	235.9	197.7	1,041.0	n.a
1984	5,566.7	1,695.0	46.5	858.4	32.9	428.0	956.6	242.8	200.5	1,106.0	n.a
1985	5,653.4	1,717.4	44.4	850.4	31.5	419.4	994.3	244.3	218.9	1,132.7	n.a
1986	5,760.1	1,764.5	40.6	874.0	32.4	369.4	1,035.1	242.0	234.6	1,167.6	n.a
1987	5,983.9	1,846.4	33.0	928.9	35.9	336.3	1,091.7	252.0	241.6	1,218.0	n.a
1988	6,157.2	1,883.8	30.7	978.1	41.3	339.9	1,112.6	265.1	229.4	1,276.1	n.a
1989	6,390.9	1,832.5	33.1	1,171.1	40.6	376.9	1,143.9	277.6	253.2	1,262.0	n.a
1990	6,685.0	1,737.6	36.8	1,332.8	46.7	423.9	1,217.8	301.9	258.4	1,329.0	n.a
1992	7,047.8	1,535.8	36.3	1,639.6	45.9	506.7	1,254.5	326.2	299.8	1,403.1	n.a
1993	7,383.4	1,558.6	37.6	1,726.9	60.3	538.8	1,266.2	344.0	330.1	1,520.9	n.a
1995	7,645.0	1,526.8	32.5	1,780.5	48.0	611.3	1,370.7	359.2	363.7	1,552.2	n.a
1996	8,399.3	1,626.2	35.0	1,912.1	44.1	716.5	1,566.7	400.7	412.0	1,686.0	n.a
1997	8,569.2	1,481.3	38.5	2,002.5	50.9	793.0	1,577.9	423.3	447.2	1,754.5	n.a
1998	8,599.6	1,616.5	28.4	1,907.8	50.0	745.9	1,616.0	421.7	425.8	1,787.5	n.a
1999	8,837.8	1,623.7	37.8	1,990.7	50.2	722.8	1,660.6	420.3	466.2	1,865.4	n.a
2000	9,269.2	1,552.4	27.7	2,174.2	49.3	759.9	1,787.2	433.9	474.3	2,010.3	n.a
					ia Standard	Industrial	Classificat	tion (MSIC)	2000 ²		
2001	9,357.0	1,288.2	127.7	26.7	2,184.1	57.3	829.8	1,458.1	585.1	468.3	225.3
2002	9,542.6	1,316.8	107.7	27.5	2,068.9	50.6	905.1	1,497.0	616.1	496.8	240.5
2003	9,869.7	1,301.2	107.0	29.5	2,131.0	57.6	942.5	1,592.2	644.2	481.6	223.4
2004	9,979.5	1,326.5	126.1	34.7	2,023.0	57.9	890.8	1,607.2	698.2	532.9	236.1
2005	10,045.4	1,355.2	115.2	36.1	1,989.3	56.6	904.4	1,620.3	671.8	544.7	247.4
2006	10,275.4	1,375.3	128.2	42.0	2,082.8	75.4	908.9	1,650.5	721.3	539.7	242.3
2007	10,538.1	1,437.3	120.9	39.4	1,977.3	60.8	922.5	1,712.1	760.7	538.2	282.2
2008	10,659.6	1,365.6	122.1	54.5	1,944.7	60.5	998.0	1,729.4	783.6	583.4	276.0
2009	10,897.3	1,349.6	121.5	62.7	1,807.1	58.1	1,015.9	1,831.8	800.5	592.0	271.5
					ia Standard						
2010	11,899.5	1,614.9	57.2	2,108.5	55.5	66.7	1,082.7	1,887.8	554.7	856.7	178.9
2011	12,351.5	1,421.7	73.5	2,244.0	51.0	71.9	1,151.5	2,005.4	604.0	951.1	206.5
2012	12,820.5	1,628.2	80.8	2,263.7	61.9	81.0	1,174.7	2,125.6	624.3	965.1	208.8
2013	13,545.4	1,758.9	87.9	2,315.8	61.5	83.7	1,292.1	2,261.4	626.5	1,041.5	194.1
2014	13,852.6	1,694.2	84.7	2,372.5	65.6	81.2	1,277.7	2,324.4	598.2	1,149.3	213.2
2015	14,067.7	1,753.9	104.4	2,322.7	61.7	72.1	1,309.9	2,361.4	615.0	1,150.8	214.2
2016	14,163.7	1,609.9	96.3	2,390.6	77.9	76.4	1,251.7	2,428.5	630.4	1,260.7	208.7
2017	14,476.8	1,635.0	97.2	2,513.3	62.2	81.0	1,258.9	2,485.4	658.2	1,323.2	220.3
2018	14,776.0	1,570.3	90.8	2,499.9	68.8	88.6	1,257.8	2,544.6	697.9	1,473.4	216.4
2019 ^r	15,073.4	1,541.1	91.0	2,612.0	75.4	88.8	1,246.7	2,604.6	677.8	1,549.7	223.9
2020	14,956.7	1,566.0	82.2	2,498.0	76.4	83.7	1,173.4	2,765.6	689.2	1,540.0	223.4
2021	15,064.2	1,550.0	81.9	2,501.4	77.7	85.5	1,159.6	2,826.5	704.5	1,535.5	235.1
Notes:											

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- G: Transport, storage and communications
- H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
- I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- B: Fishing
- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- P: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- **N**: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts. entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

^rRevised

Table E: Employed person by industry, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021 (cont'd)

						Indus	try				
Year	Total	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T
				Mala	ysia Indust	rial Classif	ication, (Up	odated) 197	2 ¹		
1982	5,249.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1983	5,457.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1984	5,566.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1985	5,653.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1986	5,760.1	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1987	5,983.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1988	6,157.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1989	6,390.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1990	6,685.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1992	7,047.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1993	7,383.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1995	7,645.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1996	8,399.3	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1997	8,569.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1998	8,599.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
1999	8,837.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2000	9,269.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
								on (MSIC) 2	2000 ²		
2001	9,357.0	348.6	664.6	508.6	173.3	190.4	219.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2002	9,542.6	397.1	663.6	508.6	189.3	192.5	262.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2003	9,869.7	404.2	666.5	594.3	217.3	216.1	258.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2004	9,979.5	458.5	684.3	610.7	198.2	231.3	260.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2005	10,045.4	459.0	728.5	607.1	212.6	234.9	260.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2006	10,275.4	508.4	674.1	600.1	223.2	247.1	254.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2007	10,538.1	558.1	716.1	632.7	238.9	266.5	272.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2008	10,659.6	553.2	751.1	656.5	252.6	274.2	253.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
2009	10,897.3	601.9	813.9	731.4	271.7	303.3	262.5	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
					a Standard	Industrial (Classificati	on (MSIC) 2	2008 ³		
2010	11,899.5	323.4	58.5	285.6	359.2	787.7	779.3	280.0	91.6	182.9	285.4
2011	12,351.5	319.3	61.2	328.4	448.0	750.2	782.3	384.1	87.5	181.8	225.8
2012	12,820.5	322.1	68.9	307.3	532.2	696.4	784.9	414.3	84.8	190.5	202.7
2013	13,545.4	318.9	72.7	306.8	566.9	761.4	816.6	490.0	79.4	192.4	214.8
2014	13,852.6	329.1	79.7	328.8	654.3	741.7	871.4	532.9	94.1	199.1	159.1
2015	14,067.7	354.4	71.2	359.3	634.8	751.0	899.0	573.1	81.7	233.1	142.3
2016	14,163.7	346.9	82.4	361.8	657.0	748.2	928.7	570.3	80.9	230.8	124.7
2017	14,476.8	369.0	84.5	348.1	677.2	742.2	880.3	588.0	84.3	260.1	106.9
2018	14,776.0	338.6	97.2	367.7	747.6	720.2	988.7	551.2	85.6	264.8	103.9
2019 ^r	15,073.4	355.1	90.3	394.7	809.2	737.1	992.1	527.7	84.0	266.1	104.3
2020	14,956.7	372.1	82.1	379.3	801.9	734.9	937.6	559.6	58.2	267.0	66.1
2021	15,064.2	386.5	83.4	358.9	846.0	725.1	924.3	582.2	60.5	274.7	64.6

Notes:

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas and water
- E: Construction
- F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels
- G: Transport, storage and communications
- $\ensuremath{\mathbf{H}}\xspace$: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services
- I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry
- **B**: Fishing
- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing
- E: Electricity, gas and water supply
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications
- J: Financial intermediation
- **K**: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- $\mathbf{N}:$ Health and social work
- O: Other community, social and personal service activities
- $\textbf{P} : \mbox{Private households with employed persons}$

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

- A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts. entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

r Revised

Table F: Employed person by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021

			Status of E	mployment	(1000)
Time Series	Total	Employer	Employee	Own Account Worker	Unpaid Family Worker
1982	5,249.0	158.1	3,320.7	1,159.8	610.4
1983	5,457.0	175.4	3,447.2	1,242.6	591.7
1984	5,566.7	141.4	3,673.4	1,130.1	621.8
1985	5,653.4	167.8	3,636.1	1,189.8	659.5
1986	5,760.1	180.4	3,560.7	1,308.2	710.6
1987	5,983.9	167.9	3,747.9	1,280.1	788.1
1988	6,157.2	204.7	3,799.1	1,377.1	776.3
1989	6,390.9	154.2	4,164.7	1,324.3	747.4
1990	6,685.0	194.6	4,412.4	1,383.9	694.0
1992	7,047.8	158.5	5,047.7	1,277.3	564.2
1993	7,383.4	209.5	5,272.8	1,350.7	550.1
1995	7,645.0	188.1	5,553.3	1,396.4	506.9
1996	8,399.3	251.1	6,071.4	1,514.2	562.6
1997	8,569.2	222.7	6,380.7	1,449.6	516.1
1998	8,599.6	252.7	6,307.9	1,521.6	517.4
1999	8,837.8	202.2	6,602.5	1,489.1	543.9
2000	9,269.2	275.8	6,882.6	1,586.0	524.8
2001	9,357.0	306.8	7,056.2	1,514.9	478.5
2002	9,542.6	288.6	7,320.2	1,479.8	453.9
2003	9,869.7	333.0	7,523.8	1,536.3	476.3
2004	9,979.5	354.7	7,445.0	1,678.1	501.7
2005	10,045.4	337.0	7,583.4	1,671.7	453.2
2006	10,275.4	396.9	7,632.9	1,733.4	512.2
2007	10,538.1	362.5	7,824.0	1,831.5	520.1
2008	10,659.6	371.4	7,951.1	1,851.1	486.0
2009	10,897.3	399.4	8,153.6	1,862.7	481.7
2010	11,899.5	439.3	9,010.2	1,954.7	495.4
2011	12,351.5	446.1	9,483.7	1,907.4	514.3
2012	12,820.5	476.2	9,620.0	2,117.3	607.0
2013	13,545.4	523.9	10,073.5	2,316.8	631.3
2014	13,852.6	511.5	10,447.6	2,267.2	626.3
2015	14,067.7	568.6	10,395.5	2,476.2	627.4
2016	14,163.7	486.4	10,534.2	2,522.3	620.9
2017	14,476.8	553.5	10,710.1	2,606.7	606.4
2018	14,776.0	547.2	10,700.4	2,859.2	669.1
2019	15,073.4	552.9	11,218.3	2,724.2	578.1
2020	14,956.7	512.2	11,554.2	2,383.0	507.4
2021	15,064.2	508.4	11,821.4	2,231.0	503.3

Table G: Labour force indicators for selected countries, April 2022 - April 2023

La Parada de					2022						2	023		D. C. C.
Indicators	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Data Source
Labour Force Part	icipatio	n Rate	(LFPR) (%)										
South East Asia	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	, , ,										
Malaysia	69.4	69.5	69.5	69.6	69.7	69.7	69.7	69.8	69.8	69.8	69.9	69.9	70.0	DOSM
Philipphine	63.4	64.0	64.8	65.2	66.1	65.2	64.2	67.5	66.4	64.5	66.6	66.0	n.a	Philippine Statistics Authority
East Asia														·
Hong Kong	58.2	58.1	58.3	58.5	58.6	58.6	58.6	58.4	58.3	58.1	57.9	57.9	57.7	Census and Statistics Department
Taiwan	59.2	59.1	59.1	59.3	59.3	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.2	59.2	National Statistics Republic of China
South Korea	64.0	64.9	64.9	64.8	64.1	64.2	64.3	64.2	63.3	62.6	63.1	64.1	64.4	Statistics Korea
Japan	62.6	62.7	63.0	62.9	62.9	63.0	62.8	62.4	62.3	62.2	62.1	62.6	62.9	Statistics Bureau of Japan
Oceania														
Australia	66.4	66.7	66.8	66.5	66.6	66.6	66.6	66.7	66.6	66.6	66.7	66.8	66.7	ABS
North America	0.5.5	00.5	00.5	oc :	00.5	00.5	00.5	00.5	00.5		06 -	00.5	00.5	D. 0
USA	62.2	62.3	62.2	62.1	62.3	62.3	62.2	62.2	62.3	62.4	62.5	62.6	62.6	BLS
Canada	65.3	65.3	64.9	64.7	64.8	64.7	64.9	64.8	65.4	65.7	65.7	65.6	65.6	Statistics Canada
Europe United Kingdom	78.7	78.9	78.6	78.3	78.3	78.4	78.5	78.5	78.6	78.7	78.9	79.0	n.a	ONS
Sweden	74.6	76.9 75.1	77.4	76.3 76.7	76.3 75.2	73.6	76.5 74.1	74.2	73.1	73.7	76.9	79.0 75.0	74.8	Statistics Sweden
										_				Statistics Sweden Statistics Finland
Finland	67.5	69.6	71.1	69.9	68.1	68.0	67.9	67.6	67.7	67.1	67.1	68.0	68.6	
Russia	62.1	62.1	62.3	62.3	62.7	62.2	62.4	62.5	62.2	62.4	62.3	62.4	n.a	Trading economics
Italy	65.5	65.5	65.8	65.5	65.3	65.6	65.7	65.5	65.7	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.4	National Institute of Statistics
Netherland	74.6	74.7	74.7	74.8	75.0	75.0	75.1	75.3	75.5	75.6	75.6	75.6	75.7	Statistics Netherlands
Unemployment ra	te (%)									ı				
South East Asia	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	DOSM
Malaysia	3.9	3.9	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	
Philipphine	5.7	6.0	6.0	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.8	4.8	4.7	n.a	Philippine Statistics Authority
East Asia Hong Kong	5.4	5.1	4.7	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	Census and Statistics Department
Taiwan	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.5	National Statistics
														Republic of China
South Korea	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.3	3.0	3.6	3.1	2.9	2.8	Statistics Korea
Japan	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.6	Statistics Bureau of Japan
Oceania Australia	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.7	ABS
North America	3.9	3.9	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.0	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.7	3.3	3.3	3.1	ADO
USA	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.4	BLS
Canada	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Statistics Canada
Europe	<u> </u>												•	
United Kingdom	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	n.a	ONS
Sweden	8.2	8.5	8.6	6.4	6.6	6.5	7.1	6.4	6.9	7.6	8.2	7.7	7.5	Statistics Sweden
Finland	6.9	7.9	6.8	6.6	6.7	6.7	5.8	5.9	6.7	7.6	6.7	6.9	7.9	Statistics Finland
Russia	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.3	Trading economics
Italy	8.2	8.1	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.8	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.8	National Institute of Statistics
Netherland	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	Statistics Netherlands
Note	J.Z	0.0	J. T	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.5	5.5	U. 4	Cadodos Notiferialius

Note

n.a. not available

This page is deliberately left blank LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA | APRIL 2023

LABOUR FORCE REPORT, MALAYSIA APRIL 2023

Malaysian Bureau of Labour Statistics, Department of Statistics Malaysia.

For further information:

Malaysian Bureau of Labour Statistics, Department of Statistics Malaysia, Level 2, Block D5, Complex D, Federal Government Administrative Centre, 62514 Putrajaya, MALAYSIA.

E-mail: mbls@dosm.gov.my Telephone: 03-8871 0201

www.dosm.gov.my













