



LABOUR FORCE STATISTICS REPORT MARCH 2022

JABATAN PERANGKAAN MALAYSIA DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA



LABOUR FORCE REPORT MALAYSIA

MARCH 2022

Announcement:

Department of Statistics Malaysia is conducting the Household Income, Expenditure and Basic Amenities Survey (HIES/BA) 2022 from 1st January 2022 until 31st December 2022.

Please be informed that the Government of Malaysia has declared National Statistics Day (MyStats Day) on October 20 each year. MyStats Day theme is "Connecting the World with Data We Can Trust"

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, MALAYSIA

Published and printed by:

Department of Statistics, Malaysia

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Published on 10 May 2022

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eISSN 2735 - 1831

PREFACE

The monthly Labour Force Report, Malaysia, presents the statistics of labour force, employment, and unemployment obtained from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). The implementations of the LFS are based on the guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organization (ILO) with reference to the Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment: An ILO Manual on Concepts and Methods.

The labour force statistics are used as a vital input for labour market analysis, policy formulation as well as planning, implementing, and monitoring programmes particularly related to human resource development. These statistics also serve as an essential reference to researchers, economists, academicians, private sector, and individuals in research related to employment and the labour market.

The Labour Force Report for March 2022 describes the labour supply situation as the country was in Phase 4 of the National Recovery Plan (NRP). The report also elaborates on the month-on-month changes to examine the immediate effects of the NRP to rejuvenate the economy while containing the spread of COVID-19. Users are advised to interpret the monthly statistics with caution since they are non-seasonally adjusted. In addition, annual changes from the same month of the previous year are also reported.

The Department of Statistics, Malaysia gratefully acknowledges the cooperation and contribution rendered by all parties in making this publication a success. Every feedback and suggestion towards improving future reports are highly appreciated.

DATO' SRI DR. MOHD UZIR MAHIDIN Chief Statistician, Malaysia

May 2022

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| GLOSSARY | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Actively unemployed | : | Persons who were available for work and were actively looking for work during the reference week. |
| Category of skills | : | For reporting purpose, the category of occupation is regrouped into three levels of skills based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2013 namely Skilled workers - 1. Managers; 2. Professionals; 3. Technicians and associate professionals; Semi-skilled workers - 4. Clerical support workers; 5. Services and sales workers; 6. Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock, and fishery workers; 7. Craft and related trades workers; 8. Plant and machine operators and assemblers; Low-skilled workers - 9. Elementary occupations. Starting on January 2022, the category of occupation is based on the Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupation (MASCO) 2020 with an addition of group 0 - Armed forces occupations. |
| Economic activity | : | Classification of industries according to the Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008 version 1.0 into five main sectors namely Agriculture, Mining & Quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction and Services. In the meantime, Manufacturing and Services are further disaggregated into subsectors. |
| Employed | : | All persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain either as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker. |
| Employee | : | A person who works for a public or private employer and receives regular remuneration in wages, salary, commission, tips or payment in kind. |
| Employer | : | A person who operates a business, a plantation or other trade and employs one or more workers to help him. |
| Employment-to- population ratio | : | The proportion of employed population to working-age population. |
| Inactively unemployed | : | Did not look for work because they believed no work was available or that they were not qualified; Would have looked for work if they had not been temporarily ill or had it not been for weather condition; and had looked for work prior to the reference week and were waiting for result of job applications. |
| Labour force | : | Labour force refers to population in the working age group (15 to 64 years) who are either employed or unemployed. |
| Labour force participation rate | : | The ratio of labour force to the working-age population, expressed as a percentage. |
| Outside labour force | : | All persons not classified as employed or unemployed are classified as outside labour force. This category consists of housewives, students (including those going for further studies), retired, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job. |

| Own account worker | : | A person who operates his own farm, business or trade without employing any paid workers in the conduct of his farm, trade or business. |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Skill-related underemployment | : | Those with tertiary education and working in the semi-skilled and low-skilled categories. |
| Time-related underemployment | : | A group of people who employed less than 30 hours during the reference week because of the nature of their work or due to insufficient work and are able and willing to accept additional hours of work. Persons who were employed more than 30 hours during the reference week are considered to be in full employment. |
| Unemployed | : | Those who did not work during the reference week but are interested to work and seeking for a job. Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed. |
| Unemployment rate | : | The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force, expressed as a percentage. |
| Unpaid family worker | : | A person who works without pay or wages on a farm, business or trade operated by another member of the family. |

ACRONYMS

| AF | : | Agrofood Facility |
|----------|---|---|
| BNM | : | Bank Negara Malaysia |
| CATI | : | Computer Assisted Telephone Interview |
| CENDANA | : | Cultural Economy Development Agency |
| DanaNITA | : | Special Business Financing Scheme for Women |
| DOSM | : | Department of Statistics, Malaysia |
| DPGS | : | Danajamin Prihatin Guarantee Scheme |
| ILO | : | International Labour Organizations |
| KPT-CAP | : | Career Advancement Programme |
| LFPR | : | Labour Force Participation Rate |
| LFS | : | Labour Force Survey |
| LI | : | Leading Index |
| MARA | : | Majlis Amanah Rakyat |
| MDEC | : | Malaysia Digital Economy Corporation |
| MTCs | : | Technical and Digital Mid-tier Companies |
| MYWiT | : | MyDigitalWorkforce Work in Tech |
| NRP | : | National Recovery Plan |
| ProSPEC | : | Professional Financing Scheme |
| PSU | : | Wage Subsidy Programme |
| PUTEK | : | Technical Entrepreneur Development Programme |
| PUTRA | : | Youth/ MARA Educational Institution Graduate Entrepreneur |
| | | Programme |
| SMEs | : | Small and Medium Enterprise |
| SOCSO | : | Social Security Organisation |
| SPN | : | National Apprenticeship Scheme |
| SPUMI | : | Indian Community Entrepreneur Development Scheme |
| TRRF | : | Targeted Relief and Residual Facility |



CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS



What is Labour Force Survey (LFS)?

PRIME MINISTER'S DEPARTMENT DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

Labour Force Survey (LFS) was conducted to collect information on the structure and distribution of labour force, employment and unemployment from the perspective of labour supply.

The survey population comprises persons who live in the private living quarters, hence excludes persons residing in institutions such as hotels, hospitals, hostels, prisons, and workers residing in construction worksite. LFS encompasses both urban and rural areas for all administrative districts within of all states in Malaysia using the actual status approach through the personal interview, Computer Assisted Telephone Interview (CATI) and telephone interview method. The LFS are conducted based on the standard guidelines and recommendations of the International Labour Organizations (ILO).

The working age for the analysis of LFS in Malaysia refers to household members between the age of 15 to 64 years during the reference week, who are either in the labour force or outside the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE

- The population in the working age group of 15 to 64 years (in completed years at last birthday).
- Either employed or unemployed in the reference week.



OUTSIDE LABOUR FORCE

- All persons not classified as employed or unemployed.
- Example: housewives, students, retirees, disabled persons and those not interested in looking for a job.



EMPLOYED

- Persons who, at any time during the reference week worked at least one hour for pay, profit or family gain (as an employer, employee, own-account worker or unpaid family worker).
- Persons who did not work during the reference week because of illness, injury, bad weather, leave, labour dispute and social or religious reasons but had a job, farm, enterprise or other family enterprise to return to.
- Those on temporary lay-off with pay who would definitely be called back to work.



UNEMPLOYED

- Those who did not work during the reference week but are interested to work and seeking for a job.
- Classified into two groups which are actively and inactively unemployed.



UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

- The proportion of the unemployed population to the total population in labour force.
- Percentage of the unemployed population in the labour force.



LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

- The economic activity of a population depends on the demographic characteristics of that population.
- The proportion of the economically active population, hence differs between sub-groups of that population.
 - These variations are measured by specific activity rates termed as labour force participation rate.
- Labour force participation rate is defined as the ratio of the labour force to the working age population (15 to 64 years), expressed as a percentage.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Department of Statistics Malaysia

KEY REVIEWS

- Employed persons further strengthened in March 2022, with an addition of 38.5 thousand persons (+0.2%) to 15.77 million persons (February 2022: 15.73 million persons). The employment-to-population ratio which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment improved by 0.1 percentage point to record 66.4 per cent in March 2022 as against to the preceding month (February 2022: 66.3%).
- In terms of economic sector, the number of employed persons in Services sector remained in upward trend mainly in Wholesale & retail trade; Food & beverages services and Human health & social work activities. Similar trend was also observed in the number of employed persons in Manufacturing and Construction sectors which increased steadily for nine consecutive months. Nevertheless, employment in Agriculture and Mining & quarrying sectors remained on a negative trend.
- The employee's category which encompassed of 76.5 per cent of employed persons in March 2022, continued to record a positive growth month-on-month of 0.1 per cent (+14.0 thousand persons) registering a total of 12.06 million persons (February 2022: 12.05 million persons). The own-account workers category also posted a rise of 0.6 per cent month-on-month (+16.9 thousand persons) to 2.69 million persons (February 2022: 2.67 million persons).
- The number of unemployed persons during the month continued to decrease with a reduction of 0.4 per cent or equivalent to 2.6 thousand persons to 669.2 thousand persons (February 2022: 671.8 thousand persons). The unemployment rate in March 2022 remains at 4.1 per cent.
- The number of labour force remained upward in March 2022 with a month-on-month rise of 0.2 per cent or equivalent to 35.8 thousand persons to record 16.44 million persons (February 2022: 16.40 million persons). Accordingly, the labour force participation rate (LFPR) edged up by 0.1 percentage point to 69.2 per cent (February 2022: 69.1%).
- The number of persons outside labour force continued to decrease in March 2022 following the reopening of all economic sectors, thus allowing this inactivity group to enter the labour market either to work or search for jobs. This group posted a reduction of 11.0 thousand persons (-0.2%) to 7.31 million persons (February 2022: 7.32 million persons). Housework/ family responsibilities was the main reason of outside labour force with a share of 42.3 per cent and schooling/ training category ranked second with 40.8 per cent.
- The transition phase to endemic as well as the easing of several more restrictions including the reopening of the country's borders to the public are seen to stimulate further the country's economy. In addition, economic activities are observed to be recovering especially for the tourism industry, thus allowing more demand for labour to ensure the operation of business activities running smoothly. In the meantime, the monthly external trade indicators for both exports and imports rebounded by registering double-digit growth month-on-month in March 2022. Meanwhile, ongoing international crises, such as the Russia-Ukraine war has disrupted the global supply chain. However, it may have a minimal direct impact on Malaysia's trade. Therefore, in overall the national economy as well as the labour market will expand further in the upcoming months as more positive signs of the economy were indicated.

A THRIVING LABOUR FORCE SCENARIO OBSERVED IN MARCH 2022 REFLECTS THE STRATEGIC IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NATIONAL RECOVERY PLAN AS A CORE CATALYST TO REINFORCE ECONOMY AND LABOUR MARKET

Malaysia's economic performance in March 2022 reveals the success of National Recovery Plan (NRP), which aimed to support the country's economic sub-sectors which was affected by the impact of COVID-19 to rebound and return to the pre-pandemic era. The recovery process has established a solid trend and is yielding positive results, with all sectors continuing to operate. In the meantime, the reopening of the international tourism sector would revive this industry which has been severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Even though the daily new COVID-19 cases recorded a spike in March 2022 due to the Omicron wave with an average of 24,000 cases daily¹, the highest since the pandemic surrounded the country in March 2020, the number of deaths decreased while the vaccination rate increased as a result of the National COVID-19 Immunisation Program, which was implemented to mitigate the spread of COVID-19.

In addition, as the country in a transition phase to endemic effective from 1 April 2022, announced by the Prime Minister on 8 March 2022², all businesses remained operating as usual with adherence to the standard operating procedures, which has steered a vibrant economic and labour market situation during the month. Nowadays, COVID-19 is no longer the threat to the national economy as Malaysia is well-prepared to face another COVID-19 wave. Thus, it is now time for all sectors to explore and take advantage of the opportunities emerging in the recovery. Consequently, as all economic sectors resume the operations, the labour force participation rate rises, indicating more participation of labour force in the economy.

Therefore, all these positive signs are reflected by the steadily increasing of employment while the number of unemployed persons decreased further. Consequently, a thriving labour force scenario observed during the month reflects the strategic implementation of the NRP as a core catalyst to reinforce economy and labour market. Moreover, the Leading Index (LI) which indicated the direction of the Malaysian economy reaching 110.8 points in February 2022 (January 2022: 110.2 points), indicating that the Malaysian economy is bound to continue its journey to recovery although the growth momentum would be at ease in the near term. In addition, the monthly external trade indicators for both export and import rebounded by registering double-digit growth month-on-month by 28.7 per cent (February 2022: -7.9%) and 27.3 per cent (February 2022: -10.8%) respectively.

Employed persons further strengthened in March 2022

Employed persons further strengthened in March 2022, with an addition of 38.5 thousand persons (+0.2%) to 15.77 million persons (February 2022: 15.73 million persons). In the meantime, the number of employed persons heightened by 2.9 per cent or equivalent to 440.1 thousand persons year-on-year (March 2021: 15.33 million persons).

In terms of economic sector, the number of employed persons in Services sector remained in upward trend mainly in Wholesale & retail trade; Food & beverages services and Human health & social work activities. Similar trend was also observed in the number of employed persons in Manufacturing and Construction sectors which increased steadily for nine consecutive months. Nevertheless, employment

¹ https://covid-19.moh.gov.my/terkini/2022/04/situasi-terkini-covid-19-di-malaysia-01042022

² https://www.pmo.gov.my/2022/03/kenyataan-media-berkaitan-fasa-peralihan-ke-endemik/

in Agriculture and Mining & quarrying sectors remained on a negative trend.

The employment-to-population ratio which indicates the ability of an economy to create employment **improved by 0.1 percentage point to record 66.4 per cent** in March 2022 as against to the preceding month (February 2022: 66.3%). Similarly, year-on-year comparison, the ratio ascended by 1.0 percentage points as compared to 65.4 per cent in March 2021. **[Chart 1]**





The **employee's category** which encompassed **76.5 per cent** of employed persons in March 2022, continued to record a positive growth month-on-month by 0.1 per cent (+14.0 thousand persons) registering a total of **12.06 million persons** (February 2022: 12.05 million persons). The **own-account workers** category also posted a rise of 0.6 per cent month-on-month (+16.9 thousand persons) to **2.69 million persons** (February 2022: 2.67 million persons). This category consists mostly of daily income earners working as small business operators such as retailers; hawkers; sellers in markets and stalls; as well as smallholders. **[Chart 2]**



Chart 2: Employed person by status in employment, February and March 2022

The number of employed persons who were temporarily not working increased slightly by 5.6 per cent (+4.9 thousand persons) recording 93.9 thousand persons in March 2022, as compared to 89.0 thousand persons in February 2022. The increase was partly due to the school holiday season during the month. Nevertheless, as compared to the March last year, this category continued to reduce

by 27.1 thousand persons (March 2021: 121.0 thousand persons). This group of persons, who were most likely not able to work were not categorised as unemployed as they had work to return to.

3 Unemployment rate in March 2022 remains at 4.1 per cent

The number of **unemployed persons** during the month **continued to decrease** with a reduction of **0.4 per cent** or equivalent to **2.6 thousand persons** to **669.2 thousand unemployed persons** (February 2022: 671.8 thousand persons). The unemployment rate in March 2022 **remains at 4.1 per cent**.

Similarly, the number of unemployed persons reduced further by 11.1 per cent or 84.0 thousand persons as against the same month of the previous year (March 2021: 753.2 thousand persons). The unemployment rate also declined by 0.6 percentage points as compared to 4.7 per cent in March 2021. **[Chart 3]**





Looking at the unemployment category, **83.8 per cent** from the total unemployed persons were those who were available for work and were actively seeking jobs or **actively unemployed**. This category posted a decrease of **0.3 per cent (-1.4 thousand persons)** to **561.0 thousand persons** (February 2022: 562.5 thousand persons). From the total actively unemployed, **57.1 per cent** were those who were **unemployed persons for less than three months**, while **7.1 per cent** were those who were in **long-term unemployment** of more than a year³. On the other hand, the **inactively unemployed** or those who believed that there were no jobs available were on a declining trend for eight consecutive months with a reduction of **1.1 per cent (-1.2 thousand persons)** to record **108.1 thousand persons** (February 2022: 109.3 thousand persons). [Chart 4]

³ Referring to people who have been unemployed for one year or longer (Source: KILM 11: long-term Unemployment) https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---stat/documents/publication/wcms_422451.pdf)

Chart 4: Unemployed category and duration of unemployment, February and March 2022



As for the **unemployment rate for youth aged 15 to 24 years rose** to **13.1 per cent** in March 2022 as against 13.0 per cent in February 2022, registering 361.0 thousand unemployed youths (February 2022: 356.9 thousand persons). On the contrary, the unemployment rate for youth aged **15 to 30 years** dropped marginally by 0.1 percentage point to **8.0 per cent**, following a decrease of 2.2 per cent (-11.4 thousand persons) in the number to record 502.4 thousand unemployed youths (February 2022: 8.1%; 513.7 thousand persons). **[Chart 5]**



Chart 5: Unemployment rate by selected age groups, 1982 - 2021 and January 2020 - March 2022

LFPR edged up by 0.1 percentage point to 69.2 per cent in March 2022

The number of **labour force remained upward** in March 2022 with a month-on-month rise of **0.2 per cent or equivalent to 35.8 thousand persons to record 16.44 million persons** (February 2022: 16.40 million persons). Accordingly, the labour force participation rate (LFPR) **edged up by 0.1 percentage point to 69.2 per cent** (February 2022: 69.1%).

Year-on year comparison, the number of labour force heightened by 356.0 thousand persons (+2.2%) as compared to 16.08 million persons in March 2021. In terms of rate, the LFPR increased by 0.6 percentage points (March 2021: 68.6%). [Chart 6]



Chart 6: Labour force and LFPR, 1982 - 2021 and January 2020 - March 2022

In terms of gender, **the number of labour force** in **both male and female remained upsurge** to record **10.08 million persons** and **6.36 million persons** respectively (February 2022: 10.08 million persons; 6.32 million persons). Accordingly, **male LFPR edged up** to **82.2 per cent (+0.2 percentage points)**, as well as **female LFPR rose** by **0.1 percentage point** to register **55.4 per cent**. As compared to one year earlier, male LFPR went up by 1.2 percentage points (March 2021: 81.0%) while female LFPR increased by 0.2 percentage points (March 2021: 55.2%). **[Chart 7]**



Chart 7: Labour force and LFPR by sex, 1982 - 2021 and January 2020 - March 2022

Housework/ family responsibilities was the main reason of outside labour force

The number of persons **outside labour force continued to decrease** in March 2022 following the reopening of all economic sectors, thus allowing this inactivity group to enter the labour market either to work or search for jobs. This group posted a reduction of **11.0 thousand persons (-0.2%)** to **7.31 million persons** (February 2022: 7.32 million persons). Correspondingly, the number of outside labour force descended by 54.0 thousand persons (-0.7%) as against to 7.36 million persons recorded in March 2021. **Housework/ family responsibilities** was the main reason of outside labour force with a share of 42.3 per cent and schooling/ training category ranked second with 40.8 per cent. **[Chart 8]**



6 GOVERNMENT'S INITIATIVES⁴

Under the PRIHATIN Packages, the Wage Subsidy Programme (PSU) is a financial assistance paid to employers of each enterprise to support employers to continue their operations and retaining employees. As of 8 April 2022, PSU 1.0 has benefited 322,177 employers and 2.64 million registered employees with an approved value of RM12.96 billion. Additionally, through PSU 2.0 under the Kita PRIHATIN Packages, 81,136 employers were benefitted involving a total of RM1.41 billion to assist them to continue operating and maintaining 718,443 employees. Next, under the PSU 3.0 which was provided to support 162,282 employers to retain 1.53 million employees with a total value of RM3.74 billion. Moreover, through PSU 4.0 under PEMULIH packages, there were RM2.48 billion was channelled to 160,260 employers to sustain 1.88 million employees. Later, a total of RM98.66 million was granted to 6,789 employers through PSU 5.0 to retain 79,508 employees.

Furthermore, as of 31 March 2022, 51,037 employees had successfully obtained jobs under SOCSO's *JaminKerja Keluarga Malaysia* initiative. As for the Career Advancement Programme (KPT-CAP) under Ministry of Higher Education, a total of 11,750 graduates was successfully being position under this programme. In addition, through the National Apprenticeship Scheme (SPN) under the Ministry of Youth and Sports in collaboration with other ministries such as Ministry of Works, Ministry of Human Resources and Federal Agencies under all three ministries, a total of 2,263 youths has been successfully placed using the *JaminKerja* Employment Incentive specialty for the apprentices. As of 25 March 2022, a total of 384 participants from 2,442 applications had been successfully placed in the technology and digital services employment through MyDigitalWorkforce Work in Tech (MYWiT). The government in collaboration with the Malaysia Digital Economy Corporation (MDEC) has launched this initiative to improve the skills and capabilities of Malaysian workers by incentivizing companies to hire locals for digital tech and services jobs via salary and training subsidies.

To empower the businesses, Targeted Relief and Residual Facility (TRRF) was granted as a loan facility to assist Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) which was affected in the services sector with an allocation of RM8.0 billion. As of 31 March 2022, a total of 20,136 SMEs from 33,736 applications were successfully benefitted with a value of RM5.43 billion. Additionally, there were 2,212 applications from the total of 2,938 applications were approved totalling RM1.72 billion of the allocation of Agrofood Facilities (AF) provided by Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM). This facility aims to drive the modernization

⁴ This segment is included in the report as a reference for reader based on the 93rd Kewangan Rakyat Report of 22nd April 2022 on the status of approvals, disbursements and registrations.

of the agricultural sector in an effort to increase food security and safety, generate higher income, and attract more younger agropreneurs. Furthermore, under the Danajamin PRIHATIN Guarantee Scheme (DPGS), which focused on the viable businesses in all sectors facing difficulties due to COVID-19, a total of RM2.07 billion of total guarantees had been approved to 61 companies out of 92 companies as of 8 April 2022. Next, as of 31 March 2022, the government has also allocated a total of RM5.94 million funds through the Women's Special Business Financing Scheme (DanaNITA) programme under Majlis Amanah Rakyat (MARA) and TEKUNITA via Tekun Nasional to assist 146 women entrepreneurs who were affected by COVID-19 as well as to increase their business capacity. Later, through the Indian Community Entrepreneur Development Scheme (SPUMI), which is a strategic initiative under TEKUN designed to assist the Indian community in improving their economy through engagement in business and entrepreneurship, a total of RM7.24 million was channelled to support 357 Micro SMEs.

Moreover, under MARA through the Youth/ MARA Educational Institution Graduate Entrepreneur Programme (PUTRA) which was aimed to provide financing facilities for micro businesses for all sectors such as retail, manufacturing and services except agriculture and livestock farming and to produce dynamic entrepreneurs among the younger generation who are eager to start a business, a total of RM785.0 thousands was approved for 85 new entrepreneurs as of 31 March 2022. Additionally, through the Technical Entrepreneur Development Programme (PUTEK) which was a financing facility for the younger generation to start a business in a technical field based on the skills possessed under MARA, a total of RM548.0 thousands have been channelled to 7 MARA technical entrepreneurs. As for the Professional Financing Scheme (ProSPEC) under MARA which aimed to provide business facilities and to increase the participation of Bumiputera entrepreneurs in the field of professional entrepreneurship, a total of RM1.4 million has been approved for 4 professionals to venture into entrepreneurship as of 31 March 2022.

Meanwhile, as of 15 April 2022, a total of RM92.9 million was channelled to 13,892 businesses to support and encourage SMEs and Technical and Digital Mid-tier Companies (MTCs) to digitalise their operations and trade channels in the form of grants and loans for digitalisation services subscriptions. Also, a total of RM79.1 million was approved for 393 applications from the total of 753 applications through the PENJANA Tourism Financing, which was specifically allocated for Bumiputera SMEs to support SMEs and micro-SMEs that were still affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. To support the Arts, Culture and Entertainment Sector, a total of RM7.08 million was channelled to 589 applicants under CENDANA initiative.

7 LOOKING AHEAD

The transition phase to endemic as well as the easing of several more restrictions, including the reopening of the country's borders to the public are seen to stimulate further the country's economy. In addition, economic activities are observed to be recovering, especially for the tourism industry, thus allowing more demand for labour to ensure the operation of business activities running smoothly.

In the meantime, the monthly external trade indicators for both exports and imports rebounded by registering double-digit growth month-on-month in March 2022. Meanwhile, ongoing international crises, such as the Russia-Ukraine war has disrupted the global supply chain. However, it may have a minimal direct impact on Malaysia's trade. Therefore, in overall the national economy as well as the labour market will expand further in the upcoming months as more positive signs of the economy were indicated.

TABLES

LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA MARCH 2022

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Table A: Principal indicator of labour force, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021

| | ('000) | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|----------|------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 1982 | 5,431.4 | 5,249.0 | 182.4 | 2,944.6 | 64.8 | 62.7 | 3.4 |
| 1983 | 5,671.8 | 5,457.0 | 214.9 | 2,969.4 | 65.6 | 63.2 | 3.8 |
| 1984 | 5,862.5 | 5,566.7 | 295.8 | 3,119.6 | 65.3 | 62.0 | 5.0 |
| 1985 | 5,990.1 | 5,653.4 | 336.8 | 3,124.9 | 65.7 | 62.0 | 5.6 |
| 1986 | 6,222.1 | 5,760.1 | 461.9 | 3,188.3 | 66.1 | 61.2 | 7.4 |
| 1987 | 6,456.8 | 5,983.9 | 472.9 | 3,246.1 | 66.5 | 61.7 | 7.3 |
| 1988 | 6,637.0 | 6,157.2 | 479.8 | 3,301.5 | 66.8 | 62.0 | 7.2 |
| 1989 | 6,779.4 | 6,390.9 | 388.5 | 3,463.5 | 66.2 | 62.4 | 5.7 |
| 1990 | 7,000.2 | 6,685.0 | 315.2 | 3,519.7 | 66.5 | 63.6 | 4.5 |
| 1992 | 7,319.0 | 7,047.8 | 271.2 | 3,783.6 | 65.9 | 63.5 | 3.7 |
| 1993 | 7,700.1 | 7,383.4 | 316.8 | 3,874.9 | 66.5 | 63.8 | 4.1 |
| 1995 | 7,893.1 | 7,645.0 | 248.1 | 4,297.7 | 64.7 | 62.7 | 3.1 |
| 1996 | 8,616.0 | 8,399.3 | 216.8 | 4,379.0 | 66.3 | 64.6 | 2.5 |
| 1997 | 8,784.0 | 8,569.2 | 214.9 | 4,605.1 | 65.6 | 64.0 | 2.4 |
| 1998 | 8,883.6 | 8,599.6 | 284.0 | 4,934.0 | 64.3 | 62.2 | 3.2 |
| 1999 | 9,151.5 | 8,837.8 | 313.7 | 5,098.4 | 64.2 | 62.0 | 3.4 |
| 2000 | 9,556.1 | 9,269.2 | 286.9 | 5,065.1 | 65.4 | 63.4 | 3.0 |
| 2001 | 9,699.4 | 9,357.0 | 342.4 | 5,239.9 | 64.9 | 62.6 | 3.5 |
| 2002 | 9,886.2 | 9,542.6 | 343.5 | 5,473.8 | 64.4 | 62.1 | 3.5 |
| 2003 | 10,239.6 | 9,869.7 | 369.8 | 5,458.6 | 65.2 | 62.9 | 3.6 |
| 2004 | 10,346.2 | 9,979.5 | 366.6 | 5,730.5 | 64.4 | 62.1 | 3.5 |
| 2005 | 10,413.4 | 10,045.4 | 368.1 | 6,048.2 | 63.3 | 61.0 | 3.5 |
| 2006 | 10,628.9 | 10,275.4 | 353.6 | 6,205.1 | 63.1 | 61.0 | 3.3 |
| 2007 | 10,889.5 | 10,538.1 | 351.4 | 6,330.1 | 63.2 | 61.2 | 3.2 |
| 2008 | 11,028.1 | 10,659.6 | 368.5 | 6,575.7 | 62.6 | 60.6 | 3.3 |
| 2009 | 11,315.3 | 10,897.3 | 418.0 | 6,665.7 | 62.9 | 60.6 | 3.7 |
| 2010 | 12,303.9 | 11,899.5 | 404.4 | 7,023.0 | 63.7 | 61.6 | 3.3 |
| 2011 | 12,740.7 | 12,351.5 | 389.2 | 7,023.3 | 64.5 | 62.5 | 3.1 |
| 2012 | 13,221.7 | 12,820.5 | 401.2 | 6,927.4 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.0 |
| 2013 | 13,980.5 | 13,545.4 | 435.1 | 6,781.2 | 67.3 | 65.2 | 3.1 |
| 2014 | 14,263.6 | 13,852.6 | 411.1 | 6,821.0 | 67.6 | 65.7 | 2.9 |
| 2015 | 14,518.0 | 14,067.7 | 450.3 | 6,869.9 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3.1 |
| 2016 | 14,667.8 | 14,163.7 | 504.1 | 6,987.6 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 |
| 2017 | 14,980.1 | 14,476.8 | 503.3 | 7,065.0 | 68.0 | 65.7 | 3.4 |
| 2018 | 15,280.3 | 14,776.0 | 504.3 | 7,094.4 | 68.3 | 66.0 | 3.3 |
| 2019 | 15,581.6 | 15,073.4 | 508.2 | 7,103.5 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| 2020 | 15,667.7 | 14,956.7 | 711.0 | 7,225.5 | 68.4 | 65.3 | 4.5 |
| 2021 | 15,797.2 | 15,064.2 | 733.0 | 7,221.4 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.6 |

Table B: Principal indicator of labour force, Malaysia, First Quarter 2010 - First Quarter 2022

| | ('000) | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate | | |
| 2010 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 12,239.3 | 11,801.2 | 438.1 | 7,030.8 | 63.5 | 61.2 | 3.6 | | |
| Q2 | 12,304.9 | 11,900.6 | 404.3 | 7,047.5 | 63.6 | 61.5 | 3.3 | | |
| Q3 | 12,354.6 | 11,961.3 | 393.3 | 7,073.5 | 63.6 | 61.6 | 3.2 | | |
| Q4 | 12,522.4 | 12,137.4 | 385.0 | 6,992.9 | 64.2 | 62.2 | 3.1 | | |
| 2011 | 10 710 0 | 40.000 F | 204.0 | 7 004 0 | C A F | 60 F | 2.0 | | |
| Q1 Q2 | 12,718.3 12,756.0 | 12,333.5 12,367.4 | 384.8 388.6 | 7,004.9 7,048.8 | 64.5 64.4 | 62.5 62.4 | 3.0 3.0 | | |
| Q2 Q3 | 12,756.0 | 12,307.4 | 396.0 | 6,977.2 | 64.9 | 62.9 | 3.1 | | |
| Q3 Q4 | 12,809.0 | 12,493.0 | 394.7 | 7,098.6 | 64.4 | 62.4 | 3.1 | | |
| 2012 | 12,042.0 | 12,777.5 | 554.7 | 7,000.0 | | 02.4 | 0.1 | | |
| Q1 | 13,169.2 | 12,765.2 | 404.0 | 6,915.1 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.1 | | |
| Q2 | 13,237.0 | 12,837.1 | 400.0 | 6,946.1 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.0 | | |
| Q3 | 13,401.7 | 13,005.4 | 396.3 | 6,897.9 | 66.0 | 64.1 | 3.0 | | |
| Q4 | 13,376.2 | 12,971.2 | 405.0 | 7,062.8 | 65.4 | 63.5 | 3.0 | | |
| 2013 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 13,539.5 | 13,118.0 | 421.5 | 7,090.0 | 65.6 | 63.6 | 3.1 | | |
| Q2 | 13,945.1 | 13,524.1 | 421.0 | 6,819.6 | 67.2 | 65.1 | 3.0 | | |
| Q3 | 14,214.2 | 13,776.0 | 438.3 | 6,613.0 | 68.2 | 66.1 | 3.1 | | |
| Q4 | 14,195.1 | 13,739.5 | 455.6 | 6,730.7 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.2 | | |
| 2014 | 44.000.0 | 10 701 4 | 420.4 | C 905 0 | 67.6 | CE C | 2.4 | | |
| Q1 | 14,230.8 | 13,791.4 | 439.4 | 6,805.9 6,702.0 | 67.6 | 65.6 | 3.1 | | |
| Q2 Q3 | 14,296.1 14,346.9 | 13,888.5 13,960.6 | 407.6 386.3 | 6,793.0 6,810.3 | 67.8 67.8 | 65.9 66.0 | 2.9 2.7 | | |
| Q3 Q4 | 14,346.9 | 13,960.6 | 386.3 404.6 | 6,810.3 | 67.8 | 65.8 | 2.7 | | |
| 2015 | 14,403.3 | 13,990.7 | 404.0 | 0,000.9 | 07.7 | 05.0 | 2.0 | | |
| Q1 | 14,544.8 | 14,091.0 | 453.9 | 6,798.5 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3.1 | | |
| Q2 | 14,535.6 | 14,087.8 | 447.8 | 6,897.9 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.1 | | |
| Q3 | 14,561.0 | 14,093.7 | 467.3 | 6,930.6 | 67.8 | 65.6 | 3.2 | | |
| Q4 | 14,600.2 | 14,127.9 | 472.3 | 6,952.7 | 67.7 | 65.6 | 3.2 | | |
| 2016 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 14,596.8 | 14,095.8 | 501.0 | 7,011.5 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.4 | | |
| Q2 | 14,665.4 | 14,161.5 | 503.9 | 7,026.0 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.4 | | |
| Q3 | 14,710.6 | 14,202.0 | 508.5 | 7,044.6 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 | | |
| Q4 | 14,771.4 | 14,260.6 | 510.8 | 7,071.7 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 | | |
| 2017 | 44.070.4 | 44.055.0 | 544.0 | 7 000 0 | 07.7 | 05.4 | 0.5 | | |
| Q1 | 14,870.1 | 14,355.9 | 514.2 | 7,093.8 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 | | |
| Q2 | 14,926.4 | 14,414.8 | 511.6 | 7,123.3 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 | | |
| Q3 Q4 | 15,000.2 | 14,484.0 | 516.2 | 7,091.0 7,085.0 | 67.9 68.0 | 65.6 65.8 | 3.4 3.4 | | |
| 2018 | 15,088.3 | 14,580.5 | 507.8 | 7,065.0 | 00.0 | 05.0 | 3.4 | | |
| Q1 | 15,192.4 | 14,683.6 | 508.9 | 7,093.7 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 | | |
| Q2 | 15,278.3 | 14,767.2 | 511.1 | 7,073.4 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 | | |
| Q3 | 15,381.3 | 14,856.8 | 524.4 | 7,077.9 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 | | |
| Q4 | 15,449.9 | 14,933.4 | 516.5 | 7,070.7 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 | | |
| 2019 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 15,526.8 | 15,010.2 | 516.6 | 7,064.2 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 | | |
| Q2 | 15,598.8 | 15,078.2 | 520.6 | 7,088.1 | 68.8 | 66.5 | 3.3 | | |
| Q3 | 15,674.3 | 15,162.1 | 512.1 | 7,088.7 | 68.9 | 66.6 | 3.3 | | |
| Q4 | 15,766.7 | 15,254.5 | 512.2 | 7,066.1 | 69.1 | 66.8 | 3.2 | | |
| 2020 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Q1 | 15,790.1 | 15,243.5 | 546.6 | 7,163.1 | 68.8 | 66.4 | 3.5 | | |
| Q2 | 15,675.5 | 14,883.7 | 791.8 | 7,350.5 | 68.1 | 64.6 | 5.1 | | |
| Q3 | 15,840.6 | 15,095.6 | 745.0 | 7,324.6 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.7 | | |
| Q4 | 15,922.3 | 15,161.6 | 760.7 | 7,318.4 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.8 | | |
| 2021 Q1 | 16,008.4 | 15,236.5 | 771.8 | 7,316.0 | 68.6 | 65.3 | 4.8 | | |
| Q2 | 15,972.2 | 15,230.5 | 764.9 | 7,316.0 | 68.3 | 65.0 | 4.8 4.8 | | |
| Q2 Q3 | 16,021.0 | 15,207.3 | 704.9 | 7,424.9 | 68.3 | 65.1 | 4.0 | | |
| Q3 Q4 | 16,135.0 | 15,274.8 | 694.4 | 7,430.1 | 68.7 | 65.7 | 4.7 | | |
| 2022 | 10,100.0 | 10,410.7 | 00-1.4 | 7,001.0 | 00.7 | 00.7 | 4.5 | | |
| Q1 | 16,246.1 | 15,574.9 | 671.2 | 7,289.9 | 69.0 | 66.2 | 4.1 | | |
| | , | , | 07.1.2 | .,_00.0 | 00.0 | 00.2 | 6.1 | | |

Table B1 : Employed person working less than 30 hours by sex and age group, Malaysia,First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2022

| | | | | | | | ('00 | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------------|--|
| Time Series | | | ex | | Age Group | | | |
| | Total | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above | |
| 2017 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 415.5 | 177.3 | 238.2 | 57.4 | 79.7 | 90.8 | 187.6 | |
| Q2 | 396.8 | 168.8 | 228.0 | 52.8 | 79.0 | 95.1 | 170.0 | |
| Q3 | 393.0 | 163.2 | 229.7 | 57.3 | 91.1 | 81.4 | 163.1 | |
| Q4 | 419.3 | 173.1 | 246.2 | 60.2 | 105.4 | 84.3 | 169.4 | |
| 2018 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 462.3 | 172.9 | 289.3 | 61.2 | 119.5 | 98.7 | 182.9 | |
| Q2 | 497.2 | 207.7 | 289.5 | 75.5 | 132.4 | 101.3 | 188.0 | |
| Q3 | 442.4 | 172.7 | 269.7 | 56.4 | 96.7 | 98.3 | 191.0 | |
| Q4 | 370.0 | 140.9 | 229.0 | 39.2 | 80.4 | 78.9 | 171.4 | |
| 2019 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 352.6 | 143.7 | 209.0 | 52.2 | 90.9 | 68.9 | 140.7 | |
| Q2 | 374.3 | 171.5 | 202.8 | 43.6 | 84.1 | 87.8 | 158.8 | |
| Q3 | 326.6 | 118.9 | 207.6 | 42.5 | 73.6 | 79.7 | 130.8 | |
| Q4 | 304.0 | 112.3 | 191.8 | 39.1 | 62.9 | 72.8 | 129.3 | |
| 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 667.5 | 320.1 | 347.4 | 91.0 | 189.1 | 146.5 | 240.9 | |
| Q2 | 789.6 | 444.0 | 345.7 | 134.6 | 229.1 | 182.0 | 244.0 | |
| Q3 | 403.8 | 151.4 | 252.4 | 116.1 | 118.0 | 72.1 | 97.6 | |
| Q4 | 533.7 | 345.6 | 188.0 | 165.5 | 189.5 | 71.0 | 107.6 | |
| 2021 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 441.9 | 281.3 | 160.5 | 57.0 | 209.4 | 106.3 | 69.2 | |
| Q2 | 474.1 | 317.8 | 156.3 | 102.2 | 110.1 | 95.9 | 165.9 | |
| Q3 | 464.6 | 282.9 | 181.6 | 69.0 | 166.4 | 123.7 | 105.4 | |
| Q4 | 393.8 | 137.6 | 256.2 | 87.0 | 108.4 | 97.5 | 100.9 | |
| 2022 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 336.3 | 112.1 | 224.1 | 39.1 | 103.6 | 77.8 | 115.8 | |

Table B2 : Time-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia,First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2022

| | | | | | | | ('000 | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--------|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|--|
| Time Series | | S | Sex | Age Group | | | | |
| | Total | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above | |
| 2017 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 211.8 | 105.9 | 105.8 | 36.8 | 51.0 | 48.6 | 75.4 | |
| Q2 | 195.4 | 97.7 | 97.8 | 34.7 | 45.2 | 48.9 | 66.6 | |
| Q3 | 224.8 | 109.1 | 115.7 | 46.3 | 59.3 | 49.8 | 69.4 | |
| Q4 | 238.5 | 115.3 | 123.2 | 45.7 | 69.4 | 44.9 | 78.5 | |
| 2018 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 242.5 | 102.4 | 141.0 | 37.3 | 74.1 | 52.3 | 79.7 | |
| Q2 | 231.7 | 108.1 | 123.5 | 40.2 | 65.8 | 43.2 | 82.5 | |
| Q3 | 235.5 | 116.5 | 119.0 | 43.4 | 54.4 | 49.4 | 88.3 | |
| Q4 | 204.1 | 88.1 | 115.9 | 30.8 | 47.5 | 44.0 | 81.7 | |
| 2019 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 210.5 | 98.0 | 112.5 | 43.6 | 61.4 | 36.9 | 68.6 | |
| Q2 | 204.5 | 107.2 | 97.2 | 32.0 | 53.8 | 45.7 | 73.0 | |
| Q3 | 178.7 | 70.4 | 108.2 | 28.6 | 44.8 | 50.9 | 54.4 | |
| Q4 | 170.7 | 69.2 | 101.5 | 28.7 | 44.2 | 40.6 | 57.1 | |
| 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 383.2 | 183.2 | 199.9 | 63.2 | 114.1 | 82.4 | 123.5 | |
| Q2 | 413.5 | 257.6 | 156.0 | 76.3 | 99.3 | 106.1 | 131.9 | |
| Q3 | 300.8 | 102.3 | 198.5 | 108.4 | 97.2 | 47.4 | 47.8 | |
| Q4 | 369.1 | 267.8 | 101.3 | 130.3 | 117.4 | 53.1 | 68.4 | |
| 2021 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 310.5 | 226.7 | 83.8 | 46.4 | 159.3 | 67.2 | 37.6 | |
| Q2 | 329.7 | 236.1 | 93.5 | 86.6 | 82.6 | 46.6 | 113.8 | |
| Q3 | 326.2 | 232.2 | 93.9 | 40.4 | 137.0 | 87.7 | 61.0 | |
| Q4 | 293.1 | 101.2 | 191.9 | 80.8 | 78.9 | 70.2 | 63.2 | |
| 2022 | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 245.1 | 71.3 | 173.8 | 21.8 | 76.1 | 62.6 | 84.5 | |

('000)

Table B3 : Skill-related underemployment by sex and age group, Malaysia,First Quarter 2017 - First Quarter 2022

| Time Series | | S | ex | | Age Group | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------|--------|-------|-----------|-------|--------------|--|--|
| | Total | Male | Female | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45 and above | | |
| 2017 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,182.9 | 567.0 | 615.9 | 280.8 | 569.0 | 209.3 | 123.8 | | |
| Q2 | 1,280.6 | 584.9 | 695.7 | 317.9 | 587.7 | 226.9 | 148.1 | | |
| Q3 | 1,311.6 | 623.9 | 687.7 | 306.1 | 632.6 | 227.4 | 145.5 | | |
| Q4 | 1,332.8 | 648.4 | 684.4 | 303.2 | 631.8 | 254.8 | 142.9 | | |
| 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,306.9 | 629.2 | 677.7 | 279.2 | 629.2 | 259.0 | 139.5 | | |
| Q2 | 1,408.1 | 647.2 | 760.9 | 314.5 | 687.4 | 257.7 | 148.4 | | |
| Q3 | 1,446.3 | 704.1 | 742.2 | 351.3 | 683.3 | 266.9 | 144.8 | | |
| Q4 | 1,404.0 | 667.8 | 736.2 | 337.2 | 679.1 | 245.4 | 142.3 | | |
| 2019 | · | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,460.8 | 673.2 | 787.6 | 329.5 | 696.4 | 263.0 | 172.0 | | |
| Q2 | 1,417.2 | 665.3 | 751.9 | 338.6 | 666.0 | 259.7 | 152.8 | | |
| Q3 | 1,554.5 | 699.3 | 855.2 | 393.5 | 705.8 | 279.1 | 176.0 | | |
| Q4 | 1,540.9 | 746.8 | 794.1 | 348.4 | 732.4 | 287.4 | 172.7 | | |
| 2020 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,637.3 | 815.1 | 822.2 | 338.3 | 786.3 | 310.8 | 201.8 | | |
| Q2 | 1,674.1 | 847.7 | 826.4 | 393.7 | 701.9 | 331.6 | 246.9 | | |
| Q3 | 1,762.7 | 865.9 | 896.9 | 405.1 | 811.4 | 355.3 | 190.9 | | |
| Q4 ^r | 1,886.8 | 1,066.6 | 820.2 | 353.5 | 862.6 | 443.0 | 227.6 | | |
| 2021 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,899.9 | 951.5 | 948.4 | 437.2 | 848.4 | 401.7 | 212.5 | | |
| Q2 | 1,852.5 | 949.0 | 903.5 | 336.9 | 776.0 | 426.1 | 313.5 | | |
| Q3 | 1,873.8 | 931.7 | 942.2 | 426.8 | 835.3 | 392.0 | 219.7 | | |
| Q4 | 1,838.3 | 877.1 | 961.2 | 309.0 | 816.4 | 454.6 | 258.3 | | |
| 2022 | | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 | 1,810.1 | 874.4 | 935.6 | 364.9 | 821.3 | 428.2 | 195.7 | | |

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LABOUR FORCE, MALAYSIA | MARCH 2022 | A-5

| | | | ('000) | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|----------|------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemploymen Rate | | | |
| 2010 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 12,367.9 | 11,931.2 | 436.7 | 6,927.5 | 64.1 | 61.8 | 3 | | | |
| February | 12,059.8 | 11,632.3 | 427.4 | 7,225.1 | 62.5 | 60.3 | 3 | | | |
| March | 12,324.2 | 11,895.9 | 428.3 | 6,993.0 | 63.8 | 61.6 | 3 | | | |
| April | 12,512.0 | 12,133.5 | 378.5 | 6,894.5 | 64.5 | 62.5 | 3 | | | |
| May | 12,197.6 | 11,798.9 | 398.7 | 7,186.0 | 62.9 | 60.9 | 3 | | | |
| June | 12,331.8 | 11,882.2 | 449.6 | 7,065.0 | 63.6 | 61.3 | 3 | | | |
| July | 12,516.2 | 12,099.5 | 416.7 | 6,900.5 | 64.5 | 62.3 | 3 | | | |
| August | 12,320.9 | 11,936.5 | 384.3 | 7,157.9 | 63.3 | 61.3 | 3 | | | |
| September | 12,289.9 | 11,912.1 | 377.8 | 7,194.4 | 63.1 | 61.1 | 3 | | | |
| October | 12,689.5 | 12,342.6 | 346.8 | 6,846.7 | 65.0 | 63.2 | 2 | | | |
| November | 12,277.5 | 11,874.1 | 403.4 | 7,298.3 | 62.7 | 60.7 | 3 | | | |
| December | 12,822.3 | 12,418.3 | 404.1 | 6,722.3 | 65.6 | 63.5 | 3 | | | |
| 2011 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 12,804.2 | 12,376.0 | 428.2 | 6,881.6 | 65.0 | 62.9 | 3 | | | |
| February | 12,618.9 | 12,245.3 | 373.6 | 7,110.3 | 64.0 | 62.1 | 3 | | | |
| March | 12,862.2 | 12,491.8 | 370.4 | 6,940.1 | 65.0 | 63.1 | 2 | | | |
| April | 12,921.7 | 12,537.1 | 384.6 | 6,930.6 | 65.1 | 63.2 | 3 | | | |
| May | 12,726.6 | 12,330.3 | 396.3 | 7,133.2 | 64.1 | 62.1 | 3 | | | |
| June | 12,782.7 | 12,372.6 | 410.1 | 7,073.7 | 64.4 | 62.3 | 3 | | | |
| July | 12,967.4 | 12,581.5 | 385.9 | 6,920.5 | 65.2 | 63.3 | 3 | | | |
| August | 12,887.9 | 12,486.7 | 401.2 | 7,038.6 | 64.7 | 62.7 | 3 | | | |
| September | 12,875.9 | 12,456.9 | 419.0 | 7,032.2 | 64.7 | 62.6 | 3 | | | |
| October | 12,938.2 | 12,450.3 | 388.1 | 7,032.2 | 64.7 | 62.8 | 3 | | | |
| November | 12,930.2 | 12,330.1 | 398.7 | 7,043.7 | 63.7 | 61.7 | 3 | | | |
| December | 13,092.1 | 12,525.7 | 404.9 | 6,997.3 | 65.2 | 63.2 | 3 | | | |
| 2012 | 13,092.1 | 12,007.2 | 404.9 | 0,997.5 | 03.2 | 03.2 | 5 | | | |
| January | 13,191.6 | 12,781.3 | 410.4 | 6,878.5 | 65.7 | 63.7 | 3 | | | |
| February | 13,191.0 | 12,781.3 | 408.9 | 7,042.3 | 65.0 | 62.9 | | | | |
| March | | | | | | | 3 | | | |
| | 13,295.4 | 12,893.8 | 401.6 | 6,897.3 | 65.8 | 63.9 | 3 | | | |
| April | 13,331.8 | 12,936.9 | 394.8 | 6,851.3 | 66.1 | 64.1 | 3 | | | |
| May | 13,245.6 | 12,861.2 | 384.4 | 6,952.9 | 65.6 | 63.7 | 2 | | | |
| June | 13,232.5 | 12,811.4 | 421.0 | 7,013.7 | 65.4 | 63.3 | 3 | | | |
| July | 13,511.7 | 13,093.3 | 418.4 | 6,777.3 | | 64.5 | 3 | | | |
| August | 13,313.6 | 12,963.4 | 350.2 | 7,039.9 | 65.4 | 63.7 | 2 | | | |
| September | 13,408.5 | 12,984.5 | 424.0 | 6,993.2 | 65.7 | 63.6 | 3 | | | |
| October | 13,341.4 | 12,908.9 | 432.6 | 7,056.2 | 65.4 | 63.3 | 3 | | | |
| November | 13,429.2 | 13,044.6 | 384.6 | 7,094.6 | 65.4 | 63.6 | 2 | | | |
| December | 13,538.6 | 13,114.3 | 424.3 | 7,060.6 | 65.7 | 63.7 | 3 | | | |
| 2013 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 13,569.6 | 13,109.8 | 459.8 | 7,035.5 | 65.9 | 63.6 | 3 | | | |
| February | 13,598.8 | 13,195.9 | 402.9 | 7,119.8 | 65.6 | 63.7 | 3 | | | |
| March | 13,684.4 | 13,241.7 | 442.6 | 7,116.7 | 65.8 | 63.7 | 3 | | | |
| April | 13,835.7 | 13,422.9 | 412.8 | 6,922.7 | 66.7 | 64.7 | 3 | | | |
| Мау | 13,815.3 | 13,368.9 | 446.4 | 7,005.6 | 66.4 | 64.2 | 3 | | | |
| June | 14,217.1 | 13,816.9 | 400.2 | 6,668.6 | 68.1 | 66.2 | 2 | | | |
| July | 14,194.6 | 13,763.0 | 431.6 | 6,655.9 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3 | | | |
| August | 14,176.6 | 13,734.2 | 442.4 | 6,689.8 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3 | | | |
| September | 14,309.4 | 13,859.5 | 449.9 | 6,557.3 | 68.6 | 66.4 | 3 | | | |
| October | 14,169.2 | 13,699.1 | 470.1 | 6,746.3 | 67.7 | 65.5 | 3 | | | |
| November | 14,220.9 | 13,730.4 | 490.5 | 6,716.2 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3 | | | |
| December | 14,276.5 | 13,836.2 | 440.3 | 6,724.3 | 68.0 | 65.9 | 3 | | | |

| | | | ('000) | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|----------|------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate | | | |
| 2014 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,244.4 | 13,775.9 | 468.5 | 6,734.7 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.3 | | | |
| February | 14,249.9 | 13,788.0 | 462.0 | 6,808.7 | 67.7 | 65.5 | 3.2 | | | |
| March | 14,198.4 | 13,768.3 | 430.1 | 6,956.1 | 67.1 | 65.1 | 3.0 | | | |
| April | 14,206.7 | 13,793.2 | 413.5 | 6,849.4 | 67.5 | 65.5 | 2.9 | | | |
| May | 14,430.2 | 14,023.0 | 407.2 | 6,693.2 | 68.3 | 66.4 | 2.8 | | | |
| June | 14,373.4 | 13,967.0 | 406.4 | 6,826.6 | 67.8 | 65.9 | 2.8 | | | |
| July | 14,333.4 | 13,935.8 | 397.6 | 6,846.2 | 67.7 | 65.8 | 2.8 | | | |
| August | 14,266.3 | 13,881.4 | 384.9 | 6,934.1 | 67.3 | 65.5 | 2.7 | | | |
| September | 14,440.2 | 14,058.4 | 381.8 | 6,763.7 | 68.1 | 66.3 | 2.6 | | | |
| October | 14,403.1 | 14,023.3 | 379.9 | 6,926.7 | 67.5 | 65.7 | 2.6 | | | |
| November | 14,404.1 | 14,025.4 | 378.7 | 6,887.1 | 67.7 | 65.9 | 2.6 | | | |
| December | 14,512.0 | 14,060.2 | 451.7 | 6,784.8 | 68.1 | 66.0 | 3.1 | | | |
| 2015 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,442.0 | 13,991.8 | 450.3 | 6,923.7 | 67.6 | 65.5 | 3.1 | | | |
| February | 14,554.7 | 14,092.9 | 461.8 | 6,847.8 | 68.0 | 65.9 | 3.2 | | | |
| March | 14,601.2 | 14,160.5 | 440.7 | 6,839.3 | 68.1 | 66.1 | 3.0 | | | |
| April | 14,569.5 | 14,136.2 | 433.3 | 6,890.2 | 67.9 | 65.9 | 3.0 | | | |
| May | 14,575.0 | 14,126.7 | 448.3 | 6,933.5 | 67.8 | 65.7 | 3.1 | | | |
| June | 14,609.9 | 14,146.7 | 463.2 | 6,896.2 | 67.9 | 65.8 | 3.2 | | | |
| July | 14,579.1 | 14,106.2 | 472.9 | 6,937.7 | 67.8 | 65.6 | 3.2 | | | |
| August | 14,685.1 | 14,214.6 | 470.5 | 6,871.5 | 68.1 | 65.9 | 3.2 | | | |
| September | 14,642.0 | 14,151.7 | 490.3 | 6,925.4 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.3 | | | |
| October | 14,665.9 | 14,184.7 | 481.3 | 6,894.8 | 68.0 | 65.8 | 3.3 | | | |
| November | 14,687.2 | 14,104.7 | 471.5 | 6,945.0 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.2 | | | |
| December | 14,690.0 | 14,185.7 | 504.3 | 6,945.3 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 | | | |
| 2016 | 14,000.0 | 14,100.7 | 004.0 | 0,040.0 | 07.5 | 00.0 | 0 | | | |
| January | 14,652.0 | 14,150.5 | 501.5 | 6,984.2 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 | | | |
| February | 14,703.3 | 14,196.9 | 506.4 | 7,063.1 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.4 | | | |
| March | 14,710.1 | 14,190.3 | 509.5 | 6,964.0 | 67.9 | 65.5 | 3.5 | | | |
| April | 14,710.1 | 14,200.7 | 511.5 | 7,012.5 | 67.7 | 65.3 | 3.5 | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | | | |
| May | 14,705.0 | 14,200.2 | 504.8 | 7,021.1 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 | | | |
| June | 14,720.1 | 14,218.4 | 501.8 | 7,036.5 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 | | | |
| July | 14,729.0 | 14,212.8 | 516.2 | 7,008.4 | 67.8 | 65.4 | 3.5 | | | |
| August | 14,822.2 | 14,306.9 | 515.2 | 7,053.3 | 67.8 | 65.4 | 3.5 | | | |
| September | 14,762.2 | 14,249.6 | 512.6 | 7,084.3 | 67.6 | 65.2 | 3.5 | | | |
| October | 14,765.1 | 14,253.4 | 511.7 | 7,071.1 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.8 | | | |
| November | 14,827.9 | 14,317.2 | 510.7 | 7,081.8 | 67.7 | 65.3 | 3.4 | | | |
| December | 14,788.9 | 14,276.7 | 512.2 | 7,072.8 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 3.5 | | | |
| 2017 | | | | | | | | | | |
| January | 14,880.9 | 14,366.8 | 514.1 | 7,090.4 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 | | | |
| February | 14,916.7 | 14,401.8 | 514.8 | 7,086.9 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.5 | | | |
| March | 14,932.5 | 14,421.7 | 510.8 | 7,121.8 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 | | | |
| April | 14,941.5 | 14,429.6 | 511.9 | 7,122.5 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.4 | | | |
| May | 14,961.9 | 14,454.4 | 507.5 | 7,120.8 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 | | | |
| June | 15,027.6 | 14,519.9 | 507.7 | 7,141.1 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 | | | |
| July | 15,016.4 | 14,497.4 | 519.0 | 7,150.4 | 67.7 | 65.4 | 3.5 | | | |
| August | 15,030.2 | 14,513.4 | 516.9 | 7,138.4 | 67.8 | 65.5 | 3.4 | | | |
| September | 15,058.8 | 14,544.3 | 514.5 | 7,122.1 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 3.4 | | | |
| October | 15,090.4 | 14,581.7 | 508.8 | 7,117.7 | 68.0 | 65.7 | 3.4 | | | |
| November | 15,084.0 | 14,578.9 | 505.1 | 7,121.4 | 67.9 | 65.7 | 3.3 | | | |
| December | 15,145.9 | 14,640.1 | 505.8 | 7,084.1 | 68.1 | 65.9 | 3.3 | | | |

| | | | | ('000) | | | (%) |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2018 | | | | | | | |
| January | 15,187.0 | 14,670.5 | 516.5 | 7,074.8 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.4 |
| February | 15,230.0 | 14,721.5 | 508.5 | 7,112.3 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,241.2 | 14,732.5 | 508.7 | 7,115.0 | 68.2 | 65.9 | 3.3 |
| April | 15,313.1 | 14,803.1 | 510.0 | 7,130.9 | 68.2 | 66.0 | 3.3 |
| May | 15,357.5 | 14,852.6 | 504.8 | 7,097.1 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| June | 15,379.0 | 14,863.2 | 515.8 | 7,062.2 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| July | 15,401.0 | 14,882.4 | 518.6 | 7,044.5 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.4 |
| August | 15,421.4 | 14,896.5 | 525.0 | 7,133.9 | 68.4 | 66.0 | 3.4 |
| September | 15,442.9 | 14,926.5 | 516.4 | 7,096.8 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| October | 15,450.0 | 14,937.1 | 512.9 | 7,093.7 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| November | 15,457.5 | 14,941.3 | 516.2 | 7,151.2 | 68.4 | 66.1 | 3.3 |
| December | 15,500.1 | 14,986.0 | 514.2 | 7,120.1 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| January | 15,508.5 | 14,992.8 | 515.6 | 7,095.9 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| February | 15,543.2 | 15,026.8 | 516.4 | 7,145.9 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,556.6 | 15,035.2 | 521.3 | 7,169.4 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| April | 15,613.1 | 15,089.8 | 523.3 | 7,184.4 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.4 |
| May | 15,642.3 | 15,122.5 | 519.8 | 7,190.0 | 68.5 | 66.2 | 3.3 |
| June | 15,655.9 | 15,134.6 | 521.4 | 7,156.7 | 68.6 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| July | 15,704.6 | 15,179.8 | 524.8 | 7,207.7 | 68.5 | 66.3 | 3.3 |
| August | 15,706.0 | 15,185.8 | 520.2 | 7,172.4 | 68.6 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| September | 15,751.2 | 15,229.9 | 521.4 | 7,159.8 | 68.7 | 66.5 | 3.3 |
| October | 15,777.7 | 15,265.6 | 512.1 | 7,175.0 | 68.7 | 66.5 | 3.2 |
| November | 15,828.9 | 15,315.0 | 513.9 | 7,174.2 | 68.8 | 66.6 | 3.2 |
| December | 15,803.0 | 15,286.0 | 517.0 | 7,129.8 | 68.9 | 66.7 | 3.3 |
| 2020 | 10,000.0 | 10,200.0 | 01110 | 1,120.0 | | | 0.0 |
| January | 15,829.3 | 15,317.6 | 511.7 | 7,128.9 | 68.9 | 66.7 | 3.2 |
| February | 15,869.8 | 15,344.5 | 525.2 | 7,224.0 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 3.3 |
| March | 15,842.9 | 15,232.4 | 610.5 | 7,239.8 | 68.6 | 66.0 | 3.9 |
| April | 15,712.2 | 14,933.4 | 778.8 | 7,345.1 | 68.1 | 64.8 | 5.0 |
| May | 15,714.0 | 14,887.9 | 826.1 | 7,392.1 | 68.0 | 64.4 | 5.3 |
| June | 15,763.5 | 14,990.2 | 773.2 | 7,398.5 | 68.1 | 64.7 | 4.9 |
| July | 15,818.5 | 15,073.4 | 745.1 | 7,399.8 | 68.1 | 64.9 | 4.7 |
| August | 15,895.1 | 15,153.5 | 741.6 | 7,351.5 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.7 |
| September | 15,930.6 | 15,193.1 | 741.0 | 7,359.8 | 68.4 | | 4.6 |
| October | 15,955.3 | 15,193.1 | 748.2 | 7,347.7 | 68.5 | 65.2 65.3 | |
| | | | 746.2 | | | | 4.7 |
| November December | 15,960.5 15,988.3 | 15,196.1 15,215.4 | 764.4 | 7,374.8 7,372.2 | 68.4 68.4 | 65.1 65.1 | 4.8 4.8 |
| 2021 | 13,900.3 | 13,213.4 | 112.5 | 1,312.2 | 00.4 | 00.1 | 4.0 |
| January | 16,019.8 | 15,237.3 | 782.5 | 7,366.2 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.9 |
| February | 16,048.2 | 15,237.5 | 762.5 | 7,300.2 | 68.5 | 65.2 | 4.9 |
| March | 16,048.2 | 15,329.3 | 753.2 | 7,363.7 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.0 |
| April | 16,082.5 | 15,329.3 | 753.2 | 7,303.7 | 68.6 | 65.4 | 4.7 |
| April May | 16,094.7 | 15,352.0 | 742.7 728.1 | 7,378.0 | 68.5 | 65.4 | 4.6 |
| June | 16,098.9 | 15,370.8 | 720.1 | 7,396.0 | 68.3 | 65.0 | 4.5 |
| | | | 768.7 778.2 | | 68.3 | | |
| July | 16,072.9 16,125,4 | 15,294.8 15,276,6 | | 7,475.4 | | 65.0 | 4.8 |
| August | 16,125.4 | 15,376.6 | 748.8 | 7,448.5 | 68.4 | 65.2 | 4.6 |
| September | 16,193.1 | 15,463.5 | 729.6 | 7,405.9 | 68.6 | 65.5 | 4.5 |
| October | 16,259.6 | 15,554.6 | 705.0 | 7,364.5 | 68.8 | 65.8 | 4.3 |
| November | 16,304.7 | 15,610.3 | 694.4 | 7,344.4 | 68.9 | 66.0 | 4.3 |
| December | 16,336.2 | 15,648.6 | 687.6 | 7,337.8 | 69.0 | 66.1 | 4.2 |

| | | | | ('000) | | | (%) |
|-------------|-----------------|----------|------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Time Series | Labour Force | Employed | Unemployed | Outside Labour Force | Labour Force Participation Rate | Employment to Population Ratio | Unemployment Rate |
| 2022 | | | | | | | |
| January | 16,366.4 | 15,686.1 | 680.4 | 7,332.1 | 69.1 | 66.2 | 4.2 |
| February | 16,402.7 | 15,730.9 | 671.8 | 7,320.7 | 69.1 | 66.3 | 4.1 |
| March | 16,438.5 | 15,769.4 | 669.2 | 7,309.7 | 69.2 | 66.4 | 4.1 |

Table C1 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016- March 2022

| Time Series | Unemployed | Actively Unemployed | Less than 3 month | 3- Less than 6 month | 6- Less than 12 month | More than year | Inactively unemployed |
|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| 2016 | | | | | | | |
| January | 501.5 | 361.9 | 180.3 | 110.0 | 36.0 | 35.6 | 139 |
| February | 506.4 | 254.0 | 115.8 | 83.7 | 34.9 | 19.6 | 252 |
| March | 509.5 | 332.8 | 176.8 | 92.9 | 44.8 | 18.3 | 176 |
| April | 511.5 | 328.0 | 170.6 | 93.3 | 43.9 | 20.2 | 183 |
| May | 504.8 | 297.3 | 153.6 | 92.5 | 37.6 | 13.6 | 207 |
| June | 501.8 | 298.2 | 146.8 | 83.6 | 51.7 | 16.2 | 203 |
| July | 516.2 | 306.0 | 131.1 | 90.9 | 54.6 | 29.4 | 210 |
| August | 515.2 | 305.6 | 149.0 | 81.4 | 44.7 | 30.5 | 209 |
| September | 512.6 | 292.6 | 148.1 | 77.9 | 45.6 | 21.0 | 220 |
| October | 511.7 | 299.7 | 143.1 | 74.7 | 48.4 | 33.5 | 212 |
| November | 510.7 | 286.5 | 125.6 | 86.8 | 47.5 | 26.6 | 224 |
| December | 512.2 | 374.4 | 192.2 | 93.2 | 59.4 | 29.6 | 137 |
| 2017 | | | | | | | |
| January | 514.1 | 328.4 | 147.1 | 108.1 | 47.3 | 25.9 | 18 |
| February | 514.8 | 338.1 | 151.8 | 118.6 | 46.7 | 21.0 | 170 |
| March | 510.8 | 315.2 | 168.2 | 80.8 | 43.0 | 23.2 | 19 |
| April | 511.9 | 359.5 | 151.9 | 107.5 | 66.2 | 33.9 | 15 |
| May | 507.5 | 372.1 | 171.9 | 128.8 | 38.9 | 32.5 | 13 |
| June | 507.7 | 319.1 | 151.1 | 89.8 | 49.2 | 29.0 | 18 |
| July | 519.0 | 345.6 | 144.6 | 115.0 | 47.6 | 38.4 | 17: |
| August | 516.9 | 351.5 | 160.7 | 115.7 | 45.0 | 30.1 | 16 |
| September | 510.5 | 322.0 | 142.4 | 105.8 | 45.1 | 28.7 | 19 |
| October | 508.8 | 356.1 | 142.4 | 110.6 | 35.7 | 27.7 | 15 |
| November | 505.1 | 338.1 | 143.3 | 105.5 | 51.1 | 38.2 | 15. |
| December | 505.8 | 327.5 | 143.3 | 105.5 | 46.6 | 44.2 | 17 |
| 2018 | 505.0 | 521.5 | 127.0 | 103.1 | +0.0 | | 17 |
| January | 516.5 | 356.6 | 133.2 | 125.9 | 58.2 | 39.3 | 16 |
| February | 508.5 | 349.8 | 155.3 | 106.6 | 41.4 | 46.4 | 15 |
| March | 508.7 | 349.8 | 161.7 | 108.5 | 42.0 | 37.7 | 15 |
| April | 510.0 | 373.6 | 167.7 | 140.9 | 44.7 | 20.2 | 130 |
| May | 504.8 | 319.4 | 134.2 | 140.9 | 38.5 | 34.7 | 18 |
| June | 515.8 | 319.4 | 134.2 | 108.5 | 52.4 | 27.4 | 19 |
| July | 518.6 | 360.7 | 189.7 | 86.1 | 47.9 | 37.0 | |
| - | | | | | | | 15 |
| August | 525.0 | 308.7 361.6 | 149.1 | 84.4 | 46.1 | 29.0 | 21 |
| September | 516.4 | | 174.1 | 103.0 | 37.5 | 47.1 | 15 |
| October | 512.9 | 331.1 | 165.2 | 85.5 | 49.2 | 31.3 | 18 |
| November | 516.2 | 347.8 | 168.9 | 87.2 | 52.6 | 39.2 | 16 |
| December | 514.2 | 329.7 | 149.3 | 92.6 | 34.3 | 53.5 | 18 |
| 2019 | F 4 F 0 | 400.0 | 404 - | 4070 | 70.0 | o= / | |
| January | 515.6 | 400.8 | 184.7 | 107.3 | 73.3 | 35.4 | 11- |
| February | 516.4 | 362.6 | 147.1 | 99.5 | 72.7 | 43.3 | 15 |
| March | 521.3 | 345.4 | 175.6 | 74.7 | 37.8 | 57.3 | 17 |
| April | 523.3 | 365.5 | 150.1 | 116.9 | 67.6 | 31.0 | 15 |
| May | 519.8 | 343.2 | 110.9 | 132.4 | 65.7 | 34.1 | 17 |
| June | 521.4 | 425.3 | 220.8 | 124.1 | 53.0 | 27.4 | 9 |
| July | 524.8 | 362.5 | 162.7 | 105.8 | 53.9 | 40.1 | 16 |
| August | 520.2 | 411.7 | 180.2 | 128.9 | 50.0 | 52.6 | 10 |
| September | 521.4 | 410.1 | 213.0 | 125.7 | 52.1 | 19.3 | 11 |
| October | 512.1 | 340.3 | 168.2 | 104.8 | 42.4 | 24.9 | 17 |
| November | 513.9 | 339.5 | 141.1 | 92.7 | 46.2 | 59.5 | 17 |
| December | 517.0 | 389.5 | 182.0 | 119.3 | 53.9 | 34.3 | 12 |

Table C1 : Number of unemployed persons by category and duration of unemployment, January 2016- March 2022

| | | | | | | | ('000) |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Time Series | Unemployed | Actively Unemployed | Less than 3 month | 3- Less than 6 month | 6- Less than 12 month | More than year | Inactively unemployed |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| January | 511.7 | 319.8 | 132.4 | 103.2 | 48.7 | 35.6 | 191.9 |
| February | 525.2 | 343.2 | 148.5 | 96.6 | 52.6 | 45.4 | 182.1 |
| March | 610.5 | 422.9 | 200.0 | 100.2 | 72.7 | 50.1 | 187.6 |
| April | 778.8 | 459.8 | 235.9 | 156.6 | 38.1 | 29.2 | 319.0 |
| May | 826.1 | 573.7 | 308.1 | 136.1 | 78.6 | 50.8 | 252.4 |
| June | 773.2 | 594.0 | 298.7 | 159.3 | 85.8 | 50.3 | 179.2 |
| July | 745.1 | 620.2 | 307.4 | 168.5 | 87.2 | 57.1 | 124.9 |
| • | 745.1 | 615.1 | 302.4 | 164.9 | 89.7 | 58.0 | 124.9 |
| August | - | | | | | | |
| September | 737.5 | 610.4 | 300.5 | 163.6 | 88.2 | 58.0 | 127.1 |
| October | 748.2 | 623.1 | 304.5 | 167.4 | 89.0 | 62.2 | 125.1 |
| November | 764.4 | 637.7 | 311.2 | 169.8 | 90.4 | 66.3 | 126.7 |
| December | 772.9 | 644.7 | 313.9 | 172.0 | 92.0 | 66.8 | 128.2 |
| 2021 | | | | | | | |
| January | 782.5 | 657.2 | 321.5 | 175.9 | 90.4 | 69.3 | 125.3 |
| February | 777.5 | 647.4 | 327.8 | 155.5 | 91.0 | 73.1 | 130.1 |
| March | 753.2 | 626.9 | 320.1 | 152.5 | 85.6 | 68.6 | 126.3 |
| April | 742.7 | 618.7 | 322.6 | 151.0 | 80.7 | 64.4 | 124.0 |
| May | 728.1 | 609.9 | 318.2 | 148.3 | 81.2 | 62.2 | 118.2 |
| June | 768.7 | 642.9 | 335.9 | 157.4 | 86.7 | 62.9 | 125.8 |
| July | 778.2 | 651.3 | 351.4 | 156.7 | 86.1 | 57.1 | 126.9 |
| August | 748.8 | 627.5 | 337.3 | 153.6 | 80.1 | 56.5 | 121.3 |
| September October | 729.6 705.0 | 611.0 589.5 | 333.3 327.3 | 147.3 142.3 | 78.9 74.0 | 51.4 45.9 | 118.7 115.4 |
| November | 705.0 694.4 | 589.5 581.8 | 327.3 | 142.3 | 74.0 | 45.9 45.1 | 115.4 |
| December | 687.6 | 576.5 | 324.3 | 136.5 | 74.8 | 43.1 | 112.0 |
| 2022 | 007.0 | 010.0 | 022.0 | 100.0 | 74.1 | -0.0 | 111.1 |
| January | 680.4 | 569.5 | 320.8 | 134.2 | 72.0 | 42.5 | 110.9 |
| February | 671.8 | 562.5 | 318.7 | 131.8 | 71.0 | 41.0 | 109.3 |
| March | 669.2 | 561.0 | 320.4 | 130.1 | 70.4 | 40.1 | 108.1 |

| | ('000) | (%) | ('000) | (%) |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Time Series | Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years) | Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years) |
| 2016 | | | | |
| January | 283.6 | 10.7 | 402.8 | 6.9 |
| February | 236.1 | 9.0 | 340.6 | 5.7 |
| March | 285.0 | 10.9 | 416.1 | 7.0 |
| April | 305.6 | 11.5 | 405.7 | 6.9 |
| May | 291.6 | 11.1 | 395.2 | 6.8 |
| June | 240.5 | 9.6 | 387.3 | 6.6 |
| July | 309.0 | 11.8 | 446.9 | 7.5 |
| August | 305.3 | 11.6 | 412.9 | 6.8 |
| September | 266.3 | 10.6 | 369.9 | 6.4 |
| October | 290.5 | 11.4 | 399.7 | 6.8 |
| November | 253.7 | 9.5 | 391.2 | 6.6 |
| December | 267.4 | 10.2 | 393.6 | 6.6 |
| 2017 | | | | |
| January | 306.2 | 12.0 | 410.6 | 7.0 |
| February | 285.4 | 11.1 | 413.7 | 7.0 |
| March | 258.9 | 10.1 | 392.2 | 6.6 |
| April | 272.2 | 10.8 | 414.5 | 6.9 |
| May | 320.2 | 12.2 | 418.8 | 7.0 |
| June | 296.5 | 11.4 | 420.1 | 7.0 |
| July | 281.1 | 11.3 | 445.1 | 7.6 |
| August | 295.9 | 11.6 | 423.1 | 7.1 |
| September | 267.4 | 10.3 | 377.5 | 6.4 |
| October | 303.6 | 11.7 | 418.8 | 7.0 |
| November | 314.4 | 11.7 | 406.7 | 6.7 |
| December | 309.0 | 11.7 | 404.7 | 6.8 |
| 2018 | | | | |
| January | 328.5 | 12.3 | 437.6 | 7.2 |
| February | 310.9 | 11.6 | 423.0 | 6.9 |
| March | 306.2 | 11.7 | 414.4 | 6.9 |
| April | 287.9 | 10.6 | 420.3 | 6.8 |
| May | 292.5 | 10.6 | 391.9 | 6.4 |
| June | 284.3 | 10.4 | 426.9 | 6.9 |
| July | 320.6 | 11.8 | 425.4 | 6.9 |
| August | 303.2 | 11.5 | 407.0 | 6.7 |
| September | 289.5 | 10.5 | 413.3 | 6.8 |
| October | 277.2 | 10.1 | 429.1 | 7.0 |
| November | 289.0 | 10.5 | 415.1 | 6.7 |
| December | 328.7 | 11.7 | 428.8 | 6.8 |
| 2019 | | | | |
| January | 290.1 | 10.6 | 409.3 | 6.7 |
| February | 282.1 | 10.5 | 424.3 | 6.8 |
| March | 266.3 | 9.9 | 403.0 | 6.6 |
| April | 288.1 | 10.3 | 430.0 | 6.9 |
| May | 289.3 | 10.5 | 414.4 | 6.7 |
| June | 287.0 | 10.5 | 418.5 | 6.8 |
| July | 291.3 | 10.0 | 434.4 | 7.0 |
| August | 297.8 | 11.2 | 441.2 | 7.3 |
| September | 307.1 | 11.2 | 443.4 | 7.2 |
| October | 244.5 | 9.0 | 443.4 | 6.4 |
| November | 274.2 | 9.5 | 404.8 | 6.5 |
| December | 309.9 | 9.5 11.2 | 411.0 | 6.5 |

Table C2 : Unemployment youth and youth unemployment rate by selected age group, January 2016 - March 2022

| | ('000) | (%) | ('000) | (%) |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Time Series | Unemployed youth (15 - 24 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 24 years) | Unemployed youth (15 - 30 years) | Youth unemployment rate (15 - 30 years) |
| 2020 | | | | |
| January | 268.1 | 10.0 | 396.9 | 6.4 |
| February | 288.0 | 10.8 | 395.0 | 6.4 |
| March | 291.4 | 11.3 | 470.5 | 7.8 |
| April | 324.2 | 12.9 | 528.0 | 9.0 |
| May | 362.4 | 14.2 | 573.7 | 10.0 |
| June | 335.8 | 13.1 | 581.7 | 9.7 |
| July | 313.2 | 13.9 | 544.5 | 9.7 |
| August | 331.0 | 13.7 | 502.3 | 8.9 |
| September | 325.5 | 13.0 | 502.6 | 8.5 |
| October | 321.6 | 13.4 | 513.2 | 8.9 |
| November | 344.5 | 13.0 | 528.4 | 8.8 |
| December | 312.2 | 13.2 | 497.2 | 8.7 |
| 2021 | | | | |
| January | 295.3 | 13.5 | 509.2 | 9.2 |
| February | 347.6 | 13.9 | 544.3 | 9.2 |
| March | 321.1 | 13.4 | 537.3 | 9.3 |
| April | 310.7 | 13.7 | 507.3 | 8.7 |
| May | 328.1 | 13.6 | 545.7 | 9.2 |
| June | 340.9 | 12.7 | 565.1 | 9.4 |
| July | 344.1 | 13.7 | 520.6 | 8.5 |
| August | 321.1 | 13.9 | 524.1 | 8.8 |
| September | 335.1 | 13.9 | 507.8 | 8.5 |
| October | 358.8 | 13.9 | 508.4 | 8.1 |
| November | 350.9 | 13.7 | 517.9 | 8.2 |
| December | 367.7 | 13.7 | 533.8 | 8.5 |
| 2022 | | | | |
| January | 364.5 | 13.2 | 521.8 | 8.3 |
| February | 356.9 | 13.0 | 513.7 | 8.1 |
| March | 361.0 | 13.1 | 502.4 | 8.0 |

| Table C2 · Unemployment | youth and youth une | mnlovment rate h | v selected age group | , January 2016 - March 2022 |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Table 02 . Onemployment | youth and youth and | inployment rate b | y sciected age group | |

Table C3 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - March 2022

| | | | | ('0) |
|-------------|----------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Time Series | Employer | Employee | Own account worker | Unpaid family worker |
| 2016 | | | | |
| January | 449.0 | 10,534.1 | 2,570.3 | 597 |
| February | 543.9 | 10,582.3 | 2,437.5 | 633 |
| March | 539.4 | 10,381.2 | 2,660.3 | 619 |
| April | 456.2 | 10,280.6 | 2,805.9 | 621 |
| May | 532.0 | 10,407.9 | 2,573.1 | 68 |
| June | 534.3 | 10,535.6 | 2,453.5 | 69 |
| July | 427.2 | 10,536.4 | 2,605.4 | 64 |
| August | 452.3 | 10,719.5 | 2,527.0 | 60 |
| September | 460.7 | 10,814.3 | 2,331.0 | 64 |
| October | 458.8 | 10,719.6 | 2,508.7 | 56 |
| November | 466.6 | 10,929.5 | 2,311.2 | 60 |
| December | 443.0 | 10,865.9 | 2,354.2 | 61 |
| 017 | | · · · | · · · · · | |
| January | 550.0 | 10,652.0 | 2,548.6 | 61 |
| February | 464.6 | 10,677.2 | 2,548.4 | 71 |
| March | 575.4 | 10,624.8 | 2,630.1 | 59 |
| April | 590.9 | 10,525.1 | 2,687.8 | 62 |
| May | 637.9 | 10,357.7 | 2,736.1 | 72 |
| June | 578.8 | 10,745.8 | 2,590.1 | 60 |
| July | 549.2 | 10,656.4 | 2,734.8 | 55 |
| August | 608.4 | 10,703.7 | 2,623.1 | 57 |
| September | 646.0 | 10,701.8 | 2,554.6 | 64 |
| October | 593.9 | 10,949.6 | 2,446.1 | 59 |
| November | 401.7 | 10,935.5 | 2,709.4 | 53 |
| December | 546.1 | 10,982.5 | 2,504.3 | 60 |
| 018 | | -, | | |
| January | 533.0 | 10,749.4 | 2,757.7 | 63 |
| February | 472.7 | 10,746.4 | 2,825.9 | 67 |
| March | 493.9 | 10,585.3 | 2,920.7 | 73 |
| April | 550.2 | 10,832.6 | 2,719.5 | 70 |
| May | 517.2 | 10,751.8 | 2,880.6 | 70 |
| June | 529.0 | 10,823.6 | 2,817.7 | 69 |
| July | 518.2 | 10,651.2 | 3,012.8 | 70 |
| August | 599.4 | 10,758.4 | 2,865.7 | 67 |
| September | 639.1 | 10,690.0 | 2,907.8 | 68 |
| October | 513.7 | 10,764.5 | 2,944.6 | 71 |
| November | 545.8 | 10,899.2 | 2,836.9 | 65 |
| December | 593.5 | 10,811.7 | 2,909.6 | 67 |
| 019 | | , | | |
| January | 570.4 | 10,961.6 | 2,823.0 | 63 |
| February | 619.4 | 11,098.6 | 2,752.4 | 55 |
| March | 560.0 | 11,327.2 | 2,574.5 | 57 |
| April | 578.3 | 11,156.7 | 2,764.8 | 59 |
| May | 597.9 | 11,345.6 | 2,640.8 | 53 |
| June | 551.6 | 11,243.3 | 2,746.5 | 59 |
| July | 541.6 | 11,535.9 | 2,557.7 | 54 |
| August | 582.2 | 11,235.5 | 2,855.0 | 51 |
| September | 510.8 | 11,633.8 | 2,500.3 | 58 |
| October | 547.5 | 11,659.3 | 2,452.0 | 60 |
| November | 527.6 | 11,565.1 | 2,679.8 | 54 |
| December | 482.0 | 11,563.4 | 2,669.6 | 57 |

('000)

Table C3 : Employed person by status in employment, January 2016 - March 2022

| Time Series | Employer | Employee | Own account worker | Unpaid family worker |
|-------------|----------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 2020 | | | | |
| January | 552.3 | 11,375.4 | 2,757.1 | 632 |
| February | 513.2 | 11,513.8 | 2,691.0 | 626 |
| March | 515.7 | 11,280.0 | 2,812.2 | 624 |
| April | 563.1 | 11,146.3 | 2,585.4 | 638 |
| May | 470.3 | 11,399.4 | 2,423.9 | 594 |
| June | 497.9 | 11,438.2 | 2,417.8 | 636 |
| July | 434.8 | 11,647.4 | 2,380.9 | 610 |
| • | | | | |
| August | 434.9 | 11,719.9 | 2,416.0 | 582 |
| September | 445.1 | 11,734.9 | 2,433.7 | 579 |
| October | 450.5 | 11,763.0 | 2,425.4 | 568 |
| November | 456.8 | 11,782.5 | 2,412.0 | 544 |
| December | 462.9 | 11,806.1 | 2,399.4 | 54 |
| 2021 | | | | |
| January | 469.7 | 11,846.9 | 2,394.6 | 520 |
| February | 481.0 | 11,870.8 | 2,429.9 | 488 |
| March | 491.8 | 11,898.9 | 2,478.2 | 460 |
| April | 493.0 | 11,914.8 | 2,490.5 | 453 |
| May | 495.7 | 11,930.8 | 2,492.9 | 45 |
| June | 486.3 | 11,874.1 | 2,497.0 | 440 |
| July | 485.1 | 11,869.7 | 2,503.8 | 430 |
| August | 491.4 | 11,897.6 | 2,537.7 | 449 |
| September | 499.7 | 11,925.9 | 2,572.6 | 465 |
| October | 506.0 | 11,971.2 | 2,607.9 | 46 |
| November | 509.8 | 11,998.3 | 2,628.0 | 474 |
| December | 512.9 | 12,015.9 | 2,640.2 | 479 |
| 2022 | | | | |
| January | 517.2 | 12,028.9 | 2,656.2 | 483 |
| February | 521.4 | 12,046.2 | 2,674.8 | 488 |
| March | 525.7 | 12,060.2 | 2,691.7 | 49' |

('000)

| | | | | | C | Occupation | | | | ('000 |
|-------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|---------|
| Year | Total | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| | _ | | | Diction | ary of Occu | pational Cla | ssification, | 1980 ¹ | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 375.7 | 111.5 | 493.4 | 510.5 | 573.2 | 1,655.3 | 1,529.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 381.3 | 132.3 | 520.6 | 522.7 | 593.7 | 1,678.5 | 1,628.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 409.8 | 115.4 | 541.3 | 600.0 | 638.1 | 1,694.1 | 1,567.7 | n.a | n.a |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 426.6 | 129.2 | 551.5 | 625.9 | 643.0 | 1,720.0 | 1,556.9 | n.a | n.a |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 449.0 | 140.4 | 544.9 | 638.5 | 686.6 | 1,757.2 | 1,543.6 | n.a | n.a |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 452.0 | 117.7 | 566.1 | 711.9 | 704.3 | 1,845.8 | 1,586.1 | n.a | n.a |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 454.1 | 127.9 | 574.4 | 728.1 | 728.3 | 1,892.5 | 1,651.7 | n.a | n.a |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 477.0 | 131.3 | 605.5 | 726.0 | 727.0 | 1,848.9 | 1,875.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 519.8 | 144.8 | 655.6 | 758.7 | 762.6 | 1,750.7 | 2,092.8 | n.a | n.a |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 586.4 | 187.8 | 732.3 | 763.5 | 790.1 | 1,549.7 | 2,437.9 | n.a | n.a |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 639.5 | 219.9 | 789.2 | 771.8 | 879.0 | 1,576.0 | 2,508.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 756.6 | 247.7 | 832.0 | 834.9 | 845.8 | 1,539.5 | 2,588.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 838.0 | 298.2 | 905.8 | 935.7 | 943.1 | 1,644.8 | 2,833.6 | n.a | n.a |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 896.6 | 329.5 | 963.2 | 918.5 | 985.1 | 1,516.4 | 2,960.0 | n.a | n.a |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 913.1 | 346.2 | 946.9 | 937.5 | 1,007.9 | 1,632.6 | 2,815.4 | n.a | n.a |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 937.0 | 348.3 | 985.6 | 991.7 | 1,052.8 | 1,633.1 | 2,889.2 | n.a | n.a |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 1,020.4 | 391.9 | 1,012.5 | 1,044.8 | 1,189.3 | 1,569.3 | 3,040.9 | n.a | n.a |
| | | | Mal | aysia Standa | ard Classific | | cupations (M | /ASCO) 199 | 8 ² | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 695.0 | 457.2 | 1,126.1 | 890.6 | 1,291.1 | 1,265.3 | 1,160.2 | 1,476.6 | 994.9 |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 786.3 | 483.5 | 1,194.6 | 890.3 | 1,307.7 | 1,260.8 | 1,168.1 | 1,373.0 | 1,078.2 |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 793.5 | 530.3 | 1,219.9 | 937.8 | 1,399.4 | 1,249.8 | 1,235.6 | 1,420.7 | 1,082.6 |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 859.3 | 561.3 | 1,211.6 | 931.2 | 1,479.7 | 1,292.8 | 1,165.2 | 1,409.9 | 1,068.5 |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 777.4 | 555.1 | 1,266.8 | 992.3 | 1,483.7 | 1,268.6 | 1,145.5 | 1,427.5 | 1,128.3 |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 829.6 | 565.9 | 1,307.5 | 968.3 | 1,597.1 | 1,335.9 | 1,154.8 | 1,408.0 | 1,108.4 |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 770.4 | 596.8 | 1,400.5 | 1,029.5 | 1,705.6 | 1,355.3 | 1,133.2 | 1,347.4 | 1,199.3 |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 748.8 | 613.7 | 1,496.4 | 1,053.4 | 1,776.1 | 1,271.3 | 1,153.8 | 1,344.1 | 1,202.0 |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 822.9 | 684.6 | 1,560.0 | 1,086.6 | 1,869.1 | 1,255.7 | 1,132.9 | 1,242.7 | 1,242.8 |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 856.7 | 737.4 | 1,695.8 | 1,183.2 | 1,959.6 | 1,382.0 | 1,228.3 | 1,502.8 | 1,353.7 |
| | | | Mal | aysia Standa | ard Classific | | cupations (M | ASCO) 200 | 8 ³ | |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 | 692.4 | 1,221.0 | 1,306.3 | 1,180.3 | 2,503.2 | 1,011.8 | 1,345.8 | 1,570.2 | 1,520.4 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 | 684.4 | 1,244.0 | 1,283.4 | 1,168.8 | 2,640.7 | 1,184.1 | 1,428.5 | 1,576.8 | 1,609.8 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 | 695.5 | 1,284.7 | 1,292.6 | 1,190.7 | 2,911.0 | 1,180.2 | 1,492.1 | 1,694.4 | 1,804.0 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 | 664.4 | 1,376.5 | 1,367.2 | 1,237.8 | 3,169.3 | 1,002.4 | 1,555.1 | 1,659.1 | 1,820.8 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 | 718.6 | 1,462.0 | 1,406.9 | 1,241.1 | 3,188.9 | 940.3 | 1,578.8 | 1,585.2 | 1,945.9 |
| | , | | | aysia Standa | | | cupations (M | | | , |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 | 658.5 | 1,755.2 | 1,453.5 | 1,163.8 | 3,176.3 | 872.0 | 1,570.3 | 1,669.8 | 1,844.2 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 | 690.3 | 1,771.6 | 1,522.9 | 1,236.5 | 3,212.6 | 898.9 | 1,517.1 | 1,766.5 | 1,860.4 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 | 660.5 | 1,824.4 | 1,536.7 | 1,247.7 | 3,422.8 | 921.9 | 1,545.5 | 1,787.9 | 1,828.7 |
| 2019 | 15,073.4 | 694.5 | 1,883.5 | 1,573.9 | 1,272.1 | 3,411.6 | 932.8 | 1,577.1 | 1,865.4 | 1,862.5 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 808.4 | 1,867.7 | 1,547.2 | 1,242.1 | 3,632.3 | 916.3 | 1,472.5 | 1,689.9 | 1,780.3 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 | 687.0 | 1,961.4 | 1,806.7 | 1,507.3 | 3,611.5 | 720.3 | 1,301.0 | 1,553.7 | 1,915.2 |
| otes: | 10,00112 | 001.0 | 1,001.1 | 1,000.7 | 1,007.0 | 3,011.0 | 120.0 | 1,001.0 | 1,000.7 | 1,010.2 |

¹For 1982- 2000, category of occupation are classified according to the "Dictionary of Occupational Classification, 1980" as follows:

1: Professional, technical and related workers

- 2: Administrative and managerial workers
- 3: Clerical and related workers
- 4: Sales workers
- 5: Service workers
- 6: Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters
- 7: Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers

²For 2001 - 2010, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 1998" as follows:

- 1: Legislators, senior officials and managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trade workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

³For 2011 - 2015, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2008" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical support workers
- 5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

⁴For 2016 - 2021, category of occupation are classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Classification of Occupations (MASCO) 2013" as follows:

- 1: Managers
- 2: Professionals
- 3: Technicians and associate professionals
- 4: Clerical workers
- 5: Service and sales workers
- 6: Skilled agricultural, forestry, livestock and fishery workers
- 7: Craft and related trades workers
- 8: Plant and machine-operators and assemblers
- 9: Elementary occupations

| | | | | | | | | | | | ('000 |
|-------------------|----------|---------|-------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|---------|-------|
| | | | | | | Indu | stry | | | | |
| Year | Total | Α | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | I | J |
| | | | | | aysia Indust | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 1,635.8 | 51.7 | 816.0 | 34.9 | 377.5 | 860.9 | 223.1 | 202.1 | 1,046.9 | n.: |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 1,670.9 | 55.1 | 894.1 | 39.3 | 425.6 | 897.3 | 235.9 | 197.7 | 1,041.0 | n. |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 1,695.0 | 46.5 | 858.4 | 32.9 | 428.0 | 956.6 | 242.8 | 200.5 | 1,106.0 | n. |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 1,717.4 | 44.4 | 850.4 | 31.5 | 419.4 | 994.3 | 244.3 | 218.9 | 1,132.7 | n. |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 1,764.5 | 40.6 | 874.0 | 32.4 | 369.4 | 1,035.1 | 242.0 | 234.6 | 1,167.6 | n. |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 1,846.4 | 33.0 | 928.9 | 35.9 | 336.3 | 1,091.7 | 252.0 | 241.6 | 1,218.0 | n. |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 1,883.8 | 30.7 | 978.1 | 41.3 | 339.9 | 1,112.6 | 265.1 | 229.4 | 1,276.1 | n. |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 1,832.5 | 33.1 | 1,171.1 | 40.6 | 376.9 | 1,143.9 | 277.6 | 253.2 | 1,262.0 | n. |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 1,737.6 | 36.8 | 1,332.8 | 46.7 | 423.9 | 1,217.8 | 301.9 | 258.4 | 1,329.0 | n. |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 1,535.8 | 36.3 | 1,639.6 | 45.9 | 506.7 | 1,254.5 | 326.2 | 299.8 | 1,403.1 | n. |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 1,558.6 | 37.6 | 1,726.9 | 60.3 | 538.8 | 1,266.2 | 344.0 | 330.1 | 1,520.9 | n.: |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 1,526.8 | 32.5 | 1,780.5 | 48.0 | 611.3 | 1,370.7 | 359.2 | 363.7 | 1,552.2 | n. |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 1,626.2 | 35.0 | 1,912.1 | 44.1 | 716.5 | 1,566.7 | 400.7 | 412.0 | 1,686.0 | n.: |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 1,481.3 | 38.5 | 2,002.5 | 50.9 | 793.0 | 1,577.9 | 423.3 | 447.2 | 1,754.5 | n. |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 1,616.5 | 28.4 | 1,907.8 | 50.0 | 745.9 | 1,616.0 | 421.7 | 425.8 | 1,787.5 | n.: |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 1,623.7 | 37.8 | 1,990.7 | 50.2 | 722.8 | 1,660.6 | 420.3 | 466.2 | 1,865.4 | n. |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 1,552.4 | 27.7 | 2,174.2 | 49.3 | 759.9 | 1,787.2 | 433.9 | 474.3 | 2,010.3 | n. |
| | | | | Malays | ia Standard | Industrial | Classification | tion (MSIC) | 2000 ² | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 1,288.2 | 127.7 | 26.7 | 2,184.1 | 57.3 | 829.8 | 1,458.1 | 585.1 | 468.3 | 225.3 |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 1,316.8 | 107.7 | 27.5 | 2,068.9 | 50.6 | 905.1 | 1,497.0 | 616.1 | 496.8 | 240.5 |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 1,301.2 | 107.0 | 29.5 | 2,131.0 | 57.6 | 942.5 | 1,592.2 | 644.2 | 481.6 | 223.4 |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 1,326.5 | 126.1 | 34.7 | 2,023.0 | 57.9 | 890.8 | 1,607.2 | 698.2 | 532.9 | 236.1 |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 1,355.2 | 115.2 | 36.1 | 1,989.3 | 56.6 | 904.4 | 1,620.3 | 671.8 | 544.7 | 247.4 |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 1,375.3 | 128.2 | 42.0 | 2,082.8 | 75.4 | 908.9 | 1,650.5 | 721.3 | 539.7 | 242.3 |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 1,437.3 | 120.9 | 39.4 | 1,977.3 | 60.8 | 922.5 | 1,712.1 | 760.7 | 538.2 | 282.2 |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 1,365.6 | 122.1 | 54.5 | 1,944.7 | 60.5 | 998.0 | 1,729.4 | 783.6 | 583.4 | 276.0 |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 1,349.6 | 121.5 | 62.7 | 1,807.1 | 58.1 | 1,015.9 | 1,831.8 | 800.5 | 592.0 | 271.5 |
| | | | | Malays | ia Standard | Industrial | Classifica | tion (MSIC) | 2008 ³ | | |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 1,614.9 | 57.2 | 2,108.5 | 55.5 | 66.7 | 1,082.7 | 1,887.8 | 554.7 | 856.7 | 178.9 |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 | 1,421.7 | 73.5 | 2,244.0 | 51.0 | 71.9 | 1,151.5 | 2,005.4 | 604.0 | 951.1 | 206.5 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 | 1,628.2 | 80.8 | 2,263.7 | 61.9 | 81.0 | 1,174.7 | 2,125.6 | 624.3 | 965.1 | 208.8 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 | 1,758.9 | 87.9 | 2,315.8 | 61.5 | 83.7 | 1,292.1 | 2,261.4 | 626.5 | 1,041.5 | 194.1 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 | 1,694.2 | 84.7 | 2,372.5 | 65.6 | 81.2 | 1,277.7 | 2,324.4 | 598.2 | 1,149.3 | 213.2 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 | 1,753.9 | 104.4 | 2,322.7 | 61.7 | 72.1 | 1,309.9 | 2,361.4 | 615.0 | 1,150.8 | 214.2 |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 | 1,609.9 | 96.3 | 2,390.6 | 77.9 | 76.4 | 1,251.7 | 2,428.5 | 630.4 | 1,260.7 | 208.7 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 | 1,635.0 | 97.2 | 2,513.3 | 62.2 | 81.0 | 1,258.9 | 2,485.4 | 658.2 | 1,323.2 | 220.3 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 | 1,570.3 | 90.8 | 2,499.9 | 68.8 | 88.6 | 1,257.8 | 2,544.6 | 697.9 | 1,473.4 | 216.4 |
| 2019 ^r | 15,073.4 | 1,541.1 | 91.0 | 2,612.0 | 75.4 | 88.8 | 1,246.7 | 2,604.6 | 677.8 | 1,549.7 | 223.9 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 1,566.0 | 82.2 | 2,498.0 | 76.4 | 83.7 | 1,173.4 | 2,765.6 | 689.2 | 1,540.0 | 223.4 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 | 1,550.0 | 81.9 | 2,501.4 | 77.7 | 85.5 | 1,159.6 | 2,826.5 | 704.5 | 1,535.5 | 235.1 |

Notes:

¹For 1982 - 2000, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Industrial Classification, (Updated) 1972" as follows:

A: Agriculture, forestry, livestock and fishing

B: Mining and quarrying

C: Manufacturing

D: Electricity, gas and water

E: Construction

F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels

G: Transport, storage and communications

H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services I: Community, social and personal services

²For 2001 - 2009, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2000" as follows:

A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry

B: Fishing

C: Mining and quarrying

D: ManufacturingE: Electricity, gas and water supply

F: Construction

G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods

H: Hotels and restaurants

I: Transport, storage and communications

J: Financial intermediation

K: Real estate, renting and business activities

L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security

M: Education

N: Health and social work

O: Other community, social and personal service activities

P: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing

B: Mining and quarrying

C: Manufacturing

- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities

F: Construction

- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage

I: Accommodation and food service activities

- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{N}}\xspace$: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation

S: Others service activities

T: Activities of households as employers

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| | | | | | | | 4 | | | | ('000 |
|-------------------|----------|-------|-------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Veen | Total _ | | | | | Indus | | | | | |
| Year | | К | L | Mala | N veia Indust | 0 rial Classif | P ication, (Up | Q | R | S | т |
| 1982 | 5.249.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.: |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a | n. |
| | | | | Malaysia | a Standard | Industrial | Classificati | on (MSIC) 2 | 2000 ² | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 348.6 | 664.6 | 508.6 | 173.3 | 190.4 | 219.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 397.1 | 663.6 | 508.6 | 189.3 | 192.5 | 262.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 404.2 | 666.5 | 594.3 | 217.3 | 216.1 | 258.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 458.5 | 684.3 | 610.7 | 198.2 | 231.3 | 260.9 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 459.0 | 728.5 | 607.1 | 212.6 | 234.9 | 260.6 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 508.4 | 674.1 | 600.1 | 223.2 | 247.1 | 254.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 558.1 | 716.1 | 632.7 | 238.9 | 266.5 | 272.7 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 553.2 | 751.1 | 656.5 | 252.6 | 274.2 | 253.0 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 601.9 | 813.9 | 731.4 | 271.7 | 303.3 | 262.5 | n.a | n.a | n.a | n.a |
| | | | | Malaysia | a Standard | Industrial | Classificati | on (MSIC) 2 | 2008 ³ | | |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 323.4 | 58.5 | 285.6 | 359.2 | 787.7 | 779.3 | 280.0 | 91.6 | 182.9 | 285.4 |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 | 319.3 | 61.2 | 328.4 | 448.0 | 750.2 | 782.3 | 384.1 | 87.5 | 181.8 | 225.8 |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 | 322.1 | 68.9 | 307.3 | 532.2 | 696.4 | 784.9 | 414.3 | 84.8 | 190.5 | 202.7 |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 | 318.9 | 72.7 | 306.8 | 566.9 | 761.4 | 816.6 | 490.0 | 79.4 | 192.4 | 214.8 |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 | 329.1 | 79.7 | 328.8 | 654.3 | 741.7 | 871.4 | 532.9 | 94.1 | 199.1 | 159.1 |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 | 354.4 | 71.2 | 359.3 | 634.8 | 751.0 | 899.0 | 573.1 | 81.7 | 233.1 | 142.3 |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 | 346.9 | 82.4 | 361.8 | 657.0 | 748.2 | 928.7 | 570.3 | 80.9 | 230.8 | 124.7 |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 | 369.0 | 84.5 | 348.1 | 677.2 | 742.2 | 880.3 | 588.0 | 84.3 | 260.1 | 106.9 |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 | 338.6 | 97.2 | 367.7 | 747.6 | 720.2 | 988.7 | 551.2 | 85.6 | 264.8 | 103.9 |
| 2019 ^r | 15,073.4 | 355.1 | 90.3 | 394.7 | 809.2 | 737.1 | 992.1 | 527.7 | 84.0 | 266.1 | 104.3 |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 372.1 | 82.1 | 379.3 | 801.9 | 734.9 | 937.6 | 559.6 | 58.2 | 267.0 | 66.1 |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 | 386.5 | 83.4 | 358.9 | 846.0 | 725.1 | 924.3 | 582.2 | 60.5 | 274.7 | 64.6 |

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B: Mining and quarrying

C: Manufacturing

D: Electricity, gas and water

E: Construction

F: Wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels

G: Transport, storage and communications

H: Finance, insurance, real estate and business services I: Community, social and personal services

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A: Agriculture, hunting and forestry

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- C: Mining and quarrying
- D: Manufacturing

E: Electricity, gas and water supply

- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles and personal and household goods
- H: Hotels and restaurants
- I: Transport, storage and communications

J: Financial intermediation

- K: Real estate, renting and business activities
- L: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- M: Education
- N: Health and social work
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{O}}$: Other community, social and personal service activities

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{P}}\xspace$: Private households with employed persons

³For 2010 - 2021, industry was classified according to the "Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC) 2008" as follows:

A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing

B: Mining and quarrying

C: Manufacturing

- D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food service activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance/takaful activities
- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional, scientific and technical activities
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{N}}\xspace$: Administrative and support service activities
- O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
- P: Education
- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts, entertainment and recreation
- S: Others service activities
- T: Activities of households as employers

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Table F: Employed person by status of employment, Malaysia, 1982 - 2021

| | | ('000) Status of Employment | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------|--------------------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Time Series | Total | Employer | Employee | Own Account Worker | Unpaid Family Work | | | | | | | |
| 1982 | 5,249.0 | 158.1 | 3,320.7 | 1,159.8 | 610.4 | | | | | | | |
| 1983 | 5,457.0 | 175.4 | 3,447.2 | 1,242.6 | 591.7 | | | | | | | |
| 1984 | 5,566.7 | 141.4 | 3,673.4 | 1,130.1 | 621.8 | | | | | | | |
| 1985 | 5,653.4 | 167.8 | 3,636.1 | 1,189.8 | 659. | | | | | | | |
| 1986 | 5,760.1 | 180.4 | 3,560.7 | 1,308.2 | 710. | | | | | | | |
| 1987 | 5,983.9 | 167.9 | 3,747.9 | 1,280.1 | 788. | | | | | | | |
| 1988 | 6,157.2 | 204.7 | 3,799.1 | 1,377.1 | 776. | | | | | | | |
| 1989 | 6,390.9 | 154.2 | 4,164.7 | 1,324.3 | 747. | | | | | | | |
| 1990 | 6,685.0 | 194.6 | 4,412.4 | 1,383.9 | 694. | | | | | | | |
| 1992 | 7,047.8 | 158.5 | 5,047.7 | 1,277.3 | 564. | | | | | | | |
| 1993 | 7,383.4 | 209.5 | 5,272.8 | 1,350.7 | 550. | | | | | | | |
| 1995 | 7,645.0 | 188.1 | 5,553.3 | 1,396.4 | 506. | | | | | | | |
| 1996 | 8,399.3 | 251.1 | 6,071.4 | 1,514.2 | 562. | | | | | | | |
| 1997 | 8,569.2 | 222.7 | 6,380.7 | 1,449.6 | 516. | | | | | | | |
| 1998 | 8,599.6 | 252.7 | 6,307.9 | 1,521.6 | 517. | | | | | | | |
| 1999 | 8,837.8 | 202.2 | 6,602.5 | 1,489.1 | 543. | | | | | | | |
| 2000 | 9,269.2 | 275.8 | 6,882.6 | 1,586.0 | 524. | | | | | | | |
| 2001 | 9,357.0 | 306.8 | 7,056.2 | 1,514.9 | 478. | | | | | | | |
| 2002 | 9,542.6 | 288.6 | 7,320.2 | 1,479.8 | 453. | | | | | | | |
| 2003 | 9,869.7 | 333.0 | 7,523.8 | 1,536.3 | 476. | | | | | | | |
| 2004 | 9,979.5 | 354.7 | 7,445.0 | 1,678.1 | 501. | | | | | | | |
| 2005 | 10,045.4 | 337.0 | 7,583.4 | 1,671.7 | 453. | | | | | | | |
| 2006 | 10,275.4 | 396.9 | 7,632.9 | 1,733.4 | 512. | | | | | | | |
| 2007 | 10,538.1 | 362.5 | 7,824.0 | 1,831.5 | 520. | | | | | | | |
| 2008 | 10,659.6 | 371.4 | 7,951.1 | 1,851.1 | 486. | | | | | | | |
| 2009 | 10,897.3 | 399.4 | 8,153.6 | 1,862.7 | 481. | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 11,899.5 | 439.3 | 9,010.2 | 1,954.7 | 495. | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 12,351.5 | 446.1 | 9,483.7 | 1,907.4 | 514. | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | 12,820.5 | 476.2 | 9,620.0 | 2,117.3 | 607. | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 13,545.4 | 523.9 | 10,073.5 | 2,316.8 | 631. | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 13,852.6 | 511.5 | 10,447.6 | 2,267.2 | 626. | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 14,067.7 | 568.6 | 10,395.5 | 2,476.2 | 627. | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 14,163.7 | 486.4 | 10,534.2 | 2,522.3 | 620. | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | 14,476.8 | 553.5 | 10,710.1 | 2,606.7 | 606. | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 14,776.0 | 547.2 | 10,700.4 | 2,859.2 | 669. | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | 15,073.4 | 552.9 | 11,218.3 | 2,724.2 | 578. | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 14,956.7 | 512.2 | 11,554.2 | 2,383.0 | 507. | | | | | | | |
| 2021 | 15,064.2 | 508.4 | 11,821.4 | 2,231.0 | 503.3 | | | | | | | |

Table G: Labour force indicators for selected countries, March 2021 - March 2022

| la dia d | | | | | 20 | 21 | | | | | | 2022 | | Data C |
|--------------------|---------|--------|--------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Indicators | Mar | Apr | Мау | June | July | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Data Source |
| Labour Force Parti | cipatio | n Rate | (LFPR) |) (%) | | | | | | | | | | |
| South East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Malaysia | 68.6 | 68.6 | 68.5 | 68.3 | 68.3 | 68.4 | 68.6 | 68.8 | 68.9 | 69.0 | 69.1 | 69.1 | 69.2 | DOSM |
| Philipphine | 65.0 | 63.2 | 64.6 | 65.0 | 59.8 | 63.6 | 63.3 | 62.6 | 64.2 | 65.1 | 60.5 | 63.8 | 65.4 | Philippine Statistics Authority |
| East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | , |
| Hong Kong | 59.6 | 59.6 | 59.6 | 59.5 | 59.5 | 59.5 | 59.3 | 59.1 | 58.9 | 58.8 | 58.7 | 58.7 | 58.5 | Census and Statistics Department |
| Taiwan | 59.1 | 59.2 | 58.8 | 58.8 | 59.0 | 59.0 | 58.9 | 59.0 | 59.1 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.2 | National Statistics Republic of China |
| South Korea | 62.5 | 63.0 | 63.7 | 63.7 | 63.4 | 62.8 | 63.0 | 63.2 | 63.1 | 62.6 | 62.2 | 62.7 | 62.5 | Statistics Korea |
| Japan | 61.9 | 62.2 | 62.2 | 62.4 | 62.5 | 62.4 | 62.3 | 62.0 | 62.0 | 61.9 | 61.7 | 61.8 | 62.1 | Statistics Bureau of Japan |
| Oceania | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Australia | 66.3 | 66.0 | 66.2 | 66.2 | 66.0 | 65.2 | 64.5 | 64.6 | 66.1 | 66.1 | 66.2 | 66.4 | 66.4 | ABS |
| North America | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USA | 61.5 | 61.7 | 61.6 | 61.6 | 61.7 | 61.7 | 61.7 | 61.7 | 61.9 | 61.9 | 62.2 | 62.3 | 62.4 | BLS Statistics Consols |
| Canada Europe | 65.2 | 64.8 | 64.6 | 65.0 | 65.1 | 65.1 | 65.5 | 65.3 | 65.3 | 65.4 | 65.0 | 65.4 | 65.4 | Statistics Canada |
| United Kingdom | 78.6 | 78.6 | 78.7 | 78.9 | 78.9 | 78.9 | 78.9 | 78.8 | 78.7 | 78.8 | 78.7 | 78.6 | n.a. | ONS |
| Sweden | 73.1 | 73.7 | 74.5 | 76.4 | 76.2 | 74.5 | 73.8 | 73.1 | 73.5 | 72.9 | 73.1 | 73.7 | 73.7 | Statistics Sweden |
| Finland | 65.9 | 66.4 | 69.7 | 70.3 | 68.9 | 67.1 | 65.9 | 66.3 | 66.1 | 67.5 | 66.4 | 66.8 | 67.1 | Statistics Finland |
| Russia | 62.1 | 62.2 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | Trading economics |
| Italy | 63.2 | 63.8 | 64.0 | 64.2 | 64.5 | 64.2 | 64.3 | 64.8 | 65.0 | 64.9 | 65.0 | 65.2 | 65.5 | National Institute of Statistics |
| Netherland | 73.0 | 73.0 | 73.0 | 73.5 | 73.5 | 73.8 | 73.8 | 74.0 | 73.9 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 74.1 | 74.5 | Statistics Netherlands |
| Unemployment rate | e (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| South East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Malaysia | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | DOSM |
| Philipphine | 7.1 | 8.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 5.8 | Philippine Statistics Authority |
| East Asia | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hong Kong | 6.8 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 5.0 | Census and Statistics Department |
| Taiwan | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.7 | National Statistics Republic of China |
| South Korea | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 4.3 | Statistics Korea |
| Japan | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | Statistics Bureau of Japan |
| Oceania | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Australia | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | ABS |
| North America | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USA | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.6 | BLS |
| Canada | 7.5 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 5.3 | Statistics Canada |
| Europe | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| United Kingdom | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 | n.a. | ONS |
| Sweden | 10.0 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 8.2 | Statistics Sweden |
| Finland | 8.2 | 9.6 | 10.3 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 7.0 | Statistics Finland |
| Russia | 5.4 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.1 | n.a. | Trading economics |
| Italy | 10.1 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 8.3 | National Institute of Statistics |
| Netherland | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.3 | Statistics Netherlands |
| Note | I | | | | | | | | | | I | | | 1 |

Note

n.a. not available

LABOUR FORCE REPORT, MALAYSIA MARCH 2022

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